

PROFESSIONAL AND BUSINESS CARDS

D. GARCIA LAGOS. Doctor and Surgeon. Head of the Surgical Clinic in the Caridad Hospital. Consultations from 2 to 4 p. m. English spoken. Calle Uruguay 128.

ALFRED B. HILL, L. D. S., AMERICAN DENTIST. Licentiate in Dental Surgery of the Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland. Calle Camarero No. 163. Montevideo. Consultations 8 a. m. to 5 p. m.

CARLOS S. PRATT. Traductor Publico (Sworn Translator). Graduate of the University of Montevideo. Calle Zabala 104.

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EDITOR AND SOLE PROPRIETOR:
W. H. PENNANCE.

Notice to Subscribers.

Camp and Foreign Subscribers are respectfully informed that all subscriptions for the period ending June 30, 1900, are now due, and they will greatly oblige by paying the same at their earliest convenience at this office or through our recognized agents.

On account of our early hour of going to press it is especially requested that any notices or advertisements intended for publication on the following day be delivered at our office not later than 4.30 p. m.

The Montevideo Times

MONTEVIDEO, JUNE 22, 1900.

NEWS OF THE DAY

MONTEVIDEO, FRIDAY, JUNE 22, 1900.

The Sacred Heart of Jesus.—Saint Paulinus. Queen Victoria's Day (1897).—173 days past, 192 to the end of the year.

POLITICAL NOTES.

SENATE.—The Senators sat on Wednesday (it is quite a long time since they had a quorum). Various Committee reports were presented. A batch of some ten or twelve applications for pensions was rejected in block, as recommended by Committee. (This is a sign of improvement, but the rule should be applied to major as well as to minor cases.) At present the Chambers strain at the gnat and complectedly swallow the camel, the latter being more influential. Refusal was similarly given to the cool request for \$10,000 towards a new church at Paso Molino. The reformed Code of Penal Procedure being put in second discussion, it was resolved to refer it back to the united Committees of Finance and Legislation for reform of the financial part. The Chamber declined to express approval or disapproval of the Code in general. (This means that the matter is deferred for another year at least. It is already some six years since the Code was originally presented, and the Chambers cannot yet make up their minds to approve a reform that is urgently required and loudly demanded for the welfare of the Republic. We cannot congratulate them on their attitude.) The Bill according pensions to the widows and orphans of military men who fell in the revolutionary ranks in 1897 was fully approved. The Jockey Club Bill was approved in general and in detail, in first reading, without remark. (This Bill is a frankly immoral one, for it authorizes the sale of betting or "sports" tickets on foreign races, a notoriously insidious and pernicious form of gambling, far worse than direct betting on local events; yet not a single voice has been lifted against it in either of the Chambers. The Executive would do well to veto the Bill. If horse-racing can only be restored here by assistance of this distinctly immoral condition, it would be better to do without it until a more favorable period. It is in no sense a public necessity.) The Bill authorizing the Executive to make surveys for a sea-port in Rocha was approved in general. There was no further business.

REPRESENTATIVES. BULL-FIGHTS.—Nearly fifty Deputies—much more than the usual attendance—were found to attend the special sitting convoked on Wednesday for the discussion of the Bill restoring bull-fights. As usual when this topic is under discussion, there was a crowded and noisy "bar" of the less respectable classes, many of whom seemed to think they were assisting at a performance of their favorite sport, and who added to the indignity of the proceedings by ill bred remarks, interruptions, and manifestations, entirely inappropriate to parliamentary discussions. The sitting being opened, Dr. Palomeque protested against the convocation and the interruption to the usual "order of the day" as irregular. In any case, he said, the question was neither of the urgency nor the importance to justify a special convocation. There were many questions of far greater public importance to which the Chamber should give preferential attention. If bull fights were to be restored, it was badly enough that it should be done in the ordinary course of parliamentary business. The adversaries of the spectacle

wished to see men remain men of peace and of family, instead of associating with harlots in the bull ring. This expression provoked some angry protests. Sr. Milans remarked that in Spain bull-fights were attended by the Queen and ladies of the nobility. Sr. Garcia said that the spectacle here was frequently attended by ladies of respectable families (so much the worse for them). Dr. Salterain also protested against the convocation, which he said was quite unprecedented. Dr. B. Rocca explained that the convocation was issued to overcome the obstructionism which the question had aroused and which threatened to block other parliamentary business. Eventually the protest was over-ruled. Dr. Esalter said that the Committee, in reporting in favor of the restoration, had done so solely from the juridical point of view, in the opinion that it was not the mission of the State to interfere with individual rights. (According to this theory all laws restrictive of gambling, drunkenness, immorality and even crime, should be repealed at once, for they all interfere with what may be called individual rights.) After some further discussion of no great interest, the Bill was put to the vote and approved in general by a large majority. A motion to discuss it in detail at once was negatived, and the sitting then closed.

MERITED CENSURE.—That the attitude of the Chamber in the above question has created a bad impression amongst all except taurophile circles, we need hardly say, and we are glad to see that yesterday's *Siglo* does not hesitate to express severe and well-merited censure. After enumerating a lengthy list of measures of real importance and utility, beginning with the annual Budget, that have been shamefully delayed or neglected by the present Chambers, to the detriment of public interests, our contemporary goes on to say: "This is a very bad way for the present Chambers to attract respect. Whilst many measures of positive utility remain shelved, because the Committees do not take the trouble to study and report upon them; and whilst other important matters, already reported upon, arouse no legislative interest; a Bill which, amongst others, least merits preference, and that might have been shelved with impunity, is the only one that has the marvellous power of awakening the deputies from their traditional lethargy in order to open anew a discussion that is entirely fruitless and inopportune. . . . The initiators of Wednesday's sitting have done a poor service to the Chamber. Little can be said in favor of the wisdom of a parliament which, already notorious for its sterility and its want of diligence regarding all questions of serious interest to the country, suddenly shows such anxiety to bestow bull-fights upon us, at any cost, sacrificing to this useless (why not say mischievous and retrograde) task, other matters that have long been clamoured for by the best portion of public opinion. If it was the bulls who conquered Napoleon in the heroic mother country, as a celebrated writer has claimed, nothing more just than that they should arouse fanatic popular opinion; but it is something inconceivable that here, a custom which is far from having taken general root, should arouse such enthusiasm among the Deputies that they are unable to resist it, although knowing that their unaccounted haste is injurious to the good name of the Chamber and to the seriousness of legislative action."—All of which we heartily endorse.

FINANCIAL.—The Minister of Finance has reclaimed from the London & R. P. Bank a surplus of some \$60,000 in favor of the State from the funds deposited for the service of the 5% Loan of 1896, after balancing accounts to May 31st.

Messrs. Glyn, Mills and Carre report telegraphically from London that £15,000 nominal of the above named Loan have just been amortised at £72-9-6 and £20,000 nominal of the same at £72-14, per cent.

The World's Show.
THE BRITISH SECTION.
Paris, May 24.

The British Royal Pavilion, on the Street of the Nations has been officially opened with the minimum of ceremony. An engaging appearance has this British Pavilion, though outwardly it is one of the plainest and least pretensions in the entire avenue and though, like many of these buildings, it is a composite copy of several originals, it is a faithful representation of memorial architecture in England three hundred years ago. The side facing the Seine is an adaptation of the south facade of the "Château" at Bradford-on-Avon, one of the best extant specimens of Jacobean building at the beginning of the Seventeenth Century. The opposite side of the pavilion is an imitation of another country house of the period. Sir Benjamin Baker has designed the steel framework of this characteristically English building. The architect is Mr. Edwin Lutyens, the builders are Messrs. John Aird and Son.

As in the case of the other palaces in the avenue, the English building is to serve as an official headquarters, at which receptions are to be held, and at which visitors may find what information they want about British exhibits in the World's Show, and lounge and gossip. The British Pavilion also combines the aesthetic with the practically useful, for besides its loan collection of many of the most beautiful examples of British painting in the Eighteenth and Nineteenth Centuries, it contains a great number of exhibits for English firms. The loan collection is shown partly upstairs in a gallery, which is an adaptation of the cartoon gallery at Knole House, Sevenoaks, and partly on the ground floor. In the entrance hall is a set of tapestry panels designed by the late Sir E. Burne-Jones, and executed by Morris and Co. Next to the Art Gallery is the China Room, with its specimens of English ceramic ware. In the loan collection of paintings the artists whose works are the most numerous are Burne-Jones, Reynolds, Gainsborough, Turner, and Romney. The tapestries designed by the first-named artist—Sir Lancelot, Sir Gawayne, the Knights Departing, and the Knights at Table—are all lent by Mr. George McCulloch. Sir Charles Tennant lends Reynolds's "Collina," Mr. A. Henderson Gainsborough's "Mrs. Fitz-Herbert," Lord Strathcona Turner's "Mercury and Argus," Sir W. Agnew Burne-Jones's "Laus Veneris," and Mr. J. Pierpont-Morgan Hogarth's "Lady's Last Stake." The portraits of Princess Mary and Princess Sophia painted by Hoppner are lent by the Queen. I must not omit to mention that one of the rooms has been fitted and decorated by the Corporation of Bath. There are also some embroidered hangings and furniture covers from the Royal School of Art Needlework. To-day, the Queen's Birthday, the pavilion is open to the public.

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SOME BRITISH COMMERCIAL CHARACTERISTICS.
FELDEN'S MAGAZINE.

In a general sense, the gentleman of the "old school" is growing extinct. . . . It is an unquestionable fact that there is a kind of trade aristocracy among us, based on much the same principle, and guided by many of the influences associated with family aristocracy itself. And if we are to assume that aristocracy so-called is based chiefly on position and heredity, there can be no difficulty in according a qualified form of this distinction to no able and other mercantile houses which look back to the period of their establishment to the time of bye-gone generations. With many of the old-established houses it is a point of honour to maintain in their integrity all the ancient traditions of the establishment. The old customs, the old methods of business are slavishly adhered to, however discordant with economical conditions that have so entirely changed since they were introduced. They do not appear to appreciate the truth, that business methods which might be entirely appropriate fifty years ago are now utterly at variance with the spirit of modern days. Fifty years ago, indeed, the large manufacturer and merchant was on a very different footing. He was, generally speaking, the superior of his customers; at all events, he considered himself so. He sold them his goods or his manufactures with a lordly condescension; and if any favour entered into the transaction at all, he claimed it. He never dreamed of "cringing after" a customer; his customers came to him. He carried his affairs with a high hand, and competition being not as we understand it—fixed his own prices. Notwithstanding, he was on the representation an epitome of probity, generous and straightforward. He was, too, full of enterprise, and in his speculations daring even to excess. No new market was too remote, too difficult, or too dangerous for his undertakings. His products were scattered over the whole world, at a period when the difficulties of distribution were beyond our powers to adequately realise. Only, he carried on his trade on principles which to-day are impossible. He took his customers in the bulk. He supplied countries, districts, towns, but not individuals. He was "wholesale" in the widest sense of the term. Hence his princely position, his aristocratic, though just, business policy, his ingrained disposition to undertake things on the great scale, to leave the droppings of his enterprise to humbler practitioners.

The typical British merchant has gone. He has gradually disappeared with the conditions that alone permitted his existence. Now there are no new markets, and in those that are open we are jostled on every side by a multitude of eager, able competitors. The world's trade is no longer our natural monopoly—it has long ceased to be that—and we are being driven even from the share we still possess, slowly, but steadily and surely. . . .

It is natural, however deplorable, that the haughty spirit—at some times approaching arrogance—that distinguished the British merchant of the past age should have been handed down to and been preserved, in a measure, by his successors. Year after year, and from all quarters of the world, British consuls voice the universal complaint. He will not deign to consult the consumer. "There," he

says in effect, "are my goods, with the accumulated prestige of seventy years behind them. You are the first person who has dared to criticise them. Either take them, or go elsewhere." The consumer, as a matter of fact, goes elsewhere; and it is a circumstance which many of our firms, somewhat to their dismay, are beginning to find out. They are also coming aware that trade is much easier to lose than to recover—that even to recover a lost market the most desperate exertions may be made in vain. . . .

Loss of trade to the individual means a loss to the nation at large, and on a large scale it is felt by every class of the community. A lassitude and neglect, therefore, in the carrying on of foreign trade is not merely a personal matter but one in which the public, who pay for an immense floating armament to protect our overseas commerce, have a direct concern. We have to recognise that the methods of past years must be abandoned for ever. We shall have to step down from the lofty seat we have been reclining in for so long and meet our competitors and fight them with their own weapons on their own ground. We must pursue the customer, instead of him pursuing us. In our dealings with him we must endeavour to ascertain his idiosyncrasy, and meet his wishes. In a word, we must give him what he wants instead of what he is induced to take. If our manufacturers and exporters, then, can be prevailed on to part with some of their superciliousness, to adopt the aggressive, and to make a determined effort to beat the foreigner at his own game, neither we nor any one else is entitled to fear the result.

THE WAR.

The war news is again scant, but it continues to be satisfactory, and it is really beginning to look as if the struggle were virtually at an end. It is difficult to see at what point now the Boers can offer any further serious resistance.

A dispatch from Lord Roberts reports the following. On Monday, the 10th division under Gen. Hunter, in its advance towards concentration, occupied Krugersdorp without resistance. On the morning of the same day, Gen. Methuen encountered Christian De Wet with the commandos under his orders, and after a short combat defeated them completely. Details to follow later. Gen. Baden Powell, having arranged matters which occasioned his visit here, has returned to command of his forces at Rustenburg, and will now operate in an assigned district.

A War Office bulletin further states that the 1st Division (Methuen's) has defeated near Heilbron the Boer forces under De Wet, which tried to impede the railway into that town. (This is the combat referred to above.) Lord Methuen has occupied Heilbron (Orange) where he found many wounded Boers. The wounded in the hospitals at Pretoria and Bloemfontein are recovering with great rapidity.

A later dispatch from Lord Roberts states as follows. Lord Kitchener reports that on the 14th the Boers attacked a detachment of engineers and volunteers who were repairing the railway line and guarding Lau Spruit station. We lost 3 men killed, 5 wounded and 50 taken prisoners. Lord Kitchener, who was sleeping in a railway carriage stopped near the station, had a narrow escape of being taken prisoner. The Orange, reinforced by Transvaalers, who have passed from Laingsnek, are trying to force the lines of Gen. Randle's division, in order to pass to the south. Their artillery is bombarding Ficksburg from good positions. They are commanded by Gen. De Villiers (we thought he was killed or seriously wounded) ex-president Steyn and the latter's brother.

An unofficial message gives the following, which may be another version of the foregoing, though the date differs. On Saturday (16th) Lord Kitchener had a narrow escape from being taken prisoner. He was travelling by rail from Kroonstadt to Pretoria, and at midnight was asleep in his sleeping car, and had arrived at Kopje Station, when he was awakened and informed that a Boer commando was approaching to attack and derail the train. Lord Kitchener, who was travelling with a reduced escort, ordered the driver to put on all speed, and the train passed the dangerous spot just in time, the Boers only arriving to fire some ineffectual shots after it as it passed into the distance.

From Capetown it was stated in the morning that railway and telegraphic communication had been fully restored, but according to an afternoon message they have again been interrupted, so the matter remains uncertain.

The Orangemen have amused themselves by declaring Bothoan the new capital of their whilom Republic.

There are rumors, without details, of a combat taking place at Machadopol, the Boers retiring to Lydenburg. Kruger is said to be at Alkmaar, near the frontier. It is also rumored that Keitz, his Foreign Secretary, has already embarked at Lourenço Marques.

We quote the following from a late London paper.—

London, May 24.
Lord Roberts to Secretary of State for War. Honing's Spruit, May 22, 3.45 p. m.

Ian Hamilton reached Heilbron this morning, after series of engagements, with Boer force under Commandant Christopher De Wet, who is retiring before him. Broadwood had captured 15 Boer wagons. There had been 75 casualties in Hamilton's force up to yesterday evening. We marched here this morning.

Lord Roberts to Secretary of State for War. South Bank, Rhenoster River, May 23, 1.30 p. m.

We found on our arrival here this morning that the enemy had fled during the night. They had occupied a strong position on the north bank of the river, which had been carefully entrenched, but they did not think it advisable to defend it when they heard that Ian Hamilton's force was at Heilbron, and our cavalry, which crossed the Rhenoster some miles lower down stream, was threatening their right rear. The bridge over the Rhenoster, several culverts, and some miles of the railway have been destroyed. Ian Hamilton's troops drove the Boers under Piet De Wet before them from Lindley to Heilbron. The passage of the Rhenoster was stoutly disputed, and our loss might have been heavy but for a well-concerted plan which brought Smith Durrin's Brigade on the enemy's flank just at the right moment. Officer commanding at Bushof reports that upwards of 350 Free Staters have surrendered during the last few days, who have given up 360 rifles, about 100 horses, and large amount of ammunition. General Kelly-Kenny reports that the three companies of Yeomanry sent to repair the telegraph line and clear the country between Bloemfontein and Bushof have returned to Bloemfontein, having performed the duty exceedingly well.

From Lord Roberts to Secretary of State for War. Honing's Spruit, May 22, 3.45 p. m. Following telegram received from Major-General Baden Powell, dated Mafeking, May 17:—

Happy to inform you Mafeking successfully relieved to-day. Northern and Southern columns joined hands on 15th; attacked enemy yesterday (16th), and after smart engagement entirely defeated them with loss. British casualties, 3 killed, 22 wounded. Relieving force marched into Mafeking this morning at 9. Relief and defence force combined moved out and attacked enemy's head laager; shelled them out, and nearly captured Snyman. Took one gun, flag, and large amount ammunition, stores, etc. Five dead, 15 wounded Boers found. Enemy appear to be retreating in all directions, except one commando lying low, possibly to cover retreat of remainder. Captain MacLaren and Corporal Murray, B. S. A. Police, found in Boer hospital; both doing well. Townspeople and garrison Mafeking heartily grateful for their relief.

SUNDRIES.

—Why Not?—The B. A. Standard concludes a notice of the reception at the Lafone Memorial Hall last week by saying "Dancing was again continued and kept up till past midnight." As a matter of fact, there was no dancing at all, either before or after midnight, though we have no doubt that many present would have enjoyed a turn. The remark, however, reminds us that we have often heard it suggested that such occasions as the reception of last Friday would be all the brighter and more appreciable for the introduction of a few dances on the programme, and there is no doubt that the Hall is perfectly suited for the purpose. We have heard the question discussed more than once, but have not yet heard any valid reason advanced why dancing should not be permitted there, and we are sure that many members of the community would gladly see the Hall thus used occasionally—in fact the Hall ought to be much more used for purposes of sociability and entertainment than it has been of late; its capabilities as a gathering place for social purposes are neglected. It has to be remembered that the Hall was given to the British community generally for all secular purposes, and it is quite a mistake to imagine that it is merely an appendage of the adjoining Church or is exclusively under clerical control. The community have full right to claim the use of the Hall for all reasonable purposes. The success of the social gathering held last week ought to stimulate the organisation of similar gatherings, which would help to break down the ice and the cliqueness that have unfortunately formed in the community of recent years, and on the programme of such gatherings dancing might very well figure. We recommend the idea for consideration, for something is required to arouse us from our social lethargy and disorganisation.

—Mails.—The P. S. N. Co.'s "Oravia," bringing London dates to about the 2nd instant, is expected on Sunday, sailing the same day for the West Coast.

—The "Nile."—The R. M. S. "Nile," which had been employed as war transport by the British Government, has now returned to her customary River Plate route, and will

GAS STOVES

ETC.

See the Gas Company's

ANNOUNCEMENTS

on this page and next.

leave Southampton on the 7th proximo.

—THE BRITISH MINISTER.—On Wednesday evening President Cuestas entertained the British Minister Mr. Walter Baring, who is shortly leaving for England, at a farewell dinner. In addition to the family of Sr. Cuestas, there were present the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Dr. Herrera y Espinosa, the Minister of Fomento, Dr. G. L. Rodríguez, and the British Consul Mr. H. Hervey, who will act as Chargé d'Affaires during Mr. Baring's absence.

—CHINA.—Owing to the want of chronological or any other arrangement, the telegrams referring to affairs in China continue to be hopelessly confusing, and it is quite impossible to make any certain tale out of them. Entirely contradictory reports appear about the situation of the Legations at Peking, and it would seem that nothing is known for certain, though the arrival there of Admiral Seymour and his forces appears to be confirmed. Admiral Bruce, in temporary command of the British Squadron at Taku, reports that Taku is now garrisoned by 30,000 Russians, and perfect harmony prevails among the allied forces. The Russians lost 4 officers and 67 men in the taking of Taku. The defence is supposed to have been commanded by foreign officers! The Chinese lost over 700. The Boxers are committing all sorts of ravages at Tien-Tsin, and fighting is going on there, but it does not seem certain that they have fired the town, as reported yesterday. (Nearly every statement made in the messages finds its contradiction.) A late afternoon telegram states that Admiral Seymour arrived at Peking on Sunday, after five stiff combats with the rebels, in which the latter lost some 500 men. An American transport has arrived at Taku with 1200 troops from Manila.

—DEATH.—A cablegram has been received in Buenos Aires announcing that Wm. H. T. Hughes died in New York on Monday. Mr. Hughes was born in Argentina, and was one of the best known and most prominent of merchants in Buenos Aires a few years ago. He was connected with the firm of Hughes and Co., and before that with the great firm of J. & E. Ward and Co., of New York. It was known that he had been in poor health for some time, nevertheless the news of his death came as a shock to his friends.

—CHINA SPEARS.—We quote from a Buenos Aires contemporary.—The Nation has published a very interesting interview with Dr. Cong Yui Long, the only Chinaman in this city, or perhaps in the whole country. Dr. Long says that the name Boxers given to the rebels is a mere English invention, as their real name in Fooka, which means the Reds, and their motto is "down with foreigners." Dr. Long says, what has been often said before, viz, that the missionaries are the cause of all the trouble, most of them being more commercial agents than centers of souls. Dr. Long makes out a really splendid case for his country as regards criminal and other statistics; recalls the fact that it has a history of 5,000 years, and says that the present movement against foreigners is merely the prelude of an ultimate invasion of Europe by the countless hordes of the Yellow Race.

LONDON NOTES.

THURSDAY, MAY 24.

The official celebration of the Queen's birthday was observed in London yesterday. Notwithstanding the threatening character of the weather, thousands assembled on the Horse Guards Parade in the morning to witness that popular military spectacle, the Trooping of the Queen's Colour, the Prince and Princess of Wales and other members of the Royal Family being present. In the evening the usual official dinners were given by Ministers, and the streets of the West-end were illuminated.

Official intimation of the conferment of a number of Irish knighthoods, in celebration of the Queen's Birthday, was published in Dublin last night. In the House of Commons yesterday the Assession Day motion, made in deference to precedent by Mr. Balfour, was carried by a majority of six, 106 voting for and 100 against it. Mr. Long moved the second reading of the London Borough Councils (Women's Disabilities Removal) Bill, the object of which is to enable women to sit on the local governing bodies constituted by the Act of last Session. On a division it was carried by a majority of nearly two to one, 248 voting for and 129 against it. The numbers were received with loud opposition cheers.

The Standard Life Assurance Company.

GOSPEL TRUTH

"If any man provide not for his own, and especially for those of his own house, he hath denied the faith and is worse than a infidel."—1. Timothy, Ch. V. Verse 8.

HOW MADE EASY

\$ 99 a year at age 21

OR

\$ 109.35 a year at age 25

OR

\$ 124.35 a year at age 30

pays for a Policy of \$ 5000

IN

"The Standard Life."

Sole Representative:

The only infallible protection!

Are you insured?

If not, APPLY while eligible

TO THE

Sole Representative:

B. LORENZO HILL
161, CALLE ITUZAINGO—MONTEVIDEO.

Under the presidency of Earl Carrington there was last night inaugurated at the National Liberal Club a Gladstone Commemorative Dinner, which it is hoped to observe on or about every anniversary of the death of the great Liberal leader. Mr. G. W. E. Russell proposed the toast, "The Memory of the Right Hon. W. E. Gladstone," which was supported by the Rev. J. Guinness Rogers and Mr. Thomas Bart, M. P. The company, which included many ladies, numbered over 260.

Meeting in Liverpool yesterday, in their annual conference, the Licensed Victuallers' National Defence League passed resolutions protesting against the Bills now before Parliament for the prevention of the sale of drink to children, and for the extension of the Welsh Sunday Closing Bill to Monmouthshire.

Only about an hour's cricket was possible in London yesterday, and the matches between Surrey and Worcestershire at the Oval and Middlesex and Sussex at Lord's had to be left unfinished. At Oxford the University Eleven defeated the London County Club by an innings and 330 runs; at Cambridge the Light Blues beat the M.C.C. by ten wickets; while Notts, at Leicester, won their match against the home county by an innings and 20 runs. Other matches had to be abandoned on account of the bad weather.

COMMERCIAL

STOCK EXCHANGE.

Montevideo, June 21, 1900.

Business to-day was slack all round. Prices rather weak and uncertain. Sales as follows:—

Extraordinary Loan, 1st Series, \$23,000 at 65.80 and 66 cash.

Treasury Certificates Debt, \$40,050 at 65.80 to 65.60 to 66 cash, 66.30 end of July.

Mortgage Bank, 360 shares at 12.70 and 12.80 tmw, 13 end of July.

Consolidated Debt, \$42,300 at 49 cash, 49.30 end of July. No London quotation.

EXCHANGE.

	Bank.	Comercial.
London 90d/s.	51 3/16-1/4	51 3/8-1/2
Paris 90d/s.	5.35-6	5.30-40
Antwerp 90d/s.	5.36-37	5.41-42
Germany 90d/s.	4.36-37	4.39-40
N. York 100	0.98	—
Italy 100	5.61	—
Spain 100	6.62-63	—
Brazil 24 600	24.850	—
B. Aires.	par.	1/8 3/4 dis.

Business Notes.

—The Custom House paid into the London Bank yesterday \$7726 on account of the Consolidated Debt and Railway guarantee service and \$944 on account of the 5 % Loan service.

—Gold opened in B. Aires yesterday at 229.30, and closed at 229.70.

—Exchange upon London was quoted in Rio Janeiro yesterday at 9 11/16 to 5/8 to 21/32 to 3/4 to 23/32 to 13/16 d per milreis.

—A telegram has been received from London stating that the Norwegian sailing vessel "Umbria" has been abandoned by her crew and has sunk. This vessel was despatched from this port in May, for the Channel for orders, by Rodolfo Hoffmann and Co. with 2000 tons of bone ash on board.

—London, 20. Private discount 2 5/8 per cent. Wheat 38s 6d. Linseed 53s-3d. Maize rye terms 20s. Antwerp. Wheat 16.50 francs, linseed 34.62s, maize 11. Wool, class B, 4.67s francs for July, 4.7s for Oct.

—Wheat quiet, but prices continue to rise, now reaching \$3.00 Sr. B. Penagariencia report sale of 1000 fanegas and 726 bags at \$2.75 and 3.00 with bag, 2.45 to 3.00 without. Maize firm, 2000 bags sold for distillery at \$1.95 without bag. For consumption \$2.05 to 2.10 with bag is quoted.

Saladero Killings.

	June 21.	Total to date.
R. Vellozo	89556	
P. Denis & Co.	44271	
Anaya & Irigoyen.	61886	
Agüero y Ca.	31476	
P. Freyreiro.	841	58962
P. San Martín & hijos.	22491	
Rosario Tabares	88292	
Duclos y Molis	222	10105
E. Legrand y Co.	22988	
F. Oñals Larraide y Ca.	30485	
B. Rocca y Lanata Huos.	293	28877
Jaime Huos.	87100	
Total.	856	396082

Sape period 1899. 890267

1898. 204559

Prices, Baeyes \$ 22 1/2

Novillos, \$ 15 to 22 3/4

Vacas, \$ 11 to 15

Buenos Aires, June 21, 1900.

Gold, cash, 229.50.

Do. end of month, 230.

Cedulas G. Nacionales, cash, 78.50.

Do. H, 75.20.



BUCHANAN'S WHISKY

Special Scotch

As supplied to H.M. the Queen and H.R.H. the Prince of Wales.

Permanent Stock in and out of Bond.

This Whisky is the best imported in South America, and the most largely accepted and generally consumed throughout the world.

On sale in all the Hotels, Cafés, Confeiterías, Almacenes, and by the

Sole Importer in this Republic

HIPOLITO GARCIA

126, Calle Cerro, Montevideo.

NOTE—Beware of imitations and falsifications.

PRINCE LINE.

Regular line of steamers between London, Antwerp, New York, Brazil and the River Plate.

SAILINGS OF STEAMERS.

GRECIAN PRINCE
SAXON PRINCE

Left New York, May 6.
Left London, May 28.

Accommodation for Passengers. Fare to Rio and Santos, \$30.

For further particulars apply to

Christophersen Huos.
P. Christophersen,

Montevideo Piedras 142.
Rosario, San Lorenzo 869.
Buenos Aires, Cuyo 249.

«Norton» Line of Steamers

AGENTS:
NORTON AND SON,
NEW YORK.

MANAGER:
BUCKNALL NEPHEWS
LONDON.

FROM

ROSARIO, BUENOS AIRES AND MONTEVIDEO TO NEW YORK

The following full-powered steamers will be despatched from Montevideo,

ETONA

July —.

These steamers have good accommodation for a limited number of First Class Passengers.

For freight passage, etc., apply to the Agents:

WILLIAMS & Co., MISIONES 58.

And at Buenos Aires, 25 de Mayo 287, or to Norton & Son, 90 Wall St., New York

Bucknall Nephews, 22 Crooked Friars, London, E.C.

TO LET, Furnished rooms, facing street, for single gentlemen or married couple. Board, with or without lodgings. Apply, Calle Cerro 158, altos.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS, for married couple or single gentlemen, with board if required. Apply 216 Calle Maldonado. pm.

TO LET, APARTMENTS, furnished, for single gentlemen, in house of an English family, with or without board. Highly recommended. Apply Plaza Zabala 89 a.

Ferro-Carril Central del Uruguay

Aviso al Público

Se avisa que desde el 1.º de Julio próximo empezarán a regir nuevas tarifas de pasajeros, encomiendas y equipajes. Estas tarifas ofrecerán ventajas a los pasajeros de largas distancias. Montevideo, Mayo 22 de 1900.

La Administración.

Central Uruguay Railway

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS

The warrants for the payment of interim Dividend No. 40, of 1 1/2 % to December 31st 1899, as also those for the North Eastern of Uruguay Rly, may be obtained from the Office of the Local Committee on and after the 29th inst, from 10 to 12 a.m. and from 3 to 5 p.m.

May 23rd. 1900.

Horacio Garcia Lagos.

Chairman of the Local Committee.

FOR SALE

A large English Billiard-Table

WITH ALL ACCESSORIES.

APPLY CALLE COLON 118

Mansion House Fund

for the Benefit of the Widows and Children of our Soldiers who fall during the Transvaal War.

The original list of Contributions having been closed on February 28, and the balance remitted to the Lord Mayor, London, Notice is hereby given that a subscription list, limited to \$1 per month, has been opened at the English Club, for such time as the war in South Africa may last.

By Order.

E. B. Cooper, Hon. Sec

FOR SALE, An Accord-Zither (Otto Harp) nearly new, of 37 strings, with reserve set of strings, twelve manuals and six books in English and German. Apply Calle Sarandi 28. June 26.

TO LET, two furnished rooms for single gentlemen or married couple. English family. Apply Calle Yaguaron 323 altos, between 18 de Julio and Colonia. July 1.

TO-LET, a furnished room for single gentleman in a family house. Highly recommended. Apply Calle 25 de Mayo 99. June 27.

FURNISHED ROOM to let, in family house. Apply Calle Camaraz 54. June 27.

WANTED, a smart man for an Agency, well acquainted with the large firms in this city. Spanish indispensable. Apply, C. Barnett, Hotel Piramides, 8 to 9 or 11 to 1. June 27.

SITUATION WANTED. Perfect book-keeper and correspondent in German, English, Portuguese and Spanish, with best references, wants situation. Address «Expert», this Office. June 22.

INCANDESCENT GAS LIGHT IS STILL THE CHEAPEST & BEST ILLUMINANT

Enormous & still increasing Sales.

ANOTHER REDUCTION

in the price of the Apparatus & Mantles

New assortment of Globes and

SPECIAL «JENA» CHIMNIES

MONTEVIDEO GAS Co. LIMITED

25 de Mayo Nos. 334, 338 & 342.

J. MUDD & CO.

COAL IMPORTERS

Steamship and General Commission Agents.

Depots at Buenos Aires,

La Plata (Grand Dock) and Montevideo.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

MANN, GEORGE DEPOTS, LD.

London and Cardiff.

Contractors for supplies of Coal at all Ports.

NEW RIVER SMOKELESS STEAM COAL

Shipped by the Chesapeake and Ohio Coal Agency Co., New York and Newport News, Va. Port of Shipment, Newport News, Va.

A large stock of Best Cardiff Steam and House Coal always on hand. N. B.—Steamers calling at La Plata to coal only ad taking their supplies from J. Mudd and Co. are free of Entry and Wharf dues. Steam Tugs at all Ports.

Calle Piedras, esquina Guarani, Montevideo.

Reconquista 268, Buenos Aires.—Grand Dock, La Plata.



Pacific Steam Navigation Co.

FORTNIGHTLY LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN
Liverpool, The River Plate, and Valparaiso

New Accelerated Itinerary (Subject to modification)

FOR EUROPE

FOR THE PACIFIC

Orissa

(TWIN SCREW)

Captain: A. J. Cooper

29th June, 1900,

for Rio Janeiro, Bahia, Pernambuco,

Lisbon, Coruña, La Pallice,

and Liverpool.

Oravia

(TWIN SCREW)

Captain: G. Massey R.N.R.

24th June, 1900,

for Sandy Point, Coronel, Talcahuano

and Valparaiso.

Oropesa

(TWIN SCREW)

Captain: H. W. Hayes

6th July, 1900,

for Rio Janeiro, Lisbon, Vigo,

La Pallice (La Rochelle) and Liverpool.

Orellana

Captain: R. Archer

7th July, 1900,

For Port Stanley F. I., Sandy Point,

Coronel, Talcahuano and Valparaiso.

The s.s. «Orellana» will not take second class passengers

SPECIAL NOTICE.—The steamers of «The Pacific Steam Navigation Company» will call monthly at Port Stanley, Falkland Islands, for the conveyance of correspondence, passengers and cargo, commencing with the outward steamer sailing from Montevideo on 7th July next, and with the homeward steamer from Valparaiso on the 17th of same month.

Every steamer carries a Doctor and Stewardess.

The Steamers are illuminated with Electric Light, which is available ALL NIGHT in the Cabins.

Table wine (claret) is now served to passengers in all classes.

Return Tickets issued available for twelve months at reduced rates

For fares, freights and other details, apply to the AGENTS,—

WILSON SONS & Co., LIMITED

Misiones 117

MONTEVIDEO

SANTOS, SAO PAULO, RIO JANEIRO, BAHIA, PERNAMBUCO & ST. VINCENT, C. V.

Reconquista 828

BUENOS AIRES

San Lorenzo 1124

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AMY & HENDERSON

Are now offering an unequalled assortment of new season's Autumn and Winter Goods for Ladies, Gentlemen and Children, in the latest fashions and materials.

Dress Materials of every description and in the newest Season Patterns.

Linen, Underwear, Hosiery and Haberdashery.

A large selection of Golfing Irons, Silverton golf balls, Footballs, Jerseys and hose for football and cyclists, etc., etc.

Mazawattee Tea.

"TIENDA INGLESA"

Calle CAMARAS 162

English Drapery Store

First class assortment of English soft goods, dress materials, hosiery, haberdashery, linen, tweeds and cashmeres. New seasons goods.

CALLENDER AND CO.
142-CALLE SARANDI-142
(CORNER OF ZABALA)
MONTEVIDEO

CRANWELL. ENGLISH CHEMIST.

Attended personally by Mr. O. Cranwell, Pharmaceutical Chemist. English spoken.

Complete assortment of English and American Patent Medicines, Toilet preparations and other specialties.

CALLE 25 DE MAYO No. 213.

Ferro-Carril Uruguayo del Este

En combinacion con el Ferro-Carril Central del Uruguay.
Itinerario a regir desde el 1 de Mayo de 1900 hasta nuevo aviso

SALIDAS	REGRESOS
Montevideo (F. O. C.)... 8.20 a.m.	La Sierra... 1.20 p.m.
Empalme Olmos (F. O. C.)... 8.25	Piedras de Afilar (Parada)... 1.40
La Sierra (F. O. C.)... 8.50	Mosquitos... 2.15
Las Toscas (Parada)... 9.20	Las Toscas (Parada)... 2.35
Mosquitos... 9.40	Empalme Olmos (F. O. C.)... 2.55
Piedras de Afilar (Parada)... 10.15	F. O. C. ... 3.25
La Sierra... 10.35	Montevideo (F. O. C.)... 3.50

Por Tarifas y otros informes dirigirse a la agencia de Montevideo
Calle Zabala No. 72, las Estaciones ó a la Administracion.
Empalme Olmos, April 15 de 1900.

Holzappel's Compositions Co. Ltd.

(INTERNATIONAL PATENTS.)

Anti-Corrosive Composition for the Hulls of Iron and Steel vessels.

SOLE AGENTS IN MONTEVIDEO:

D. RATTI & Co. (Successors of Crosta Borelli & Co.)

111 - Calle 25 de Agosto - 113, Montevideo.

Importers of Naval Articles, - Paints, - Oils, - Cotton and Canvas Sails Cloth, - Buckets, - Zinc, - Rubber, bronze, copper and iron Taping, etc.

A los Médicos y a los Enfermos.

La TISIS incipiente, las ESCOROFULAS, el RAQUITISMO, los CATARROS PULMONALES, la CLOROANEMIA (colores palidos) y la DISPEPSIA atonica (digestion difícil) se curan radicalmente con el ACEITE DE HIGADO DE BACALAO FERROQUINADO, inventado y elaborado exclusivamente por los farmacéuticos Carrera y Manetti, y aprobado y recomendado por el Consejo de Higiene Pública. Hierro, Quinina y Aceite puro de hígado de bacalao de Noruega: he aquí los componentes de esta preciosa medicina, que es a la vez medicamento y alimento muy conveniente en la convalecencia de toda enfermedad larga, pues es el mejor agente de reconstitucion organico-fisiologica.

El verdadero remedio para los RESFRIOS, TOS CONVULSA, TOS NERVIOSA, CATARROS BRONQUIALES, IRRITACIONES DEL PECHO, ESTOMAGO y GARGANTA, es el Jarabe pectoral de Lactucario balsamico, aprobado por el Superior Consejo de Higiene Pública, y solamente elaborado en la Botica del Globo de Montevideo.

La lactancia artificial y mercenaria, los alimentos impropios y muchas veces la dentición, son causa de los frecuentes y a menudo fatales desarreglos de las vias digestivas—Empacho—de los jóvenes seres que no pudiendo nutrirse se debilitan y mueren sino se les administra el Jarabe para Empacho que el Honorable Consejo de Higiene Pública aprobó y las madres de familia lo conocen y aprecian. Solo en la Botica del Globo de Montevideo, adonde se inventó y elabora debe considerarse legitimo.

La falta de apetito los dolores de estomago, la debilidad, los colores palidos, y las enfermedades del bello sexo en general, se combaten con el Vino de quina ferruginoso de la Botica del Globo de Montevideo. Esta casa recibe constantemente de Noruega el verdadero ACEITE DE HIGADO DE BACALAO, que expende a módicos precios.

Todas las citadas medicinas son legítimas y llevan la siguiente marca de fábrica registrada y al público para su uso.

DEPOSITO GENERAL
8-18 de Julio-8
MONTEVIDEO

SHORT STORY

Sir Owen Lumsden's Secret.

(Continued)

CHAPTER II.

Sir Owen Lumsden's story was told me next afternoon. After a few prefatory remarks, he went on as follows:

"When I was several years younger I than am now, I was appointed guardian to a girl of twelve, Gwyneth Boyd by name, the orphan daughter of one of my oldest friends. For the most part she was educated abroad, but her holidays were spent under the roof of an aunt, a widow, Mrs. Fairfax by name, and there I made a point of seeing her from time to time.

"As it happened, however, when she came of age and my guardianship ceased, owing to a lengthened absence abroad, I had not seen her for a couple of years. When I did see her, I was so greatly struck by the change which that short time had wrought in her, that there and then I fell deeply in love with her. Mrs. Fairfax favoured my suit, putting aside the disparity between her niece's age and mine as a matter of moment.

"Miss Boyd—who had seen scarcely anything of the world—although startled, and, it may be, somewhat dismayed, when the subject was broached to her, seemed, as time went on, gradually to familiarise herself with the prospect of becoming Lady Lumsden. That I pressed my suit with ardour goes without saying, and thus it fell out that before long I won Gwyneth's consent to become my wife, her only stipulation being that the marriage should not take place for another year and a half. To avail at such a stipulation was out of the question. I accounted myself one of the happiest of men.

"A little before this I had engaged myself to join a couple of friends in an extended tour abroad, and, as circumstances had fallen out, there seemed no reason why the arrangement in question should not hold good. I could part from Gwyneth with every confidence. She had given me her promise, and I had no fear that she would prove false to it.

"Three days before the time fixed for leaving England I was called upon by young Alan Wentworth, the son of another old friend, whom I had not seen for a number of years. Alan, who had only lately returned from taking part in an African exploring expedition, was now settled in town for some time to come. How he purposed earning his living meanwhile it was not my place to enquire. All I knew was that he had inherited very little from his father.

"As I was under engagement to dine with Mrs. Fairfax on the day Wentworth called upon me, I took him with me and introduced him to that lady and her niece.

"Some eight months later, while making my way homeward by leisurely stages, after having parted from my travelling companions, I found at Lucerne, a copy of the 'Times,' in which, among other news, I came upon an announcement of the marriage of Alan Wentworth and Gwyneth Boyd.

"With what feelings I read it I will not attempt to describe. My first impulse was to rush off to England and demand an explanation; my second to remain abroad. What could any explanation avail? Gwyneth was lost to me for ever. I had blindly trusted her, and she had played me false. Wentworth, too, whom I had introduced to her, and who knew from my own lips that she and I were engaged! Oh, the black treachery of it all!

"So I stayed on in Switzerland, wandering from place to place, and keeping away as much as possible from the regular tourist routes, until a couple of months had gone by, and the autumn was well advanced.

"One afternoon, as I was crossing a lonely pass, having an overhanging rock on one side and a precipice on the other, and at a point where the road was not more than a couple of yards wide. Wentworth and I met face to face. At sight of him a great wave of passion surged up in my heart, which seemed for a moment or two as if it would choke me, mingled with which was an intense longing to be revenged on him for his treachery.

"So, scoundrel, we have met at last," I began. "I felt sure a day of reckoning would come before long."

"He stared at me, changing colour the while, and seemed to falter for a moment or two. Then he said, 'Permit me to pass. I have nothing to do with you, nor you with me. It is at your peril to bar my way.' And with that he drew a step or two nearer.

"At my peril!" I exclaimed, with a laugh which sounded strange in my own ears. "If you imagine that I am going to let you go till you

have made full confession of your villainy, you were never more mistaken in your life."

"You are either drunk or mad, or both," retorted Wentworth, with a assumption of coolness to which his white face gave the lie. "Out of my way, I tell you, or, by the Heaven above us, I will strangle you." Again he advanced a step with clenched hands and contracted arms, as if he were about to grip me by the throat.

(To be continued.)

Alfred B. Hill, L. D. S.

(LATE PRINCE & HILL)

American Dentist



Laughing gas for the painless extraction of teeth.

163-Calle Camaras-163

Esquina Buenos Aires.)

"BAZAR DEL JAPON"

TEA EMPORIUM AND GROCERY STORE

New Season's Tea, Just Arrived.

In the original Boxes and Packets of different sizes. - Superior Family Tea 80 cents per 1/2 kilo. - Tea No. 500, very fine, \$1.00 do. - Tea No. 1000, extra, \$1.20 do. - Superior Green Hyson, \$1.80 do. - Boxes at a Reduction.

Seasonable Presents. Fry's Chocolate's Bonbons, Crystallised Fruits, and other confections in fancy and ornamental Boxes. Liquors and Syrups in fancy bottles. Other articles suitable for presents. Christmas Biscuits, etc.

Whisky, "Glenlivet," "Aperol," and "Royal" brands. Havana Cigars, etc.

GIVEN AWAY

A genuine Japanese teapot, to every purchaser of a box of tea.

Martins, Carvalho & Co.

CALLE 25 DE MAYO 343-MONTEVIDEO.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Speciality in English-style goods, ready made or made to order. A supply of English leather recently received. Moderate prices.

M. FATTORUSO. 25 Mayo 191.

Ferro Carril Central del Uruguay

Fiestas de San Juan Bautista

SANTA LUCIA

DOMINGO 24 DE JUNIO

Con el fin de dar el mayor realce posible a las importantes fiestas en honor del Santo Patrono de la pintoresca villa de Santa Lucia, la Empresa ha resuelto correr un

TREN EXPRESO

de Montevideo a dicho punto a las horas y precios siguientes:

ESTACIONES	HORA DE SALIDA	PASAJES DE IDA Y VUELTA	
		1.ª CLASE	2.ª CLASE
Central . . .	8.00 A.M.		
Bella Vista . .	8.10		
Savago . . .	8.20	\$ 1.00	\$ 0.70
Colon . . .	8.30		
Piedras . . .	8.45		

El tren de regreso partirá a las 5.30 p. m.

La Administracion.

English Steam Printing Offices



Blank Books ruled and bound to order.

This printing establishment has a complete assortment of new type, cuts, borders, etc., etc., and having the newest machinery is prepared to undertake any orders in printing, ruling, perforation, numeration and book-binding.



OFFICE REQUISITES AND STATIONERY.

Stephen's Inks and Office Gum. - Copying and Colored Inks. - Pens, pencils and holders. - Writing, note and blotting paper, and envelopes. - Letter Files. - Account books. - Memorandum, index and pocket books. - Albums and Scrap-books. - Stamp albums. - Memorandum and letter books.

Call and inspect the Stock.

GUILLERMO SCHWENGEL

CALLE TREINTA Y TRES N.º 61
MONTEVIDEO.

EL ELIXIR DIGESTIVO
de TROUETTE-PERRET
a la PAPAÑA (Pepsina vegetal)

Es el mas poderoso digestivo conocido hasta la fecha para combatir las ENFERMEDADES DEL ESTOMAGO: GASTRITIS, GASTRALGIA, DIARREAS, VÓMITOS, PESADEZ DEL ESTOMAGO, MALAS DIGESTIONES Y DIFICIL O INEXISTENCIA DE LAS CONSTIPACIONES, ETC.

UNA OJITA AL ACARAR DE CONSERVACIÓN PARA COMAR LOS CASOS MAS ANTELOS

Venda por mayor en Paris: TROUETTE-PERRET, Boulevard Voltaire, 104

En el Sello de la Union de las Fabricas de Sabor y Sabor para el Sabor.

Replicas en Buenos Aires, Rosario y Montevideo: DEMARCHE, PARDOL y Cia. en los principales Farmacias

MANUEL BOTTINI.

SHIP CHANDLER, PROVISION MERCHANT AND BUTCHER.

Water and Live Stock Supplied. Sole Agent in the River Plate for sale of the Charts of the Hydrographic Office of the United States of America.

ENGLISH SPOKEN

Calle Rampla 95 & 97, Montevideo.

Tranvia

a la Unión y Maroñas

Emision de Titulos Hipotecarios de 2.ª Serie por valor nominal de \$50,000. Oro en titulos de \$100 cada uno, devengando interes de 6%, anual pagadero trimestralmente por \$2 y todo solicitante de amortizacion pagadero anualmente.

El Directorio debidamente autorizado por los Accionistas en la Asamblea General Extraordinaria que tuvo lugar el dia 17 Mayo de 1900 invita a los Titulos Hipotecarios de 2.ª Serie de esta Empresa del valor nominal de \$100 oro cada uno con 6 por ciento de interes anual pagadero cada trimestre y dos por ciento acumulativo de amortizacion a sortearse al fin de cada año.

Esta emision sera debidamente garantida por una segunda hipoteca sobre los bienes, fondos, muebles e inmuebles pertenecientes a la Empresa.

No sera tomada en consideracion ninguna oferta que no fuese mas baja que el valor nominal y en caso que las licitaciones fuesen por mayor cantidad de los \$50,000, dicha suma sera repartida entre los solicitantes pro rata y todo solicitante debera comprometerse a recibir los Titulos que en esa forma le correspondan. Estos Titulos seran emitidos en la condicion que la Empresa se reserva el derecho de amortizar mayor suma que el 2% anual establecido a su totalidad cuando lo crea conveniente.

El Directorio esta igualmente facultado para ofrecer en condiciones mas ventajosas que aquellas arriba establecidas para los referidos \$50,000 en Titulos Hipotecarios de la 2.ª Serie como tambien para los \$77.000 Titulos Hipotecarios de la 1.ª Serie que aun estan en circulacion, cuyas ofertas podran ser para ambas conjuntamente o por separado.

Las ofertas deberan ser dirigidas bajo sobre al Presidente de la Empresa, calle Piedras numero 1844 hasta las 3 p. m., de la 28 de Junio 1900.

Montevideo, 18 de Junio de 1900.

El Secretario.

Special Notice.

We make it a special request to our subscribers and readers that any complaints as to irregularity in delivery of this paper, or any notifications of change of address, or of orders for or suspension of subscription to the paper may be made at our Office and not to the repartidores. It is only by this means that we can keep in touch with them and secure compliance with their wishes. The repartidores are not qualified to receive orders or instructions, and we cannot hold ourselves responsible for the execution of orders or instructions given to them. We also desire to warn our readers against paying subscriptions except against the printed and stamped receipts issued from our office.

Prices Current

EXPORTS

(May 3.)

BARLEY—per 100 kilos.	
For brewing . . .	\$ —
Interior . . .	\$ —
Chilian . . .	\$ —
BIRDSEED—	
Per 10 kilos . . .	0.50 to 0.80
BRAN—	
100 kilos with bag . .	1.25 to 1.30
Flour—per 100 kilos.	
Extra, mark O . . .	0.36 to 0.37
First class, sifted . .	—
Medium . . .	—
Second class . . .	—
HAIR—per 10 kilos.	
Horse, superior . . .	4.65 to 4.70
medium . . .	4.60 to 4.65
Cow washed . . .	4.80 to 4.85
dirty . . .	4.70 to 4.80
HIDES—	
From camp and slaughter house, per 10 kilos . .	2.40 to 3.80
Culls . . .	2.95 to 3.05
Kips . . .	2.80 to 2.90
— culls . . .	—
Horse hides . . .	—
Interior . . .	2.40 to 2.50
camp dried . . .	0.38 to 0.40
LINSEED—per 10 kilos .	—
MAIZE—per 100 kilos.	
In grain white and yellow old . . .	2.80 to 2.90
Ditto new . . .	—
In spike . . .	—
Cuarentino new . . .	—
OYSTERS FEATHERS—	
Per kilo . . .	2.00 to 2.40
SHEEPSKINS—	
Meat, 3/4 wool, per k .	0.270 to 0.280
1/3 to 3/4 . . .	0.210 to 0.220
Criollo skins . . .	—
Shorn skins, per kilo .	0.170 to 0.175
Shorn skins, culls, per kilo . . .	0.140 to 0.145
Lamb skins, sound, per kilo . . .	—
Lamb skins, culls, per kilo . . .	—
WHEAT—per 100 kilos.	
Superior, Colonia . .	2.40 to 2.45
Carmelo and . . .	—
Palmira . . .	—
Superior, Lombardo .	—
Rosario . . .	—
Medium . . .	2.20 to 2.30
Minimum . . .	—
Wool—per 16 kilos .	—
Meat, good brands . .	3.40 to 3.50
1st, good clean . . .	3.10 to 3.20
2nd . . .	2.90 to 3.00
3rd, 4th mixed . . .	2.70 to 2.80
Bellies . . .	1.70 to 1.75
Lamb wool clean . . .	2.30 to 2.40
with seed . . .	1.70 to 1.80

EXPORTATION DUTIES

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE

Wool in general per 100 kilos .	\$ 1.650
Sheepskins, per 100 kilos . . .	1.100
Hair, per 100 kilos . . .	2.100
Grease, tallow and animal oils, per 100 kilos . . .	0.615
Hoofs, per 100 kilos . . .	0.290
Asbes and bones, per 1000 kilos .	0.690
Salted ox hides, each . . .	0.310
Dried ditto, each . . .	0.153
Salted horse hides, each . . .	0.140
Dried ditto, each . . .	0.071
Dried calf and nonato skins, per 100 kilos . . .	1.580
Horns, per 1000 . . .	3.300
Jerked beef, per 100 kilos . . .	0.61

In addition to the above, there is the 1 1/2 additional duty.

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