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Notice to Subscribers.

Camp and Foreign Subscribers are respectfully informed that all subscriptions for the period ending June 30, 1899, are now due, and they will greatly oblige by paying the same at their earliest convenience, at this office or through our recognized agents.

On account of our early hour of going to press it is especially requested that notices of advertisements intended for publication on the following day be delivered at our office not later than 4.30 p. m.

The Montevideo Times

MONTEVIDEO, JUNE 16, 1899.

THE BUDGET.

The first Budget Message of Sr. Cuestas constituted Government, a condensation of which was published in our issues of yesterday and of Wednesday, is just what we might have expected from a government that has already given such proofs of sound, capable and honest financial administration. The document is certainly rather verbose, but this is a venial fault, and apart from that we find it thoroughly candid and practical. The faults and difficulties of the financial situation are plainly set forth and freely recognised; there is none of the mystification, sophism and concealment which made the Budget Messages of former administrations works of fiction rather than statements of fact; and the whole matter is treated in a practical and straightforward manner, without illusions or exaggerations, and with a spirit of reform and economy sufficiently moderate to be useful without becoming a source of danger or of serious resistance from the retrogressive elements with which the Republic unhappily abounds. The Budget presented is a long way from being an ideal one, but it is as good as the present financial and political situation will admit, for it has to be remembered that politics, in this country are very closely bound up with the manipulation of the public revenue. More than this, we think, cannot reasonably be demanded, and the country has no reason to regret the confidence it has placed in Sr. Cuestas and his Ministers as financial administrators, a confidence which was denied to his predecessors.

Unfortunately, no standard exists with which it is possible to make comparisons of any great value. Previous to last year, the only Budget in force was that sanctioned in 1893, and this, in any case a sufficiently fallacious document, was very little index to the actual revenue or expenditure of succeeding years, nor did the Government of Sr. Borda make much pretence of being guided by it. The Budget sanctioned last year for the period 1898-99 was confessedly a hurried and imperfect document, in which but little attempt could be made to introduce either systematic reform or any accurate regulation of the national expenses. But, as in the matter of Budgets it is not possible to wipe out the past and start afresh with a clean slate, this performance has been taken as the basis of the new Budget, and it is with this that we must make comparisons.

Commencing with the Revenue, this is estimated at \$15,977,990 against \$15,973,545 in the current period of 1898-99. This shows that the Government has indulged in no fantastic illusions, but has been rather pessimist than otherwise; for, with the return of political order it might very reasonably have expected an increase in the revenue, and we believe—though we cannot say this with official authority—the revenue for the present period has been in excess of the estimate.

The total expenditure in the new Budget is estimated at \$15,969,698 against \$15,799,232 in that for 1898-99. There is thus an increase of \$170,466. But, as explained in the Message, the increase is not in the administrative expenditure, which has really been reduced, but in the irreducible and unavoidable national obligations, that is to say the service of the public debts. This becomes clearer when we separate the Budgets into their two chief components when they will be found to stand as follows:

BUDGET OF 1898-99.

Administrative services, \$ 7,263,368
National obligations, 8,535,864
\$ 15,799,232

BUDGET OF 1899-00.

Administrative services, \$ 8,849,489
National obligations, 9,120,209
\$ 15,969,698

In the new Budget, then, there is an increase of \$84,345 in the national obligations, accounted for by the service of the new Debts created for the liquidation of the civil war and for which the present Government cannot be held responsible. And, on the other hand, there is a decrease of \$413,879 in the administrative services, which represents the economies introduced by Sr. Cuestas' Government, although at the same time it has improved the public service in many directions.

These figures, we think, show, even more clearly than is done in the Message, the satisfactory nature of the new Budget and the retrenching spirit of Sr. Cuestas' Government, which promises that its reforms shall not stop here. However, to make the comparison complete, we now give the separate headings, the first figures being those of the new Budget, and the second those of the actual Budget for 1898-99:

Legislative Power, \$370,425 against \$341,114; an increase of \$29,311. This increase is not the work of the Executive but of the Chambers, which have voted themselves extravagant internal Budgets, contrary to the spirit of the Council of State and of the Executive. The Senate has been a special sinner in this respect, its Budget being out of all proportion to the work it does.

Presidency of the Republic, \$65,826 against \$67,241; a reduction of \$1,415.

Ministry of Foreign Affairs, \$120,808 against \$131,968, a reduction of \$11,160.

Ministry of Government, \$2,230,995 against \$2,365,085, a reduction of \$134,090.

Ministry of Finance, \$959,424 against \$964,159, a reduction of \$4,735.

Ministry of Foment, \$1,034,258 against \$1,124,671, a reduction of \$90,413.

Ministry of War and Marine, \$1,725,503 against \$1,918,030, a reduction of \$192,527.

Judicial Power, \$342,248 against \$354,095, a reduction of \$11,847.

These figures show where the pruning knife has been applied, and we think that the Government may fairly be congratulated on its work.

The fatal point of the Budget lies, of course, in the "national obligations," which consume \$9,120,209 out of the total expenditure of \$15,969,698, or over 57 1/2 % of which \$7,293,005 belongs to the service of the foreign debt. Even granting that many branches of the administrative service are conceived on too pretentious a scale for the present development of the country, as is truly the case, the balance of \$6,849,489 can hardly be called extravagant for the entire administration of the Republic. The money might, perhaps, be better applied in several ways, but it certainly leaves no scope for extensive reduction, nor even a margin for reduction of exorbitant taxation or application to works of public progress and development. To day, it is not administrative extravagance or dishonesty, but the burden of the public debt (the result of these sins in former times) that keeps the country back, and it is in this item alone that the problem of the financial future of the country is to be sought and solved. This, however, is foreign to the purpose of the present article, so we bring it to a close.

NEWS OF THE DAY

MONTEVIDEO
FRIDAY, JUNE 16, 1899.

Saints John Francis, Regis and Aurelian.—"Drummond Castle" lost, 1896.—167 days past, 198 to the end of the year.

POLITICAL NOTES.

The Senators sat on Wednesday. The *ad referendum* treaty of arbitration with Argentina was referred to the Legislative Committee. The principal business was the drawing of lots to ascertain the duration of the present Senators, so as to comply with the Constitutional mandate that renews the Senate by third parts every two years. The following was the result:—Two years, Senators Aréchaga (Flores), Donald MacEachen (Rio Negro), Romeu (Punta y Tres), C. Lenzi (Rocha), A. M. Rodriguez (Tacuarembó), and Gil (Rivera).—Four years, Senators Capurro (Artigas), Mendoza (Canelones), J. C. Blanco (Salto), Echegaray (Durazno), Domínguez (Florida) and Bauzá (Soriano).—Six years, Senators Batlle y Ordóñez (Montevideo), Varela (Winnas), Acevedo Diaz (Maldonado), Mendilaharsu (Paysandú), Ariagavoyia (San José), Terra (Colonia) and

Baena (Carro Largo.) The process was watched with extraordinary interest by the Senators present. In conformity with the report of the Committee of Foment, the application of Young Castro and Co., for a concession for the exportation of live stock was rejected. There was no further business of general interest.

It seems that the Minister of Foment has received no fewer than thirty proposals for the renumbering and renaming of the streets of the city, some of them of a most absurd character. He has resolved to shelve them all, and to instruct the architectural section of the Nat. Department of Engineers to draw up a schedule of conditions which shall serve as base for a call for tenders for the task. This is the proper course.

Some little excitement has been caused in political circles by the disciplinary arrest of Col. Gonzalez, Chief of the 1st Chasseurs. It seems that Col. Gonzalez entrusted to that dangerous character Dr. Angel Floro Costa (who seems to have a knack of getting military officers into trouble) the task of writing a history of his regiment, and in the course of correspondence Dr. Costa addressed a letter containing seditious insinuations to the officers of the Regiment. This came to the ears of Sr. Cuestas, and hence the arrest. The officers in question have sent a rousing reply to Dr. Costa reproaching him for his insidious conduct, which they regard as an insult to themselves, and appealing to the public to pass judgement on such a procedure.

A Camel Story.

A valuable camel working in an oil mill in Africa was beaten by its driver. Seeing that the camel had treasured up the injury and was only waiting a favourable chance for revenge the driver kept a strict watch upon the animal. Time passed away. The camel, knowing that it was watched, was quiet and obedient, and the driver began to think that the beating was forgotten, when one night, after several months had gone by, the man was sleeping on a raised platform in the mill, while, as it customary, the camel was stabled in a corner. Happening to awake, the driver saw by the bright moonlight that when all was quiet the animal looked cautiously around, rose softly, and stealing towards a spot where a bundle of clothes and a bournouse thrown carelessly on the ground resembled a sleeping figure, cast itself with violence upon them, rolling with all its weight and tearing them most viciously with its teeth. Satisfied that its revenge was complete, the camel was returning to its corner, when the driver sat up and spoke. At the sound of his voice, and realising the mistake it had made, the animal was so mortified at the failure and discovery of its scheme that it dashed its head against the wall and died on the spot.

Coffee Drinking and Blindness.

The effects of the persistent use of strong coffee are most marked. They show themselves in profound mental depression, insomnia, and severe headache. There is muscular weakness and trembling, irritability of the heart's action, with sensation of weight. A form of dyspepsia occurs also, which is peculiar and persistent, as long as the agent is continued. When the coffee habitué undertakes to stop the inordinate use of the decoction, there is constant fear of death, which is only relieved by resorting to the agent again. The face becomes sallow, the hands and feet cold. Erysipelas and other acute local inflammations are easily induced. The party who is a habitué to the inordinate use of coffee resorts to the use of alcohol, also, to preserve the stimulating effects. People suffering from neurasthenia and general nervous prostration are most likely to form the habit of the inordinate use of this beverage. In extreme cases of melancholia the mental depression becomes so great that suicide often follows. Snaitken, according to the *Medical Review*, says that the Moors are inveterate coffee drinkers, especially the merchants who sit in their bazaars and drink continually during the day. It has been noticed that almost invariably when these coffee drinkers reach the age of forty or forty-five their eyesight begins to fail, and by the time they get to be fifty years old they become blind. One is forcibly impressed by the number of blind men that are seen about the streets of the city of Fez, the capital of Morocco. It is invariably attributed to the excessive use of coffee.

A Torpedo Steered by Light.

Herr Orling, a Swede, has invented a torpedo which can be steered from the ship from which it is sent by means of a beam of light, just as the Tesla torpedo is guided in the water against the enemy by means of electrical impulses passing through the air. The light, directed on the torpedo by a reflector, after the manner of a search-light, falls on two pieces

of selenium. This mineral has the property of losing resistance to the passage of an electrical current through it when the light falls on it. Consequently, at such a time it allows the passage of an electric current through it. Given a piece of selenium on board the torpedo, and a set of accumulators connected to it, one can see how the light falling on the selenium can make the current work an electric motor connected to the rudder. With two pieces of selenium, two batteries, and two motors one can turn the rudder to right or left, and keep the torpedo in the proper course.

The Babylonian Account of the Deluge.

Deluge myths are world-wide. Berous gives an account of the Babylonian myth, which is substantially identical with that given in Genesis. But the highest authority now for the Babylonian version is that in the eleventh lay of Mr. George Smith's epic discovered in the library of Assurbanipal. This is a Chaldean transcript of an Accadian original, which Dr. Schrader assigns to any date between 1000 and 2000 B.C. In it Hea warns Samas-Napisi to build a ship and put in it his family and his chattels. He is to coat it with bitumen. Then the Sun-god, Samas, sent a deluge and destroyed all life from the face of the earth. On the seventh day there was a calm, and the ship rested on a mountain named Nizir. After another seven days, a dove (7), a swallow, and a raven were despatched. Then Samas-Napisi said: "I built an altar on the peak of the mountain. . . . The gods smelled the odour. The gods smelled the sweet odour. The gods, like flies over the Master, the sacrifice gathered." Finally, Bel turned himself to us, and established himself to us in a covenant. The interesting part of this story is that it cannot be a copy of the Hebrew account, indeed, it has numerous marks of being of a lower mythological stratum than the latter. However, even in the Babylonian narrative we are told that higher criticism has been at work, and has analysed it into two early documents and a late recension. But in any case it is earlier, and not later than the existing account in Genesis, or than the Yahvist and Priestly versions there embodied.—(*Peter Abelard*, in the *Church Gazette*.)

THE TEASEL.

TEXTILE MERCURY.

The teasel, a variety of the thistle family, has a peculiar place among useful plants, in that it does not furnish raw material to be worked up into articles of utility, but its crown is used directly in the process of manufacturing woolen goods. The home of the teasel is southern Europe, more especially the south of France. The French or Avignon teasel is raised near St. Remy, and also in the Department of Vancluse, where it grows to a height of five or six feet. French teasels are considered superior to those of southern Germany, on account of the greater hardness and durability of their curved, hook-like projections—due, it is supposed, to the greater amount of mineral matter absorbed by the Franco plant. In France, also, the stalk is at first not cut quite through, so that the thistle tops hang and dry while still on the stalk. For this reason they are better cured and much more elastic and tough than those of Germany, where the custom is to dry the thistle in ovens. In comparing the Avignon with the German teasel, it is found that the bracts or prickles of the French plant are more horizontal, the German being more or less bent. It is believed, indeed, that the French plant is a special variety, and that even if French seed were planted in Germany, the plant would retrograde and become the ordinary German plant. Yet Dr. Löbe, who is an authority on the plant, says: "If this were true, the cause of failure could be only the climate, as Germany has the same quality of soil as that about Avignon, and the plant could be handled in the same way as in France." It has been found that when the same methods have been followed in Germany in handling the product, it closely resembles the French. In former years the market value of the German teasel was from 5s. to 6s. per thousand; now it is from 2s. 6d. to 3s., and naturally the number of teasel cultivators is greatly reduced. As a consequence, the product is no longer mentioned in the agricultural market reports, and therefore exact figures as to production, &c., are not obtainable. The teasels used in England are grown both in England and in France, few, if any, coming from other countries; but some have come from the United States when the teasel crop in England failed. The greater bulk consumed here, however, is grown in France. They are preferred from their qualities of endurance and their ability to grip

and throw up the nap quickly. A softer teasel would worry the cloth, thereby producing an inferior nap and finish. In specially favourable seasons for their growth in England, the English teasel has no superior; but in average seasons, the English and American are quite similar, both being somewhat softer than the French. Teasels were formerly exported from this country to the United States. For some few years past, there have been not more than one fourth as many teasels consumed here as formerly, on account of the change in the character and finish of the goods now being produced.

SUNDRIES.

—Thanks to the quarantine, there were again no newspapers from Buenos Aires yesterday. In fact, we have received none since those of Sunday, nor has any river steamer sailed thence since that of Monday night. This is truly an edifying state of things between two capitals only some eight or ten hours' journey apart, and communication between which should be as free as between London and Liverpool. The quarantine still continues, nor do we hear anything more of its being taken off, though wear in the most wintry of weather, and no fresh cases have been reported in Buenos Aires for a whole week. This is merely obstinacy on the part of the health authorities, and may be placed to their credit along with the numerous other benefits they have bestowed upon the post and city.

—Unless this absurd quarantine system is definitely abandoned, it will be useless and waste of money for the Government to build a new port. Fifty new ports would fail to bring traffic so long as the health authorities are allowed to do everything in their power to drive it away.

—The R. M. S. "Magdalena," bringing London dates to about May 27, is expected tomorrow morning.

—The marriage of the Brazilian Minister Dr. Alberto Fialho to Miss Sara Hamilton will take place in the Lourdes Chapel, on July 15.—The marriage is announced to take place in January next of Sr. Enrique Langdon Urbey to Miss Paula Suarez Perez.

—A telegram was received yesterday from New York announcing the safe arrival there of Mrs. Swalm, wife of Col. A. Swalm, the popular U.S. Consul in this city.

—The U. S. S. "Montgomery" arrived from Rio Janeiro yesterday, and was detained at Flores Island for fumigation. Her quarantine ought to be completed tomorrow, unless the health authorities indulge in some new vagaries.

—An extraordinary Caridad Lottery of \$50,000 is announced for the 22nd instant. Despite the constant complaints there are no symptoms of any attempt to improve the programmes of these lotteries. They seem to have become absolutely fossilised.

—We read in a London paper of May 18.—The agitation against seven day papers has already succeeded in one half of its object. The "Daily Mail" has bowed before the storm, and discontinued its Sunday edition. With regard to the "Sunday Daily Telegraph," the decision rests entirely with the public. The Sunday issue of that journal was, we imagine, started as a mere matter of business. It proposed to "carry on the week's doings in unbroken sequence," because it was believed that people wanted this constant supply. If it is found that people do not want it, the supply will cease. No doubt it is possible to stimulate a demand artificially by furnishing a supply. But on the other hand, it is possible to check a demand artificially, and that is what the popular agitation may do. The interests at stake are wide and deep. If once the principle of the unbroken sequence were to prevail, the conditions of English life, and, perhaps, the foundations of English character, would be seriously altered. It is this conviction, and not any narrow Sabbatarianism, which explains the strength of the agitation against seven day newspapers.

—A local paper of Rivera claims for that Department the oldest man alive in the person of a negro said to be 149 years of age. These claims of black skinned longevity are frequent, but we must confess we have no great faith in them. We always think of the case of the negress who claimed to have reached an extraordinary age on the strength of a birth certificate which, on investigation, proved to be that of her grand-mother.

—Mr. Rudyard Kipling, now completely restored to health, has left New York to return to England.

—The President of Brazil has been honored by a visit from Mr. Saint-Saens.

—On Wednesday, there was a collision off the coast of New Jersey, between the steamers "Hamill,"

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tion of the Dominion Line, for the Antilles; and the «Macedonia» bringing mails from Cuba. The latter sunk in a few minutes, but passengers and crew were all picked up by the «Hamilton» save one mariner who was drowned.

—According to yesterday's telegrams the Transvaal Volksraad has already decided to accept the concessions to the uitlanders as proposed by President Kruger, but the reform will not come into effect until approved by the whole country (whatever that may mean.) Kruger declares that it would be impossible to concede greater political rights to the uitlanders without endangering the independence of the Republic.

—The Blue-book on S. African affairs has just been published in London. It contains a vigorous denunciation by Sir Alfred Milner against the tyranny of the Boers. It would seem, however, that there has been much exaggeration as to the critical nature of the situation.

—Colonel Robert, Chief of the Military House of Marshall Macmahon when the latter was President of France, has published a letter in the Paris Figaro defending the revision of the Dreyfus case. He says that the nation, eager for justice, awaited this reparation, and that the army, for its part, will rejoice to know that there was no traitor officer in its midst.

—Speaking before the Parliamentary Commission sitting at Washington to enquire into the growth and action of trusts, Mr. Havemeyer, President of the Sugar trust, attributed the sole cause of the formation of trusts to the high tariffs which permit monopolies and prevent foreign competition. No industry, he added, requires for protection the imposition of duties exceeding 10%, *ad valorem* on the similar foreign article. —The Ink manufacturers have now formed a trust with a capital of 18 million dollars. The Standard Oil Company also proposes to convert itself a trust, with increased capital.

LONDON NOTES

THURSDAY, MAY 18.

Before leaving London for Windsor, yesterday, the Queen laid the foundation stone of the Victoria and Albert Museum at South Kensington. The ceremony was conducted with all the pomp and dignity of a semi-State function, and the progress of her Majesty through the streets, from Buckingham Palace to Paddington, was made the occasion of a popular demonstration of loyalty to the occupant of the Throne on her approaching birthday.

All the members of the Royal Family now in England were present, and members of the Ministry, foreign Ambassadors, and prominent public men also attended, the scene in the Pavilion being brilliant in the extreme. The Duke of Devonshire, as Lord President, read an address describing the origin and objects of the building. In her reply the Queen directed that in future the Institution should be styled the «Victoria and Albert Museum», and expressed a hope that it would remain for ages a monument of discerning liberality, and a source of refinement and progress.

At Pretoria, yesterday, the Englishmen arrested at Johannesburg were charged with the capital offence of high treason. Sworn affidavits were submitted alleging that two thousand men had been enrolled by the prisoners for military service. They were to seize and hold the fort at Johannesburg for twenty-four hours pending the arrival of British troops.

A telegram from Hong-kong states that the expedition against the rebels who were threatening the Kaulung Extension has occupied Sam Chun.

A friend of General Mercier, who has given his views on the Dreyfus case to a Paris newspaper, admits that the secret dossier was submitted to the Court Martial which condemned Dreyfus, and that it contained the bogus letters from the German Emperor.

Sir W. Houldsworth moved the second reading of the Rating of Machinery Bill when the House of Commons assembled yesterday, but had not proceeded far with his speech when the Speaker's attention was drawn to the fact that there were not forty members present. At four o'clock, there being still less than a quorum in attendance, the House stood adjourned.

Speaking last night at the Hotel Metropole, at the forty-first annual dinner of the Railway Benevolent Institution, Lord Salisbury said the increase of railways on every hand had been the marvel of our time, and their efficiency, speed, and accuracy were becoming more wonderful every year. But the penalty was that, on the slightest

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Reconquista 268, Buenos Aires.—Grand Dock, La Plata.

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slip, the gigantic powers of nature were directed to our destruction instead of to our service. After referring, in highly complimentary terms to the work of the Sirdar in the construction of the railway from Korosko to Khartoum, he compared that enterprise with the work the Government were now undertaking to Uganda. Though, he said, that work was not of such a brilliant character as that of the Sirdar, the Government hoped to reach the lake in the course of the year. Referring to China, he said that Chinese politics were now merely railway politics. Subscriptions were announced to the amount of £12,364.

Reference was made at the resumed meeting of the National British Women's Temperance Association, yesterday, to the Duxbury Farm Colony. Lady Henry Somerset stated that its success had been great, and that the principles which underlay the Inebriates Home there were being adopted in all parts of the country. In a subsequent speech she expressed satisfaction at the work of the Royal Commission on Licensing.

The annual meetings of the Women's National Liberal Association were brought to a close yesterday at the Westminster Palace Hotel. Mrs. Byles presided, and the topics of discussion were «Half-Timers», introduced by Mr. A. J. Mundella; Temperance Reform, spoken to by the Hon. Mrs. Eliot Yorke; and the «Shop Hours Bill», advocated by Miss Bondfield.

In the Consistory Court of London, yesterday, the hearing was commenced of the petition presented by Mr. J. Kensit and two other parishioners for the removal of crucifixes and other ornaments, alleged to be illegal, from the Church of St. Ethelburga, Bishopsgate. After hearing evidence, the Court adjourned till this morning.

Surrey were beaten in the most decisive manner by the Australians at the Oval yesterday. The County could do little or nothing with the Colonial bowling, and were dismissed on their second attempt for the paltry total of 64, losing the match by an innings and 71 runs. Altogether, after the rain of the preceding forty-eight hours, it was a day of small scores. At Lord's the seven wickets fell for 64 runs, and the M.C.C. defeated Leicestershire by 92 runs. Sussex won their match with Worcestershire by 5 wickets, and Yorkshire theirs with Gloucestershire by an innings and 196 runs. Other games were drawn.

COMMERCIAL

STOCK EXCHANGE.

Montevideo, June 15, 1899.
Business to-day was a little brisker. Prices remain weak at the same level and with the usual minor fluctuations. Sales as follows:—

Extraordinary Loan, 1st Series, \$33,000 at 64.10 to 64.20 cash. Ditto, 2nd Series, \$28,100 at 64 cash, 64 and 63.80 end of month, 64.50 of July.

Treasury Certificates Debt, \$91,900 at 64.10 to 63.80 closing 63.90 cash, 64.20 to 64 end of month, 64.50 of July.

Mortgage Bank, 710 shares at 15.20 cash and end of month, 15.46 and 15.80 end of July.

Consolidated Debt, \$185,180 at 48.10 and 48 closing 48.10 cash, 48.30 to 48.10 end of month, 48.70 to 48.50 end of July. No London quotation.

EXCHANGE.

	Bank.	Commercial.
London 90d/s.	518/8-1/2	519/16-5/6
Paris 90d/s.	638-39	541-42
Antwerp 90d/s.	539	542-43
Germany 90d/s.	436-37	440-41
N. York	98-99	—
Italy	56-70	—
Spain	632-35	—
Brasil	90 050	80 450
B. Aires.	1% prem	par

Business Notes.

—The Custom House paid into the London Bank yesterday \$12476 on account of the Consolidated Debt and Railway guarantee service and \$1524 on account of the 5% Loan service.

—Gold opened in B. Aires yesterday at 217.20 and closed at 218.20. —Exchange upon London was quoted in Rio Janeiro yesterday at 8d per milreis. Commercial 8 1/2. —London, 15. Wheat 26s 1 1/2 d. Linseed 34s 6d. Maize 15s-3d. —Antwerp. Wheat 15.125 francs, linseed 22, maize 8.875. Wool, class B, 5.925 francs for July, 5.975 for November.

Saladero Killings.

	June 15.	Total to date.
R. Vellozo	821	59784
P. Denis & Co.	40945	—
Anaya & Irigoyen	441	58609
Agüero y Ca.	41795	—
Clonozzi y Duclós	25653	—
F. Froguier	153	29413
P. San Martín & hijos.	49	33656
Rosario Tabares	266	29958
Duclos y Monilla	5367	—
E. Legrand y Co.	19019	—
E. O'Neil Larraivide y Co.	18783	—
Jaime Hnos.	37000	—
Total.	1786	857832

Same period 1898. 229879
1897. 274585

Prices, Buoyes \$ 20 to 26
• Novillos, 12 1/2 to 22
• Vacas 12 1/2 to 14
Buenos Aires, June 15, 1899.
Gold, cash, 217.20.
Do. end of month, 217.
Cedulas G. Nacionales, cash, 86.
Do. end of month, 86.50.
Cedulas 8% Prov., 14.40.
Emprestito Nacional, 1897, cash 77.
Emprestito Popular Interno, 1898, cash and t.m.w., 76.50.
Do. end of July, 75.70.
Do. end of Aug., 76.
Banco de Italia, (oro) cash, 90.
Banco Español cash, 126.
The «Eolo» sails.

MARITIME

ARRIVALS AND SAILINGS.

Montevideo, June 15, 1899.
—Str. Fram from B. Aires.
—Str. Rembrandt from Glasgow for B. Aires.
—Cruiser Montgomery from Rio Janeiro.
—Str. Ladario for Corumbá, 21 pass.
—Str. Ballanoch for B. Aires.
—Str. Canova for Antwerp.
—Str. Oriana from Valparaíso.
—Str. Etona from N. York.

MAIL STEAMERS

LEAVING TO-DAY
—The str. EOLO will leave TO-DAY for B. Aires only. Correspondence at G. P. O. till 4.15 p. m.
—The str. JUAN FORGAS will leave TO-DAY for Las Palmas, Cadiz and Barcelona. Correspondence at G. P. O. till . . .

"PAPERINA"

INFALLIBLE SPECIFIC

for the cure of maggots, papera and plague in sheep and cattle.

HERRERA Y CABRERA

SOLE CONSIGNEES

78a, Calle Agraciada, Montevideo.

N. B.—Sale and purchase of all classes of produce. Consignments received and advances made on the same.

PRINCE LINE.

Regular line of steamers between London, Antwerp, New York, Brazil and the River Plate.

SAILINGS OF STEAMERS.

MOORISH PRINCE Left London, April 14.
BRITISH PRINCE Left New York, June 2.
EASTERN PRINCE Leaves London, June 13.

Accommodation for Passengers. Fare to Rio and Santos, \$30.
For further particulars apply to Prince Line Agency.
Buenos Aires, Reconquista 36—Rosario, San Martín 464—Montevideo, Cerrito 52.

«Norton» Line of Steamers

AGENTS: NORTON AND SON, New York. MANAGER: BUCKNALL NEPHEWS, LONDON.

ROSARIO, BUENOS AIRES AND MONTEVIDEO TO NEW YORK

The following full-powered steamers will be despatched from Montevideo,
MANICA, For RIO AND NEW YORK, June 29.
These steamers have good accommodation for a limited number of First Class Passengers.
For freight passage, etc., apply to the Agents:
WILLIAMS & Co., MISIONES 58.

And at Buenos Aires, 25 de Mayo 287, or to Norton & Son, 90 Wall St., New York
Bucknall Nephews, 22 Crutched Friars, London, E. C.

"GARTMORE" CEYLON TEA

Direct from the estates of Mr. H. G. Anderson, of the Gartmore Ceylon Tea Co. Ltd.

Fresh Consignment Just Received.

Sole Agent: J. J. HORE

Misiones 130, Montevideo.

—The str. ORISSA will leave TO-DAY for Rio Janeiro, Bahia, Pernambuco, Lisbon, Coruna, La Pallice and Liverpool. Correspondence at G. P. O. till 11 p. m. on the 15th.
—The str. SIRIO will leave TO-DAY for St. Vincent, Barcelona and Genoa. Correspondence at G. P. O. till 1 p. m.

OTHER DATES

—The str. BRÉSIL will leave June 17 for Rio Janeiro, Dakar, Lisbon and Bordeaux. Correspondence at G. P. O. till 1 p. m.
—The str. BEARN will leave June 17 for Santos, Rio Janeiro, Bahia and Marseilles. Correspondence at G. P. O. till 3 p. m.

—The str. SAN ANTONIO will leave June 19 for Corumbá. Correspondence at G. P. O. till 3 p. m.
Note.—In addition to the hours mentioned above, letters for all these steamers will be received, without extra charge, in the Aduana Kiosk until the P. O. agents leave to go on board the steamers.

Steamers to arrive.

JUNE	NAME	FLAG	FROM
16	Orissa	English	Valparaíso
16	Carolina P.	Italian	Genoa
16	Oróclaba	German	Hamburg
16	Coblentz	German	Bremen
16	Ramesses	German	Valparaíso
16	Etona	English	New York

Steamers to leave.

JUNE	NAME	FLAG	FOR
16	Juan Forgas	Spanish	Barcelona
16	Nordland	Danish	Copenhagen
16	Sticilia	German	Genoa
16	Hellepos	English	Liverpool
16	Orissa	English	Liverpool
16	Ramesses	German	Havre
16	Sirio	Italian	Genoa
17	Brésil	French	Bordeaux
17	Serapis	German	Hamburg
18	Campinas	French	Havre
19	Espagne	French	Marseilles
19	D. di Génova	Italian	Genoa
20	Adriana	German	Hamburg

AMUSEMENTS

CASINO ORIENTAL

CALLE FLORIDA BETWEEN
SORIANO AND CANELONES
Every Night at 8.45. Sundays and Holidays, special performances for families at 8.15.

Grand Variety Company.
Admission, 20 cents. Seats, 30 cents and 10 cent.

ADVERTISEMENTS

TO LET, a spacious and commodious quinta-house, situated in the Avenida de Goez, No. 506 and 512. Apply, call 26 de Mayo 392, July 16.

WANTED, Situation as resident English Governor to children under 14, or as companion. Address, «Governors» Bahrens Bookstore, Calle 25 de Mayo 259, July 13.

EMPLOYMENT WANTED in a house of business, as clerk, collector or salesman, by a Spaniard, aged 30. First class recommendations and experience. Address «Español» this office. July 4.

GOVERNORS offers her services to teach in family or private lessons. Teaching English, French, German, Spanish and Music. First class references. Address «Governors» this office. July 4.

Pacific Steam Navigation Co.

FORTNIGHTLY LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN
Liverpool, The River Plate, and Valparaíso.

New Accelerated Itinerary (Subject to modification)

FOR EUROPE

Orissa

(TWIN SCREW)
Captain: A. J. Cooper
16th June, 1899,
for Rio Janeiro, Bahia, Pernambuco, Lisbon, Coruña, La Pallice (La Rochelle) and Liverpool.

Iberia

Captain: R. Fletcher
30th June, 1899,
for Rio Janeiro, Lisbon, Vigo, La Pallice (La Rochelle) and Liverpool.

Oravia

(TWIN SCREW)
Captain: G. Massey R. N. R.
14th July, 1899,
for Rio Janeiro, Bahia, Pernambuco, Lisbon, Coruña, La Pallice (La Rochelle) and Liverpool.

FOR THE PACIFIC

Orellana

Captain: R. Archer
25th June, 1899,
for Sandy Point, Coronel, Talcahuano and Valparaíso.

Oropesa

(TWIN SCREW)
Captain: H. W. Hayes
8th July, 1899,
for Sandy Point, Coronel, Talcahuano and Valparaíso.

Liguria

Captain: F. E. Kite
23rd July, 1899,
for Sandy Point, Coronel, Talcahuano and Valparaíso.

The «Orellana» and «Orcana» will not take second class passengers.
Every steamer carries a Doctor and Stewardess.
The Steamers are illuminated with Electric Light, which is available ALA NIGHT in the Cabins.
Table wine (claret) is now served to passengers in all classes.
Return Tickets issued available for twelve months at reduced rates.
For fares, freights and other details, apply to the AGENTS,—

WILSON SONS & Co., LIMITED
25 de Mayo 214
MONTEVIDEO
SANTOS, SAO PAULO, RIO JANEIRO, BAHIA, PERNAMBUCO & ST. VINCENT, C. V.
Reconquista 823
BUENOS AIRES
San Lorenzo 1125
ROSARIO

WILSON, SONS & CO., LD.

STEAMSHIP AGENTS AND PROPRIETORS OF

COAL DEPOTS

AT
MONTEVIDEO—LA PLATA—BUENOS AIRES—ROSARIO
SANTOS
SAN PAULO
RIO DE JANEIRO
BAHIA
PERNAMBUCO
ST. VINCENT V. C.
LAS PALMAS
ALSO BRANCH ESTABLISHMENTS AT
CARDIFF AND BARRY.

HEAD OFFICE

7, DRAPERS GARDENS, LONDON, E. C.

Stocks always kept of only very best descriptions of South Wales Steam Coal.

Tug boats at all the Depot Ports and every facility for giving quick despatch to steamers.
WORKSHOPS at ST. VINCENT, PERNAMBUCO, BAHIA and RIO JANEIRO with efficient modern plant, where repairs of all descriptions are undertaken.

WILSON, SONS & Co., Limited, are the Sole Proprietors of the above Depots and Branches, and any inquiries as regards prices etc., should be sent to their address at

CALLE 25 DE MAYO 214, MONTEVIDEO

323, CALLE RECONQUISTA, BUENOS AIRES.

1128 Calle San Lorenzo, Rosario.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD.

The splendid steamer

"WITTEKIND"

Will sail on the 6th July, 1899, for

SOUTHAMPTON.

Passengers for SOUTHAMPTON will be landed under all circumstances at DAY TIME.
Through tickets issued for New York via Southampton.

J. R. Schwartz.

Solis 40. Agent.

CENTRAL URUGUAY RAILWAY.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

The warrants for the payment of the interim dividend No. 38, or 1%, to December 31st, 1898, as also those of Dividend No. 19 of the North Eastern of Uruguay Railway, may be obtained at the Office of the Local Committee, Central Station, on and after the 22nd May, from 10 to 11.30 a.m. and from 3 to 5 p.m.
Herbert P. Coates, Secretary, Local Committee. June 19.

M. V. Cricket Club.

NOTICE.

Shareholders of the Montevideo Cricket Club are advised that the dividend of 3% for the year ending June 30, 1899, will be paid at 67 Calle Rincon on and after July 1st, 1899.
The Treasurer.

Central Railway Station Café and Restaurant.

Restaurant a la carte.—Dishes on order.—Best Wines, Spirits and Liqueurs. Upmann's Havana Cigars.

Grand Orchestron

Automatic orchestra, 72 pipes, 5 trombones, 31 trumpets, 12 flutes, drum and triangle. This grand

Large Assortment of Autumn and Winter Goods and Novelties for Ladies and Gentlemen.
Dress Materials of every description and in the newest Season Patterns.
Linen, Underwear, Hosiery and Haberdashery.

Mazawattee Tea.

AMY & HENDERSON

"TIENDA INGLESA"

Calle CAMARAS 162

English Drapery Store

First class assortment of English soft goods, dress materials, hosiery, haberdashery, linen, tweeds and cashmeres. New seasons goods.

CALLENDER AND CO.

142-CALLE SARANDI-142

(CORNER OF ZABALA)

MONTEVIDEO

W. D. & H. O. WILL'S BRISTOL TOBACCOS.

PRINCIPAL BRANDS.—Three Castles.—Gold Flake.—Best Bird's Eye, Traveller.—Navy Cut, etc., etc.

SOLE AGENTS IN THE REPUBLIC OF URUGUAY

DANKELMANN & SCHRADER

MISIONES 136—MONTEVIDEO.

Ferro-Carril Uruguayo del Este

En combinacion con el Ferro-Carril Central del Uruguay.
Itinerario a regir desde el 15 de Diciembre de 1898 hasta nuevo aviso

SALIDAS	REGRESOS
Montevideo (F. C. O.)... s. 6.20 a.m.	La Sierra... s. 1.10 p.m.
Empalme Olmos (F. C. O.)... s. 8.25	Piedras de Afilar (Parada)... s. 1.30
d(F. C. U. del Este)... s. 9.00	Mosquitos... s. 2.05
Las Toscas (Parada)... s. 9.30	Las Toscas (Parada)... s. 2.25
Mosquitos... s. 9.50	Empalme Olmos (F. C. U.)... s. 2.55
Piedras de Afilar (Parada)... s. 10.25	F. C. C. s. 3.25
La Sierra... s. 11.45	Montevideo (F. C. C.)... s. 5.05

Por Tarifas y otros informes dirigirse a la agencia de Montevideo
Calle Zabala No. 72, las Estaciones o a la Administracion.
Empalme Olmos, Diciembre 10 de 1898.

ELIXIR ENFERMEDADES del ESTOMAGO
Gastritis, Gastralgias, Diarreas, Vómitos, Resaca del Estómago y Afecciones generales de las Vías digestivas
TROUETTE CURACION CERTA tomando después de cada comida el
PERRET

PARIS, Venta por Mayor: TROUETTE-PERRET, 183 y 185, CALLE DE SAINT-ANTOINE.
Representantes en Montevideo: DEMARCO, PARODI y C.

'AL LIBRO INGLÉS'

English Steam Printing and Bookbinding Works.

Every description of Account Books, Ledgers, Journals, etc., ready-made, or ruled and bound to order in any style. Letter Copying Books. Albums for stamp collections, signatures, etc. Blank and Scrap books in various forms. Receipt books and forms. Pay and Work sheets, loose or bound. Drafts and Bills of Exchange in English, French or Spanish. Invoices, manifests and Bills of Lading. Professional, business, visiting, wedding, birthday and Christmas Cards. Portfolios, Bill Cases, etc., etc.

All kinds of printing, ruling and bookbinding work executed on the premises at moderate prices.

Novels, music, magazines, journals, etc. neatly bound at exceptionally cheap rates.

GUILLERMO SCHWENGEL

Higiene de la Cabeza
EXTRACTO VEGETAL
DE
Rosas y Violetas
preparado con yemas de huevos
ED. PINAUD
Perfumería-Química
37, boulevard de Strasbourg, PARIS

AVISO!
La nueva invencion del TAPON PERFUMADO, consiste en una adhesion perfecta a la botella que evita la evaporation de la esencia y evita el escape de la misma. Examinar el tapón y la botella y si el tapón no se adhiere a la botella, no comprarla.

PERFUMES DISTINGUIDOS del
Extracto Vegetal ED. PINAUD
IKORA OROFONAX HELIOTROPE
TIBOL BRISA DE PANAPAS JOCKEY CLUB
AROMA YLANG-YLANG FRANGIPANE
JASMIN FOIN COUPÉ etc. etc.

NUEVO TAPON ADHERENTE

A Mysterious Wife.

(A SHORT STORY)

(Continued)

"There under my eyes lay the most beautiful girl that I had ever seen. Years though she must have lain there, she looked as if wrapped in the calmest healthiest sleep. There was colour in her cheeks, and her hair fell in curls about her perfect forehead and the lovely curves of her ears. The painting hanging yonder gives a feeble image of her loveliness. I loved her as soon as I looked upon her, and hung over her, gazing on her beauty without a thought of the impossibility of the thing that was happening to me. All I dreamed of was waiting the moment of her waking of catching the first glimpse of the light of her eyes and the smile on her divine lips."

"But she lay without breathing or stirring, and at last I thought me of the letter. I tore it open and read:

"My dear Thurstan,—
"I do not intend to betray the family secret to you while I am living. But I am as certain that you will penetrate to the locked attic as I am that I once stood there myself, and so I leave you this word of warning. Take my advice, and as soon as you have read this, screw the attic up again, and leave it. What have you or I to do with the misdeeds of folk who lived nearly a century ago?"

"If you will look at the girl—I advise you not, for you have more of a leaning towards women than I have—if you will look at her, you will want her history, and you may as well have it without further search:

"Susan Aubrey was the only child of Aubrey, of Oldmans, whose nephew married my grandmother. That grandmother was Aubrey's step-daughter, the child of the second wife, and both Mrs. Aubrey and her daughter, and her father's husband, were ambitious. They set their hearts on having Oldmans, and Susan was in the way of their getting it. Her father was deaf to arguments as to the advisability of leaving the estate to his nephew, our ancestor, Thurstan Banyard, so that there might be a man at the head of affairs to pull the thing into shape again after the damage it had sustained at the spendthrift hands of the late owners."

"One day no Susan was to be found. Old Jasper, the steward, declared that he had seen her ride out in the grey of the morning on a strange horse with a smart young buck, who was a perfect stranger to him; but, whatever he had or had not seen, Susan never came back.

"She could not very well, seeing that she had never gone away. What had happened to her you would not believe if you had not the evidence of your eyes to support the statement."

"It is said that old Jasper and Madam had dealings with the Evil One. I don't doubt it. They prepared some vile concoction, went to the girl's bedroom, and stupefied her with what they made her breathe and swallow. Then, in the dead of night, they carried her up to the west attic, laid her in a wooden trough that they had got ready for her, and the sides of which they had soaked with the same precious preparation, covered her over, and left her with the door screwed upon her. So long as she was kept in that trough she would sleep, and they meant that she should not leave it in their time."

"Her father died; perhaps all the sooner for the trouble about his daughter. Susan being gone, Thurstan Banyard was the heir, and he was pleased enough to take possession. The very night before Aubrey's death the steward fell mysteriously ill, and said such strange things in his illness that Madam took the charge of him. Thurstan went to see him, and was so struck with his ravings that he insisted on an explanation. Madam did explain, feeling pretty safe in the possession of two trump cards—Thurstan's craving, after the inheritance, and the slight he thought the old man had put upon him in refusing to let him marry Susan. Aubrey did not hold with the marriage of cousins. As for the girl, said Madam, it was the safest and best thing for her, for it had been foretold by a couple of astrologers that great danger threatened her in her twentieth year, though if she passed safely through that period she might live a long and prosperous life, and the family physician had spoken something of the like character. She advised Thurstan, for the girl's own good, to let her be, she was now eighteen, and might sleep away the dangerous time, and if hereafter it seemed good to him, he might wake her, and let her claim the estates it she could."

"Thurstan was easily persuaded to do what he wished. He only stipulated that Madam should put in Susan's hand a bottle of some fluid that she said would serve as a sufficient restorative when the victim was removed from the medicated bed; then he had the door screwed up more effectually than before.

"Shortly after Jasper died, but as he died he laid a deadly curse on every heir to Oldmans who refused to liberate the girl whose undoing he himself had planned, coupled with the pleasant warning that Susan Aubrey should bring bitter woe to the man who woke her. Until she woke no man should leave Oldmans to his own son."

"I washed my hands of the whole business, and mine has been a comfortable sort of life, as free as any other man's from anything like a curse. Take example by me, Thurstan, and let the girl alone. Do not heed Jasper. He cannot touch

you, and you will get used to his muttering and howling.
"This is the last word of warning from me."
"GEOFFREY BANYARD."

"Besotted as I was already with the face of that sleeping girl, I could not help thinking at the first that the whole thing was a cheat, a scheme of some person or persons unknown to trick me into a marriage. The story was merely incredible; no man in his senses would believe that the girl had lain there entranced for over eighty years, neither eating, nor drinking, nor growing a day older in the interval. The letter I thought was a forgery, and the servants were all in the plot. I gave one more look at the enchanting face, replaced the covering, and shut the door."

(To be concluded in our next.)

Alfred B. Hill, L. D. S.
(LATE PRINCE & HILL)

American Dentist



Laughing gas for the painless extraction of teeth.

163—Calle Camaras—163
Esquina Buenos Aires.)

NEW AMERICAN RESTAURANT. D. Crovara, proprietor. Breakfasts and dinners à la carte or in pension. English cooking. Moderate prices. Close to the port. Calle 25 de Agosto 77, 79 and 81, corner of Colon.

ANEMIA — CLOROSIS
Globulos H. Duquesnel
LAUREADO DEL INSTITUTO Y DE LA ACADEMIA DE MEDICINA
"PROTODIOLATO DE HIERRO Y ABSINTHINE"
Los Globulos Ferrugineos de H. Duquesnel, contienen estas sustancias bajo la forma de pasta blanca facilmente soluble y cubiertos por una envoltura de glicina resistent a la acidez.
Este medicamento es a la sangre en principio elemental, el hierro, con el cual se une la Absintina y la Glorina; por su principio amargo despierta el apetito, regulariza las funciones de las vias digestivas e induce a la coagulacion.
Dosis: Uno a dos globulos al principio y al finalizar y comer.
Pedir y enviar los globulos "FERRUGINEOS DE H. DUQUESNEL"
S. DUQUESNEL, 24, rue Favard-Mars, a PARIS
FABRICA EN COGNAC (FRANCIA)
Agentes en Montevideo: DEMARCO, PARODI y C.

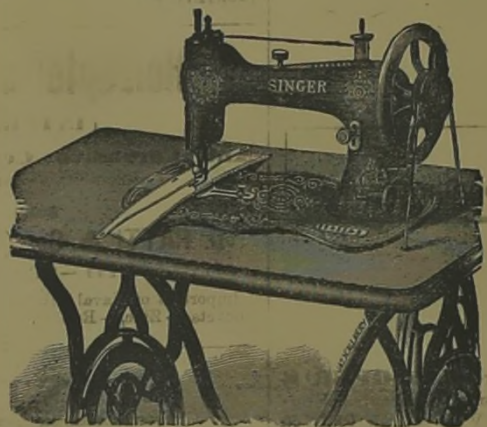
BOOTS AND SHOES.

Speciality in English-style goods, ready made or made to order. A supply of English leather recently received. Moderate prices.
M. FATTORUSO. 25 Mayo 191.



"LA LIGURIA"
DEPOSIT OF
SINGER'S
SEWING MACHINES

Repairs executed and parts renewed. — Sales wholesale and retail.



Carlos Dighiero, Convencion 134.

English Steam Printing Offices

Blank Books ruled and bound to order.
This printing establishment has a complete assortment of new type, cuts, borders, etc., etc., and having the newest machinery is prepared to undertake any orders in printing, ruling, perforation, numeration and book-binding.

AL LIBRO INGLÉS
TREINTA Y TRES 61

Illustration of a large building, likely the printing office.

Ramon Arocena

Consignee of Produce and Live-Stock.

Special attention given to orders for sale or purchase of all classes of live-stock.
Stock and blood animals — For Wintering — For Export, etc.
Sale, lease or mortgage of camp lands.
Cereals and Lucerne.
Agent for every description of Rural Business.

Telephone «La Uruguay» 554.

Office, Piedras 162, Montevideo.

The Salvation Army.

Calle Orillas del Plata 116, Montevideo.

Donations of food, clothes and money will be thankfully received for work among the poor.
Persons needing workmen by the hour, day or permanently, should send to the above address, when every effort will be made to supply promptly.
Cheques can be sent direct to the London and R. P. Bank, made payable to Brigadier Pearce or Captain Frisch, but Donations, Correspondence, food, clothes, etc., should be sent to Captain T. Frisch, Orillas del Plata 116.

THE
MANCHESTER
FIRE INSURANCE COY.

SOLE AGENT

Enrique Algorta y Villa de Moros

Calle Misiones 476, Montevideo.

"A LA CENTRAL"

Boot and Shoe Shop

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Speciality in Boots and Shoes to measure, for ladies, gentlemen and Children, to the purchaser's taste. Recommended by many English Families.

JOSÉ SALETTI & CO.

159—CALLE CERRO—159.

British Hospital

MONTEVIDEO

The healthy position of the institution in the entrance to the harbour recommends it to the attention of invalids.

Private Rooms from \$3.00 per day
Semi-private Rooms 2.00 do
General Ward 1.00 do

Female Ward. Conditions as above.

Special Cases, Special Terms. Foreigners admitted on terms above stipulated.

Patients admitted from 9 to 12 a.m. Urgencies at all hours.

Hours for Out-door Patients 11 to 12 a.m.

Visiting days, Sunday, Tuesday, Friday and Feastdays from 3 to 5 p.m.

Subscriptions and donations are respectfully solicited.

Subscribers of 12 dollars per annum are entitled to send one free patient to the Hospital during the year for which the subscription is paid, orders for same to be obtained from the Secretary or Treasurer.

William Thomson, M.A., M.B. O.M., Resident Medical Officer.

For further particulars apply to

John Adams, Hon. Sec.

Calle Solis 57.

E. O. Crocker, Hon. Treasurer.

Calle Rincon 29.

Prices Current

EXPORTS

(June 3.)

BARKLEY—per 100 kilos.	
For brewing.	\$ 1.20 to 1.40
Inferior	—
Chilian	—
BIRDSEED—	
Per 10 kilos.	0.90 to 1.00
BRAN—	
100 kilos with bag.	1.10 to 1.15
Flour—per 100 kilos.	
Extra, mark O.	0.34 to 0.45
First class, sifted	—
Medium	—
Second class.	—
HAIR—per 10 kilos.	
Horse, superior.	4.45 to 4.50
medium.	4.40 to 4.45
Cow washed.	4.40 to 4.50
dirty.	4.50 to 4.60
HIDES—	
From camp and slaughter-house, per 10 kilos.	3.20
Kips	2.75
culls.	—
Horse hides	1.90 to 2.00
inferior	—
camp dried	—
LINSEED—per 100 kilos.	0.32 to 0.34
MAIZE—per 100 kilos.	
In grain white and yellow.	1.00 to 1.35
Ditto new.	1.40 to 1.50
In spike	—
Cuarentino new.	—
OSTRICH FEATHERS—	
Per kilo.	1.50 to 1.60
SHEEPSKINS—	
Best, 3/4 wool, per k.	0.310
1/3 to 3/4	—
1/4 to 1/3	0.280
1/4 and 1/3, epidemia borrego	—
Criol, skins, per kilo.	0.100
Shorn skins, per kilo.	0.120
Shorn skins, culls, per kilo.	0.190
Lamb skins, sound, per kilo.	—
Lamb skins, culls, per kilo.	—
WHEAT—per 100 kilos.	
Superior, Colonia	2.20 to 2.30
Carmelo and	—
Palma	—
Superior, Lombardo	—
Rosario	—
Medium	2.05 to 2.15
Minimum	—
Wool—per 10 kilos.	
Mestiza, good brands	—
1st. good clean	—
2nd.	—
3rd. 4th mixed	—
Bellies	—
Criola	—
Lamba wool clean	—
with seed.	—

EXPORTATION DUTIES

FROM OCTOBER 4, 1890.

Wool in general per 100 kilos.	\$ 1.30
Sheepskins, per 100 kilos.	0.80
Hair, per 100 kilos.	0.70
Gross, tallow and animal oils, per 100 kilos.	0.50
Hoots, per 100 kilos.	0.25
Ashes and bones, per 1000 kilos.	0.50
Salted ox hides, each.	0.25
Dried ditto, each.	0.12
Salted horse hides, each.	0.12
Dried ditto, each.	0.08
Dried calf and nonato skins, per 100 kilos.	1.00
Seal skins, each.	0.10
Horns, per 1000 kilos.	2.50
Jerked beef, per 100 kilos.	0.40

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