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MONTEVIDEO, THURSDAY, JANUARY 26, 1899.

No. 2889.

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The Montevideo Times

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On account of our early hour of going to press it is especially requested that any notices or advertisements intended for publication on the following day be delivered at our offices not later than 4.30 p. m.

The Montevideo Times

MONTEVIDEO, JANUARY 26, 1899.

NEWS OF THE DAY

MONTEVIDEO

THURSDAY, JANUARY 26, 1899.

SAVING POLICE AND PRISON. - General Gordon killed at Khartoum, 1885, - 26 days past, 839 to the end of the year.

POLITICAL NOTES.

When lamenting the affirmation of the interregnum last week, we said that one of its first effects would be to expose the Republic to a series of aggravated political agitations and struggles. Our words have come true even quicker than we expected. The political world is today a seething mass of intrigue and agitation, all of the basest kind - that is to say without higher motive than a struggle for place or power - and so high is the tension that it would not be surprising if the whole political situation built up since February last, collapsed suddenly like a burst bubble, and the Republic were plunged into a state of general anarchy. No doubt this would greatly gratify the advocates of the interregnum, for it is precisely what they have been working for, but it would be fatal to all conservative interests.

The immediate excuse - we can hardly say cause - for this sudden aggravation of agitation has been the Decree respecting officers of the Urban Companies, mentioned in our last. To judge by the tone of some of yesterday's papers, this has been a culminating offence on the part of Sr. Cuestas, and will justify everything, even the entire abandonment of the "accord" and a return to revolution. The wildest assertions are put into his mouth respecting its purpose, and entirely malicious and absurd accounts are given of the interview between him and the delegate of the nationalist Committee, in which he is represented as deliberately insulting the nationalist party. That nothing like occurred, that a satisfactory official explanation of the Decree has been given showing that it affects "colored" equally with "nationalists," and that it was the report of a nationalist prefect, respecting obvious abuses which the Executive could not overlook without violating the law which led to the issue of the Decree - all these things are overlooked. It has afforded the excuse that was wanted, and is being used as an instrument to provoke a rupture between the parties and thus to lead the defeat of Sr. Cuestas' candidature. The *Patria* not only speaks of it in the most violent and personal tone imaginable, but further abusing the liberty of the press, publishes a whole column of the most calumnious inventions and conspiracies and plots which it attributes to Sr. Cuestas, making him out something viler than - Santos or Julio Herrera. The *Siglo* and the *Razon* are hardly less immoderate, though the former has the grace to give the official version of the interview. The *Nacional*, whose conduct has been very circumspect of late, is far more moderate. That the whole business has been wildly exaggerated, and for no honest purpose, is shown by the fact that, up to the present moment, the nationalist Committee has not adopted any definite resolution, but has kept its deliberations in reserve. To declare, then, as some of the papers mentioned have done, that the Decree has produced an open rupture, is entirely premature. Still, the situation created, not by the Decree so much as by the violence and unscrupulousness of Sr. Cuestas' opponents and the enemies of the accord, is a very tick-

lish one, and we will not venture to predict how it will end.

In addition to this, the air is full of wild rumors of plots, secret documents and conspiracies military and civil, both on the side of Sr. Cuestas and of his enemies. The majority, we might even say, of these are obviously absurd and false, but nevertheless they help to disturb the public mind. Truly the advocates of the interregnum have much to be thanked for.

Intrigue respecting the presidency of the Senate is as lively as ever. Sr. Rufino Dominguez now seems to be the favored candidate of the opposition, but we have reason to think that they will make a great mistake if they expect to find in him a ready tool for dishonest intrigues against the situation or an enemy of Sr. Cuestas.

The *Tribuna* of yesterday afternoon published a sensational paragraph to the effect that the Nationalist Committee had decided on the abandonment of Sr. Cuestas' candidature. This is an example of the mischievous inventions circulated by the *Tribuna* of late. At the hour its statement appeared in print, the Nationalist Committee had not yet met, nor was its resolution known at the time of writing. We do not know what attitude it will assume, but it is to be hoped that it would not adopt a resolution as dangerous to the interests of the party as to the whole Republic.

THE TRAGEDY AT DURAZNO.

We can now give full particulars, the correctness of which we can guarantee, of the terrible crime at Durazno, of which brief mention was made in our issue of Sunday last. The affair occurred on Friday the 20th instant, and the scene was a modest rancho or farmhouse in the 5th Section of the Department of Durazno. The owner of the establishment and the principal victim was a woman of 30 years of age, of the Christian name of Primitiva. She was the daughter of an elderly Scotch settler named Craigdallie, living with his son who kept a *pulperia* or small store not far distant. She had been married to a man named Lorenzo, the father of her eldest child, but he had deserted her some years ago and she passed as a widow. This woman was found murdered in her bed, presenting a terrible aspect her head having been completely split open in several places by blows from a hatchet. There were no signs of struggle, and death had probably been instantaneous from the first blow, struck whilst she was asleep. The second victim was her eldest daughter, named Gregoria, aged 8. She occupied a small bed in the same apartment, and was found with her head similarly split open by two or three hatchet blows. The second daughter, Aurora, aged 5 was found in the same bed, with six different wounds in the head, shoulders and hands. This child was still alive on Tuesday, but is hardly expected to recover. The bed was in great disorder and showed signs of a violent struggle. The clothes were completely soaked with blood. A third child, a baby only seven months old, was found in bed beside the murdered mother, crying but uninjured. The victims were examined professionally by Dr. Herbert J. Walker, the nearest resident medico.

Now comes the scarcely credible part of this terrible story. The perpetrator of this monstrous series of crimes, is a servant girl named Socorro Martinez, only fourteen years of age. She is described as a half-caste or mulatto girl, rather undersized for her age and of ordinary aspect. She had lived with the family for some six years, having practically been adopted, but is without education. The weapon she employed was a heavy hatchet for chopping wood. This had been sharpened the day before by orders of the mistress, and its edge had been completely turned by the force of the blows against the skulls of the victims. When arrested, this juvenile criminal confessed the crimes, down to the smallest details, with the utmost coolness, and appears to be quite without perception of their terrible nature. The only reason she offered was that her mistress had beaten her on the previous day for idleness and had threatened to repeat the thrashing the next day. She sleeps and eats well and betrays no emotion or excitement whatever. In view of her youth she will probably be sent to an asylum.

We have dealt on this tragedy at unusual length on account of its unique character. We have read many annals of crime, but can hardly recall a similar case of such complete juvenile depravity. The girl Martinez is evidently an instinctive criminal of the most pronounced type and it would be interesting to have her case studied by a modern scientific criminologist. We may add that the crime is hardly one to be placed in the cate-

gory of those produced by the impunity allowed to murder of which we are so continually complaining; it belongs to quite a different class.

CHUBUT GRIEVANCES.

(B. A. Standard.)

The *Nacion's* telegram announcing that two Welsh colonists from Chubut have arrived in London to ask the Government to establish a protectorate in Chubut or ensure its independence has caused a general sensation of surprise and amusement. Of course such a proposition cannot be taken as serious, and we marvel at the levity of the *London Times* in giving it publicity, thus displaying a woeful ignorance of the political spirit of Argentina and of the circumstances of Chubut grievances. It is in some measure to redress these grievances that President Roca has undertaken his journey southward. Not long ago, two leading colonists from Chubut waited upon H. E. and explained the state of public feeling in the settlement; and the President, who listened attentively to their story, informed them that he would visit Chubut and very probably appoint a Welsh colonist Governor. In face of such promises, which are now being carried out, it seems strange that the Chubut settlers, or a fraction of them, should have deputed two of their number to wait upon Mr. Joseph Chamberlain with so preposterous and outrageous a proposition, for the petition amounts to an insult directed against Argentine authority. The Chubut settlers, we admit, have had a very hard time of it, ever since the day of their landing. The first batch of settlers, numbering 132 souls, all Welsh, and headed by Mr. Lewis Jones, arrived in the brig *Mimosa* July 28th, 1865, and landed at New Bay on the spot now called Port Madryn, 41 miles distant from any fresh water. A second batch arrived shortly after, bringing up the number to 152. They suffered extreme hardships for many years, and would have perished but for the friendly Teuchela Indians, who gave them food. In 1867, they were on the point of abandoning the colony, when the Argentine statesman Dr. Rawson, sent them 22,000 worth of supplies. Fresh numbers subsequently arrived from Wales. The crops were uncertain until the settlers began to construct irrigation canals, which were completed ten years ago, at a cost summing up £40,000, entirely defrayed by the colonists. In 1888, a railway, 47 miles long, was built to Port Madryn. The wheat crop is over 14,000 tons, and the grain is the most fancied in Europe. If the Chubut colonies were Italians or Swiss, they would be the most prosperous and most contented settlers in the country, but they are Welshmen. They are extremely conservative and have strenuously resisted the usual process of assimilation which we see at work in every other colony. Thus, they have refused to learn Spanish. Their children cannot speak Spanish, and we believe that until lately there was no Spanish class in the local schools. In every walk of life and under every circumstance, they stoutly cling to this conservatism. This is the source of what is known as the Chubut grievances. Some of the more advanced of the settlers have burst the bonds of this conservatism but there is a large section who can entertain no sympathy for Argentine customs, language or authority. Thus, the law enforcing drilling exercise on Sundays raised such a commotion as to seriously imperil the public peace, and ultimately the Government was compelled to modify it in such a manner as to respect the religious susceptibilities of the population. The discontented and conservative section of the colony is a powerful one and its obstructive policy is a source of the deepest annoyance to the authorities, who not infrequently stoop to reprisals. There are other grievances, such as the neglect and indifference of the National Government which allowed the colony to remain, as it were cut off from civilization. As yet there is no telegraph line to Chubut! However, as we have already pointed out, President Roca has gone South with a view to devise some means of redressing these grievances, and amongst the measures proposed by him is that of appointing one of the colonists as Governor, thus removing the incompatibility of temper which at present exists. President Roca will be in no way influenced by the news of the impudent petition of the two Welshmen in London, as there is no telegraph wire to convey the announcement to him.

How Perfumes are Made.

Perfumery is now one of the industries of Birmingham, and some of the details of the business are daily in *The Birmingham Daily Post*. The fluid substance of which a bottle of first-class toilet consists is not water, but highly rectified spirits of wine, impregnated with the desired odour, but the infusion of fragrant flowers in spirits of wine would fail to produce the

desired result. An intermediate process is requisite, and that consists in enchaining the subtle perfume of the flowers by means of fat, for which they have a very strong affinity, whereas spirit is simply a solvent. Some flowers are macerated in fat, while others are simply brought into close juxtaposition to grease-covered screens, with the result that the fat becomes heavily charged with perfume, and will yield it afterwards to the spirits of wine. The first task of the manufacturer, unless this work is done for him by an intermediary, is to derive from the pomade what is called a "simple extract." In Birmingham, the pomade, worth from 5s. 6d. to 7s. a pound is first opened out into filaments by a squeezer, and is then placed in a churn containing some twenty gallons of spirits. The beaters of the churn are kept rotating by machinery for about a week, at the end of which time the spirit is drawn on, and is found to have taken up the odour of the flowers in an intense degree. The spirit is afterwards frozen to facilitate the removal of a certain residue of fat, and after this it forms a perfectly clear and limpid "simple extract," and is placed upon the laboratory shelf.

It is in the laboratory that the materials are diluted and blended into articles for the toilet. It is here where the receipt-book, and still more a cultivated appreciation of odour, comes into play. Scents are placed upon the market bearing the names of most of the odoriferous flowers known. Few only of these are direct extracts from the flowers by which they are called. The vast majority are imitations - perfume pictures in fact - of the originals. Violet scents are not wholly derived from the violet, but the floral extract has to be helped and reinforced by odours more permanent and derived from other sources. Of late years synthetic fragrant oils have been obtained from that Protean substance coal tar.

The old-fashioned "Ess Bouquet" is composed of eight ingredients in their appropriate proportions, the predominant elements being musk and vanilla. "Jockey Club" makes a call upon nine sources of supply, musk, civet, and orris being prominent. "Opoponax" has twelve ingredients, while "Parma Violet" scent has fourteen. Upon the other hand, there are some simpler blends. Among them is the once fashionable but now vulgar patchouli, which consists of a dilution of patchouli oil and otto of roses. Many improvements have been made in the formulae originally in use, and the odours of not a few delicately scented flowers are now transferred to the toilet table which ten years ago were not regarded as within the range of practical treatment.

SUNDRIES.

The telegram referred to in the article we quote elsewhere from the *B. A. Standard* states that the *London Times* publishes a paragraph taken from a Welsh paper, in which it is announced that Messrs. Phillips and Lloyd have arrived in London as a deputation to petition the Colonial Secretary, Mr. Chamberlain, in the name of the Welsh colony at Chubut, to establish a British protectorate over that territory or to declare its independence, founding either resolution upon the occupation of Patagonia by the British in 1870. The delegates complain of the attitude of the Argentine authorities towards the colonists, and say that the authorities provoke conflicts and molest them; they also fear that on account of the military oppression the country will soon be turned into an Argentine Cuba! The delegates also say that the North Americans residing in that Colony have decided on their part to send an analogous petition to the Government of the United States.

Possibly the above telegram, like many that have appeared here, is a misrepresentation of the facts. The Welsh colonists can hardly be so ignorant of international rights as to propose the establishment of a British protectorate on territory known to belong to another power. What they probably have done is to make formal complaint of the insufficiency of the Argentine administration in those remote quarters and to ask that negotiations might be opened for their better protection. In this would be entirely justified.

The storm of Monday night had but little effect on the spell of great heat through which we are passing, and which seemed to reach a culminating point yesterday, when the thermometer was close upon 90° Fahr. In the shade Reports of intense heat also come from various parts of the interior and from Buenos Aires. Another storm is needed to bring relief to panting, perspiring humanity. There were signs yesterday afternoon that it may not be far off. Let it come promptly.

With heat and the consequent temptation to bathing, accidents by

drowning are multiplying. On Tuesday afternoon two lads named Teodoro Cores, aged 12, and Francisco Rosso, aged 14, were bathing in the sea at the bottom of Calle Vasquez when they were dragged into a small whirlpool caused by the currents there, and were both drowned. Their bodies were recovered. The spot is known to be dangerous to bathers, but it appears there was nobody to warn them off. Yesterday morning a youth named José Antonio Duejor, aged 18, typesetter, was bathing off Calle Convention when he was carried away by a strong current and drowned. What made the case the more painful was that his mother was watching him from the shore and witnessed his death struggles. There are several points on the south coast of the city where, at certain tides the currents make bathing dangerous even to the strongest swimmers, and are the cause of frequent fatal accidents every bathing season. If the authorities cannot prohibit bathing from these spots, the least they might do is to put up notices warning bathers of the danger.

The R. M. S. "Danube," bringing London dates to about the 7th instant, is expected this afternoon or early to-morrow morning.

On Sunday morning last there was a great earthquake throughout Poloponessus, especially in the South West of the Greek peninsula. All the buildings of Philtra in Masenia were damaged and the people of the town have fled to the country, where they have encamped in tents. Two villages near Philtra have been completely destroyed and several people injured. The villages of Kyparissia and Stazzo are almost completely destroyed too, but it is not yet known whether there have been any casualties. Great damage was done to property at Navabrio and Calamata, where the shock was very severe. The seismic shock was felt as far as Zante, capital of the Ionian islands, where considerable damage was also done though no one was injured there. Throughout the day, other lesser shocks were felt. Later telegrams announce that the disturbances are still being felt.

The great and only Esterhazy has at last been examined before the Court of Cassation in Paris, but it is hopeless to search the telegrams for any intelligent or intelligible account of his evidence. They tell us a lot of other things which we do not feel interested in knowing and carefully omit the essential point.

Here is a specimen of "English as she is wrote" from a circular issued by an English Athletic Club in Buenos Aires: - "The Committee have pleasure in informing you it has decided to give a fancy dress ball on Friday, 10th of February at the Italian Hall, San Martin. - We are glad to learn that it have - we should say, they has - come to this decision."

John Andersen the Swede, who was cook of the bark "Olive Pecker," and who murdered the captain and mate off the coast of Brazil, was hanged at Norfolk, Va, early in December.

The following story of the Duke of Devonshire comes from Chatsworth. The other day the Duke was strolling, gun in hand, through one of his own fields near Baslow, when he started a hare, which he shot. He was going to pick it up, when a small boy jumped out from behind a hedge and warned him off. "Here, master," cried the small boy, preternaturally, "yo' musina touch that." "Why not?" asked the Duke, amused, seeing that he was not recognised. "Why, it's th' Duke's," answered the boy, "an' he'll have yo' locked up if he knows." "Oh," said the Duke, "then will you take charge of it?" "Ay, that I will," answered the boy, promptly; "me layther's a keeper." Half an hour afterwards the boy and the hare arrived in the kitchen at Chatsworth. The Duke had taken a short cut home and had the boy brought to him. The little chap was in distress when he saw the mistake he had made; but the Duke gave him a five shilling piece, called him a good lad, and sent him away rejoicing.

Late on Tuesday evening Mr. Pierre Lengoust, a well-known teacher of the French language, was walking down Calle Mercedes, when he was intercepted by two students named Rama and Cardelle, whom he had "plucked" in a recent examination. After a few angry words one of the students raised his stick and struck at Professor, who guarded the blow with his arm, one of the bones of which was broken by the force. They then took to flight. On lodging his complaint at the police office, Mr. Lengoust stated that the two students had been following him for nearly a week, annoying him and awaiting an opportunity to assault him. It is to be hoped the two young savages will be well punished.

On Tuesday afternoon the *Razon* published a letter, signed "Several neighbours," complaining of

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a disorderly café in Calle Maciel, having occasion to pass there the same evening, we looked and found no semblance of a café, orderly or disorderly, in that square or any where near, the neighbourhood being occupied by poor but respectable dwelling houses and a few shops. This is an example of the fictitious denunciations occasionally made by our contemporaries.

Another example of the shameless impunity of crime. In Buenos Aires, some two years ago, a young man—his name was Campanelli or something of the kind—murdered half a family because one of its members who had taken religious vows refused to marry him. We now learn that he has been set at complete liberty—to look for more victims. And yet it was pretended that the *Times* correspondent had no justification for his charges.

A rather comical case has just occurred of a man reporting his own death. Among the passengers by Europe by the French steamer "Entre Rios" was a Russian named Goldstein or Goldenstein, bound for Buenos Aires. He landed at Montevideo and missed his steamer. Instead of going on by the river boat, he wrote a letter to his wife in Buenos Aires telling her a wonderful tale of how he had been robbed of his luggage, stripped of all his clothes, and finally drowned in the middle of the river. His family came over here in great alarm, and examined a corpse found in the river, but which was not his. Meanwhile the man has disappeared—for which he may have his own reasons.

News of another terrible crime is telegraphed from Buenos Aires. A young man named Victorio Guefi, aged 27, was enamoured of a girl named Virginia Sennina, aged 19, employed in the same shop. As she would not accept his attentions he shot her through the head, and then cut his own throat. Our native contemporaries, showing the temper with which deeds of blood are regarded in the River Plate, where human life seems to be of no value, call this a "drama of passion." We prefer to call it a cowardly and abominable crime. But then we are only brutal Anglo-Saxons.

Yesterday's telegrams give a new aspect to the Samoa conflict, declaring that the culprit is not the German, but the United States Consul. It only remains for them to fix the guilt on the British Consul to-morrow, to complete the round. They are rarely of the same tale two days together.

The High Court of Justice at Washington has condemned the Government of Colombia to pay an indemnity of \$8000 to the proprietors (U. S. citizens) of the *Panama Star and Herald* as compensation for the arbitrary suspension of that paper in 1897.

Sensation has been caused in Amsterdam by the arrest of a banker and two lawyers, all three of high position, accused of a series of frauds on a large scale.

The U. S. Senate does not seem to make much progress with the discussion of the treaty of peace.—There is nothing very startling yet from the Philippines. The situation remains critical and that is about all that can be said. General Rios has succeeded in obtaining the liberation of the civil prisoners and the invalid military prisoners held by Aguinaldo, and hopes soon to obtain the liberation of the rest.

LONDON NOTES

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 23.

A Paris Correspondent telegraphs that the difficulty between the Government and the Appeal Court with regard to the secret dossier in the Dreyfus case has now been adjusted, and that the documents were for the first time submitted to the Court yesterday.

The Filipino Congress at Manila has broken up, and Aguinaldo is reported to have fled with a few followers, fearing assassination.

Yesterday the duel between M. Max Régis and M. Léon Picard was resumed at Asnières. The latter received a wound in the stomach.

Sir Robert Ball gave the first of a Christmas course of lectures to children, at the Royal Institution, yesterday. The subject was astronomy.

The Troopship Verona arrived at Plymouth yesterday, having on board officers and men of the Highland Light Infantry, returning from Crete. Many of them were ill with dysentery or fever, and one man died just before the vessel came to anchor. In consequence of the heavy sea the transference of the troops from the ship to the tenders was not accomplished until a late hour.

There was a total eclipse of the moon last night, but it was not visible in London owing to bad weather.

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THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY

Division of Profits, 1900. The Next Division of Profits will be made amongst Policies in existence at 15th November, 1900; and all who assure under the Profit Scheme during the current year will be entitled to claim for Bonus on that occasion. The Company have already declared Bonus Additions to Policies to the amount of more than six millions sterling.

B. LORENZO HILL

161, CALLE ITUZAINGO.

Sole Agent for the Uruguay Republic.

During the early hours of yesterday a severe southerly gale was experienced in London and throughout the country. The wind was exceptionally high and considerable damage was done to house property. At London Bridge railway a portion of the glass roofing covering the Brighton and South Coast station was destroyed. Two fatal accidents occurred in other parts of the metropolis. In the English Channel and round the coast very heavy seas ran, and several shipwrecks were reported. The mail service between England and the Continent was considerably disorganized.

For carrying on the distillation of spirit by means of an illicit still, at Stoke Newington, two Poles were, at the North London Police-court yesterday, fined 100l. each, with the alternative of three months' imprisonment. Three women, who resided in the same house, and who had been charged with them, were acquitted.

A medical practitioner, giving the name of Nugent, was again, at the West Ham Police-court yesterday, charged with the manslaughter of a Mrs. Smith, whom he had attended during illness. Further evidence having been given, a remand was again ordered, bail being refused. Mr. Horace Ivory, who prosecuted on behalf of the Treasury, stated towards the close of the hearing that he was in a position to prove that the accused was not Dr. Nugent at all, but that he was a man named Roland, who, in Dr. Nugent's absence from this country, had been carrying on the practice for years.

Sitting at the Thames Police Court yesterday Mr. Mead, the magistrate explained why it was he sent boys found wandering to workhouse rather than industrial schools. The policy of the London School Board, to have deserted children sent to industrial schools, was, unintentionally, of course, a direct encouragement to abandon their children. If they were sent to the workhouse, it was possible to prosecute the parents. Moreover, the children would not have to associate with inmates so undesirable as those found in industrial schools.

Coroners in different parts of London yesterday held inquiries into the circumstances attending the deaths of persons by burning. Several of the killed were children. In one case the accident was distinctly traceable to the use of a penny lamp, and the cheapest form of paraffin oil. Both Coroner and Jury remarked upon the danger of using such things, and the case was ordered to be reported to the County Council.

Four dead bodies were yesterday discovered at a cottage at Criccieth, in Carnarvonshire. They were those of the members of a family named Williams, consisting of father, mother, and two children. It is supposed that the father murdered the wife and children, and afterwards committed suicide, the event presumably having taken place a fortnight ago.

COMMERCIAL

STOCK EXCHANGE.

Montevideo, Jan. 25, 1899.

The aggravation of political agitation had its natural effect on the market to-day and there was another marked retrogression in prices, though they recovered a little after 2nd ring. There was a considerable movement in Consolidated and moderate business in other values. Sales as follows.

Extraordinary 1897 Loan, \$5000 at 57.20 for end of Feb. Ditto 2nd Series, \$3004 at 58.50 and 54 cash. Treasury Certificates Debt, \$43.475 at 54 and 54.20. Mortgage Bank, 2200 shares at 14.30 to 14.20, closing 14.10 cash, 14.20 end of month, 14.40 end of Feb. Consolidated Debt, \$471,410 at 44.10 and 43 closing 44.20 cash; end of month 44.40 to 44, closing 44.20;

end of February 43.50 to 43.10 to 43.40. No London quotation.

EXCHANGE.

	Bank.	Commercial.
London 90d/s.	51 3/4-7/8	52-52 1/8
Paris 90d/s.	5 43-44	5 47-48
Antwerp 90d/s.	5 44	5 49-50
Germany 90d/s.	4 42-43	4 45-46
N. York 90d/s.	98-99	—
Italy 90d/s.	5 77-78	—
Spain 90d/s.	6 30-35	—
Brazil 90d/s.	32-600	33-000
B. Aires 2 1/2 dis.	—	8 1/2 dis.

Business Notes.

—The Custom House paid into the London Bank yesterday \$21860 on account of the Consolidated Debt and Railway guarantee service and \$2610 on account of the 5% Loan service.

—Gold opened in B. Aires yesterday at 208.80 and closed at 209.

—Exchange upon London was quoted in Rio Janeiro yesterday at 7 11/32 to 3/8 to 13/32 to 7/16 to 13/32 d. per milreis.

—London, 24 Wheat 27s-6d. Linseed 34s-3d. Maize 15s-6d. —Antwerp Wheat 15.875 francs, linseed 22.50, maize 10.50. Wool as before, market sustained.

—Wheat busy. Good demand from millers, who have large orders for flour from Brazil. 2913 bags new sold at \$2.30 and 2 35, interior 2.20 also 700 bags old at \$2.30 to 2.45, damaged \$2.15 and 2.20, all with-out bag.

—Wool market as before. 600 bags first sold from barraca at \$3.30 and 100 bales good seconds at \$3.10. In Station some 24,000 kilos sold at \$3.00 to 3.25 per 10, kilos.

Saladero Killings.

	Jan. 25	Total to date.
R. Vellozo	1897.	20643
P. Denis & Co.	475	15759
Anaya & Irigoyen	528	19887
Aguerre y Ca.	332	18759
Olivero y Duclós	275	17191
P. Fraguero	18473	12474
P. San Martín & hijos.	12888	19473
Rosario Tabares	2062	2600
Duclos y Monlié	261	5747
E. Legrand y Co.	219	5747
F. Obile Larraivide y Co.	10260	—
Jaime Hnos.	—	10260
Total.	2120	146443

Same period 1898. 90566
Prices, Buenos 14 1/2 to 18 1/2
Noriolos, 8 to 17 3/4
Vacas 10 1/2 to 12

Buenos Aires, Jan. 25, 1899.
Gold, cash, 208.50.
Do. end of month, 208.50.
Cedulas F. Nacionales, cash, 79.50.
Do. G. Nacionales, cash, 80.30.
Cedulas 3% Prov., y P. 14.20.
Cedulas Prov., E. cash, 18.80.
Empréstito Popular Interno, 1898, cash, end month, 72.
Consolidada de Santa Fé, 1886, cash, 60.50.
Gas Primitivo, fin mas, 220.
The "Olympo" and "Labrador" sail.

MARITIME

ARRIVALS AND SAILINGS.

Montevideo, Jan. 25, 1899.
—Str. Venus from B. Aires, 116 pass.
—Str. Satellite from B. Aires, for Brasil.
—Str. Brand from B. Aires, for Brasil.
—Str. Ladario from Corumbá, 27 pass.
—Cruiser Geier for B. Aires.
—Str. Rosario for Hamburg.
—Str. Neptun for Rio Janeiro.
—Str. Ebro from B. Aires, for Southampton.
—Str. Venus for B. Aires.
—Str. Triton and Rivaldavia for Salto.

MAIL STEAMERS

LEAVING TO-DAY
—The str. OLYMPO will leave TO-DAY for Buenos Aires and Asunción. Correspondence at G. P. O. till 5.15 p. m.
—The str. SATELLITE will leave TO-DAY for Rio Janeiro. Correspondence at G. P. O. till 4 p. m.
OTHER DATES
—The str. AMMON will leave for Port Stanley, Sandy Point, Coronel, Talcahuano, Valparaíso, Iquique and Arica. Correspondence at G. P. O. till —.

"PAPERINA"
INFALLIBLE SPECIFIC
for the cure of maggot, papera and plague in sheep and cattle.
HERRERA Y CABRERA
SOLE CONSIGNEES
78a, Calle Agraciada, Montevideo.

N. B.—Sale and purchase of all classes of produce. Consignments received and advances made on the same.

PRINCE LINE.
Regular line of steamers between London, Antwerp, New York, Brazil and the River Plate.

SAILINGS OF STEAMERS.
CASTILLAN PRINCE Left New York, Dec. 24.
CRESSWELL Left New York, Dec. 27.
HATHOR Left London, Dec. 27.
ASIATIC PRINCE Left New York, Jan. 18th.
Accommodation for Passengers. Fare to Rio and Santos, \$30.
For further particulars apply to Prince Line Agency.
Buenos Aires, Reconquista 36—Rosario, San Martín 464—Montevideo, Cerrito 52.

"Norton" Line of Steamers

AGENTS: NORTON AND SON, NEW YORK. MANAGER: BUCKNALL NEPHEWS, LONDON.

ROSARIO, BUENOS AIRES AND MONTEVIDEO TO NEW YORK

The following full-powered steamers will be despatched from Montevideo, MERIDA, For RIO and NEW YORK, February 18.

These steamers have good accommodation for a limited number of First Class Passengers.
For freight passage, etc., apply to the Agents:
WILLIAMS & Co., MISIONES 58.

And at Buenos Aires, 25 de Mayo 287, or to Norton & Son, 90 Wall St., New York, Bucknall Bros. 23 Leadenhall St., London.

—The str. OROPESA will leave Jan. 27 for Rio Janeiro, Bahia, Pernambuco, Lisbon, Coruña, La Pallice and Liverpool. Correspondence at G. P. O. till —.
—The str. BRESIL will leave Jan. 28 for Rio Janeiro, Dakar, Lisbon and Bordeaux. Correspondence at G. P. O. till 1 p. m.

JAN.	NAME	FLAG	FROM
26	Merida	English	New York
26	Castillan P'ce	English	New York
26	Hathor	English	London
26	Cresswell	English	New York
27	Oropesa	English	Valparaíso
27	Ammon	German	Pacific
28	Danube	English	Southampton
28	Sisily	English	Liverpool

JAN.	NAME	FLAG	FOR
26	Bonn	German	Antwerp
26	Panama	French	Havre
27	Ammon	German	Havre
27	Oropesa	English	Liverpool
28	Brasil	French	Bordeaux

AMUSEMENTS

CASINO ORIENTAL

CALLE FLORIDA BETWEEN SORIANO AND CANELONES.
OPEN EVERY NIGHT

Grand Variety Company.

Moderate Prices.

ADVERTISEMENTS

BOARD AND LODGING.—Rooms to let in a family house. Very central position. With Board. Moderate price. Apply "A. I." this office. Feb. 20.

WANTED, by experienced English Governess, position as daily Governess to one or more English families. Address "English" this office. Jan. 26.

EXPERIENCED BOOK-KEEPER, speaking several languages, seeks position of any kind. Modest expectations. Gives lessons. Address "Work," this office.

TO LET, the desirable House, Calle Lavalleja 185 (Cordon) containing seven large rooms and four small ones, gas, aqua corriente, alight, bath-room with hot and cold water. Also, back-garden well shaded by viney and fruit-trees, good henhouse, etc. Very convenient tram service, especially for Pocitos and Ramirez. Rent \$35 per month. Apply next door, 183a same street. Jan. 27.

LETTS DIARIES FOR 1899. All sizes. On sale at "El Libro Inglés" of G. Schwengel, Calle Treinta y Tres 61.

TO LET.—The commodious and well-furnished house Calle 18 de Julio No. 741. An English, American or German family preferred. For particulars apply to Barraca Saturnino Balparda, Calle Cerro Largo No. 13.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS, for married couple or single gentlemen, with board if required. Apply 216 Calle Maldonado. pm.

M. GUTIERREZ

Auctioneer from the firm of Alejandro Montañti, begs to advise the business public and his friends that he has left the said firm, and opened an auctioneer's office at Calle Zabala 89, under the style of Gutierrez and Co., where he hopes to be favored with orders.

To Insurance Companies and Agents.

The account books required by the Government for Insurance Companies under the new Law, as well as all other description of account books, plain and ruled, or ruled to order, are now on sale at the "Libro Inglés" of G. Schwengel, Calle 33, No. 61.

Pacific Steam Navigation Co.
FORTNIGHTLY LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN Liverpool, The River Plate, and Valparaíso.
New Accelerated Itinerary (Subject to modification) g

FOR EUROPE
Oropesa
(TWIN SCREW)
Captain: H. W. Hayes
27th January, 1899,
for Rio Janeiro, Bahia, Pernambuco, Lisbon, Coruña, La Pallice (La Rochelle) and Liverpool.

FOR THE PACIFIC
Orissa
(TWIN SCREW)
Captain: A. J. Cooper
5th February, 1899,
for Sandy Point, Coronel, Talcahuano and Valparaíso.

Iberia
Captain: R. Fletcher
18th February, 1899,
for Sandy Point, Coronel, Talcahuano and Valparaíso.

Orcana
Captain: O. Yates Southgate
24th February, 1899,
for Rio Janeiro, Bahia, Pernambuco, Lisbon, Coruña, La Pallice (La Rochelle) and Liverpool.

Oravia
(TWIN SCREW)
Captain: G. Massey B. N. R.
5th March, 1899,
for Sandy Point, Coronel, Talcahuano and Valparaíso.

The s.s. "Orellana" and "Orcana" will not take second class passengers
Every steamer carries a Doctor and Stewardess.

The Steamers are illuminated with Electric Light, which is available ALL NIGHT in the Cabins.

Table wine (claret) is now served to passengers in all classes.

Return Tickets issued available for twelve months at reduced rates
For fares, freights and other details, apply to the AGENTS,—

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MONTEVIDEO BUENOS AIRES ROSARIO
SANTOS, SAO PAULO, RIO JANEIRO, BAHIA, PERNAMBUCO & ST. VINCENT, C. V.

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SANTOS RIO DE JANEIRO BAHIA PERNAMBUCO ST. VINCENT V. C.

LAS PALMAS
ALSO BRANCH ESTABLISHMENTS AT CARDIFF AND BARRY.

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7, DRAPERS GARDENS, LONDON, E. C.

Stocks always kept of only very best descriptions of South Wales Steam Coal.

Tug boats at all the Depot Ports and every facility for giving quick despatch to steamers.

WORKSHOPS at ST. VINCENT, PERNAMBUCO, BAHIA and RIO JANEIRO with efficient modern Plant, where repairs of all descriptions are undertaken.

WILSON, SONS & Co., Limited, are the Sole Proprietors of the above Depots and Branches, and any inquiries as regards prices etc., should be sent to their address at

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323, CALLE RECONQUISTA, BUENOS AIRES.
1128 Calle San Lorenzo, Rosario.

NORDEUTSCHER LLOYD.

The splendid steamer
"PFALZ"

Will sail on the 16th February, 1899, for

SOUTHAMPTON.

Passengers for SOUTHAMPTON will be landed under all circumstances at DAY TIME.

Through tickets issued for New York via Southampton.

J. R. Schwartz, Agent.

Solis 49.

Ship Chandlers, Butchers

—AND—
PROVISION MERCHANTS,

Ballast, Water & Live Stock SUPPLIED.

FRANK NOUGHERES & Co.

45—Calle Rampla—47.

MONTEVIDEO.

GRAN CERVECERIA

Beer Saloon and Bowling Alley. —Garden and Summer Houses.— Private Saloon for Families.— With Three Entrances.

Plaza Libertad 6 & 7, Avenida La Paz 208 & 212, Calle Colonia 214.

Branch of the "CRITERION" Restaurant, Well-known to Captains, Calle Colon 75 & 75a.

C. SCHWARZ, PROPRIETOR.

TO LET, APARTMENTS, furnished, for single gentlemen, in house of an English family, with or without board. Highly recommended. Apply, Plaza Zabala 39a.

NEW ZEALAND SHIPPING Co

Regular Monthly Line of High Class Passenger Steamers.

between New Zealand and London

Calling at Montevideo and Plymouth

FLEET.

Ruahine 6127 to Ruapehu 4202 to
Kaikoura 4507 to Tongariro 4163 to
Rimutaka 4515 to Tekoa 4050 to
Waimate 6088 to Otarama 3808 to
Waharoa 4707 to Rakaia 6088 to

The R.M.S.

Rimutaka

on or about 10th February, 1899,

For Plymouth and London,

To be followed by the R. M. S.

Rakaia

on or about 10th March, 1899.

Great Reduction in First Class Fare to PLYMOUTH or LONDON:

First Class \$22 single
Second \$15 single
Third \$9 single

The steamers of this line are illuminated by Electric Light.

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Large Assortment of Spring and Summer Goods and Novelties for Ladies and Gentlemen.
Dress Materials of every description and in the newest Season Patterns.
Linen, Underwear, Hosiery and Haberdashery.

Mazawattee Tea.

AMY & HENDERSON

"TIENDA INGLESA"

Calle CAMARAS 162

CALLE COLONIA, CORNER OF RIO NEGRO

DR. MACARTNEY

THE AMERICAN DENTIST

Ex-Director and Professor of the Dental Course at the University of Chile

GRADUATE IN ODONTOLOGY:

"PHILADELPHIA DENTAL COLLEGE" AND "HOSPITAL OF ORAL SURGERY"

GRADUATE IN MEDICINE:

"THE MEDICO-CHIRURGICAL COLLEGE OF PHILADELPHIA"

On the 15th of June, 1897, Dr. Macartney opened his office for the exercise of the profession in all its branches. The extraordinary success which has attended his efforts is ample proof that his scientific and intelligent application of the most advanced principles of Odontology has been universally recognized.

His introduction of General Antiseptics applied to Dental Pathological conditions, the use of proper Sterilization and careful Prophylaxis, was awarded instant recognition by the leading Physicians and Surgeons of this city by whom Dr. Macartney is widely consulted and recommended.

Dr. Macartney is the ONLY American Dentist in Montevideo who has complied with the requirements of the University of Montevideo, the Faculty of Medicine and the Council of Hygiene. Every person consulting Dr. Macartney will receive the PERSONAL attention of an Apt, Careful and Efficient

Dentist, who enjoys an International Reputation and who revalidates his Diploma, thus offering to the public a guarantee that he POSSESSES IT. Consultations from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. Construction of movable and Fixed Bridge Work.

Correction of Dental irregularities effected by a positive and rapid system. Curative treatment proper to all the pathological conditions of the month.

Dr. Macartney is a Specialist in the treatment of the Nervous, Children and all who find it difficult to use Artificial Dentures.

General and local Anaesthetics administered for the extraction of teeth and other operations.

Cataphoresis employed for all the operations proper to this procedure. This Office is most centrally located, and unites the advantages that all work is performed with

PROMPTITUDE, PERFECTION, PAINLESS.

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THE AMERICAN DENTIST

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English Drapery Store

First class assortment of English soft goods, dress materials, hosiery, haberdashery, linen, tweeds and cashmeres. New seasons goods.

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142--CALLE SARANDI--142

(CORNER OF ZABALA)

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PRINCIPAL BRANDS.—Three Castles.—Gold Flake.—Best Bird's Eye, Traveller.—Navy Cut, etc., etc.

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DANKELMANN & SCHRADER

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En combinacion con el Ferro-Carril Central del Uruguay.

Itinerario a regir desde el 15 de Diciembre de 1898 hasta nuevo aviso.

SALIDAS	REGRESOS
Montevideo (F. C. O.)... s. 6.20 a.m.	La Sierra... s. 1.10 p.m.
Empalme Olmos (F. C. O.)... s. 8.25	Piedras de Afilar (Parada) s. 1.30
Id. (F. C. U. del Este)... s. 9.00	Mosquitos... s. 2.05
Las Toscas (Parada)... s. 9.30	Las Toscas (Parada)... s. 2.25
Mosquitos... s. 9.50	Empalme Olmos (F. C. U. E.)... s. 2.55
Piedras de Afilar (Parada) s. 10.25	Id. (F. C. C.)... s. 3.25
La Sierra... s. 10.45	Montevideo (F. C. C.)... s. 3.55

Por Tarifas y otros informes dirigirse a la agencia de Montevideo Calle Zabala No. 72, las Estaciones ó a la Administracion.

Empalme Olmos, Diciembre 10 de 1898.

'AL LIBRO INGLÉS'

English Steam Printing and Bookbinding Works.

Every description of Account Books, Ledgers, Journals, etc. ready-made, or ruled and bound to order in any style. Letter Copying Books. Albums for stamp collections, signatures, etc. Blank and Scrap books in various forms. Receipt books and forms. Pay and Work sheets, loose or bound. Drafts and Bills of Exchange in English, French or Spanish. Invoices, Manifestos and Bills of Lading. Professional, business, visiting, wedding, birthday and Christmas Cards. Portfolios, Bill Cases, etc., etc.

All kinds of printing, ruling and bookbinding work executed on the premises at moderate prices.

Novels, music, magazines, journals, etc. neatly bound at exceptionally cheap rates.

GUILLERMO SCHWENGEL

THE MAN WITH THE UNSEEN FACE.

(A SHORT STORY)

(Continued)

Early association with the old negro grandmother may have planted a seed which had retained life under all succeeding circumstances, and hidden away in the dark, crowded and overgrown by other products of a higher, purer, and more intellectual civilisation, had developed a stunted, unwholesome, distorted growth of degrading superstition.

It was many years since he had assisted at any of those ceremonies practised now in strictest secrecy, banned, as they were, by the dominating higher civilisation. But he knew, though he had never crossed her path when engaged upon this banned worship, that Camelia played a great part in the practice of its secret and ugly mysteries, and that men and women of their own people—nay, it was whispered that even members of the white races, had not scrupled to use her powers—came from afar to consult her.

He had no wish to know more this afternoon, as the possibility of a subtle and more deadly form of peril menacing his mistress touched him for a moment, curdling the blood in his veins with that vague helpless sense of terror which will oppress even the bravest and the most civilised when brought under the influence of the so-called supernatural. He thrust it from him, trying to reassure himself with the dreary negative scepticism, which was all that modern thought and the higher education had succeeded in giving him in the matter of a creed.

There was no Devil, it followed, as a natural sequence, that his worshippers could work no evil. It was out of the crass stupidity, the ignorance, the selfishness of their own people, the fools of the so-called races, that Camelia and her like made capital.

What harm—mysterious, unholly, malignant—could even she work upon a woman so good as Mrs. Danger? And if it were a material evil, not even her husband would care to strike at her here—in this safe English country, secure in its rule of law and order.

In the meantime he himself could keep guard, and then—was there not Mr. Thorngate?

CHAPTER IX.

The next day brought a letter from Thorngate. It was dated from Paris. There had been some delay in its reaching Mrs. Danger owing to the disorganised traffic. It had been written the day after his last visit to Moor House. In it, he told her that on his return to White Farm afternoon he had found a letter awaiting him concerning business that needed urgent attention. He had travelled up to town that same evening, catching a mail train. He regretted that he had been unable to call and wish her good-bye, but hoped to see her on his return; his absence would not be of long duration. On arriving in London he found that the business which needed his attention compelled him to go Paris, but he would be returning to London in a day or two, where a letter—if she had occasion to write to him—directed to his club, would always reach him.

The first feeling of unutterable blankness and disappointment, as Mrs. Danger read the letter, was succeeded by one of relief and happiness.

It was not even the snowstorm that had kept him away. She wondered how long his business would detain him. She had not forgotten the question she wished to put to him. The old will must still be altered, but for some reason or other, this morning, it no longer seemed so urgent. A first thought of writing to him was followed by another, that a few days' delay could not make much difference. Besides, if he were pressed with his own affairs, it was not fair to trouble him with hers.

She felt lighter-hearted than she had been for several days. That letter, with its kindness, its earnest renewal of his offer to assist her, following on that half-disappointed expectancy of the past three days, had anything to do with this fresh courage and cheerfulness, she did not realise. Its advent gave her once more a renewed sense of his companionship—strong, protecting, helpful—which the isolation of the past day or two had, in a measure, blotted out.

He thought of her. If she needed his help, he would come at her first call. After all, London, and even Paris were not very far away. A few hours would bring him to her side.

The weather itself may have helped to cheer her. A hard frost had set in; the sun was shining, the snow-white world out of doors had become a land of frozen enchantment. After breakfast she started for a walk.

Camelia, though she shuddered at the snow as a cat shrinks from water, heroically offered to accompany her.

Mrs. Danger laughingly declined, but she was a little touched at the girl's attempt at self-sacrifice.

"Of course, I should not let you come," she said, a little peremptorily, as Camelia persisted. "I don't want to have you frozen into an icicle, and be left without a maid altogether. Go and sit over the fire, and

keep warm. I shall be all right. Really, one would think that you and Johnson imagined this Sleepy Hollow of a place to be infested by brigands. You are both so afraid of my going out alone!"

Camelia's eyes narrowed in a fashion peculiar to her.
"Is he afraid? He is always a—"
"It is only since poor Savage died," broke in Mrs. Danger quickly, with the slight sharpness in her tone which Camelia's treatment of the man always roused.

(To be continued.)

Alfred B. Hill, L. D. S.

(LATE PRINCE & HILL)

American Dentist.



Laughing gas for the painless extraction of teeth.

163—Calle Camaras—163

(Esquina Buenos Aires.)

LA MEJOR AGUA PURGATIVA NATURAL DEL MUNDO.

Hunyadi János

Un remedio precioso para combatir las perniciosas consecuencias de imprudencias en las comidas.

AVISO: CADA BOTELLA DE LA VERDADERA AGUA LLEVA EN LA ETIQUETA LA FIRMA DE "Andreas Saxlehner" ¡DESCONFIARSE DE LAS FALSIFICACIONES!

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Speciality in English-style goods, ready made or made to order. A supply of English leather recently received. Moderate prices.

M. FATTORUSO. 25 Mayo 191.

English Steam Printing Offices



Blank Books ruled and bound to order.

This printing establishment has a complete assortment of new type, cuts, borders, etc., etc., and having the newest machinery is prepared to undertake any orders in printing, ruling, perforation, numeration and book-binding.



OFFICE REQUISITES AND STATIONERY.

Stephen's Inks and Office Gum.—Copying and Colored Inks.—Pens, pencils and holders.—Writing, note and blotting paper, and envelopes.—Letter Files.—Account books.—Memorandum, index and pocket books.—Albums and Scrap-books.—Stamp albums.—Memorandum and letter blocks.

Call and inspect the Stock.

GUILLERMO SCHWENGEL

CALLE TREINTA Y TRES N.º 61

MONTEVIDEO.

Higiene de la Cabeza
EXTRACTO VEGETAL
DE
Rosas y Violetas
preparado con yemas de huevos
ED. PINAUD
Perfumista-Químico
37, Boulevard de Strasbourg, PARIS

AVISO!
La nueva invencion del TAPON PERFECIONADO consiste en una adherencia completa con la botella que inutiliza el resaca y evita el escape de la esencia. Deben pues fijarse bien los consumidores en esta tapon y examinar si adhiere a la botella y hace cuerpo con ella: si no es falso, es falso.

PERFUMES DISTINGUIDOS del
Extracto Vegetal ED. PINAUD
IXORA TREBOL AROMA JASMIN
OPONAX BRISA PAMPAS YLANG-YLANG FOIN COUPE
HELIOTROPE JOCLEY CLUB FRANGIPANE etc. etc.

NUEVO TAPON ADHERENTE

The Salvation Army.

Calle Orillas del Plata 116.

Montevideo.

Donations of food, clothes and money will be thankfully received for work among the poor.
Persons needing workmen by the hour, day or permanently, should send to the above address, when every effort will be made to supply promptly.

Cheques can be sent direct to the London and R. P. Bank, made payable to Mayor Pearce or Ensign Benwell, but Donations, Correspondence, food, clothes, etc., should be sent to Ensign A. D. Benwell, Orillas del Plata 116.

Ramon Arocena

Consignee of Produce and Live-Stock.

Special attention given to orders for sale or purchase of all classes of live-stock.

Stock and blood animals—For Wintering—For Export, etc.
Sale, lease or mortgage of camp lands

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Agent for every description of Rural Business.

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British Hospital

MONTEVIDEO

The healthy position of the institution in the entrance to the harbour recommends it to the attention of invalids.

Private Rooms from \$3.00 per day
Semi-private Rooms 2.00 do
General Ward 1.00 do
Female Ward. Conditions as above.

Special Cases, Special Terms.
Foreigners admitted on terms above stipulated.

Patients admitted from 9 to 12 a.m. Urgencies at all hours.

Hours for Out-door Patients 11 to 12 a.m.

Visiting days, Sunday, Tuesday, Friday and Feastsdays from 3 to 5 p.m.

Subscriptions and donations are respectfully solicited.

Subscribers of 12 dollars per annum are entitled to send one free patient to the Hospital during the year for which the subscription is paid, orders for same to be obtained from the Secretary or Treasurer.

William Thomson, M.A., M.B., C.M., Resident Medical Officer.
For further particulars apply to

E. O. Crocker, Hon. Sec
Calle 25 de Agosto 107.

W. Murray Wilson, Hon. Treasurer.
Zabala 104.

Prices Current

EXPORTS

(Jan. 3.)

BARLEY—per 100 kilos.
For brewing... \$ 0.90 to 1.00
For distilling... " " " " " "
Chilian... " " " " " "

BIRDSEED—
Per 10 kilos... " " " " " "

BRAN—
100 kilos with bag... 1.25 to 1.30
Flour—per 100 kilos.

Extra, mark O... 0.41 to 0.42
First class, sifted... " " " " " "
Medium... " " " " " "
Second class... " " " " " "

Hair—per 10 kilos.
Horse, superior... 4.15 to 4.20
Medium... 4.10 to 4.15
Cow washed... 4.30 to 4.35
Dirty... 4.05 to 4.15

Hides—
From camp and slaughter house, per 10 kilos... 2.80 to 2.90
Kills... 2.365 to 2.465
Culls... 2.50
Horse hides... 2.50

Lamb, camp dried... 2.50
Lamb—per 100 kilos... 2.50
Maize—per 100 kilos... 2.50

In grain white and yellow old... 1.30 to 1.40
Ditto new... " " " " " "
In spike... " " " " " "
Guatemala new... " " " " " "

Ostrich Feathers—
Per kilo... 1.30 to 1.60

SHEEPSKINS—
Meat, 3/4 wool, per k... 0.240 to 0.245
1/4 to 3/4... 0.285 to 0.290
1/4 and 1/3, sp... 0.210 to 0.215

demia borrego
Criollo skins... 0.115 to 0.130
Shorn skins, per kilo... 0.085 to 0.100
Shorn skins, culls, per kilo... 0.035 to 0.130

Wheat—per 100 kilos.
Superior, Colombia... 2.50 to 2.70
Carmelo and... " " " " " "
Palma... " " " " " "
Superior, Lombardo... " " " " " "
Rosario... " " " " " "

Medium... 2.30 to 2.50
Minimum... " " " " " "

Wool—per 10 kilos.
Mestiza, good brands... 3.25 to 3.40
1st good clean... 3.10 to 3.25
2nd... 2.85 to 2.90
3rd 4th mixed... 2.60 to 2.70

Bellies... 1.450 to 1.70
Criola... 1.30 to 1.50
Lamb wool clean... 2.10 to 2.20
with seed... 1.50 to 1.70

EXPORTATION DUTIES
FROM OCTOBER 4, 1890.

Wool in general per 100 kilos... \$1.30
Sheepskins, per 100 kilos... 0.80
Hides, per 100 kilos... 1.70

Grease, tallow and animal oils, per 100 kilos... 0.50
Hoofs, per 100 kilos... 0.25
Ashes and bones, per 1000 kilos... 0.25
Salted ox hides, each... 0.05
Dried ditto, each... 0.12
Salted ditto, each... 0.12
Dried calf and nonato skins, per 100 kilos... 0.06

Seal skins, each... 1.00
Horn, per 1000 kilos... 0.10
Jerked beef, per 100 kilos... 0.40

Cerveceria Uruguaya
MONTEVIDEO.

Precios:
Cerveza Doble
12 botellas grandes... f. 2 20
24 medias botellas... 2.40
Cerveza Sencilla
12 botellas grandes... 1.20
24 medias botellas... 1.30
Garantido sin acidos y drogas.
Servicio a domicilio.

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Unequalled assortment of English Glass-ware, china, crystal-ware, porcelain, lamps, kitchen requisites, best cutlery, metal-ware, and a large selection of fancy objects suitable for presents.

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ESTABLISHED MARCH 1888.

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