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MONTEVIDEO.

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS:
"INDENT"—Montevideo.

The Montevideo Times

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AGENCY, NEW YORK, AND REUTER'S TELEGRAM
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VOL. IX.

MONTEVIDEO, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1893.

No. 1282.

PROFESSIONAL AND BUSINESS CARDS

PRINCE and HILL—NORTH AMERICAN DENTISTS. Calle Camarás
No. 169. Montevideo.—Consultations 8 a.m. to 5 p.m.
87 pm.

J. O'DONOGHUE, Surgeon-Dentist. Corresponding Member of the
Odontological Society of London. Member of the British
Dental Association, etc. Office hours from 9 to 5. Calle
25 de Mayo 256. 81 pm.

CORNELIO VAN DOMSELAAR—Chartered Public Accountant.
Calle Asambleas 86b. Office, Calle Rincon No. 4, alto.

ANDRES LLOBET. Civil Engineer, Calle Florida 120.

SWORN TRANSLATOR AND PUBLIC AUCTIONEER. A. Horne
Lavalle. Cerrito 40. Office, Piedras 138. 327 pm.

JUSTO A. IGLESIAS. Sworn Translator and Public Auctioneer.
Calle Piedras No. 153. 326 pm.

S. M. NOBLE. Agent. River Plate Estancia Commission Agency.
London, Buenos Aires and Montevideo—88 Camarás,
Montevideo.

ARTHUR J. PENTREATH. Sole Agent for advertisements in Framways
and Railways. Calle 25 de Mayo 214. 328 pm.

HIGH-CLASS PHOTOGRAPHS AT REDUCED PRICES.
Fotografía Inglesa,
Rincon 176.

WHEN YOU HAVE YOUR PHOTO TAKEN see that you get the best.
The "New Deal" stands ahead of all others,
nothing finer, perfectly permanent. Exquisite finish.
Only at "Chute & Brooks, Calle 25 de Mayo
Num. 300.

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR CARDS, 1893-94. L. Jacobsen and Co.
beg to inform the public of Montevideo that they have
received a large and select variety of Christmas and New
Year Cards, in English, French, German and Spanish.
They solicit the public to visit their Library and Book-
store, and thus convince themselves of the reduced prices
in these cards.—Jacobsen & Co. Calle Itzaingó 141,
Montevideo—Calle Florida 499, Buenos Aires.

OLD SCOTCH WHISKY.—Finest quality—Dawson's Perfection, Special,
and Extra-Special. On sale by J. A. Easton,
Calle Juncal 115.

POSTAGE STAMP ALBUMS: Just received, a large and varied assort-
ment in elegant and novel designs, all sizes and all prices,
also other fancy goods and stationery. All the latest
volumes of the world-famed TACHNITZ EDITION have
arrived. On sale at 50 cents each. Librería En opes,
Itzaingó 141.

CHRISTMAS CARDS

Callender & Co.
142 — CALLE SARANDI — 142.
t654Dec.31.

ROSS'S ROYAL GINGER ALE.—The original brand imported by
Barclay, Mackintosh and Co.—235 Misiones.
f52pm.

THE OLD HOUSE AT HOME. The only public English Board and
Lodging House. Meals at all hours. Comfortable Rooms
and Good Beds. Charges very moderate.—Charles
Schwarz. 75 Calle Colon 75, between Piedras and Cerrito,
Montevideo. 312 pm.

VINO ORIENTAL de Pasional Harriague, garantido puro, embotellado en
bottas de 5 y cuarteras. CONAC ORIENTAL, VINO
Blanco y Vinagre de vino de la misma procedencia. A.
Lemaitre y Cia. únicos Agentes, CALLE CERRITO
No. 80a. 201 pm.

GRAND CAFÉ-RESTAURANT OF THE BOLSA. First class
cooking and wines. Meals a la carte or in pension.
Moderate prices. Next door to the National Bank. 73
Calle Zabala, 73. 304 pm.

TAILORING AND OUTFITTING ESTABLISHMENT.—Splendid
assortment just received of English and French goods for
summer wear. Latest patterns. Reduce prices. Copuzzi
Brothers. 270—Calle 25 de Mayo—270.

ARE YOU INSURED?

If not, you should be WHILE IN HEALTH.
Ask for the NEW Prospectus of
THE STANDARD LIFE
with Reduced Rates.

THE STANDARD LIFE ASSURANCE COM-
PANY OF EDINBURGH is one of the OLDEST and
STRONGEST Provident Institutions in the UNITED
KINGDOM.

THIS BRANCH issues Policies without delay or
reference to Head Office and can now offer a liberality
of conditions hitherto unknown in the River Plate.
Apply to B. LORENZO HILL, 133 Zabala, Montevideo.

REMOVAL

of the
AMERICAN DENTIST
(WILLIE E. HILL, CERTIFIED SPECIALIST)
from 351 Calle Sarandi
to in front, Corner of Sarandi and Cerro.
Entrance, 126 Calle Cerro.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Speciality in English style goods, ready made or made to order. A
supply of English leather recently received. Moderate prices. M. FAT-
TUSO. 25 de Mayo 191 (opposite the English Bank.)

First produced and designated CORN FLOUR
by BROWN & POLSON in 1856.
**BROWN & POLSON'S
CORN FLOUR**

Was in the Field some time before any other was anywhere heard
of, and no other has now an Equal Claim to the Public Confidence.

English Insurance Agency.
EDWARD COOPER.
CALLE ZABALA 53, ESQ. CALLE PIEDRAS
THE ROYAL
Royal Fire Insurance Company.
CAPITAL. £ 8,000,000 stg.
THE SEA
English Maritime and Fluvial Insurance Co.
CAPITAL. £ 500,000.
Agent, Edward Cooper.
Calle Zabala 53, esq. calle Piedras

The Montevideo Times

Subscription

Including delivery or postage:
Montevideo, Uruguay and Argentine Re-
public. per month \$ 4.50 gold
Europe and United States. " 5.00 gold
Do. do. one year in advance. " 44 0
Single number. " 4 cents
Back number. " 10 cents.

Single copies of the paper on sale daily at the
"Librería Europea" Calle Itzaingó 141, also at the
office of the paper.

Advertisements

Professional and Business Cards, four
lines, double column, per month. \$1.00 gold.
"Wanted," "To Let," etc., four lines,
for four insertions. " 0.50 ..
Ditto, ditto, 15 days. " 1.00 ..
Births, Deaths and Marriages, each in-
sertion. " 0.50 ..
Permanent Advertisements by arrangement.
For advertisements from the Argentine Republic
the difference in exchange must be added.

Agent in Buenos Aires, Mr. M. J. Byrne of the
"Itazanga" Office, Calle Mayo 488, Buenos Aires,
where orders for subscriptions and advertisements
will be received.

No anonymous communications will be attended
to, nor manuscript returned.

Sole Proprietor and Editor.
W. H. DENTON.

The Montevideo Times

MONTEVIDEO, NOVEMBER 30, 1893.

AN ANALYSIS.

The extraordinary political dis-
organisation and we may even say
degradation of the country, so con-
trary to all republican principles
and practices, is painfully illustrated
by the voting in last Sunday's elec-
tions, as shown in the official statis-
tics themselves.

According to the *Nacion* there
were only 7243 votes cast in the
Department of Montevideo.
This Department has a population
of some 220,000 persons, of which
some 64,000 are adult Uruguayans.
Of these it is fair to estimate that
not less than 30,000 are entitled to
vote, and yet only 7243 are recorded
as having availed themselves of the
privilege, not 25 per cent. How many
were entered on the Civic Register
it is impossible to say, for we have
not come across any official state-
ment.

The above, however, supposes the
voting to have been genuine, which
all the world knows it was not. 5149
of the above votes are stated as being
recorded for the official party, and it
is common knowledge that the ma-
jority of these were fraudulent,
being cast by persons who had
no right to vote, or even
never existing at all except in the
imagination of those who counted
them. It thus appears that with all
its influence, all its intimidation and
all its frauds, the official party could
only sum up 5149 votes amongst
some 30,000 voters, and this is what
it chants as a glorious victory! Out
of the remaining 20,000 voters it
may be assumed without the least
fear of exaggeration that three-fourths
or over 18,000 would have voted
against it if the elections had been
free and honest, and then it would
have found itself in a minority of 1
to 4. The figures would have run
more or less like this—
For the official party, 5,000.
Against the official party, 20,000.
Majority against, 15,000.

Leaving aside conjecture, however,
how deplorable must be that state of
things in which, in the capital of the
Republic and very centre of political
activity and agitation, not one-sixth
of the citizens entitled to do so,
approach the voting tables in an
election which is one of the most
critical imaginable? No other fact
than this is necessary to show
the entire demoralisation of poli-
tics and the wide departure
from democratic observances. We
are sure that in no other part of the
world outside South America, could
so pitiful a fact be chronicled.

The reasons for this abjection
are so obvious that it is hardly neces-
sary to mention them, and may be
summed up in the two words
intimidation and fraud. Added
to the fear of violence there is the
certainty that the votes will not be
honestly counted or respected. Under
such circumstances, peaceful citizens
with family responsibilities cannot
be blamed for staying away, indeed
it would be strange if they did other-
wise. And thus it is that the expres-
sion of national opinion is suffocated
in its principal manifestation, and
that the popular sovereignty which
is supposed to be guaranteed by the
Constitution becomes a mere figure
of speech without any practical value
whatever.

One more remark on this head.
Even supposing the majority of na-
tives entitled to vote did avail them-
selves of the privilege, the vote
would still be far from a representa-
tive one, for the oft stated reason
that the foreign residents are ex-
cluded. These, it must be remem-
bered, outnumber the native adults in
the proportion of two to one or
even more, and it is these who
chiefly represent the productive,
commercial, industrial, financial and
progressive interests and life of the
Republic, as it is also these who
contribute the far greater proportion
of the taxes. That so large and im-
portant a section of the population should
be excluded from all voice and re-

presentation in the administration
of the Republic which they do so
much to sustain, is in itself an
anomaly and a contradiction to
true democratic principles. Until
some scheme is devised where-
by these can take an active part
in public affairs, this anomaly
will continue, and the real
republican life of the country will
not have begun.

NEWS OF THE DAY

MONTEVIDEO

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1893.
Saints Andrew and Constantine. 334
days past, 31 to the end of the year.

Another Sentence of Death.

On Tuesday, the Tribunal of
Appeal confirmed, in second instance,
and in terms which admit of no com-
mutation, the sentence of death on
Angel Fernandez for the atrocious
murder of Francisco Dastres, in Calle
Liniers, in this city, on May 21, 1889.
The following is an outline of this
crime, which caused a great sensa-
tion at the time, the actors being in a
more respectable position in life than
is usual in such cases. Fernandez and
Dastres were intimate friends and
partners in a commission agency.
The latter, a Spaniard aged 38, had
recently married a young and beauti-
ful woman named Elvira M., but
the union was not a happy one
owing to faults on both sides, and
she had entered a case for divorce
against him. Shortly after this
Dastres found out that his wife had
entered into a guilty connection with
his friend Fernandez, and the situa-
tion became very strained. On the
evening of May 21, 1889, an alarm
of fire was given from the office of
Dastres in Calle Liniers. The room
being broken into, the dead body
of Dastres was found on the
burning sofa, partly charred, but
still showing a mortal wound
on the head with some blunt in-
strument, and two stabs in the
region of the heart. The sofa had
been saturated with kerosene and in-
flammable materials were found ar-
ranged underneath and about the
room, which also presented evidence
of a struggle. It was evident that
a murder had been committed, and
an attempt had been made to destroy
the traces of the crime by fire. Sus-
picion at once fell on Fernandez,
for not long before Dastres had
lodged a complaint before the Crimi-
nal Judge that his life had been
threatened by his former friend. Fer-
nandez and the wife of Dastres were
arrested, and little by little the crime
was brought home to the former,
whilst letters were found establish-
ing the criminal relations between
the pair and showing how the woman
instigated Fernandez to make
away with her husband, one of her
motives being the ill-treatment she
had suffered at the hands of the
latter. The unhappy woman, whose
intellect and health became affected
by the trial, died in hospital some
two years ago, whilst the case
was still pending, and, as record-
ed above, the Tribunal has now
confirmed a well-merited sentence of
death on Dastres, which it is expect-
ed will be carried out next Saturday.

We entirely applaud the sentence
of the Tribunal, though we wish
they had taken something less than
four and a half years in delivering
it. And whilst we hope that nothing
will interfere with the carrying out
of so well-merited a sentence, we
also hope that the manner of the
execution will be less barbarous
than that we recorded last week, and
that the inhuman torture of the
"chapel" will be spared.

Brazilian Submarine Telegraph Company.

The fortieth ordinary general
meeting of the shareholders in the
Brazilian Submarine Telegraph Com-
pany was held on Wednesday Oct.
18, at Winchester House, Old Broad
Street, under the presidency of Sir
John Pender.

In moving the adoption of the
report and accounts, the Chairman
said their receipts in the past half-
year were £106,860, as compared
with £113,892 in the previous half-
year, showing a decrease of over
£7,000. As compared with the
income of the corresponding half-
year of 1892, there was a decrease
of £5,010. The receipts for messages
showed a decrease of £7,290 whilst
their miscellaneous receipts showed
an increase of £258. In the half-
year under review they carried 3,300
more messages than in the previous
half-year, but the receipts were over
£7,000 less. This resulted from
two causes—firstly, because of the
reduction in the tariff charges from
April 1, and, secondly, because of a
further reduction in the exchange
value of the Brazilian silver currency.
On the other hand, there was an in-
crease in the receipts from the African
coast and Cape Colony. The total ex-
penditure for the half year was £40,
530, which, compared with the pre-
vious six months, showed an increase
of £16,044, resulting from quite an
exceptional state of things due to the
necessity for having several repairs
and alterations made to the cables.
Notwithstanding all the difficulties
they had had to encounter, they
were enabled to declare the same di-
vidend as formerly, although they
had not added to the reserve fund in

the same degree as before. It was
true that they had at the present
time to face a revolution in the
Brazil, and that they had had to en-
counter something very similar in the
Argentine. But it was very curious
that revolutions, which disturbed peo-
ple generally, somehow or other had
found voice in the submarine telegraph,
and the consequence was that, if times
were very good, the submarine bene-
fited, whilst if times were very bad
they did not benefit to quite the same
extent; but, still, they did not die
out. It was true, also, that they
were conducting a monopoly, but it
was a monopoly conducted on broad
and generous principles.

Mr. F. Youle seconded the motion,
which was put, and unanimously
agreed to.

Pap-r Chase.

To be held on Sunday next, 3rd
December, meet at the Pucelle Du-
ranas at 9 a.m. sharp. Mr. F. Hudson,
master of the bounds will settle
where the run commences. Messrs.
T. B. Davis and R. K. Theobald will
be the hares and 12 minutes start
will be allowed them—the scent must
be laid at not more than 200 yards
from starting point of run. It is
strictly understood that the bounds
must follow the scent, in the event
of their sighting the hares.

Hares must stop for the space of
fifteen minutes after half an hour's
run.

Hounds stop for fifteen minutes
after twenty minutes run.
Run to finish at Peñarol Cricket
Ground where asado, etc., will be sup-
plied.

All are invited to attend.

The Brazilian Revolution.

London papers both affirm and
contradict the extraordinary and not
very credible reports according to
which Peixoto is trying to purchase
pretty well all the warships at liberty
and many that are not on the face of
the earth. We prefer to maintain
our original opinion that the majority
of these reports are set afloat by
Peixoto's agents in conformity with
the policy of falsehood which that
"gallant officer" has adopted as his
principal weapon. However, we
quote some remarks made—

—The *S. A. Journal* of Nov. 4
says:—"Meanwhile, the Brazilian Go-
vernment is taking energetic mea-
sures for the speedy suppression of
the revolt. It is collecting a power-
ful squadron with this object. Ten
first-class vessels have been purchas-
ed at New York, for conversion into
war-ships. These include El Cid,
which will mount a heavy pneumatic
gun forward, and also have a formid-
able battery; El Rio, of the Morgan
Line, and the Advance, Financa,
Alianza, Seguranca, and Vigilancia,
which all formed part of the fleet
of the United States and
Brazil Mail Steamship Company.
One of Ericsson's famous submarine
torpedo-boat destroyers is also re-
ported to have been secured, and
very extensive purchases of muni-
tions and materials of war have like-
wise been effected. We learn, too,
that Messrs Yarrow, of London, have
received orders to send their entire
existing stock of torpedo boats from
England to Brazil, via the United
States."

The same paper commenting on
the official falsehood that Mello's
object was to restore the monarchy,
says:—"It is asserted that a secret
treaty exists, supplementing the com-
mercial treaty of 1891, binding the
United States to assist, upon request
being made, against such a restora-
tion. Clearly events at Rio de Ja-
neiro are very closely watched at
Washington. The *Tribune* of New
York, in its issue of 30th October,
contained the following telegram
from its correspondent there:—

There can be no doubt of the
great significance of the orders
given on Saturday for the cruiser
New York to proceed to Rio de Ja-
neiro. In spite of the efforts made to
conceal the possible result of the
present state of affairs at Rio, it is
well known by this time in official
circles that the present disturbances
in Brazil involve more directly and
seriously the interests of the United
States than any similar South American
rebellion for years past. The
success of Admiral de Mello's move-
ment means the possible overthrow
of the Republic, the restoration of
the Monarchy through foreign in-
tervention, and the abrogation of all
commercial concessions and advan-
tages obtained by this country under
the Reciprocity Treaty of 1891."

Here are some further extracts:—
The New York correspondent of
the *London Standard*, dated Nov. 3,
states: Despite all denials, I can af-
firm from personal knowledge that
there is a certain basis for the report
that Brazil is negotiating for the
purchase of three American warships,
which are complete but unaccepted
in the builders' hands, and, therefore,
not technically Government boats.
The motive of the Navy Department
in acquiescing in the sale of these
vessels is that their sister boat, the
Detroit, is top-heavy. The law
against enlistments for foreign duty
is freely discussed; but a high official
opinion is sought to be given to
the view that the insurgents being
unorganised, peace, therefore, techni-
cally exists, enabling the law to be
evaded.

New York, Nov. 2.—The *Herald*
states that the Brazilian Government
has acquired in Boston, through the

same New York firm that purchased
the steamers bought here, the steamer
Britannia, the amount paid for this
vessel being \$225,000. The Britan-
nia, which was built in Norway, and
belonged to the North Atlantic
Steamship Company's fleet, has a
speed of over 18 knots, and will be
highly armed.

The *New York Times* says:—"Ac-
tive negotiations are in progress for
the acquiring by Marshal Peixoto of
three new American war-ships—the
Montgomery, the Machias, and
the Marblehead. Two of these are
still in the hands of the builders.
The Machias is the only one in
commission, but she has not yet been
accepted by the naval authorities.
The purchase of these ships could
not well be interfered with by the
United States Government, as the
final acceptance of them by the Go-
vernment is not deemed, in the con-
tracts, mandatory until after their
completion and a final 48 hours
trial."

WASHINGTON, Nov. 2.—Mr. Her-
bert, Secretary of the Navy, denies
the statement, published by the *New
York Times*, that negotiations are in
progress for the purchase by Marshal
Peixoto of three new United States
war-ships.

SUNDRIES.

—There was no parliamentary
business on Tuesday.

—The chorus of indignation
against Sunday's elections continues.
When we can find an opportunity
we propose to give a few quotations
from the leading papers, showing
popular opinion on the subject.

—The official organs, unable to
deny in the face of overwhelming
evidence the frauds of last Sunday,
are now upon another tack and are
trying to persuade the people that it
was all for their good, and to prevent
the government of the country from
suffering a retrogression. Many
people will say that it is almost an im-
possibility, it is so bad that it can
hardly become worse. Anyhow it
is a matter on which the people
entertain their own opinion, and
that opinion is expressed every-
where except in the official organs.

—Let honour be paid to the veter-
an and esteemed citizen Dr. José
M. Muñoz, whom Honorary Presi-
dent of that not very honourable
body the self-styled "National Di-
rective Committee of the Colorado
Party." Having first repudiated the
evil works of the Committee, he
voted boldly for the opposition can-
didate, and has now presented his
formal resignation, severing all con-
nection with that body in unmis-
takeable terms of honest indignation.
He has acted up to his honorable
antecedents, and whilst such citizens
as he remain there is still hope for
the redemption of Uruguay. We will
translate his letter to-morrow.

—The atmosphere in Paysandu is
troubled. Colonel Cold Coffee Estevan
failed in his mission of suborning or
intimidating the independent elec-
tors, and has resigned the post of
Jefe Politico to which he was appoint-
ed for that purpose. It is said that
Dr. Brian will now be appointed to
the post—a change from bad to
worse. But dirty work requires tools
of the same description.

—Does any one want a revolver
cheap? Now is the time to get one.
It transpires that the greater number
of the revolvers which were served
out by Government to its partisans
the dependent voters last Sunday,
have been sold to the pawn-shops,
the average price being \$2 each.
Well, they are better there than
threatening the lives of honest
citizens.

—The partisans of General Tajes
and the papers addicted to his cause
do not show themselves in the least
dismayed by the result of last Sun-
day's elections. In fact, so far as pub-
lic opinion is concerned, these have
done more good than harm to the
Tajes cause, which is now regarded
by all as a struggle for liberty against
the imposition of officialism and the
perpetuation of *herrerismo*.

—The Tribunal is to be congrat-
ulated on having passed another
death sentence on an abominable
murderer, though, as in the case of
Vazquez last week, it has been so
slow about it that much of the moral
effect of the sentence is lost. Still
it is good to see a few murderers ex-
ecuted. It is a pity the Tribunal
cannot turn its attention to a few
other scoundrels who still burthen
the earth unpunished for their
crimes; for instance, the participants
in the National Bank frauds and the
rascals who concocted last Sunday's
elections. If a few of the latter were
hung up in the Plaza Independencia
as a warning to the rest, the country
would be all the richer for their loss.
More profit would be reaped from
their death than ever will be from
their life.

—«The official clique at Montevi-
deo had it all their own way on Sun-
day. Soldiers, police, arms, deserted
streets—all testified to the intoler-
able imposition of officialism. The
President is a fool to think that such
a state of affairs can continue. He
will stand a chance of reviving only
Juarez as a dead politician. If there
ever was a case in which revolution
was justifiable that case is in Uruguay.
There was never a tyrant or traitor
who did worse for his country than
Herrera y Obes in the fraudulent
elections of Sunday.»—B. A. Herald.

—A Belgian lady, Mme. Peri-
gneux, has committed suicide be-
cause she had lost £14,000 at rou-
lette at Montecarlo.

Wonders will never cease. Ar-
gentina has a Minister of Finance
who has dared to express himself a
free-trader. He had better keep his
opinions to himself, or he will bring
a hornet's nest about his ears. He
must wait a few generations until
the people are educated up to his
ideas.

—We are glad to note that the
arbitrary removal of Admiral Stan-
ton from the command of the U. S.
squadron at Rio Janeiro, caused as
much surprise in the States as it did
here, and by no means met with
public approval. There is no doubt
the U. S. government want a little
too far in its obsequiousness to Pei-
xoto, and has put an undesired
slight on a respected officer.

—The U. S. government playing
into the hands of a rascally and
perjured South American military
despot is not a commendable spec-
tacle, but it is unfortunately a fact.

—«Lie,» «falsehood» and «fraud,»
are ugly words, but a sincere journal-
ist is bound to use them with unpleas-
ant frequency in speaking of South
American proceedings and politics
just now, for the atmosphere is foul
with them, and no milder words are
applicable. Fine phrases and euphe-
mistic expressions are of no more
avail in present circumstances than
diluted-rose-water in cleaning a pig-
sty.

—We learn from a London con-
temporary that Mr. William Wilton
Phipps, of Messrs. Phipps and Com-
pany, London, and Messrs. Phipps
Brothers and Company, Rio de Ja-
neiro, has joined the Board of the Lon-
don and Brazilian Bank, Limited.

—A contemporary warns its readers
against receiving the Peruvian gold
pieces of 20 soles at their nominal
value of \$18.66, whereas they are
demonetised and only worth \$15.
We were not aware of the latter
fact, for the coin still figures in the
official list of gold coins current. If
we are not mistaken, only recently
we received one from a Bank here,
and passed it again without trouble.
It would be well to have the point
cleared up, though we do not think
there are many of these pieces in
circulation.

—Government has issued the de-
crees declaring «infected» the port of
Santa Cruz, Tenerife, on account of
cholera, and the Board of Health has
ordered the corresponding quaran-
tine on all vessels leaving thence
since the 19th instant. Efforts are
being made to raise the long-super-
fluous quarantine on vessels from
French and Spanish ports, which
have long been practically closed.

—We hear great things of the
Christmas Tree and Children's Fair
which is to be held in the Plaza In-
dependencia under the organisation
of the Benevolent Society «Cristobal
Colon.» We shortly hope to be able
to give a description of the prepara-
tions, in which some members of the
English community are taking part.

—A New York telegram says that
the black republic at Haiti is much
disturbed and bloodshed is feared
at the approaching elections.

—There was no direct news from
Rio yesterday. We hope to receive
something by the «Amar» to-day.

—The political crisis in France
and Italy continues.

—A smart school of earthquake
was felt on Monday morning at
Plattsburg, Boston, Montreal, and
other parts of North America.

—The Custom House paid \$5,654
into the London Bank yesterday on
account of the foreign debt service.

—From London telegrams we
learn that the Duke of Coburg
(Edinburgh) has been transferred to
the Navy retired list.—Lord Ran-
dolph Churchill has been making a
severe attack on the Cabinet, and es-
pecially on the Home Secretary Mr.
Asquith (whom the telegram dignifies
as «Lord.»)—The monument in West-
minster Abbey to James Russell
Lowell was inaugurated on Monday
with an imposing ceremony.—The
Duke of Leicester (? Leinster) is
dying.—Dynamite bombs, one with
the fuse lighted, have been found in
the Alboro barracks and Broadstone
Station at Dublin. A type-setter
named Sheridan was arrested and
several explosive materials found
in his possession. A companion
of his was also arrested, and
on being set at liberty was found
murdered a few hours
later. The supposed murderer, a
youth named Ternan, has been ar-
rested. It is thought the attempt was
part of an Anarchist plot.—Tele-
grams are silent as to the health
of the Princess of Wales.—Mr.
Gladstone is suffering from a se-
vere cold and slight fever.—
It is reported an infernal machine
has been received by the German
Emperor but was detected in time.—
Lord Salisbury recommends the in-
crease of the fleet.—Mr. Balfour
is getting better, but Mr. John Morley
is ill.

BUENOS AIRES
—In the debate on Customs duties

neither the fuel nor the manual labour required for making it the seat of important manufactures.

On Saturday, the Senate passed the bill directing the intervention in Tucuman for the purpose of proceeding to the election of a new electoral college for the choice of a Governor and to a new election of the portion of the Legislature which ought to have been renewed by the elections in July last.

Swarms of locusts have appeared at Alberti Colony, Santa Fé, and have much alarmed the agriculturists.

We have received a copy of Mr. Herbert Gibson's book, the "History and present state of the Sheep-breeding industry in the River Plate," which we can cordially recommend to all who are interested in the subject of the book. It is illustrated with engravings and maps and has been got up in a style which reflects much credit upon the publishers, Messrs. Ravenscroft and Mills.

Capt. Cejas, of the mountain artillery, and Lieut. Moscardi, of the 3rd regiment of artillery fought a duel on Sunday with sabres and both were wounded. The captain's seconds were Captains Saenz Valiente and Facio and the lieutenant's were Capt. Basterrechea and Lieut. Ruiz Diaz. All these officers ought to be immediately dismissed from the service.

It is stated in reference to the "Rosales" case that Fiscals Lowry and Becar differ in their appreciation of certain facts admitted by the accused and this difference affects the punishment which can be inflicted, but, anyway, it is believed that the three principal officers have, in the opinion of the Fiscals, rendered themselves liable to severe punishment. The Court Martial will not be held till the end of the year.—B. A. Herald.

THE FOREIGN COLONISTS OF SANTA FE.

(S. A. Journal, Oct. 28)
The foreign colonists of Santa Fé have done much to make that province of Argentina one of the most prosperous in the Republic. This has been conceded by the native press, and is, in fact, too obvious to admit of dispute. That the Argentine has now become important from an agricultural point of view is attributable almost wholly to the impulse given to the production of corn and wheat by the labour and industry of the thriving foreign colonial communities planted there. Their origin and progress form indeed one of the most interesting chapters in the history of the Argentine nation. Hitherto they have devoted themselves entirely to the care of their own affairs, and have taken no active interest whatever in local or national squabbles. But we regret to say that, during the late revolutionary events in the Argentine, they have failed to observe this policy of non-interference, and the consequences of this new departure have not been by any means satisfactory.

What has happened to them may be gathered from the particulars forwarded by our Buenos Aires correspondent, in his last letter, which will be found in another part of our journal. The colonists were mercilessly massacred. No quarter was given. Without military training, and outnumbered, they were compelled to fly before the Argentine cavalry. In the pursuit they were shot down and sabred without compunction, and with a ferocity which proves that the bloodthirsty instincts of the savage gaucho are not to be restrained by what passes for discipline in the Argentine army.

We do not think that the foreign colonists in Santa Fé were well-advised in joining in an armed revolution against the constituted authorities. But in making this admission, we are bound to confess that we are not surprised that they should have been led to do so, having regard to the irritating grievances to which they have had to submit. They have been subjected to notorious injustice and oppression, and the rights of property and life in their midst have been shamefully violated and disregarded by the corrupt and incompetent men who have had charge of the Government in that section of the Argentine Republic. They have been left as a prey to assassins and robbers, who escaped with impunity until the colonists themselves, for their own protection, had to resort to lynx law, and they were harassed by despotic and illegal taxation. All their appeals for a better and more civilised administration of affairs, if not treated with contempt, were without any effect in securing a more favourable and tolerable state of things. It is, therefore, we repeat, not at all astonishing that they should have been induced, in sheer desperation, to make common cause with the Radicals, who at least promised to them an honest administration and a more faithful observance of constitutional obligations.

The colonists who have suffered in this business are almost exclusively of Swiss and Italian nationality. Few, if any of them, are Englishmen. It remains to be seen what notice will be taken of these events at Rome and Bern. Of course, where foreigners associate themselves with an armed resistance to the Government of a country they must take the consequences, but in this case there is, we think, some grounds for representation from outside. The antecedent conditions which practically exposed these unfortunate people to an irresistible temptation to assist in their own emancipation are such as might well warrant closer inquiry, and we cannot think that news of this holocaust of their fellow-countrymen will be received in Italy without a sentiment of national exasperation. The Argentines have sent their emigrant agents to Europe, and more particularly to Italy, and have induced

Christmas & New Years Cards.

Large assortment just received in the
PAPELERIA GALLI.

Schmidt, Franco y Ca.
28 DE MAYO 304, ESQUINA ITUZAINGÓ.
1051 Jan. 1.

ed people to go to the Republic under promise that their lives and properties would be protected. They were assured that neither their labours nor their produce would be specially taxed, either by direct or indirect contrivance. These engagements have been broken—in Santa Fé, most flagrantly broken. It may be that the Italian Government, in view of what has now taken place, will deem it expedient to investigate this matter.

We perceive that some of the Argentine papers have a great deal to say about the ingratitude of these colonists. Sr. Hernandez, Governor of Entre Rios, too, affects immense indignation that the guests of the nation, who have enjoyed its generous hospitality, should have raised an armed hand against the forces of its Government. He speaks about its laws "guaranteeing life, honour, and property," which, to those who know the truth, must sound with a very hollowing. In reality, the Argentines are very heavily in the debt of foreigners: from every standpoint they have received much more than they have given. Let the Argentines do a sum of subtraction for themselves. We will simply ask them, when they talk of Argentine development, how much of it would have been accomplished had it not been for foreign capital, foreign industry, foreign enterprise, and foreign experience. The Argentine Republic, like the apothecary's shop in Romeo and Juliet, would, without them, be to-day little more than a "beggarly array of empty boxes."

LONDON NOTES

SATURDAY, NOV. 4.

In the House of Commons yesterday several questions were asked with regard to the position of affairs in Matabeleland. Mr. Buxton, in reply, had nothing new to communicate, but had no reason to doubt the general correctness of reports in the Press. Mr. Fowler informed Mr. Howell that a Bill for the Equalization of Rates in London would be introduced at the earliest moment next Session. Replying to Sir F. Milner, Mr. Gladstone said that the Government Bill for establishing boards of arbitration having been so much opposed earlier in the Session, another attempt could not be made at present, but the Government would take the earliest opportunity of promoting arbitration in trade disputes. Debate on the Parish Councils Bill was resumed and further adjourned, the speakers including Mr. George Russell, Mr. Jesse Collings, Mr. Standfield, Sir R. Webster, Mr. Cyril Dodd, Mr. Shaw Lefevre, Mr. Courtney, and Mr. J. Lowther.

Little news in addition to that already given has reached us from Fort Victoria with regard to the severe fighting with the Matabele, and no details have yet arrived of the capture of Bulawayo. The report that Lobengula is accompanied by a considerable force appears to be fully confirmed, and it is believed probable that he has effected a junction with the crack regiments told off to check the advance of Major Gold-Adams. In some quarters it is regarded as certain that the fugitive king's retreat by way of the Zambesi will be absolutely blocked by the Barotse, who are watching the tords in view of a possible incursion of the Matabele. Captain Williams is still missing. The poor of his horse and traces of blood have been discovered, and it is believed that he was attacked by the Matabele, offered a stout resistance, and then either was taken prisoner or escaped in the direction of Fort Victoria.

Prizrend in Albania has been taken by a force of rebel Arnauts, who have driven the Turkish garrison into the citadel and looted the town. They demand perfect autonomy for the Pashalik of Prizrend, and threaten a general rising if this is refused them. Some alarming statements were published yesterday with regard to the discovery of a bomb under Westminster Bridge. Inquiries have shown that the bomb was thrown over the bridge by a person above suspicion, who had had it for many years, and desired to dispose of it by dropping it into the river.

Under the presidency of Mr. A. M. Chambers a joint conference of representatives of the Coalowners' and Miners' Federations was held yesterday at the Westminster Palace Hotel, after preliminary meetings of the two bodies had taken place. The conference itself lasted more than four hours, and at its close an official communication was made to the Press that propositions by both sides were under consideration and that the conference was adjourned until this morning.

Mr. Cosmo Bonser attended a meeting of railway servants at Wimbledon last night prepared to support Mr. McLaren's amendment to the Employers' Liability Bill. He found, however, that the men were strongly against this amendment, holding that insurance served as a protection not for the employees but for the companies. A resolution in this sense was adopted.

transit to London. He was awarded 350*l*. Mr. Justice Barnes gave judgment in the divorce suit of Sharp v. Sharp and Walton, in which the Queen's Proctor had intervened. He thought that the petitioner had throughout acted in an honourable manner, and that nothing had been shown to disentitle him to the relief prayed. The intervention of the Queen's Proctor had failed, and Mr. Sharp was entitled to his decree, which would be made absolute on Monday next. The intervention was dismissed without costs.

Mr. Justice Charles and Mr. Justice Wright had before them an appeal on behalf of General Booth from a decision in a County Court, holding him liable for damage to the amount of 2*l*. 10*s*., caused by a horse belonging to the London General Omnibus Company becoming restive on a Salvation Army band commencing to play off the Edgware-road. A sum of five guineas had also been awarded to the Omnibus Company by way of costs. The Court now ruled that General Booth could not be held responsible for the damage, and that the company were not entitled to recover from him. They accordingly allowed his appeal.

Alfred Ernest Pilkington, otherwise Christie, was remanded at the North London Police-court on a charge of obtaining money by false pretences. The accused is a teacher of music, and it was said that having obtained permission to hold violin classes in Board schools and other buildings, he represented to parents of pupils that violins and bows were required. It was alleged that he did not purchase violins with the money thus obtained, though about 70 parents had parted with cash, and that ten cases would be gone into.

BITING NAILS

Gnawing the nails is popularly believed to be a sign of constitutional bad temper and nervousness in the person who bites, but a French doctor named Bérillon, has discovered that it is much worse than that. He calls it "onychophagy," and sees in such a habit a symptom of degeneracy, of nervous excitation and debility, of incipient lunacy, and half a hundred different kinds of "phobias" which are well known to practitioners in Paris. He finds that it is more prevalent in towns than in the country, more common in girls than in boys, and has investigated the causes thereof and statistically tabulated the results. Perhaps some day it will be proved that there are no such simple things as mere bad habits, and that even eating peas with a knife is only a subtle form of some disease.—*Intention*.

Tobacco, "Pioneer Brand,"
Sole Agents, Danckelmann and Schrader. Calle 25 de Mayo 233.

COMMERCIAL

STOCK EXCHANGE.

Montevideo, Nov. 29, 1893.
Closing quotations.
U. Consols. (London) cash, 33 1/2.
U. Consols. (M.V.) cash, 33.80.
Interior Debt, cash, 32.60.
Mortgage Bank, cash, 13.90.

The market was rather busy today and prices looked up a little. \$25,000 Interior Debt sold at 32.50 and 32.60. 423 Mortgage Bank shares at 13.60 to 13.90, closing at the latter. \$64,390 Consolidated Debt at 33.80 and 33.90 closing at the former for cash. The London quotation has improved a fraction to 33 1/2.

Sales

1st RING
Mortgage Bank
100 tmw 13.60
33 13.70
Interior Debt.
\$15,000 cash 32.50

AFTER HOURS.
Consolidated Debt
\$47,000 cash 33.90
36,660 33.80
47,000 tmw 33.80

Mortgage Bank.
50 cash 13.80
140 13.90

Interior Debt.
\$5,000 cash 32.50

2nd RING.
Consolidated Debt.
\$16,450 cash 33.90

Mortgage Bank.
100 tmw 14

AFTER HOURS.
Interior Debt.
\$5,000 cash 32.60

Consolidated Debt.
\$1,880 cash 33.80

EXCHANGE.
Bank. Commercial.
London 90d/s. 51 1/2. 51 1/2
Paris . 90d/s. 5.34. 5.36
Antwerp 90d/s. 5.34. 5.38
Rio Jan. . 23.150. 23.450
Buenos Aires 1/4 prem. par.
DISCOUNT . . . 7 to 8 %

VALUES. COB.
BISCUITS NOTES
—Gold opened in B. Aires yesterday at 328.50 and closed at 328.
—Exchange upon London was quoted in Rio yesterday at 101/4d. per milreis.

Botica Inglesa "Hutchinson"

(ENGLISH DISPENSING CHEMISTS)

Large assortment of English, French and American Patent Medicines. Sunlight Soap (for washing clothes). Monkey Brand Soap and Sapolio. Cadbury's Cocoa, 8 ounce tins. Robinson's Oatmeal, 7 lb tins, at reduced price.

Lapsing Souchong Tea, the very best imported in the market, in 1/2 and 1 lb. packets and original boxes of 12 lbs.—20 % DISCOUNT ON FORMER PRICES.

Calle 25 de Mayo, corner of Calle Ituzaingó.
Sucursal—Calle Rivera, corner of Calle Defensa.

Oriental & Platense Telegraph Co.

Calle 25 de Mayo, Corner of Zabala, opposite English Bank.

Direct Communication with Brazil and all parts of the Argentine Republic.

INTERNATIONAL TELEGRAPHIC CONFERENCES.

Telegrams for Europe and North America by three distinct routes.—

Via Galveston, by the Central & S. American Telegraph Co.

Via Recife, by the S. American Telegraph Co., and the Brazilian Submarine Telegraph Co.

Via Antilles, by Le Société Française des Cables Submarines.

There will shortly be a reduction of the tariff for all parts.
E. JONES, General Manager.

SELECT A LIFE OFFICE THAT GIVES A MAXIMUM OF SECURITY and a reasonable return for money invested

The Standard Life Assurance Co., Edinburgh.

Is one of the STRONGEST, most PROSPEROUS and INFLUENTIAL

Life Assurance Institutions in the World.

Funds £7,800,000 stg. Annual Revenue £1,100,000 stg.

Assurances in force 222,438,181 stg.

Claims paid £1,500,000 stg.

BONUS ADDITIONS already distributed £5,500,000 stg.

SPECIAL ADVANTAGES.

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IMMEDIATE payment of established claims

Most liberal conditions

Lowest possible rates consistent with PERFECT SAFETY and a certain

profitable return to the Assured.

For prospectus and full particulars Apply to, B. LORENZO HILL, Manager, 133 Zabala, Montevideo.

—600 bags wheat from Canelones, Santa Rosa and Fray Marcos sold yesterday at \$2.25 and 2.20 per 110 kilos 100 bags maize at \$2.00 per fanega.

—The "Eolo" brought yesterday from B. Aires \$3000 to M. Espada, \$2000 to B. Tejada, \$700 to Forest.

Saladero Killings.

Nov. 29 Total to date

Vellozo & San Martin. 379 4118

F. S. Cibils

Apeseguy huos.

P. Denis & Co 323

Anaya & Irigoyen 8614

Aguerre & Co. 76 614

Castellanos & Co. 803 2983

Clouzet y Duclos 271 2988

S. Elizondo

Jaume y Mouret.

Total 1399 19520

Same period 1892 10576

1891 4782

Prices, Buoyes \$ 15

> Novillos > 10 1/2 to 18 3/4

> Vacas > 8 > 12

Buenos Aires, Nov. 29.

Gold, cash, 326.50.

Do. end of month, 326.50

Empréstito Nacional Interno, cash, 75.50.

Muelle Catalinas, cash, 7.10.

Cedula 8 %, cash, 24.20.

Do. end of month, 24.40.

Do. E. Nacionales, cash, 93.

The Golondrina II, Montevideo and Venus sail.

MARITIME

ARRIVALS AND SAILINGS.

Montevideo, Nov. 29, 1893.

—Str. Eolo from B. Aires, 125

pass.

—Str. Neko from Callao.

—Str. Liguria for Liverpool, 17

pass.

—Str. Rivadavia for Salto.

—Str. Eolo for B. Aires.

—Str. J. Gibert for Asuncion.

MAIL STEAMERS

LEAVING TO-DAY

—The str. VENUS will leave TO-DAY for B. Aires only. Correspondence at G. P. O. till 5 p. m. maritime branch 5.30 p. m.

—The str. GOLONDRINA will leave TO-DAY for B. Aires only. Correspondence at G. P. O. till 5 p. m. maritime branch 5.30 p. m.

—The str. ARAVELLAS will leave TO-DAY for Madeira, Dunkirk and Havre. Correspondence at G. P. O. till 2 p. m. maritime branch 3 p. m.

OTHER DATES

—The str. ORCANA will leave Dec. 1 for Sandy Point, Coronei, Talcahuano and Valparaiso. Correspondence at G. P. O. till 12 m. maritime agency 1 p. m.

—The str. BRAUNSCHWEIG will leave Dec. 4 for Vigo, Antwerp, and Bremen.

—The str. ANTONIO LOPEZ will leave Dec. 4 for Cadiz, Barcelona and Marseilles.

—The str. DUCA DI GALLIERA will leave Dec. 4 for Las Palmas, Barcelona and Genoa.

Emulsion de Scott

Quando habla la ciencia huelgan los comentarios. La Facultad Médica favorece y ha favorecido por muchos años a la Emulsion de Scott.

PACIFIC STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

FORTNIGHTLY LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN

Liverpool, The River Plate, and Valparaíso

New Accelerated Itinerary (Subject to modification)

FOR EUROPE

Liguria

Captain A. Hamilton
29th November, 1893.
for Rio Janeiro, Lisbon, Vigo, Bordeaux, Plymouth and Liverpool.

FOR THE PACIFIC

*** Orcana**

Captain F. E. Kite
1st December, 1893.
for Sandy Point, Coronei, Talcahuano and Valparaíso.

Britannia

Captain H. Brown
14th December, 1893
for Rio Janeiro, Bahia, Pernambuco, Lisbon, Bordeaux, Plymouth and Liverpool.

Iberia

Captain G. Massey R.N.R.
20th December 1893.
for Sandy Point, Coronei, Talcahuano and Valparaíso.

* The "ORCANA" will come direct from Europe without touching at Brazilian ports.

The s.s. "Orellana" and "Orcana" will not take second class passengers.

During yellow fever season in Brazil next year every alternate steamer sailing from Europe will come direct from Lisbon without touching at Brazilian ports, so as to avoid quarantine in the River Plate.

Every steamer carries a Doctor and Stewardess.

The Steamers are all illuminated with Electric Light which is available ALL NIGHT in the Cabins.

Table-wine (claret) is now served to passengers in all classes.

Return Tickets issued available for twelve months at reduced rates.

THROUGH TICKETS to New York granted in connection with the fast and magnificent steamers of the Cunard Line from Liverpool.

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s.s. AMARANTH 2313 tons DECEMBER 15

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s.s. DELCOMYN 2410 tons

s.s. MOUNT LEBANON

These steamers have 1000 accommodation for a limited number of First Class Passengers

For freight, passage, etc, apply to the Agents—

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Reas. 23 Leadenhall St., London.

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"HELIOS"

Sails from Montevideo every Monday, and returns on Sunday.

The Oriental Steamer

"MONTEVIDEO"

Sails every Friday for Buenos Aires

Palmira

Dolores

Fray Bentos

Guaqueyuhú

Uruguay, Paysandú

Villa Colon, Guayiyú

Concordia and Salto.

Arrives from Salto and interme-</

MAUÁ DRY DOCK

Receives vessels at reasonable rates.
There are workshops at the dock, for executing quickly and economically every description of repairs, to the hull or machinery of iron or wooden vessels.
Professional divers at the public service at moderate prices.
Apply to
The Montevideo Gas Co., Ltd.,
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Thos. F. Lane,
General Manager.
125 pm.

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MONTEVIDEO.

Large stock of English and North American tobaccos and cigarettes. Sole importers of genuine Egyptian and Turkish cigarettes.
Deposit of Havannah and German Cigars.
Always on hand assortments of Meerschaum and Briarroot Pipes, India rubber and Horsey Pouches, Cigarette cases, Cigar-holders, etc.

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Sombreros y gorras para señoras
GRAN SÚRTIDO EN NOVEDADES
DE PARIS

Taller en la casa para confección y composturas tanto en adornos como reforma.

257-CALLE SARANDÍ-257
E. S. G.
561Dec.16.

W. MEIKLE Y Ca.

64 - CERRO - LARGO - 64

INTRODUCTORES
Fierros de todas clases, para herreros, carpinteros, etc. como tambien tirantes y vigas de fierro para construcciones, azulejos, inodoros, etc., etc.

Alambres para cercos de acero y de fierro; pletinas y media patente; estiradores y pines de fierro; fierro galvanizado para techos; idem liso; zinc de todos los pesos; cascabels, tornillos, clavos y rosetas galvanizadas; flejes de todas clases; hojalata de todas clases y tamaños; ollas y cacerolas estadas, baldes sencillos, reterozos y ramachados; loza piedra labrada; porcelana, vidrieria y cristaleria; ceniza de soda; soda clasica y un variado surtido de articulos de goma, etc., etc.
Unicos agentes en el Uruguay, de las maquinas agricolas, industriales, etc., etc., de la casa J. H. B. & Sons de Grantham, Inglaterra.
Sólo marca legítima ELEFANTE.
95 pm.

English Drapery Store

First class assortment of English soft goods, dress materials, hosiery, haberdashery, linen, tweeds and cashmeres. New seasons goods.

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142 - Calle Sarandí - 142
(CORNER OF ZABALA)
MONTEVIDEO
105 pm.

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The only English newspaper published in Brazil.
Circulates widely throughout Brazil and in foreign markets interested in Brazilian trade and investments.
Special attention given to the publication of commercial and financial information, market reports, exchange, stock transactions, official acts affecting commerce and industry, etc., etc., etc.
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Poseer mucho cuidado que el producto lleva la verdadera marca y no imitación.



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Capital suscrito... £ 1,500,000
Id. integrado... £ 750,000
Fondo de reserva... £ 500,000
SUCURSAL EN MONTEVIDEO, ZABALA 85
Gira letras de cambio sobre las siguientes plazas:
Londres, Glyn, Mills, Currie, Co.—PARIS Mallet Frères y Ca.—HAMBURGO Los señores J. B. Gossler y Ca.—AMSTERDAM, Banque d'Anvers—GENOVA, Grasset Brown y Ca.—DEMÁS PUNTOS DE ITALIA, Varios correspondientes.—SUCURSALES EN: NUEVA-YORK, OPORTO, LISBOA, PARA, PERNAMBUCO, BAHIA, RIO JANEIRO, SANTOS, SAN PAULO, RIO GRANDE, FLORES, PORTO-ALGORE, BUENOS AIRES—DEMÁS PUNTOS DEL BRASIL, Varios correspondientes.
Dá cartas de crédito sobre Londres, Paris, Portugal, Brazil y Nueva York.
Se encarga del cobro de letras sobre plazas.
Recibe dinero en cuentas corrientes.
En depósito a plazo fijo y a retirar con 30 días previo aviso.
AJONA POR DEPÓSITOS FIJOS.
Por 6 meses a razón de 4 1/2 % anual. Por 6 meses a razón de 4 1/2 % anual.
Con 30 días de aviso a 4 1/2 % anual. 77-pm.

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DE
N. GODDARD
53 CALLE SOLIS 53 (ALTOS)
Seguros Contra Incendio.
COMPANIA
NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE
SEGUROS MARÍTIMOS Y FLUVIALES
Compañía British & Foreign
78 pm.

A LOS ESTANCEROS
EL ÚNICO REMEDIO INFALIBLE
PARA CURAR LA SARNA, MATAR GARRAPATAS, GUSANOS Y OTROS INSECTOS
EN OVEJAS Y CORDEROS, ES

ESPECIFICO DE GLICERINA

(NO ENVENENA)
Puede usarse con agua fria
Barriles El mejor,
de 400 lb. cada uno. mas
Tambores BARATO,
de 20 lbs. y 50 lbs. Mas seguro
Específico de Hayward y CONVENIENTE
en polvos
FABRICANTES
Tomlinson & Hayward, Lincoln, England.
UNICOS INTRODUCTORES

Bell, Towers y Ca.
Calle 25 de Agosto números 101 al 109
MONTEVIDEO 202 pm.

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Polvos de Cooper
En constante uso y Aumento
por mas de 50 años
La venta es mayor que todos los
demás Especificos juntos.
USADO EN TODAS PARTES DEL MUNDO
SOBRE
100.000.000
DE OVEJAS ANUALMENTE.

El mas barato, manual y mejor sarnifugo.
Aumenta y mejora la lana sin mancharla.

Unicos introductores Carlisle Smith y Ca.

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Agente viajero en Campaña G. Lucas-Carcraft, quien se encargará de enseñar a los interesados el modo de bañar y las ventajas que ofrece.

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ORIZA-VELOUTÉ • ORIZA-TÓNICA • ORIZALINA • JABON-ORIZA
DEBEN SU ÉXITO y el FAVOR DEL PÚBLICO:
1. A la calidad inimitable y a la suavidad del perfume.
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PEZO COMO SE PUEDE FALSIFICAR ESTOS PRODUCTOS ORIZA
para evitar con su reputación.
advertimos a los Consumidores para que no se dejen engañar.
LOS VERDADEROS PRODUCTOS SE VENDEN EN TODAS LAS CALLES REPUTABLES DE PERFUMERIA y COSMETICA
Se envia franco, de Paris el Catálogo ilustrado.

Gold Medals, Paris, 1878: 1889.
JOSEPH GILLOTT'S STEEL PENS.

Numbers for Ladies' use, Medium and Broad Points—106 M, 166 B, 225 M, 287 M, 552
616 M, 616 B, 909 M, 983 (oblique). Fine Points—163, 166, 287, 808, 909.

THE MONTEVIDEO TIMES

DAILY MORNING PAPER
ESTABLISHED MARCH 1883
Circulates in Montevideo and the Republic of Uruguay, Buenos Aires and the Argentine Republic, Europe and the United States.
The acknowledged representative of English interests in the Republic.
The only independent and reliable English paper ever published here.
Finance Commerce Shipping Agriculture Local News
Sundries Original Articles
London Notes
General Matter
Something for everybody to read
FIRST CLASS ADVERTISING MEDIUM
Advertisements and subscriptions received by post, or at the office from 9
a.m. and 1 to 5 p.m. daily For terms, etc., Apply to THE
MANAGER.
CALLE TREINTA Y TRES 61
MONTEVIDEO

British Bank of South America, Limited.

ESTABLISHED, 1863
Capital subscribed. £ 1,000,000
Do. paid up. 500,000
Reserve Fund 820,000

London Buenos Aires Rio de Janeiro
Montevideo Santos San Paulo
Rosario de Santa Fé
Current accounts opened.
Deposits received at sight and for fixed periods.
Commercial bills discounted.
Letters of credit issued, Telegraphic Transfers and drafts at sight, and up to 90 days' sight given, on its Head Office and Branches.
London Joint-Stock Bank, (Limd.), London,
Messrs. Heine and Co., Paris.
John Berenberg Gossler and Co., Hamburg.
also on
Italy, Spain, Belgium, North America,
Transfers of funds to or from this country and Europe can be effected through the medium of the Bank's chief offices at
2a Moorgate Street, London, E.C.
All kinds of Banking business done.
Interest on accounts current and for deposits:
On 30 days notice 3 1/2
> 2 months fixed 4 1/2
> 3 > 5
> 6 > 5 1/2
74---Calle Zabala---74
71-pm.

The Anglo-Argentine Bank, Limited.

London: 15 Nicholas Lane, E. C.
Buenos Aires: 486--Piedad--494
Montevideo, Calle Zabala 82

Capital subscribed. £ 450,000
Do. Paid up. " 250,000
Reserve Fund " 5,000

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened with commercial Firms and private individuals.
DEPOSITS RECEIVED at sight and for fixed periods.
BILLS discounted, negotiated, and collected.
STOCKS AND SHARES received on deposit for collection of Coupons and Dividends.
PROCEEDS OF COUPONS and Dividends remitted to parties interested in Europe.
STOCKS AND SHARES bought and sold for account of third parties.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE, LETTERS OF CREDIT, and TELEGRAPHIC PAYMENTS issued on.
LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG—ANTWERP
AND THE PRINCIPAL TOWNS IN
GREAT BRITAIN—FRANCE—ITALY—AND SPAIN
BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.
For 2 months fixed 3 1/2
> 3 > 4
> 6 > 5 1/2
Other periods by arrangement.
H. LAMOND, Manager. 164 pm.

London and River Plate Bank, Limited.

London, Princes street, E. C., Paris, 16 Rue Halévy
Buenos Aires, Montevideo, Rosario de Santa-Fé
Rio de Janeiro and Paysandú

Authorised Capital. £ 2,000,000
Subscribed Capital. 1,500,000
Reserve Fund. £ 800,000
Current Accounts opened with Commercial Firms and private individuals.
Customers have the advantage of having approved Bills discounted, or obtaining Loans upon Negotiable Securities, or Depositing Bills, Coupons, etc., for collection—subject to a conventional commission.
The Bank receives deposits either at sight, for fixed periods, or at thirty days notice of withdrawal, interest on which is regulated by the market value of money, the Bank notifying any change in Rates by Advertisement in the principal daily papers.
Letters of Credit issued to parties travelling abroad.
Letters of Credit issued to parties for the purpose of purchasing Goods in Europe, the United States, etc., the terms of which can be ascertained on application to the Bank.
Parties wishing to bring out funds to the River Plate, can do so through the medium of the Bank's chief office,
Princes Street, London E. C.
OR OF THE
Paris Branch, 16 Rue Halévy.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE
Issued and Purchased on the following places
LONDON
And the principal towns of
ENGLAND, SCOTLAND AND IRELAND
PARIS. And all the principal towns of FRANCE
AND OF
GERMANY SPAIN BELGIUM ITALY
ALSO ON
AFRICA—AUSTRALIA—BRAZIL—CANADA—CHILE—PORTUGAL—SWITZERLAND—UNITED STATES—ARGENTINE REPUBLIC.
RATES OF INTEREST
From 1st June and until further notice the following rates will rule:—
Allowed:—
On Deposits @ sight nil.
> Deposits @ 30 days notice 3%
> Fixed Deposits for 3 months 4%
> Do. " 6 " 5%
Discounts, conventional
1 Junio, 1893 72 pm. J. S. WRIGHT, Manager.

AGENTES EN CAMPAÑA—F. Salgado y Hnos., Florida; J. Hernandez, Durazno; Santos Garcia y Ca., San José; J. Estell y Ca., Porongos; N. Casaretto y Hnos., Paysandú; Blas Solari y Ca., Mercedes; B. Larraide, Colonia; G. M. Garcia, Salto; M. Aspiroz, Durazno; Dupuy y Ceirolo, Montevideo; R. Torres, San Jorge; Sanchez y Ebera La Cruz; Garat Hnos., Rosario; F. Silva, Rocha; N. Bello, Fray-Bentor; A. Moraciele Sarandí Grande.
819 pm.

QUIBELL'S
NON-POISONOUS
LIQUID SHEEP DIP
CATTLE WASH
VALUABLE DISCOVERY
SOLE AGENTS
NOBOA & LAFARGE
114—Misiones—114. Montevideo.
EXTRACTOS de ZENO & Co.
PARA EL PAÑUELO.
PROBARLOS ES ADOPTARLOS.
14, Rathbone Place, London, y todos los buenos establecimientos.

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Captain J. K. EXHAM
Will leave on the 8th December, 1893, for SANTOS, RIO JANEIRO, BAHIA, PERNAMBUCO, LAS PALMAS, LISBON, VIGO, SOUTHAMPTON and ANTWERP.
Taking passengers, mails, specie and cargo.
Great reduction in passengers tariffs
All the steamers of this favourite line are fitted with refrigerators and Electric Light and have every modern improvement for the comfort and safety of passengers.
Table wine supplied gratis to passengers of all classes.
RETURN TICKETS
Issued at reduced rates. Special abatements made in favour of families and companies.
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Parties wishing to bring out their friends from Europe can arrange to the passages with the Agent on reasonable terms.
NEW YORK
Through tickets issued for passages from Montevideo or Buenos Aires to New York and Southampton in combination with the well known steamers of the NORTH GERMAN LLOYD STEAM SHIP CO. & THE AMERICAN LINE.
For Freight or Passage apply to
F. L. HUMPHREYS & Co. Agents.
Calle de las Piedras 108.
pm.

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PHENIX ASSURANCE Co. DE LONDRES

ESTABLECIDA EN 1782
(Compañía de Seguros contra incendios)
INDEMNITY
Mutual Marine Insurance Co. Ltd.
(Compañía de Seguros Marítimos y Fluviales).
Los agentes tienen plenos poderes para arreglar reclamos sin referencia a las Compañías en Londres.
Agentes:--F. L. HUMPHREYS & Co.
108--CALLE DE LAS PIEDRAS--108.
pm.

JOHN ADAMS

BUILDER AND CONTRACTOR.
All classes of repairs for Masons, Carpenters, Painters or Upholsterers, undertaken and executed by competent workmen, at moderate prices.
Office and Works, Calle Solis 57.

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ESPECIFICO SIN RIVAL
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LA SARNA
EN LAS OVEJAS
Premiado con Medalla de Oro en Christchurch (Nueva Zelandia)
LIBRE DE VENENO.
Se mezcla instantáneamente
CON AGUA FRIA
Se dan muestras GRATIS a los que deseen experimentalmente.
Unicos agentes introductores
Bates Stokes y Cia.
Misiones 130, Montevideo.
AGENTES EN CAMPAÑA—F. Salgado y Hnos., Florida; J. Hernandez, Durazno; Santos Garcia y Ca., San José; J. Estell y Ca., Porongos; N. Casaretto y Hnos., Paysandú; Blas Solari y Ca., Mercedes; B. Larraide, Colonia; G. M. Garcia, Salto; M. Aspiroz, Durazno; Dupuy y Ceirolo, Montevideo; R. Torres, San Jorge; Sanchez y Ebera La Cruz; Garat Hnos., Rosario; F. Silva, Rocha; N. Bello, Fray-Bentor; A. Moraciele Sarandí Grande.
819 pm.

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18 EAST 23rd. ST., NEW YORK, U. S. A.
Largest dealers in America in postage stamps and coins.
Complete illustrated catalogue of postage stamps, containing 400 pages and 3500 illustrations, 50 cents post free.
Postage Stamp Albums, the best in the world, at all prices.
Our Packets of stamps are a specialty.
We purchase and pay the highest prices for all kinds of South American stamps.
40 page price list free on application.

Tonico, Reconstituinte, Regenerador
VINHO DE MARSA
do Doutor MOUCHELOT, da Faculdade de Paris
Aprovado pela Academia de Medicina
Este precioso producto é recomendado pelas autoridades medicas mais celebres, as pessoas atacadas de debilidade, proveniente da natureza do clima, excessos, doencas, ou casos que necessitam a reconstituicao e regeneracao do organismo enfraquecido.
O VINHO DE MARSA do Doutor MOUCHELOT, activo a-circulacao, excita e restabelece as funcoes digestivas, recupera as forcas e da o vigor e a saude.
Com grande successo, recomenda-se o VINHO DE MARSA, no rachitismo, Anemia, chlorosis, Cachexia, Flegma branco, Fraqueza e debilidades provenientes de doencas devidas a pobreza de sangue, e com certeza o tonico, reconstituinte e regenerador por excellencia o mais poderoso e de uma efficacia sem contestos.
Consultar a nota acompanhando cada garrafa
J. BATARD MORINEAU & Co., Droguistas
50, Boulevard de Strasbourg, PARIS
E EM TODAS AS PHARMACIAS
Tomar cuidado com as falsificacoes.

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MARTINEZ & ESTAPE.—English Grocery Store. Large assortment of Wines, Port, Sherry and Bordeaux, Spirits and Liqueurs, Havana Cigars, Canned Goods of all descriptions. Grand assortment of Uruguayan wines. New address, Sarandí 323, underneath the Club Uruguay.

Twyford & Co's English Store.

Corner of 25 de Mayo and Treinta y Tres.

Twyford and Co. are now receiving their **SUMMER STOCK OF MUSLINS, CASHMERES, BATISTES, CAM BRICS and NOVELTIES** of every description.

New Stock received of **GLOVES, CORSETS, LADIES'S UNDERLINEN, HATS and TRIMMINGS.**

The most complete and varied stock in Montevideo of **LACES** of every description and of **SWISS EMBROIDERIES**, bought at a very low price and selling at a nominal profit.

THIS WEEK.
Clearance Sale of 5000 Yards Swiss Embroideries at 6 cents the yard.

Ladies Straw Hats and Trimmings at Half-price.

JUST RECEIVED.

A consignment of Wine (Grave and Beaune Premier) from the Café de la Paix, Paris.

Also, a fresh lot of China Tea, at 70 cents the lb.

THE REVIEW OF THE RIVER PLATE

A Weekly Gazette devoted to Railways, Banking, Shipping, Insurance and Investments.

Offices, Piedad 550, Buenos Aires.

Agents, W. Hill and Co., 67 Southampton Row, London W. C.

Subscriptions and advertisements from Uruguay received at the office of the *Montevideo Times*, Calle Treinta y Tres 61, Montevideo. Tariff on application.

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It is an excellent dietetic food and beverage, highly nutritious, palatable and invigorating.
Dr. G. D. SUTHERLAND, F.R.S., Prof. J. ALFRED WANKLYN, M.R.C.S.



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This printing establishment has a complete assortment of new type, cuts, borders, etc., etc., and having the newest machinery is prepared to undertake any orders in printing, ruling, perforation, numeration and book-binding.



Albums for Music, Scrap Albums, Port-folios, etc.
Speciality in coloured Rulings

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Blank Books ruled and bound to order

PRICES VERY MODERATE

All orders carefully and promptly executed, workmanship guaranteed
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EXTRACTO VEGETAL
DE
Rosas y Violetas
preparado con yemas de huevos
ED. PINAUD
Perfumista-Químico
37, boulevard de Strasbourg, PARIS

AVISO!
La nueva invención del TAPON PERFECTORADO es completa en su adherencia. Debajo pinta el efecto que produce al aplicar el tapon a la botella y examinar el líquido que ella y el cuerpo con el tapon es fijo.

PERFUMES DISTINGUIDOS
Extracto Vegetal ED. PINAUD
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JOCKEY CLUB
FRANGIPANE
etc. etc.

NUEVO TAPON ADHERENTE

THE VINDICATION OF SISTER BURTON.

(A SHORT STORY.)

MOSS HOLLOW had a grievance. That of itself was nothing strange, for a village without such a dispensation is as hard to realise as the island of the blessed.

As usual, it was a woman that was making all the trouble—John Burton's wife, she that was Lucy Moors. She was apparently losing interest in those good enterprises with which she had so long been actively identified; she had not been to the social gatherings for weeks; she had been rather slack in her church attendance for a year or more; and now it was actually two months if it was a day since she had shown her face at the Hollow, in church or out.

She was, therefore, apparently as indifferent to people as to principles. To be sure, old Squire Burton had died, after a long illness, so long that the poor man almost thought the Lord had forgotten him; and when the bell tolled ninety years one day everybody experienced a genuine surprise.

Then Grandma Burton lost her mind and became a child again, a veritable old baby, that had to be dressed and fed and tied into her chair all day long—her own rocking-chair, where she had sung many a lullaby in her time.

And John Burton's wife cared for her most tenderly night and day for months, and never said a word for weeping, or sick and tired of her life, as well she might have been.

The old woman woke with a joyful smile one morning, reached up both trembling hands—on one her wedding-ring was shining—and crying out, "Oh, James, I am so glad," over the hills and far away she went, nobody knows where, to paradise.

And now, both old people having been—as everybody admitted—tenderly cared for in life, and piously buried at death, with a funeral service apiece, it did seem as if Sister Burton might get out into the world again and be like other folks; and, as she did not hurry, all sorts of speculations were rife.

Old Mrs. Brown thought likely she was low spirited; she had always been a little strange, came honestly by it, too, for one of her uncles on her mother's side died insane or insolvent, she couldn't rightly recollect which.

The Widow Stanley hoped she didn't hurt her feelings along of a remark she let drop about her bunnet. Such an unbecom'g thing as it was and made her look yaller as a saffron bag, too. She had gone so far as to wonder why Sister Burton hadn't put on crapes for the old folks, especially seein' they left John so well to do. For her part, she thought Miss Burton was in duty bound to do it, and she just gave her a piece of her mind, too.

"Crape?" cried John Burton's wife, with wide-open eyes. "I wear crapes for them when they have just gone right into the Lord's own glory? Why, it is the best of all good things that could ever come to them. Dear, happy souls! I am so glad for them. It seems to me they must just be walking together all about holding hands."

"Just as if she knew what the Lord had laid out for them," said the shocked sister. "It sounded like blasphemy to me, and it just made my blood run cold to hear it. Them dead and gone folks was sinners just like the rest on us. Why, the old man himself was a peeped f'm church-fellowship more'n sixty year ago for goin' to a sleigh ride where there was supper and dancin' to wind up with. Don't tell me I know it for a fact; and it is on the church book now. And I've seen it, too."

The ladies' circle felt aggrieved. For years Mrs. Burton had been the greatest worker of them all. They missed the piles of well-made garments that fairly flew from under her slender fingers in days gone by. And the stockings that woman had knit for the soldiers! Why, if they had been hung top to toe on the equator they would have reached half way round the globe.

Yes, a great worker, they all admitted; and such a mystery that now, with no old folks and no children, and nothing in the world to do, she should all at once fold her hands and sit down; a young healthy woman like her, too. What had she ever had to break her health?

By common consent there was no need of it, and no sense in it; and, as occasion offered, they all meant to tell her so.

The village schoolmaster, who boarded around, was not without his views. As he was the remote descendant of a clergyman, he was supposed to have inherited theology with his Roman nose, and his opinions were received with profound respect.

He thought Mrs. Burton's religious viewstended towards ultraism; he had heard her say she thought there were people outside the church who would go to heaven—even Melissa Barnes.

Poor Melissa. She was only seventeen, and Mrs. Burton had been a mother to her when the whole world frowned. And when she died—for she said, truly, that she could never hold up her head again—it was John Burton's wife who went with her down to the deep waters and gave her into the Lord's own hands, no doubt.

Some contended that she was an out-and-out Spiritualist, because she had said, "How beautiful it was to think Grandma Burton came back when grandma died. It seemed so much easier for the gentle soul to have him to go with her up to the golden gates."

This summer boarder at the postmaster's thought there might be a trace of Swedenborgianism in that. And nobody really knew any-

thing about such far away heresies it was all the more likely to be true.

The shepherd over this troubled flock was a young man, acting as temporary supply.

A newcomer, he had not met the offending Mrs. Burton, but so much had been said to him that he felt it to be plain duty to preach a sermon on the sin of staying away from church. In the course of his remarks he mentioned an excuse sometimes urged by certain vain and frivolous sisters—that they had no seasonable bunnet.

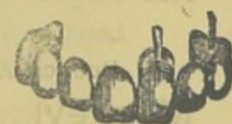
What he specially dwelt upon was the foolishness of committing so great a sin for so small an article—for it was a time when bunnets had suffered a partial eclipse, as it were; for his part, when a bunnet was so small one couldn't tell whether a sister was bareheaded or not, or whether she had it on wrong side to or not, and was trimmed so remarkably one could scarcely tell by the bunnet whether a sister was going out from church or coming in, he thought it made no difference whether the bunnet was in season or out of season.

All this, being aimed at Sister Burton, was lost, for, as usual, she was not at church.

(To be continued.)

Prince & Hill

North American Dentists



Artificial Teeth, with or without plates, also fillings of all kinds.
Pivot Teeth, gold crowns, and everything pertaining to either operative or mechanical Dentistry.
Laughing gas for the painless extraction of teeth.
First-class work at reasonable prices.

163—Calle Camaras—163

(Esquina Buenos Aires.)

British Hospital

MONTEVIDEO

The healthy position of the institution in the entrance to the harbour recommends it to the attention of invalids.
Private Rooms from \$8.00 per day
Semi-private Rooms 2.00 do
General Ward 1.00 do
Female Ward. Conditions as above.

Special Cases. Special Terms.
Foreigners admitted on terms above stipulated.

Patients admitted from 9 to 12 a.m.
Urgencies at all hours.
Hours for Out-door Patients 11 to 12 a.m.

Visiting days, Sunday, Tuesday, Friday and Feastdays from 3 to 5 p.m.
Subscriptions and donations are respectfully solicited.
Subscribers of 12 dollars per annum are entitled to send one free patient to the Hospital during the year for which the subscription is paid orders for same to be obtained from the Secretary or Treasurer, Hugh Jamieson, Resident Medical Officer.

For further particulars apply to
James Towers, Hon. Sec.
Calle 25 de Agosto 107.
T. F. Lane, Hon. Treasurer
25 de Mayo 338.

The Salvation Army.

Territorial Head quarters
Major Percy Cliborn.
Casilla de Correo 422
Buenos Aires.

Divisional officer for Montevideo
Adjutant Russell.
Calle Florida 241.

Donations of food, clothes and money thankfully received for work among the poor.

Persons desiring workmen by the hour, day, or permanently should apply to Adjutant Russell.

Cheques can be sent direct to the London and R. P. Bank, made payable to Major Percy Cliborn, or to Adjutant Russell, but donations, Correspondence, food, clothes, etc., should be sent to the Divisional Officer in Montevideo.

BRITISH HOSPITAL

The Committee of the **BRITISH HOSPITAL BAZAAR** gratefully acknowledge the following donations:

IN MONTEVIDEO	
The London and River Plate Bank	\$ 470.00
The Montevideo Water Works Co.	100.00
Diego Young Esq.	50.00
Mrs. J. J. Gardner (Payson)	30.00
Murray Griffiths Esq. (London)	23.50
Mrs. Ed. Zimmerman (London)	23.50
Guillermo Lyons Esq.	9.32
T. J. Phillips Treby Esq.	5.00
Ed. Ware Esq.	4.70
Pinkfoss Esq.	4.70
Result of Entertainment at the Skating Rink (Aug. 7th)	480.14
Messrs. Price Bros. & Co., Quebec, (per J. K. Theobald Esq.)	\$1200.86
100.00	
SUBSCRIPTIONS IN ENGLAND	
Donations already acknowledged.	
Donations received by H. C. Allen Esq. in London	£ 84-4-0
Railway Signal Co.	25-0-0
John Daguid Esq.	10-0-0
James Duguid Esq.	5-0-0
Cochrane & Co.	2-2-0
Oldbury Wagon Co.	2-2-0
Vacuum Brake Co.	1-1-0
Messrs. Hunt & Sacré	2-2-0
George Spencer Moneton & Co. Ld.	5-0-0
The Birmingham Ry. Car & Wagon Co.	10-10-0
Received by Mrs. Wingate in England	
R. Crawford Esq.	5-0-6
A. Frewin Esq.	2-2-0
H. Perry Esq.	1-1-0

Hotel Universal

DR

JUAN ERASUN

Ex-proprietor of the Hotel Español

CALLE ITUZAINGO, CORNER OF PIEDRAS

(Next door to the Cibils Theatre)

From to-day I beg to offer to the public and my numerous customers this large establishment recently fitted up on a par with the finest hotels in the Capital, unsurpassed in its culinary department and the elegance and comfort of its rooms and unequalled in the cleanliness, promptitude and cheapness of its service.

Travellers are charged for breakfast, dinner and bedroom on the street, \$1.50 per day.
Besides the bedrooms, all of which overlook the street, the establishment has several commodious and independent suites of rooms suitable for families at the same moderate prices.

The very place for commercial travellers and merchants, who will here find themselves surrounded by the most important commercial and industrial houses.

Large and well furnished rooms well suited for the representatives of manufacturing houses.

On the evenings when the Cibils Theatre is occupied the interior doors communicating with the theatre and the large and elegant saloons of the hotel will be opened and the dining halls or the establishment will be converted into a restaurant, café and supper rooms, the finest liquor, coffee and refreshments of all kind being served.

Breakfasts and Dinners sent to private houses, for moderate prices.

The Norte tram, coming from the Centro railway station, will bring passengers to the door of the Hotel for 4 cents.

The Oriental tram from the mole which goes either to the Playa Ramirez, the Penitentiary or the Barrio Reus, also passes the door of the Hotel. The Portico tram may be taken just at the very corner of the Hotel.

Pension per month \$20. Half Pension \$11. Breakfast 50 cents, Dinner 60 cents. Supper 50 cents.

Hot and cold baths, shower baths, etc.

Juan Erasun, Proprietor.

Calle Ituzaingó, corner of Piedras

MONTEVIDEO

187pm.



AGUA BALSAMICA DE TOCADOR
del Doctor CAZENAVE
Ex-Proprietor de la Academia de Medicina de Paris, Laureado del Instituto.
Este precioso preparado se ha hecho en la casa de Dr. Cazenave, en la ciudad de Paris, y es el más eficaz y seguro para el tratamiento de las enfermedades de la piel, como el eczema, la dermatitis, la psoriasis, etc. Se aplica con un pincel o con la mano, y se repite varias veces al día. Es muy útil también para el tratamiento de las enfermedades de la boca y de la garganta.

Prices Current

IMPORTS

(NOTE.—The figures in the first column denote the prices when duly paid, those in the second column the prices in bond.)—August: 1.

Alcohol—	
Tierces of 463 litres	
N. American	50 to 45
German	—
Beer—and Stout, per doz.	
Bass beer	1 1/2
Guinness	1 1/2
Imperial	1 1/2
Culmbach leg.	1 1/2
Bulldog	2 1/2
Milwaukee	1 1/2
Pilsener	1 1/2
Crystalline	1 1/2

Biscuits—per case.	
Superior large tins	2.50 1.70
Ordinary	2.00 1.25
Interior small tins	0.45 0.225
BITTERS—per doz.	
Boonekamp	18.75 15.00
Angostura	10.50 4.50
BRANDY—in cases, per doz.	
Hennessy V.O.	17.50 13.50
Hennessy (*)	16.00 12.50
Hennessy (*)	13.00 9.00
Martell (*)	13.00 9.20
Martell (*)	12.00 8.50
Blackshaw's No. 1	17.00 13.00
Dry Old	15.50 11.50
Grand fine Champagne	16.00 13.00
Other marks	7.50 to 15.00 to 11.00
BUTTER—	
English, per kilo	1.25 0.85
Danish, per tin	1.25 0.85

CAPSULES,—for bottles.	
White, per mil.	5.00 3.60
Colours	5.20 3.80
CHAMPAGNE—per doz.	
Chiquet	1 1/2 22.00 19.00
Monopole dry	1 1/2 24.00 21.00
Carte Blanche	1 1/2 14.50 11.00
Sportsman	1 1/2 10.00 12.50
Other marks	10.00 to 26.00 to 15.00
CANDLES—Composite, per packet.	
Family	0.175 0.110
Common, Nos. 4, 5, 6	0.125 0.080

CHEESE—	
Van Rensen . per doz.	—
Langolaan	17.00 —
Other classes.	—
Pate Grasse per ki.	0.90 0.45
Gruyere	0.95 0.50
Parmesan	0.80 —
English	—
Gorgonzola	0.90 0.45
CHOCOLATE—	
Mentor	0.900 0.570
La Gallega	0.720 0.500
La Flor	0.640 0.480
La Española	—
Fenix Coruñesa	0.700 0.480
CINNAMON—Per kilo.	
Ground	0.75 0.31
1 1/2 sticks	0.33 0.21
CLOVES—Per kilo.	0.480 0.420

COFFEE—	
Mocha per 10 ki.	7.730 —
CODFISH—	
Per case 10.00 to 9.00 6.50 to 6.00	
GIN—	
Langolaan per 15 bott	10.00 4.00
Three Anchors	9.00 3.00
HAM—	
Superior per lb	0.48 0.30
Good	0.37 0.25
Ordinary	0.34 0.22

KEROSENE—per box.	
Refined	2.20 to 2.30 1.20
Common	—
LOBSTERS—canned, per doz.	
Morton	11.20 6.40
Other marks	10.00 5.50
MATCHES—per gross	
Wax, Dellacha	0.95
Wooden	0.450
MINERAL WATERS—per case	
St. Gallier	12.50 8.50
Vichy	13.00 9.30
Seltzer	10.00 7.00
Bonnefont	17.00 10.00
Fridellshacher	13.00 10.80
Joachim	18.00 14.00
Pouzes	13.00 9.30
Apollinaris. 50 1/2 bot.	—

MUSTARD—	
English	1.80 to 3.50 1.55 to 3.00
French	1.80 to 2.10 1.20 to 1.70
PEPPER—	
Red, per 10 k. 8047 to 2960 2.176 to 2.003	
Whole, per 10 kilos	3.250 2.20
Ground, per kilo	0.65 0.50
PRUSSIAN BLUE—	
Per case	0.50 0.40
OLIVE OIL—	
French in bottles, per doz.	
Plagniol	4.00 3.50
OLIVES,—per keg.	
1 1/2 @	1.30 0.950
1 1/2 @	0.700 0.500

OYSTERS—canned, per doz.	
Kemp & Day 6.80 to 7.00 3.30 to 3.60	
Murray	9.00 4.50
Other marks	5.00 3.50
PICKLES—per doz.	
English	2.00 to 3.20 1.50 to 2.00
French	2.60 to 3.70 1.50 to 2.40
RICE—per 10 kilos.	
Italian extra 1.202 to 1.306 0.783 to 0.827	
Indian good	1.04 0.580
Ordinary	1.001 0.540
Japan	1.175 0.750