

The Montevideo Times

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MONTEVIDEO, MARCH 23, 1893.

THE SITUATION.

It is the opinion of some who are not entirely without authority in the matter, that we have seen the worst of the crisis from a financial and commercial point of view, and that things are prepared to mend, if indeed they have not actually begun to do so. We say "some," however, because the opinion is by no means unanimous, and even those who express it do not do so without diffidence. To tell the truth, it is a matter about which it is difficult to form a positive opinion as yet, the signs either way not being sufficiently clear. Moreover, it is a matter which each judges from his personal point of view, according as his own interests are affected. The exporting season being at its height, has imparted a certain amount of activity into exporting circles, which, in turn, has had its effect in banking circles. This however, is transitory, and in any case exporting circles are those least affected by the crisis. On the other hand we doubt if importing and industrial circles can affirm any real signs of improvement. We do not think we are in saying that they look forward to the fast approaching winter season as likely to be the most trying they have yet had to endure. In other words, it may be said that the retraction of consumption and general movement may reach even further, showing that the working and wage-earning classes are still under the pall of the crisis. For these, it is doubtful if the bottom has been touched; whatever improvement there may be, has not yet reached them, it is confined to limited circles. The signs to be deduced from other factors are equally indecisive. Leaded property, it is true, seems more inclined to recover than to fall lower. Joint stock enterprises shows an inclination to revive; the money which has been so long locked away in idle retirement shows signs of once more seeking investment; the bank rate of discount has fallen appreciably and is considered likely to go still lower. The liquidation of the companies, real or bogus, which smashed under the crisis, is being steadily carried on, thus clearing the ground for new combinations. The worst effect of these crashes has passed, and the survivors have no immediate fear of further similar calamities. These are all favorable signs. On the other hand, all stocks and shares subject to Government influence remain at little better than panic quotation under the dead-weight of that absolute want of confidence engendered solely by Government procedures. The liquidation of the National Bank under Government auspices shows no signs of result, and uncomfortable rumours are rife that it is still being subject to the same shady practices which brought about its ruin. The Mortgage Bank, with which is involved the large Cedula interest, is still in the most doubtful of situations, thanks to Government bad faith and the legal complications arising out of the Brazilian loan business. And lastly, the result of the liquidation of the English Bank is still a matter of complete uncertainty. Against this there are only two faint hopes, one that the Chambers themselves, plucking up some reminiscences of patriotism and independence, may justly rebel against his dictation; the other, that the people, finding strength in unity, may refuse to submit to such an absolute abrogation of all their rights and hopes. Should either of these contingencies occur we shall be able to exclaim "all's well;" but should Dr. Herrera's fatal will be consummated, the doom of the republic will continue.

ances, we think there is little apprehension and less hope. It has worked itself into a certain groove, a long way from satisfactory, but yet not entirely bad, and there it may be expected to remain to the end of the chapter, fortunately now within measurable distance. It can neither be accused of economy in the true sense of the word, nor yet of flagrant extravagance or misappropriation. If it condescends to give us a Budget within the course of a few months, matters may become a little less irregular, but even if it does not, it seems to have brought its expenditure somewhere near the limits of its revenue, and we have no particular reason for doubting that it will continue to meet the services of its home and foreign debts, and to drag on with its local obligations some three or four months in arrears, as it has done in the past twelve months. If we cannot speak with greater warmth or certainty, it is simply because Government does not give us the opportunity, and because the undisguised untrustworthiness and bad faith of some of its acts contaminates with mistrust even those acts which, if they could be viewed singly, might possibly prove genuine and praiseworthy. In this respect Government is its own worst enemy. We say, then, that we think it will continue to meet its obligations—but as to any efforts to remove the crisis by acts of good faith, by genuine economy, by removing the oppressive taxes which hamper trade and industry, by consulting progressive interests, by obedience to public opinion, these we know too well it is quite useless even to dream of. Unfortunately, that which we foresaw at the opening of the year has come to pass even sooner than we anticipated, namely that the financial situation is being sacrificed to the political. Although it was impossible to say that Government had done anything to restore confidence, still it was to be admitted there was a certain degree of regularity in its finances, and it has given no direct provocation to fresh mistrust; above all there has been no further talk of impossible loans and visionary banks to unsettle the market. Though these circumstances can hardly be called encouraging, they were not absolute discouraging, and under them the revival might have commenced with some certainty of step, had not another factor intervened. That factor has intervened, however, in the political attitude recently assumed by Government, an attitude no less distasteful and disheartening to the country than was its financial attitude at the earlier part of its career. The country, sorely tried as it has been, might tolerate in patience the present Government for another year, the natural end of its term, but it is certainly not prepared to tolerate it for another presidential term of four years longer. Nothing could be more fatal to the prospects of the country, at home and abroad, than the idea that we are to have a continuity of the present disastrous rule. A complete change of Government was the last hope that we had left to look forward to, and that hope is now being taken from us. The mediocrity of the present Government could be forgiven, but not its entire untrustworthiness. It was recognised on all sides that the country wanted not men of talent so much as men of truth, probity, independence and disinterestedness. These are the very qualities in which the present government has been entirely deficient. If it had been ten times more brilliant and talented than it is, it still would have damned itself by its bad faith and consistent interestlessness. There was neither probity in the Executive nor independence in the Chambers. Under these conditions, no policy could be otherwise than a failure, and therefore the country hoped that for the next Government it might have men who, even if they blundered, would at least blunder honestly. But Dr. Herrera has shown very plainly, by the gross scandal of the Minas election, and by the shameful electoral laws which he has forced through the Chambers, that he and he alone intends to have the nomination of the next Chambers and the next President, and that therefore we shall have a continuity of Government by the same untrustworthy circle, to the entire elimination of public opinion. Against this there are only two faint hopes, one that the Chambers themselves, plucking up some reminiscences of patriotism and independence, may justly rebel against his dictation; the other, that the people, finding strength in unity, may refuse to submit to such an absolute abrogation of all their rights and hopes. Should either of these contingencies occur we shall be able to exclaim "all's well;" but should Dr. Herrera's fatal will be consummated, the doom of the republic will continue.

atives, on Tuesday, after some routine business had been transacted, and the Minister of Government having entered the Chamber, the discussion in detail of the Electoral Reform Bill was resumed. At the suggestion of the Minister, Art. 37 was modified so as to give the Chamber authority to annul the election of the Electoral College. The remaining Articles of the Bill were sanctioned after a short debate and without modification of importance, completing the Bill. The sitting then concluded. The Extension of the Baring Guarantee. «If the assurances of the Bank of England that the guarantors of the Baring estate were not likely to suffer any loss were well founded, we confess ourselves unable to discover any good reason why the term of the guarantee should be prolonged. The Bank must have been dealing with the guarantee as it stood, which was for three years only, and speaking, therefore, of the probable result at the end of that term. And the assurances are of quite recent date, judging from what was said by the chairman of several of the joint-stock banks at the last half yearly meetings. What, then, has happened to call for an extension of the guarantee? It is quite possible that if it be nursed for a longer period the Baring estate may yield a surplus. That, however, is a matter for the Barings, and not for the guarantors, who, if there were a surplus, would get none of it. Nor is it now as it was when the burden of the guarantee was first undertaken. There is no longer any question of guarding against a disturbance of trade, or averting a crisis. It is merely a matter of realising the residue of the securities, and it there is any reason why the whole financial strength of the country should continue to be invoked, and should be gratuitously put at the disposal of the Bank for such a purpose, it is one which we are unable to discern. Nor, when it is said that the continuance of the guarantee may favourably influence negotiations with the Argentine Government, do we see any basis for such a contention, and, even if there were, is it the business of the banks of the country, as a whole, to impose a liability upon their shareholders for such a purpose? Further, it does appear that the general body of the guarantors have been treated with scant courtesy. They have not been consulted in the matter, and are expected apparently to acquiesce in whatever the half-dozen largest subscribers may determine upon; and if their counsel can thus be dispensed with, surely their assistance can be dispensed with also. Altogether, therefore, it seems to us that the general body of guarantors would best consult their own interest by declining to hold themselves responsible after the stipulated term, except on the condition that they have not only a voice in determining how the liquidation is to be carried on, but also some remuneration for the further risk they are undertaking, in the form of a share in any ultimate surplus, should there be a surplus, that may be realised.»—Economist, Feb. 18. Passengers. Arrived by P. S. N. Co's. «Iberia» from Valparaiso, March 21.—General R. H. Cunliffe. Left by the same for Liverpool, etc., March 22.—Mr. J. Sarda and family. Mr. and Mrs. Greenwood, Mr. E. D. Greenwood. Mrs. Simmons and child. Mr. W. Forrester. Mr. Bonner. Sr. E. M. Chucarro. Sr. E. Sassehoff. Mr. E. Beard. Mr. E. C. Menziesheimer. 33 third class. Races. The following are the entries and weights for the meeting to be held at Maroñas next Saturday.— Premio Vanguardia—1400 metres. Colchú 57 kilos, Salambó 52, Albion 54, Mireille 51, Sandabay 57. Premio Sombra—1000 metres. Colibri 57, La Devota 54, Mireille 44, Mile. Mignon 40, Góndola 51, Trinchera 51, Vanguardia 54, Tovin 50. Premio Reverte—2000 metres. Nihil 56, Profeta 50, Brandy 57, Sem 55, Vengador 50, Granada 49. Premio Escudero—1000 metres. Dora 50, Nelson 52, Remember 50, Torpedo 52, Fortaleza 50, Ogaviva 50, Ravachol 52, Simeña 50, Sultana 50, Rask 53, El Solo 52. Premio Sapho—1200 metres. Sem 56, Nihil 55, Trinchera 54, La Devota 57, Mireille 47. ANOTHER MURDER BY THE POLICE! It is only some six weeks since the whole city was shocked by the murder of the Frenchman Augereau through the brutality of a police agent who refused to allow him to be succoured when taken out of the water in a drowning state. We now have to record an exactly similar case, with an equally fatal result. On Tuesday afternoon an old man named Margaburo was bathing in the Aurguia baths, on the south coast, when he was seized with cramp and sank. Some other bathers took him out of the water, insensible, and Sr. Aurguia had commenced to apply restoratives, when an assassin dressed as a policeman interfered and refused to allow the body to be touched until the arrival of the police doctor. When the latter came, the

poor old man was already dead. Margaburo was an Oriental, aged 67, without family. It is time that all the civilised residents of the city made a forcible protest against this inexpressible brutality on the part of the police, only worthy of the bloodthirsty savages of Central Africa. SUNDRIES. On Tuesday the Representatives completed the sanction of the Electoral Reform Bills. Only some trifling modifications have been made, and when these have been sanctioned by the Senate, the Bills will become law, with all their highly objectionable features intact as ordained by the Grand Elector. The passing of these Bills by the Chambers, after they had been condemned unanimously and in the strongest manner possible by the public, is another proof of the absolute manner in which Government ignores and defies public opinion. In Russia itself, public opinion could not be more impotent or unheeded. The Nation, with its usual delight in outraging the people, says that the Electoral Reform Bills were a felt want, sanctioned by the Chambers in accordance with the patriotic intentions of the Executive, and a good measure opening the way to other advantageous reforms for our institutional life. The patriotism of the Executive in this case simply consists in obtaining more complete control of the elections, so as to be able to defy public opinion with greater impunity than ever. One of the first tasks of an honest Government—if the country is ever blessed with such again—will be to annul these Electoral Reform Bills. It is a pity all the acts of the present Government cannot be annulled as easily. A few honest and independent men in the Government just now would be of more service to the country than a ship-load of untrustworthy geniuses—but where are they? Government has been invited to concur in the Universal Medical Congress to be held at Washington next September, and which will embrace all branches of medical science. The Italian Opera Company for the Politeama has been released from the delinquency of quarantine. We believe the debut will take place next Saturday, as originally intended. Sr. Bracoras Brothers of Mercedes have telegraphed to the Minister of Foment that for three years they have been cultivating the American vines recently recommended by the Phylloxera Commission as impervious to phylloxera, and are prepared to furnish 50,000 plants of the same, in healthy state, without the necessity of applying to Chili. News arrived from Buenos Aires yesterday morning of the death of Don Juan Drysdale, the prominent merchant and head of the firm of Juan and José Drysdale. He was about 50 years old and was nephew to the late Thomas Drysdale. His loss will be greatly lamented in all circles. We also learn of the death of the veteran scholar and journalist Dr. White, who for some time past had been editor of the Times of Argentina. Yesterday's Siglo has an article lamenting the action of the Government on the occasion of Sr. Ellauri taking his seat in the Senate. Between this exhibition of force and actual violence, says the Siglo, the line is fine and easily passed. «Among the few things of which Government may boast is the having scrupulously guaranteed public liberties, and it is worth while that this wholesome merit be not shadowed in the last year of its administration by acts that are even equivocal.» The B. A. Herald «chaffs» its elder contemporary in the following manner, which those who have read the effusions of «Stand-by O Gorman» will think not altogether undeserved. «The most remarkable telegrams we have recently read have appeared in the columns of our genial colleague the Standard. In its issue of the 19th its Montevideo telegram is a curiosity of telegraphic literature, which of course cost a lot of money, at the usual rate. It announces that a man had papered his room with defunct certificates and recommends us to do the same. This of course would not have admitted of coming by mail. Girls were forbidden to sell lottery tickets, and the reason is telegraphed, that it hurts their morals. The old London Bank building was to be pulled down, a matter of which only the cable advises us soon enough. Every one said that bottom had been touched; that Herrera goes out in March, no one would have suspected this. This remarkable correspondent announced the startling fact that he had visited the Barraca. That all Montevideo bathed a day; not only every one thought bottom had been touched but «peoples» were declared to have the same opinion. «Too much gold and silver in the place» All of which announcements show the need there is in that city of a blue-ribbon Army, and cause one to wish there was not a drop of rum or gin in the place. We sincerely hope it will not be a case of snakes with our colleague's clothes-line cable service.»

—The Times of A. states that arrangements are being made in Buenos Aires for the formation of a new English Club. Our compatriots over the water have not hitherto been happy in their efforts permanently to establish such an institution. When they have avoided the Soyls of extravagance and bad management, they have fallen into the Charybdis of cliques; the fatal vortex which has wrecked so many English institutions in the River Plate. —The Paris Court of Assizes has given sentence in the accusations of corruption in the Panama case. Charles Lesseps is condemned to one year's imprisonment, Blondin to 2 year's and ex-minister Balthaz to 3 year's and 50,000 francs fine. Sans-Leroy, Beral, Antonin, Proust, Dugue de la Fauconnerie, Marius Fontaine and Anton have been acquitted. The sentence, adds the telegram, has been coldly received. —A telegram from Berlin says that Ahlwardt, speaking in the Reichstag, has explicitly accused Bismarck of trafficking with the Jews with public money, losing several million marks. The Minister of War was called to order for abusing a deputy who protested against the cruelties in the army. —The baritone Mauri has refused to sing in «Falstaff» in Rome before the Emperor of Germany. —There has been a tremendous fire with loss of life and great destruction of property in Alabama, U. S. —London telegrams inform us that Queen Victoria arrived at Cherbourg on Tuesday, and thence proceeded by special train to Florence.—Da Cobain, the ex-M.P. for Belfast has been condemned to a year's hard labour for an abominable offence.—A convoy of 280 convicts in Siberia has perished in a snow storm.—Buenos Aires tramway shares are rising. Moratorium loan firm. The April coupon will be paid in gold.—Great damage and loss of life has been caused by a hurricane in the New Hebrides and New Caledonia.—False rumours were circulated on Monday morning that Lord Salisbury had died suddenly. In reality he is getting better.—A telegram from another source says Lord Salisbury is worse. BUENOS AIRES —The Supreme Court of Justice has given judgment in the suit brought by the colonists of Santa Fé against the Government of that Province to restrain the levying of the tax on grain. The Court has decided that the tax is not in opposition to the National Constitution on the ground that the grain is grown in that province, which has power to tax its own products. —The Argentine Commissioner arrived from Chile on Monday and a Cabinet Council was held to consider the convention ad referendum and the plans brought by him. —The French Minister was received by the President of the Republic on Monday with the usual ceremonies. —The trial of incandescent gas in Calle Florida has proved its superiority to ordinary gas, but the lamps appear to be of an expensive kind, and we have not yet seen any statement of the relative cost. A letter appeared in the Prensa yesterday from a gentleman who declares that he is the sole agent of the inventor of this system of gas-lighting and that Messrs Graber have no right to make use of it. —The master of the steamer La Fé has reported that on the 16th instant, on his voyage from Corrientes, he found the Italian bark «Maria Luisa R.» ashore and sinking, at a point known as Curupi, eight leagues below Bella Vista. Two families of passengers, consisting of seven persons, were drowned. —The Criminal Court of Appeal has revoked the order of Dr. Garcia for the imprisonment of Señor Juan B. Storni, the Syndicate of the Bank of Rome, and he has therefore been set at liberty. Dr. Garcia has now accepted bail for the appearance of the cashier, Sr. Pasati, and of the accountant, Sr. Goggi. The ex-manager of the same Bank, Sr. Gregorio Savagro, has also requested to be liberated on bail.—B. A. Herald. —The Standard refers in the following terms to the late Mr. O. O. Barker.—It is now nearly 30 years since he succeeded the late Mr. William Hadfield as secretary to the Great Southern, the first English railway enterprise in this part of South America, which has grown since then from a line of 70 miles to become one of the great railways of the world, with a length of 1388 miles and a capital of £15,000,000 sterling. His advice and experience were of such weight that he was ultimately given a seat among the Board of Directors, and such was his faith in the development of the province of Buenos Aires that his influence was always exerted in throwing out branches of the Southern Railway in all directions. His present visit to our city, in conjunction with Mr. Parish, was still more ambitious namely to amalgamate the Southern and Western lines, as we published a few days ago. It is needless to say that he was a clear-headed man of business, one of that class of Englishmen in whom enterprise and caution are admirably blended, a class hap-

NEWS OF THE DAY MONTEVIDEO THURSDAY, MARCH 23, 1893. Saint Victorian, Battle of Novara, 1849. 82 days past, 283 to the end of the year. Parliament. In the Chamber of Represent-

pily by no means rare, for to them is often due in a great measure the success of the undertaking with which they are connected. Like such men to be dies in harness, at the moment when the prospects of his Company are brightest. The G. Southern Railway Co. loses in him a trusty counsellor, but its position to-day is well-secured and the Board has other members not inferior to Mr. Barker in talent, integrity and experience.

THE GUN CLUB SPORTING POWDER is second to none in the market. Sportsmen in the country wanting an extra strong, clean powder should insist on their agents obtaining it for them.—To be had in Nos. 2, 4 and 6. Sole Importers, Carlisle Smith and Co., Rincon 23, Montevideo.

LONDON NOTES

THURSDAY, FEB. 16. In the House of Commons yesterday Mr. Logan moved the second reading of the Local Authorities (Voting and Qualification) Bill. This Bill proposes to abolish the property qualification for poor law guardians. Under it, occupiers only are to have votes, and only one vote each within the same union, while every elector will have the right to be elected, and voting is to be by ballot. The Bill, which was received with general favour, passed the second reading without a division. On hearing a statement by Mr. Mundella, Sir James Whitehead withdrew his Railway Rates and Charges Bill.

Repeating yesterday to a large deputation of members of Parliament, introduced by Sir James Whitehead, Mr. Mundella, the President of the Board of Trade, remarked that in the matter of their rates the railway companies had broken faith, and taken a most unwise and unfortunate step. He proposed to give them until Easter to complete their revision, and if by that time they did not meet the reasonable requirements of the trading community he should be prepared to submit to his colleagues in the Government a measure that would have the effect of bringing the companies to their senses.

A great meeting was held in Exeter Hall last evening, under the presidency of Sir J. W. Pease, M.P., to protest against the traffic in opium. The Rev. Hugh Price Hughes and Mr. Caine, M.P., were among the speakers.

Members of the Society of Public Analysts held a special meeting last evening in the rooms of the Chemical Society, Burlington House, and adopted a series of resolutions affirming the urgent necessity for an amendment of the Adulteration Acts.

Messrs. Donald Corrie and Co's steamer Hawarden Castle, which left Capetown on the 8th, returned there yesterday, towing the Shaw, Saville, and Albion royal mail steamship Ionic, which she had met with at sea in a disabled condition with a broken shaft. The Ionic is bound for New Zealand.

A terrible accident has occurred at Deutsch-Pereg in Hungary. While a dance was in progress at the village inn, a cask of petroleum in the cellar beneath exploded. Seventeen persons were burnt to death, and a large number of others injured, many of them seriously.

Yesterday M.M. La Guay and Prévozt were sentenced, the one to five years' imprisonment and 3,000 francs fine, and the other to three years' imprisonment and 100 francs fine, for malversation of the funds of the Amalgamated Dynamite Companies of France. The case of Arton, the agent of the Panama Company, who was associated with them, was left to be dealt with later on.

The Court of Appeal gave an important ruling yesterday in the case of Blackburn v. Mason, bearing on the custom of London stockbrokers. They held that if a London stockbroker regarded as a principal account broker, who was merely acting for a client, and used another man's money for the payment of an agent's debt, it was an unreasonable custom, and unless the defendant stockbrokers in time which would be allowed them could show that the plaintiff was aware of the custom, judgment would be wholly against them.

A curious case, Coxen v. Schofield, came before Mr. Justice North in the Chancery Division. It was an action to set aside a voluntary settlement, and the point was that a boy who had been regarded as the illegitimate child of the late Mr. Frederick Charles Coxen and his wife was now said to be the child of Annie McAndrew, a dressmaker, who went into the box and swore that she gave him up for £1, and that he had always been treated as the child of Mr. and Mrs. Coxen. The hearing had not concluded at the rising of the court.

In the Queen's Bench Division yesterday Mr. Horatio Bottomley concluded his speech for his defence to the charges of conspiring with Sir Henry Isaacs, Mr. Joseph Isaacs, and Mr. Charles Dollman, to defraud the late Hansard Publishing Union Limited. He declared that the Hansard Union owed him many thousands of pounds, and that he was entirely innocent of the charges made against him. Mr. Lawson Walton having addressed the Court on behalf of Dollman, the further hearing was adjourned until to-day.

Lord Justice Lopes and a special jury yesterday commenced the hearing of the divorce suit of Moore v. Moore and Harvey. The petition had been presented by the husband, who alleged misconduct on the part of his wife with his cousin. They both denied the charge, and set up a counter-charge of cruelty, which Mr. Moore denied.

Sir Francis Jeune and a jury continued the hearing of the Drummoud Divorce Suit, evidence being given to support the charge of misconduct against Mr. Drummoud.

At the Mansion House yesterday the hearing of the charges of fraud against Mr. H. C. Barker and Mr. W. Barker was resumed. The Hon. A. Lytton, who presented for the Treasury, in his opening statement alleged fraudulent trading and juggled in the accounts of the bank and the various businesses carried on by the defendants, and called evidence to bear on these allegations. The proceedings were ultimately adjourned.

Sir John Brigg, at Bow-street Police Court yesterday, further investigated the charges brought against Charles Wells, of having fraudulently obtained large sums of money from various persons. Evidence of the methods pursued by the prisoner in including his alleged victims to part with their cash for shares in certain 'inventions' was given, and the case was again adjourned.

Some remarkable evidence was given at an inquest held at Westminster, yesterday, on the body of a girl named Jane Glenn, seventeen years of age. In a box belonging to a man with whom she had lived a number of poisons had been found, but the man averred that the box was always kept locked. The deceased was said to have forced it open. The inquiry was adjourned.

FRIDAY, FEB. 17. Some conversation took place in the House of Lords yesterday with regard to the land question in Wales. The Earl of Kimberley informed the Earl of Donravon that the Prime Minister had declared that during a debate last session a case was made out for a thorough, impartial, and dispassionate inquiry. The need for inquiry was shown by the fact that practically all the Welsh members were agreed upon the matter. Lord Salisbury promised determined opposition to any measure for interfering with private contracts.

In the Commons, Mr. Leveson Gower answered several questions relating to the Ecclesiastical Commission and the Welsh Church, and said that the Government had no power and no intention of controlling the proceedings of the Commissioners. A long and animated discussion followed on a question of privilege raised by the Irish members. Lord Wolmer had in a recent speech asserted that Irish members were being paid by the Liberal party organization, and 'The Times' taking this up, had in an article imputed corruption to those members. Lord Wolmer, on being pressed, showed that he had nothing wherewith to support his statement, and apologized to the Irish party. Members in all parts of the House, including Mr. Balfour and Mr. Courtney, repudiated the charges in 'The Times.' Mr. Balfour expressing a firm conviction, from which he had never wavered, that not one of the Irish members was ever bribed or corrupted for the work he did in the House. A motion declaring that passages in the article constituted a gross breach of the privileges of the House was agreed to without a division. Lord Randolph Churchill, resuming the debate on the motion for leave to introduce the Home Rule Bill, opposed the measure. He was followed by Mr. Ross, Mr. Atherton Jones, Mr. McHugh, Mr. W. Kenny, Mr. Labouchere (who thought that the Government had dealt with the difficulties in a successful manner, but would favour certain amendments in Committee), Col. Waring, and Mr. Campbell Bannerman (who replied for the Government.) On the motion of Mr. Anstruther, the debate was adjourned.

Most of the time at the meeting of the School Board for London yesterday was again occupied with discussion on the religious question, the matter being in the end further adjourned. In a discussion relative to insanitary schools, it was stated by a member that there were 230 schools in an insanitary state, and that it would cost about a quarter of a million of money to put them in order.

Yesterday the Committee of the German Reichstag on the Army Bill rejected the clause providing for the introduction of the two years' service system into the army.

In the French Chamber yesterday an interpellation on the general policy of the Government was presented by M. Leydet. After a lengthy debate an order of the day was voted by a majority of 315 to 186 pledging the Government to maintain the democratic laws and further a purely Republican policy.

Mass was said by the Pope yesterday morning in St. Peter's for the Italian pilgrims. Subsequently six thousand of the latter passed in procession before the Pontifical throne and kissed his Holiness's hands. The Pope supported the fatigue of the ceremony remarkably well.

A Washington Correspondent states that President Harrison's action with regard to the Hawaiian annexation has astonished the whole country and is condemned as an example of unseemly precipitancy. It is believed that there is little chance that the Senate will ratify the treaty before Mr. Harrison's term of office expires.

Yorkshire won the Rugby Football County Championship yesterday at Carlisle, beating Cumberland very easily. At Exeter the Middlesex team were defeated by Devon.

The Emperor of Germany has done a very good-natured thing. The other day he received a letter in a boyish hand, which ran thus: 'Dear Mr. Emperor, I should like to go to college and study theology, but my father has several children, and it is impossible.' The writer was the son of a small manufacturer at Marburg. The worthy tradesman was sent for by the Landrath, to whom Emperor had forwarded the letter for inquiries to be made about his unknown correspondent. Presumably the Landrath's report was favourable, for news has just been received which has filled the heart of the young student of theology with joy. The Emperor has awarded him a scholarship of a hundred marks a year for three years.

Newcastle is this year the town chosen for the annual Tobacco Parliament or Conference of the Federation of Tobacco Associations of the United Kingdom. About thirty delegates in all assembled, and many other persons interested in the trade were present. As Newcastle has now for some century or more been a sort of centre of the tobacco trade and manufacture, the appropriateness of the place of meeting cannot be gainsaid. Some interesting facts were recalled on the occasion. From old lists produced by some of the speakers it appears that in the second decade of the present century only the homely and old-fashioned sorts—shag, returns, and brown twist were in use, but since then 'fancy tobaccos,' sold by the packet or by weight, have come much into vogue. Prices were also subject to great fluctuations, and even the lowest price quoted was far above what is now paid—common shag being ordinary sold at sixpence an ounce, and 'second roll' at eightpence to ninepence. Among the topics discussed was that of Sunday-Closing. The retail members of the trade appeared to be generally in favour of this restriction. It was pointed out that in many towns there are hundreds of tobacconists who persist in opening, and that even if the consent to close by these could be obtained, there would still be public-houses and beer-houses to cope with. It was urged however that this difficulty could be got over by memorialising the authorities to grant to tobacconists, shopkeepers, and publicans alike a licence for only six days.

Tobacco, 'Pioneer Brand.' Sole Agents, Danckelmann and Schrader. Calle 25 de Mayo 233.

COMMERCIAL

STOCK EXCHANGE.

Montevideo, March 22, 1893. No sign of change in the market. \$24,000 Cedulas went at 21.70 and 21.80. \$25,300 Interior Debt at 29.70 and 29.60. 50 Mortgage Bank shares at 6.50. \$6580 Consolidated D. bt at 35.20. No London quotation.

Sales. 1st Ring. Interior Debt. \$2300 cash 29.90 2000 29.80

AFTER HOURS. Consolidated Debt. \$6580 twm 35.20

2nd Ring. Cedulas A. \$20000 twm 21.70 4000 cash 21.80

Mortgage Bank. 50 twm 6.50

Interior Debt. \$20000 Mch. 31 29.60

EXCHANGE.

Bank. Commercial. London 90 d/s. 51 51 1/2 1/2 Paris 90 d/s. 5.34 5.37 1/2 Antwerp 90 d/s. 5.36 5.39 Rio Jan. 18.800 19.100 Buenos Aires 1/2, 2/2, 3/2, prem. par DISCOUNT 6 to 6 1/2 %

BUSINESS NOTES

—Gold opened in B. Aires yesterday at 310 and closed at 306. —Exchange upon London was quoted in Rio Janeiro yesterday at 15 5/8d. per milreis. Jerked beef 480 to 660 reis the kilo. Stock 6,300,000 kilos.

—The 'Eolo' was brought yesterday from B. Aires \$2000 to B. Tejada. —The following were the exports from B. Aires for the first fortnight of March—42712 salted ox and cow and 3564 salted horse hides, 2748 calksins, 24547 bales wool, 1050 sheepskins, 51 do hair, 27 bales lambskins, 2993 bags maize, 162,238 bags wheat, 33,387 bags flour, 74531 do linseed, 2330 bags linseed cake, 3336 pipes tallow, 3343,579 ks quebracho wood, 14157 bales jerked beef, 133430 horns, 8,4724 ks bones and bonesh, 1341 head of cattle, 2860 bags of bran, 112 do rye, 635 do mustard seed, 25,0 do potatoes, 230 mules, 380 bales utria and other skins, 18 cases fees betra, 565 boxes preserved beef, 866 bags dried blood, 2100 sheep, 3590 bales hay, 948 bags oats, 1000 bags powdered beef, 3700 pieces do, 420 boxes tongues, 380 pls mineralis, 24 horses, 30 cks glycerine, 945 bags barley, 3246 do bird seed, 210 bags ash.

Buenos Aires, March 22. Gold, cash, 318. Do. end of month, 308. Empréstito Nacional Interno, cash, 75.20. Consolidada Municipal, cash, 69. Cedulas L, cash, 27.60. Do. M and N, cash, 27.40. Do. O, cash, 27.60. Do. P, cash, 27.40. Do. A. Nacional, oro, cash, 44. Muelle Catalinas, cash, 6.90. Telegráfico telefónica, cash, 60. The Olympo and Montevideo sail.

MARITIME

ARRIVALS AND SAILINGS.

Montevideo, March 22, 1893. —Str. Eolo from B. Aires, 111 pass. —Str. City of Gloucester from Liverpool, for B. Aires. —Str. Dankale Obok from La Plata, for the same. —Str. Iberia for Liverpool, 58 pass. —Str. Sicily for B. Aires. —Str. Regina Margarita from Genoa, 20 pass.

THE CHAMPION

Manufactory of Preserved Foods.

Cuchilla de Juan Fernandez. FEDERICO G. SACARELO Y Cia. MISIONES NUM. 124. Specially refined cow's suet and grease for the use of families. Sole Agent, Francisco Pietra, 25 de Agosto 104.

On sale in all the principal grocery stores. 317 pm.

TEA. TEA.

Extra finest New Season's SOUCHONG JUST ARRIVED.

Botica Inglesa "Hutchinson" Calle 25 de Mayo, esquina Ituzaingo.

TEA. TEA.

Oriental & Platense Telegraph Co. Calle 25 de Mayo, Corner of Zabala, opposite English Bank. Direct Communication with Brazil and all parts of the Argentine Republic.

INTERNATIONAL TELEGRAPHIC CONFERENCES. Telegrams for Europe and North America by three distinct routes.

Via Galveston, by the Central & S. American Telegraph Co. Via Recife, by the S. American Telegraph Co. and the Brazilian Submarine Telegraph Co. Via Antilles, by Le Société Française des Câbles Submarines.

There will shortly be a reduction of the tariff for all parts.

—Str. Eolo for Salto. —Str. Rivadavia for Salto. MAIL STEAMERS LEAVING TO-DAY

—The str. OLYMPO will leave TO-DAY for Buenos Aires and intermediates to Asuncion. Correspondence at G. P. O. till 4.30 p.m. maritime agency 5 p.m.

—The str. MONTEVIDEO will leave TO-DAY for B. Aires and intermediates to Salto. Correspondence at G. P. O. till 4.30 p.m. maritime agency 5 p.m.

OTHER DATES. —The str. LIGURIA will leave March 25 for Sandy Point, Coronel, Talcahuano and Valparaiso. Correspondence at G. P. O. till 8 a.m. maritime agency 9 a.m.

—The str. ESPAGNE will leave March 26 for Rio Janeiro, Bahia, Marseilles, Barcelona, Genoa and Naples.

Scott's Emulsion

All over the world doctors agree in recognising the great superiority of Scott's Emulsion.

Montevideo, August 6, 1891. For many years I have used Scott's Emulsion with notable advantage to anemic and scrofulous patients, and especially women and children. I have also found it most useful in affections of the respiratory organs. This preparation replaces cod liver oil with great advantage, on account of its agreeable taste and rapid digestion.

Dr. Juan Triani. (Beware of imitations & falsifications)

AMUSEMENTS

Solis Theatre. Grand Italian Dramatic Company. 'G. MODENA.' Director, Sr. R. F. Lotti. Debut, April 4.

Nuevo Politeama. (CORNER QUEBUAY AND COLONIA) Italian Opera Company. DIRECTOR, C. P. DE MATTIA. Debut, March 25. 'RUY BLAS' Subscription for 20 functions now open at reduced prices.

AUCTIONS

José B. Gomensoro. Del mobiliario completo perteneciente a Mr. E. D. Greenwood, en su casa calle Coronel Brandisen num. 123, entre Malabrigo y Salispuedes.

EL DOMINGO 26 del corriente Marzo a la una en punto, empezaré a venta a la mas alta postura, por ausentaresu dueño del pais, de todo el completo amueblado en su mayor parte sin uso, que adorna esta casa y es en la: SALA—Un magnifico piano maquina de hierro, con voces excelentes de la fabrica de Ohluden Colon, un rico juego de muebles tapizados de seda, sillitas doradas a fuego, mesitas, etageres, riconeras, jardinerias, consola grande dorada, 1 id mas pequeña, 4 cortinados con galerias cenefas y accesorios, 1 caja de música, cuadros al óleo, alfombrado de tripe Bruselas cortado, 2 bonitas arañas de cristal a gas, lámparas, flores, pintas, bronceos, columnas, muebles de anteacla.

DORMITORIOS—Amueblado completo de nogal camero, alfombrado de tripe, servicios de lavatorio, sillones y sillitas, cuadros, muebles sueltos para dormitorios.

SELOS DE CORREO. Se compra sellos usados de Paraguay, tambien los no usados de la nueva emision, a buenos precios segun los lotes. Tambien se compran sellos usados de Uruguay, Argentina, Brazil y Bolivia, pero solamente de los provisorios y altos valores. Calle 33 num. 61, de 1 a 5 p.m.

ACCOUNTANT AND BOOKKEEPER.

The undersigned offers his services as above. John Sardeson. 252 Calle Uruguay (antes) or English Club. 1541 Mch. 22.

United States and Brazil Mail Steamship Company.

Through to the United States Without change by the American Steamship "ADVANCE"

which will be despatched from Montevideo for NEW YORK, calling at Santos and Rio Janeiro, ON APRIL 1st.

VOYAGE OF 22 DAYS. BRAZIL SERVICE. Regular sailings between Rio de Janeiro and NEW YORK, Calling at Bahia, Pernambuco, Maranham, Para, Barbadoes and St. Thomas

These steamers carry First and Third class passengers and are fitted with every modern improvement for their comfort. Passengers from River Plate Ports are conveyed by any first class steamer they may select and arrangements have now been made allowing them to tranship in Rio immediately on their arrival, should the connecting steamer be in port at the time. (N.B.—The U. S. & B. M. Steamers are usually in port three or four days prior to the date fixed for sailing.) Staterooms and berths will be allotted to passengers here, through to destination.

CONNECTIONS FROM THE RIVER PLATE. The last opportunity for passengers from the Plate to connect with the steamer at Rio as above, will be by the sailing hence on the inst. For freight, passages and other particulars apply to WILLIAMS & Co. Buenos Aires, 328 CUYO. Montevideo, 122 CERRITO.

LLOYD BRAZILEIRO LINEA DEL SUD

Salidas los días 1, 12 y 25 de cada mes EL ESPLENDIDO PAQUETE BRASILEIRO DESTERRO

Saldrá el . . de Marzo a las 8 a. m. con destino a Rio Grande, Pelotas, Porto Alegre, Santa Catalina, San Francisco, Itajahy, Paranaqua, Antonias Cananea, Iguapé, Santos y Rio de Janeiro.

LINEA DE MATTO GROSSO. Salidas, los días 12 y 27 de cada mes. Servicio con los vapores «Rápido», «Diamantino» y «Ladario». EL PAQUETE. RAPIDO

Saldrá el 27 de Marzo a las 5 p.m., con destino a Buenos Aires, Rosario Paraná, La Paz, Esquina, Goya, Bella Vista, Corrientes, Asuncion, Cumbá y Guyabá. Recibe pasajeros, carga, encomiendas y dinero a flete. Por informes dirigirse a la agencia. 129—CALLE PIEDRAS—129.

181 pm. HENRIQUE SA.—Gerente.

Shaw Savill and Albion Company-Limited

FLEET OF STEAMERS. Ionic Doric Coptic Arawa Tainui

The magnificent and comfortable steamers of this Line call at Rio Janeiro on their homeward voyage from New Zealand for Plymouth and London, once a month. All the steamers carry 1st, 2nd, & 3rd, class passengers and are illuminated with electric light.

WANTED—Boy or young assistant. Apply by letter to Mr. L. Jacobson, Bookstore, Ituzaingo 141, must be a well educated, gentlemanly youth. 1557 March 25.

SITUATION WANTED. A young Swiss-Frenchwoman, with excellent references, wants a situation in a family in the city or suburbs, to take charge of the French education of children. Also speaks German and a little Spanish. Understands all kinds of sewing and embroidery work. Moderate salary. Apply by letter to E. M. office of this paper. 1486 Nov 4.

TO LET. In the calle Agraciada, Paso del Molino, a commodious family house, unfurnished, with a small garden attached. For particulars apply «D. A.» this office. 1552.

GUN FOR SALE; double barrel, central fire, 16 bore, nearly new, in case, with all appurtenances for shooting. Cheap. Apply Calle Chaná No. 94. 549 Mch. 23.

TO LET, Comfortable house of ten rooms, new, every convenience, situated at Calle Cuareim 17, Aguada. Keys and particulars to be had on enquiry at Calle Agraciada No. 436 a. Low rent accepted. English tenants preferred. 1547.

TO BE SOLD, The well-known Café and Restaurant established in the Bolsa building, the owner no longer being to attend to it. For terms apply at the Café itself, ZABALA 63, 549 Mch. 23.

TO LET—Two furnished rooms in the house of an English family, suitable for single gentlemen or married couple. Board if required. Apply Muelle 118. 1526.

TO LET, furnished, sitting and bed-room, also one or two bed rooms, suitable for single gentlemen. Trams convenient for town and the bathing stations. Calle Queguay 302. 1498 Apr. 16.

TO BE LET, a house situated two squares from the Corden station of the Union tram, containing large sala, patio with moveable claraboya, office, dining room, four large bedrooms, bath room, and servant's accommodation. Has gas and water laid on, also algabe. For particulars apply by letter to J. Saunders, English Club. 1546.

SELOS DE CORREO. Se compra sellos usados de Paraguay, tambien los no usados de la nueva emision, a buenos precios segun los lotes. Tambien se compran sellos usados de Uruguay, Argentina, Brazil y Bolivia, pero solamente de los provisorios y altos valores. Calle 33 num. 61, de 1 a 5 p.m.

ARRIVES FROM SALTO and intermediates every Thursday. These commodious steamers take passengers, cargo, parcels and specie for all the above points of call. The steamer LABRADOR sails every Tuesday for La Colonia, Conchillas, Dolores, Nuevo Berlin and ports on the Uruguay without calling at Buenos Aires. Takes passengers and cargo. Returns on Sundays.

For further particulars apply to the agent— ERNESTO JULIA 178—CALLE PIEDRAS—178 189 pm.

TO LET. With or without board, three comfortably furnished rooms, with windows to the street. Table d'hôte (breakfast and dinner). Excellent cooking. Moderate terms. Apply 143 Calle Colon. 1492.

Frederick John Leeming.—Information wanted of the whereabouts of F. J. Leeming, aged about 29. Was last heard of some 2 years ago employed under Mr. Walker in the Dock works at Buenos Aires. Apply to Mr. A. J. P. Dutton, Sarandí 130.

Lands for Sale.

In the province of Santa Fé, Argentine Republic. The camps are excellent for stock raising having superior grasses, permanent waters and abundant shade. The lands would be sold in lots of one kilometre league (2500 hectares) and over. Price \$6000 (Argentine) gold per kilometre league. If preferred arrangements can be made for payment in instalments on easy terms. For further information apply to Gerente de la compañía inglesa de tierras, San Cristobal, Provincia de Santa Fé, Republica Argentina. 644 Apr. 10.

Lampport & Holt's Line. LIVERPOOL, BRAZIL & RIVER PLATE STEAMERS. Regular service between Antwerp and the River Plate. The Steamers of the Lampport and Holt Line leave this port regularly on every alternate Monday of each month, taking first and third class passengers, cargo and specie, for all their ports of call. The steamer DRYDEN will sail the 1st March for ANTWERP and LIVERPOOL. The steamer WORDSWORTH will sail the 25th March for MADEIRA, SOUTHAMPTON, ANTIWERP and LONDON. The steamer BELLENA will sail the 1st April for LIVERPOOL. The steamer BELLENDEN will sail the 11th April for ANTIWERP and LIVERPOOL. The Company's steamers leave Rio Janeiro regularly every Saturday for New York. Agents in Montevideo C. R. Horne & Co. Calle Piedras 138. 117 pm. LA PLATENSE. FLOTILLA COMPANY LIMITED. ITINEARIO A REGIMEN HASTA NUEVA AVISO. SALIDAS DE MONTEVIDEO. Domingo Eolo para Buenos Aires y Uruguay. Lunes Cosmos para Buenos Aires y Uruguay. Miércoles Eolo para Buenos Aires. Jueves San Martin para Buenos Aires y Asuncion. Viernes Eolo para Buenos Aires. Sábado Venus para Buenos Aires y Uruguay. P. Christopherson. 144-Piedras-144 121 pm. Lands for Sale. In the province of Santa Fé, Argentine Republic. The camps are excellent for stock raising having superior grasses, permanent waters and abundant shade. The lands would be sold in lots of one kilometre league (2500 hectares) and over. Price \$6000 (Argentine) gold per kilometre league. If preferred arrangements can be made for payment in instalments on easy terms. For further information apply to Gerente de la compañía inglesa de tierras, San Cristobal, Provincia de Santa Fé, Republica Argentina. 644 Apr. 10.

MAUÁ DRY DOCK

MONTEVIDEO Receives vessels at reasonable rates. There are workshops at the dock, for executing quickly and economically every description of repairs, to the hull or machinery of iron or wooden vessels.

Apply to The Montevideo Gas Co., Ltd., Calle 25 de Mayo No. 338. Thos. F. Lane, General Manager. 125 pm.

Danckelman and Schrader English Tobacco Store. 233-Calle 25 de Mayo-233 MONTEVIDEO. Large stock of English and North American tobaccos and cigarettes.

Parisian House HATS AND LATEST NOVELTIES FOR LADIES AND CHILDREN. Nos. 100A and 100B. Calle San José. (Between Convencion and Arapey.)

This house receives permanently all the latest requisites, such as alpaca feathers, Ribbons, velvet, tulle, laces, and every other material necessary for making Hats and Bonnets.

J. S. GONTHARET (HATTER) and CO. 100A-CALLE SAN JOSÉ-100B. MONTEVIDEO. t476Mch.16.

W. MEIKLE Y CA. 64-CERRO-LARGO-64 INTRODUCTORES. Hierros de todas clases, para herreros, carpinteros, etc. como tambien tirantes y vigas de fierro para construcciones, azulejos, inodoros, etc., etc.

English Drapery Store First class assortment of English soft goods, dress materials, hosiery, habadashery, linen, tweeds and cashmeres. New seasons goods.

CALLENDER AND Co. 142-Calle Sarandi-142 (CORNER OF ZABALA) MONTEVIDEO 105 pm.

CRAUFORD COLLEGE. Maidenhead, Berks, England. HEAD MASTER THE REV. EDWARD DE EWER.

The attention of parents who desire a good English education for their sons, and a happy home is directed to the above establishment. The house is spacious, the situation high and very healthy. Terms inclusive and moderate.

WM. SPEERS Esq. Superintendent of the S. Paulo Railway. S. Paulo, Brazil. Prospectuses on application to Editor of this paper. 459 July 1. 93

Fine Teas Port and Sherry Wines. Whiskies, best marks. Gold-plated Jewelry. Varnishes and Paints. COOKING STOVES, &c. &c. On Sale by J. A. EASTON. 145-Calle Juncal-115.

Banco de Londres y Brazil

Capital suscrito... £ 1.250,000 Id. integrado. £ 750,000 Fondo de reserva.. £ 500,000 SUCURSAL EN MONTEVIDEO, ZABALA 85 Gira letras de cambio sobre las siguientes plazas

Agencia Inglesa de Seguros DE N. GODDARD 53 CALLE SOLIS 53 (ALTOS) Seguros Contra Incendio. COMPANIA NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE SEGUROS MARÍTIMOS Y FLUVIALES Compania British & Foreign 78 pm

A LOS ESTANCIEROS EL ÚNICO REMEDIO INFALIBLE PARA CURAR LA SARNA, MATAR GARRAPATAS, GUSANOS Y OTROS INSECTOS EN OVEJAS Y CORDEROS, ES ESPECIFICO DE GLICERINA (NO ENVENENA) Puede usarse con agua fria

Bariles de 400 lb. cada uno. Tambores de 20 lbs. y 50 lbs. Especifico de Hayward en polvos El mejor, mas BARATO, Mas seguro y CONVENIENTE Tomlinson & Hayward, Lincoln, England. UNICOS INTRODUCTORES

Bell, Towers y Ca. Calle 25 de Agosto números 101 al 109 MONTEVIDEO 202 pm.

JOHN ADAMS BUILDER AND CONTRACTOR. All classes of repairs for Masons, Carpenters, Painters or Upholsterers, undertaken and executed by competent workmen, at moderate prices. Office,-54 Plaza Cagancha. Works,-Cerrito 135.

THE ACCUMULATION POLICY OF THE New York Life Insurance Company. THE LATEST ADVANCE IN LIFE INSURANCE A Policy with BUT A SINGLE CONDITION, namely, THE PAYMENT OF PREMIUMS, and WITH NO RESTRICTIONS WHATSOEVER.

SCHWEPPE'S SODA WATER Demarchi, Parodi and Co. 271--CERRITO--271. 4530

THE MONTEVIDEO TIMES DAILY MORNING PAPER ESTABLISHED MARCH, 1888 Circulates in Montevideo and the Republic of Uruguay, Buenos Aires and the Argentine Republic, Europe and the United States.

British Bank of South America, Limited.

ESTABLISHED, 1863 Capital subscribed. £ 1,000,000 Do. paid up. 500,000 Reserve Fund. 300,000 London Buenos Aires Montevideo Rio de Janeiro Santos San Paulo

The Anglo-Argentine Bank, Limited. London: 15 Nicolas Lane, E. C. Buenos Aires: 486--Piedad--494 Montevideo, Calle Zabala 82

Capital subscribed. £ 450,000 Do. Paid up. " 200,000 Reserve Fund. " 5,000 CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened with commercial Firms and private individuals. DEPOSITS RECEIVED at sight and for fixed periods.

London and River Plate Bank, Limited. London, 52 Moorgate Street; Paris, 16 Rue Halévy Buenos Aires, Montevideo, Rosario de Santa-Fé Rio de Janeiro and Paysandú

Authorized Capital. £ 2,000,000 Subscribed Capital. 1,500,000 Reserve Fund. £ 800,000 Current Accounts opened with Commercial Firms and private individuals.

THE REVIEW OF THE RIVER PLATE A Weekly Gazette devoted to Railways, Banking, Shipping, Insurance and Investments. Offices, Piedad 559, Buenos Aires.

Fluido Quibell SIN VENENO Para curar la Sarma en las Ovejas Premiado en la Exposicion Internacional de Tasmania de 1892 con el Primer Premio Especial de Medalla de Oro

ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET COMPANY REGULAR FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE

"TAMAR" Captain T. K. EXHAM Will leave on the 31st of March, 1893, for SANTOS, RIO JANEIRO, BAHIA, PERNAMBUCO, LAS PALMAS, LISBON, VIGO, SOUTHAMPTON and ANTWERP.

Royal Mail Steam Packet Company. SPECIAL NOTICE The Company's Splendid Steamer "ELBE," Captain A. E. BELL. Will leave on 28th April Direct for LISBON, VIGO, SOUTHAMPTON and ANTWERP.

AGENCIA INGLESA DE SEGUROS PHOENIX ASSURANCE Co. DE LONDRES ESTABLECIDA EN 1782 (Compania de Seguros contra incendios) INDEMNITY Mutual Marine Insurance Co. Ltd. (Compania de Seguros Maritimos y Fluviales).

JOSEPH GILLOTT'S STEEL PENS. Participamos a los estancieros y al comercio en general, que con fecha 1.º de Marzo de 1893 hemos sido nombrados unicos Agentes en la Republica del Uruguay para los Polvos samífugos de Cooper

EXTRACTOS de ZENO & Co. PARA EL PAÑUELO. PROBARLOS ES ADOPTARLOS. 16, Rathbone Place, Londres, y todos los buenos establecimientos.

THE CHILDREN CRY FOR SCOTT'S EMULSION OF COD-LIVER OIL WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES OF LIME AND SODA. Because it is as pleasant to the taste as milk, and they like it: and their constitutions call for the nutritive and fortifying qualities of this medicine.

The Greatest Blessing of Life

Professor H. WINTER

THE GREAT AMERICAN-INDIAN EXPERT

Who warrants the cure of Hard and Soft Corns, Bunions, Chills, Ingrowing Nails and Warts, guarantees to take them out without pain or drawing blood, and further, guarantees to perform a perfect cure.

MR. WINTER'S fame is spoken of in the highest terms by various well-known gentlemen who have suffered for years with corns, and on whom he has operated. He is now on his tour round the world, and has just arrived from Australia, via the Straits Settlements, Rangoon, Calcutta, Mauritius, Port Elizabeth, Kimberley, Johannesburg, Cape Town, Bordeaux, Marseilles, Rio de Janeiro, Santos, San Pablo, Rio Grande, Pelotas, Porto Alegre, B. Aires, Cordoba and Mendoza, Santiago and has arrived at Montevideo and will remain here until the 1st of April at the

HOTEL CENTRAL

CUARTO N.º 5, 25 DE MAYO 245

and will leave for Lima. Those who are suffering from these complaints will please call at once and see for themselves.

CONSULTATIONS FREE OF CHARGE

Consulting Hours for Ladies and Gentlemen from 8 to 2

Those who wish Mr. WINTER to visit them will please send address and he will call on them on Mondays and Fridays between 2 and 5 p.m.

CHARGES MODERATE

551 Mch. 31.

Scott Stamp and Coin Co., Limited.

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Largest dealers in America in postage stamps and coins. Complete illustrated catalogue of postage stamps, containing 400 pages and 3500 illustrations, 50 cents post free. Postage Stamp Albums, the best in the world, at all prices. Our Packets of stamps are a specialty. We purchase and pay the highest prices for all kinds of South American stamps. 40 page price list free on application. March 31.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Especially in English style goods, ready made or made to order. A supply of English leather recently received. Moderate prices. M. PATRUSO. 25 de Mayo 191 (opposite the English Bank.) 280 pm.

Ferro-Carril Central del Uruguay

Se avisa al público que con motivo de las fiestas de Semana Santa, y deseando la Compañía ofrecer toda facilidad a los que quieran aprovechar de estas fiestas para salir a Campaña, se hace una rebaja en los precios de pasajes de Central a las siguientes Estaciones y regirá la siguiente tarifa especial:

Table with 3 columns: Station, 1.ª clase, 2.ª clase. Rows include Santa Lucia ida y vuelta, 25 de Agosto, San José, Durazno, Rio Negro, Pando, Minas, San Ramon, Nico Perez.

Estos boletos se venderán los días 23, 30 y 31 del corriente y servirán para regresar en cualquier tren ordinario hasta el Martes 4 de Abril inclusivo. Montevideo, Marzo 16 de 1893. La Administracion.

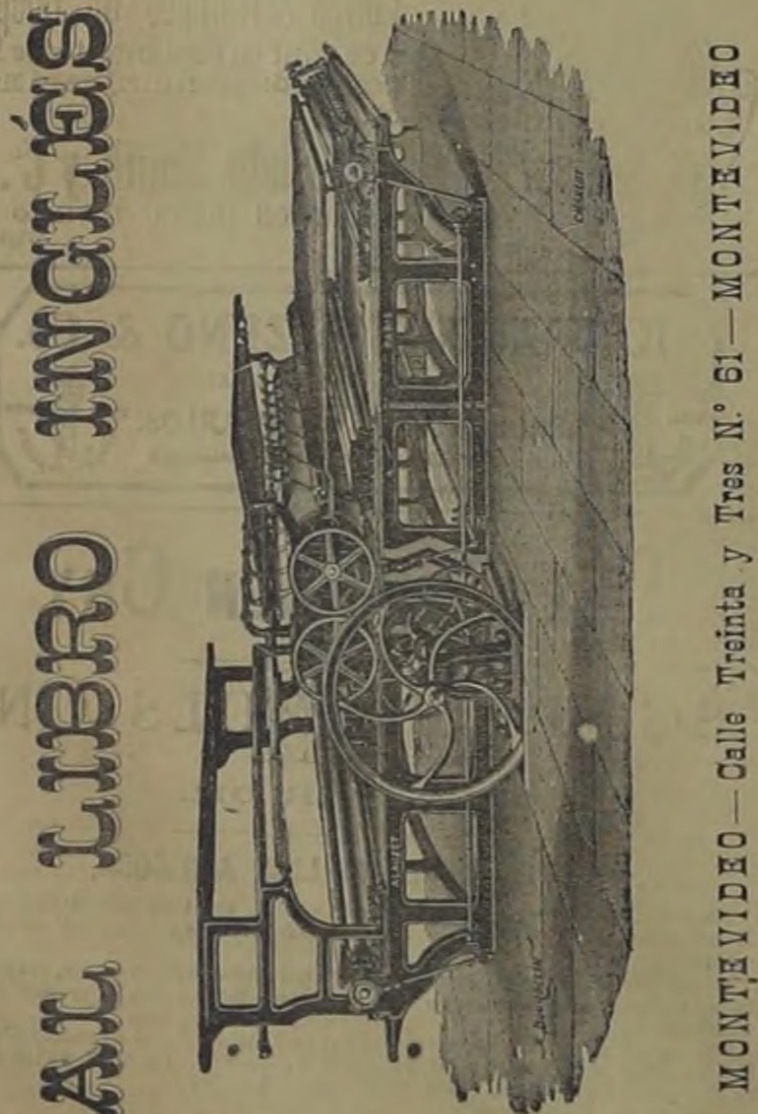
554 March 31.



English Steam Printing Offices

61-Calle Treinta y Tres-61

This printing establishment has a complete assortment of new type, cuts, borders, etc., etc., and having the newest machinery is prepared to undertake any orders in printing, ruling, perforation, numeration and book-binding.



Blank Books ruled and bound to order

Albums for Music, Scrap Albums, Port-folios, etc. Speciality in coloured Rulings

PRICES VERY MODERATE

All orders carefully and promptly executed, workmanship guaranteed

G. SCHWENGEL.

A Faulty Heroine.

A STORY, BY NORA M. MARSH.

I

The vicar walked quickly down the lane. He saw a figure in front of him that he knew, and he wanted to overtake it. If you had observed very keenly, you would have seen that the girl in front of him gave a slight start just before he came up with her, and walked on a trifled faster. It was of no use, and she faced him with a nervous little air of either dislike or embarrassment.

The vicar did not seem to take it as the former. 'Have you finished your district, Miss Payne?' he began, and distributed all your tracts? with a mischievous glance at the parcel she was carrying, which to any but masculine eyes would have betrayed itself at once as millinery of some description. Edith Payne blushed slightly, and said mischievously— 'Do you read Sartor Resartus, Mr. Gray?'

'In my young days I did,' returned he wickedly. Edith gave him a look: 'took stock,' as we say. The man before her could stand inspection. Tall straight, and strong, he might have stood for a model of one of Kingsley's muscular Christians. The brown hair and eyes and the short beard did not show a man of more than thirty-five, if so much.

Edith laughed, and replied demurely— 'Well, I am applying the principles of Sartor Resartus now in looking after these essentials—clothes. Should I be other than those of my district if dressed like them, do you think, Mr. Gray?' she went on mischievously. Next time I go to see my poor people, I am going to try the virtues of a summer hat.

Mr. Gray smiled somewhat absently. 'I don't think,' he said, after a pause, 'dress makes much difference to you; to me you always look the same.'

Something in his manner caused Edith to look up suddenly, and then she dropped her eyes even more quickly, and a hot colour flushed her cheeks. Ashamed of having perhaps misconstrued such very simple words, and ashamed of the blush, she began with a little nervous laugh— 'Oh, Mr. Gray, how dreadful! Always the same! How exceedingly monotonous! Fancy living with anyone who looked always the same! Why, you would be bound to quarrel, to make some change.'

'I should like to try the experiment,' began the vicar, with a keen look and a mischievous smile. 'Do you not think—' 'Hurry, hurry, Edith; we want you!' exclaimed a shrill voice at this moment; 'it's come at last. Hurry, now do!'

Mr. Gray had known the Paynes some years, but had not seen much of them until Edith took a district under his directions, and began to bestir herself in good works generally. Edith had not been specially easy to make friends with, he thought; there were plenty of ladies who found it impossible to get through their work without endless consultations with the vicar, but Miss Payne had seemed specially independent. Her work was chiefly among factory girls, of whom a considerable number worked in her father's factory, and in a large and flourishing Band of Hope, that had grown by degrees from a handful of Sunday scholars to a large meeting, chiefly supported by voluntary contributions, and not specially attached to any church or chapel.

Edith's independence was owing to several causes. In the first place, the Paynes' position was a little peculiar, the mother and father were Dissenters, and the children had been brought up as such. By-and-by they moved farther out into the country, away from the smoke of the large town of Middleford, which, as well-informed people know, is one of the most go-ahead of all Midland towns.

So it came to pass that though Edith taught factory girls and lectured to street Arabs, she lived in a lane, and the pretty country house known as 'The Fields' was her home. The factory being within the bounds of Mr. Gray's parish, he soon, not unnaturally, came to know of Edith's work in it, and also, very naturally, it often happened that the evening services in the old church were often attended by the sisters than the little chapel five miles away in the town.

Mr. Payne simply made the vicar welcome as an agreeable, well-educated guest, an industrious worker in the cause of the poor, a thoroughly honest man, an excellent companion for his boys and girls. He thought the vicar's theological principles no more a bar to his hospitality than the Conservatism of his old friend who lived over the way, though he, Mr. Payne, was a staunch Liberal.

Mr. Gray's sentiments on the subject of the Payne family may appear in the course of this history; so far, he does not appear to be indifferent to one of the daughters, at any rate.

'I am to congratulate you then, Miss Eleanor; you have kept the secret well,' said the vicar, with a keen glance of admiration, and with a heavy shake of the hand, as he entered the drawing-room at 'The Fields.'

Eleanor Payne, a tall handsome

Hotel Universal

JUAN ERASUN

Es-propiador of the Hotel Español

CALLERITUZAINO, CORNER OF PIEDRAS (Next door to the Gibils Theatre)

From to-day I beg to offer to the public and my numerous customers this large establishment recently fitted up on a par with the finest hotels in the Capital, unexcelled in its culinary department and the elegance and comfort of its rooms and unequalled in the cleanliness, promptitude and cheapness of its service.

Travellers are charged for breakfast, dinner and bedroom on the street, \$1.50 per day. Besides the bedrooms, all of which overlook the street, the establishment has several commodious and independent suites of rooms suitable for families at the same moderate prices.

The very place for commercial travellers and merchants, who will here find themselves surrounded by the most important commercial and industrial houses.

Twyford & Co.

CALE 25 DE MAYO, 276 ESQUINA TREINTA Y TRES

Great Clearance Sale of Muslins, Sunshades, Straw Hats, Costumes, Underlinen, etc.

We have recently received a supply of flannel for men's and ladies' clothing at 70 cents the yard.

Twyford and Co. Corner of 25 de Mayo and Treinta y Tres. Hot and cold baths, shower baths, etc.

Prince & Hill

North American Dentists

MONTEVIDEO 187pm.



Artificial Teeth, with or without plates, also fillings of all kinds. Pivot Teeth, gold crowns, and everything pertaining to either operative or mechanical Dentistry. Laughing gas for the painless extraction of teeth. First-class work at reasonable prices.

163-Calle Camaras-163 (Esquina Buenos Aires.)

The English School

194-SORIANO-194

Head Master, Thos. Jeffries Ash.

The Course of instruction includes first class ENGLISH, SPANISH, FRENCH, MATHEMATICS, DRAWING, etc. No extras for languages. Boarders, Half-boarders, and Day pupils received. References given and required.

Applications to Mr. Ash, English Club, or at the School. Feb. 1st, the classes resume work on Feb. 1st. 309 pm.

Buenos Aires English High School

Calle Universidad and Herrera. Pupils of both sexes as Boarders, Half-Board, and Day Pupils

NOTICE—Reduction of Fees for 1891—The Rector begs to intimate that the fees of this School will from the beginning of Session 1891 be reduced to a paper basis and made chargeable monthly as follows: Board, from 59 \$m per month. Half Board from \$30 do. General fees from 10 to 20 \$o. Day scholars from 10 to 20 \$o. Extras from 5 to 10 \$o. A. Watson Hutton, M. A. etc. Rector.

The Salvation Army.

Territorial Head quarters Staff Cap. Bedford Casilla de Correo 422 Buenos Aires. Calle Colon 118.

Divisional officer for Montevideo Adjutant Russell. Donations of food, clothes and money thankfully received for work among the poor. Persons desiring workmen by the hour, day, or permanently should apply to Adjutant Russell. Cheques can be sent direct to the London and R. P. Bank, made payable to Staff Cap. Bedford, or to Adjutant Russell, but Donations, Correspondence, food, clothes, etc., should be sent to the Divisional Officer in Montevideo.

The Rio News.

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY. (Established 1873; Reorganized 1879) The only English newspaper published in Brazil.

Circulates widely throughout Brazil and in foreign markets interested in Brazilian trade and investments. Special attention given to the publication of commercial and financial information, market reports, exchange, stock transactions, official acts affecting commerce and industry, etc., etc.

An exceptionally good medium for first class advertisements. Foreign subscriptions: £2 per annum. Advertisements: 1 inch, 30 shillings per quarter, 24 shillings each additional inch. For further particulars, address the Proprietor: A. J. Lamoureux, Caixa A, Rio de Janeiro.

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Prices Current

IMPORTS

(NOTE.—The figures in the first column denote the prices when duty paid, those in the second column the prices in bond.)—March 20.

ABSINTHE—Per doz. Silliman . \$ 10.60 Nolly & Prat 10.50 Other marks, 10 to 12 5.00 to 6.30

ALCOHOL—Terceros de 463 litres N. American . 50 to 45 German .

BEER—and Stout, per doz. Bass boar 1 1/2 5.00 2.85 Guinness boar, 1 1/2 5.00 2.85 4 horses 1 1/2 5.00 2.85 Imperial 1 1/2 4.50 2.70 1 1/2 4.50 2.70

Culmbach leg. 1 1/2 4.50 2.40 Bulldog 2 1/2 5.10 3.00 Milwaukee 1 1/2 4.50 2.80 1 1/2 4.50 2.80 Pilsener 1 1/2 nom 1.00 Crystaline 1 1/2 4.30 2.20 1 1/2 4.70 2.60

BISCUITS—per case. Superior large tins . 2.50 1.70 Ordinary . 2.00 1.25 Inferior small tins . 0.45 0.225

BRANDY—in cases, per doz. Hennessy V.O. . 17.50 13.50 Hennessy (***). . 16.00 12.50 Hennessy (*) . 13.00 9.00 Martell (**) . 13.50 9.20 Martell (*) . 12.00 8.50 Eckshaw's No. 1 . 17.00 13.00 Dry Old . 15.50 11.50 Grand fine Champagne. 16.00 13.00 Other marks. 7.50 to 15 4.00 to 11.00

CHAMPAGNE—per doz. Cliquot 1 1/2 22.00 19.00 1 1/2 24.00 21.00 Monopole dry 1 1/2 12 12 Carte Blanche 1 1/2 14.50 11.00 Spurtsmao 1 1/2 16.00 12.50 Other marks. 10.00 to 28.00 6.20 to 16.00

CANDLES—Composite, per packet. Family 0.170 0.110 Common, Nos. 4, 5, 6, 0.130 0.077

CHEESE—Van Rossum . per doz. \$ — — Langelan — — Other classes — —

CHOCOLATE—Ménier per kilo 0.900 0.570 La Gallega >> 0.720 0.560 La Fior >> 0.640 0.480 La Española >> Fenix Guatemala >> 0.700 0.480 CINNAMON—Per kilo. Ground 0.75 0.31 In sticks 0.33 0.21 CLOVES—Per kilo. 0.480 0.420

COFFEE—Mocha per 10 kl. . . 7.730 — CODFISH—Per case 11 to 10.25 8 to 7.00 GIN—Langelan per 15 bott 10.00 4.00 Three Anchors >> 9.00 3.00

HAM—Superior per lb . . 0.48 0.30 Good 0.37 0.25 Ordinary 0.34 0.22

KEROSENE—per box. Refined 2.200 to 1.200 Common 2.050 to 1.050

LOBSTERS—canned, per doz. Morton 11.20 6.40 Other marks 10.00 5.50

MARSHES—per gross Wax, Dellacha 0.95 Wooden 0.450

MINERAL WATERS—per case St. Gallier 12.50 8.50 Vichy 13.00 9.30 Seltzer 10.00 7.00 Bonnesfont 17.00 10.00 Friedlshacher 13.00 10.80 Jooches 18.00 14.00 Pougès 13.00 9.30 Apollinaris. 50 1/2 bot — —

MUSTARD—English . 1.80 to 3.50 1.55 to 3.00 French . 1.80 to 2.10 1.30 to 1.70

PEPPER—Red, per 10 k. 3.225 to 3.187 2.270 to 2.175 Whole, per 10 kilos . 3.250 2.20 Ground, per kilo . . 0.65 0.50

PRUSSIAN BLUE—Per case 0.50 0.40

OLIVE OIL—French in bottles, per doz. Plagniol 4.60 3.50

OLIVES, per keg. 1 1/2 @ 0.700 0.500 1 1/2 @ — —

OYSTERS—canned, per doz. Kemp & Day 6.80 to 7.00 3.30 to 3.00 Murray 9.00 4.50 Other marks 5.00 3.50

PICKLES—per doz. English . 2.60 to 3.20 1.50 to 2.00 French . 2.60 to 3.70 1.50 to 2.40

RICE—per 10 kilos. Italian extra 1.176 to 1.219 0.717 to 0.76 Indian good 1.025 to 1.00 0.58 to 0.55 ordinary 0.550 Japan 1.1875 0.750

RUM, in cases. Jamaica, extra, 12 50 to 15.00 8.50 to 10.50 Fine. 10.50 to 12.00 6.00 to 7.50 Ordinary. 8.50 to 9.50 4.00 to 5.50

Martineque. Sap. 8.00 to 10.00 3.50 to 5.50 SARDINES—in tins, per 4 1/2 French . 0.45 0.210 to 0.205 Spanish . 0.46 0.190

SAUCES—per doz. Lea and Perrins 4.60 3.40 Other marks 3.30 to 2.44 — SCHNAPPS—per doz. Gayen 4.00 1.70 Petters 4.30 — Van Rossum 4.00 —

SOAP—per 10 kilos. Malaga 3.50 2.40 Italian — —

STARCH—per 10 kilos. Maize, Magnolia . . 1.950 1.180 > Clement 1.950 1.180 > Juan Shaw 1.950 1.180

RICE, Remy per 10 kl. > Cat 2.050 1.350 > Crocodile 2.005 1.300 > Patterson 2.005 1.300

SUGAR—per 10 kilos. Refined & kegs. Paris Say Pils. . 1.872 1.18 to 1.110 > Le Baudy — — Rotterdam — —

European, in bags. French, white 1.676 to 1.70 1.75 to 1.90 German, do. 1st . 1.610 0.1550 do. do. 2nd — —

European, in cases. French 2.050 1.310 German 1.920 1.180

TABLE SALT—per doz. 1.90 1.40 Tea—per lb. Superior 1.20 1.10 Good 1.00 0.90 Common 0.34 0.22

TOBACCO—per 10 kilos. N. American 1.25 to 2.05

VINEGAR—Per demi, of 16 to 17 litres — 0.025

WHISKY—Bottles, per case . 12.00 to 9.90 7.50 to 5.50 Jars, per doz 15.60 11.00

BARRACA GOODS

CAUSTIC SODA—per English cwt. English, duty pd. 3.10 — COAL—per ton on board, Cardiff 6.25 to 6.00 Scotch House 5.00 to 6.00 Newcastle Smiths Nuts, Coke Foundry, 7.50

GALVANIZED IRON—Per 40 kilos duty paid. 3.900 do in bond 3.000

LUMBER—on board, White Pine, deck & per 1000 st. on board . 2nd. quality . do — Select — Clear — Pitch Pine, general assort — Spruce —

PORTLAND CEMENT—per barrel. Elephant, 300 lb. duty pd. 3.00 to 2.90 Crown 300 do Gresham 300 do 3.00 to 2.90

POTASH—English, per cwt. landed 2.30 RESIN—per 128 kilos, duty pd. M 5.00 4.40 K 4.80 4.20 G — H 4.60 4.00

ROMAN CEMENT—Per barrel, duty pd. 2.00 1.35 ROUGH SALT (Cádiz) Per fanega, on board 0.60 to 0.65

TILES—Per 1000, on board, Roofing, — Flooring, — French —

WIRE—per roll of 46 kilos landed. Iron fencing, Nos. 5 and 6, \$1.625 to 1.60 d/y Steel do. Nos. 7, 8, and 9, 1.70

EXPORTS

BARLEY—per fanega. For brewing . . . \$ 1.80 to 1.90 Inferior 1.50 to 1.60 Chilean —

BIRDSEED—Per @ 0.45 to 0.60