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# The Montevideo Times

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VOL. VIII.

MONTEVIDEO, THURSDAY, MARCH 9, 1893.

No. 1078.

## PROFESSIONAL AND BUSINESS CARDS

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**CORNELIO VAN DOMSELAAR**—Chartered Public Accountant. Calle Asamblea 86b. Office, Calle Rincon No. 4, attos. 222pm.

**ANDRES LLOBET**, Civil Engineer, Calle Florida N.º 120.

**FRANCISCO E. CORDERO**—Public Notary.—Escibano Publico.—Misiones 172. 811 pm.

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**NEW BOOKS** received in the Libreria Europea, L. Jacobsen & Co., Itzaingó 141.—Braddon, "Gerard." 1. Raikes "Life in Him Yets." 20. Burnand, "Real Adventures of Robinson Crusoe." 130. Cox, "Conrath and Palenzy." 550. Zola, "The Downfall." 120. Doyle, "Sign of Four." 120. Mistford, "Tweed Snow and Fire." 120. Allen, "The Duchess of Powysland." 120. Young, "Indian Wigwags." 120. Cricket Annual 1892, 0.80. Clowes, "Captains of the Mary Rose." 2. Burgin, "His Lordship, and Others." 120.

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## The Montevideo Times

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Sole Proprietor and Editor.  
W. H. DENSTONE.

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## The Montevideo Times

MONTEVIDEO, MARCH 9, 1893.

### WHO MAKES THE LAWS?

Are the laws of this Republic made by the Legislative Chambers or by the Executive?

This not the first time we have had to ask this question during the present administration, and on the present occasion the enquiry is caused by a declaration made by the Minister of Government, in the Chamber of Representatives, to the effect that the Executive would not accept certain modifications indicated by the opponents of the Electoral Reform Bills.

We are not unacquainted with the Constitution of the Republic and the modes of legislation practised in constitutionally governed countries, and, reposing on these, we have yet to learn that the Executive has the slightest choice in the matter. We have always understood that the Executive was compelled to accept (with a limited power of veto) and put in force any Law passed by the Chambers in due form. In such matters it is servant, not master. It may be in the power of the Executive to present Bills or to propose modifications in existing Laws, but there its faculty ceases. For the Executive to say that it would not accept certain modifications approved by the Chamber, seems to us a usurpation of power which does not belong to it.

It is possible, however, that the Minister of Government may have merely intended to say that the Executive would not incorporate the modifications referred to in its official proposals, which is a vastly different matter. If this be the case, he should have expressed himself more clearly. This is not the first time that the dictatorial form of his expressions has given rise to the implication that the Executive entertains the intention of dictating to the Chambers what is to be sanctioned and what rejected. Such an attitude, assumed by an Executive confessedly at war with the whole public opinion of the country, is dangerous in the extreme, and between that and open dictatorship there is a distinction without a difference. If the Executive is to decide what laws or modifications are to be passed or rejected, the work of the Chambers becomes entirely superfluous, and they might speedily be abolished to the benefit of the national treasury.

There is, however, another alternative yet. The Minister of Government, in saying that the Executive would not accept certain modifications, might possibly have meant to insinuate that if the said modifications were sanctioned by the Chamber, the Executive would resign sooner than put them in force. Such would be the procedure in countries under parliamentary rule, where the acceptance of a radical measure disapproved by the government leads to a change in the latter, no government being able to remain in office contrary to popular vote. If such were the Minister's meaning, we welcome it heartily, and our anxiety to see the modifications passed will be increased tenfold, for we could only regard the resignation of Government as an unmitigated boon. We are sadly afraid, however, that such is not the case. Dr. Herrera has openly declared himself inaccessible to public opinion, and after presiding for three years in defiance of it, it is hardly to be expected that he would yield to it now. If the popular disapprobation of his measures had anything whatever to do with the matter, his presidency would have terminated long ago. But loyal obedience to the will of the people, although the first factor in the great mother Republic of North America, as it is in monarchical England, is a quite

unknown factor in its pretended imitations in the River Plate.

We need hardly say, in conclusion, that the modification which the Executive refuses to accept, was the elimination of the Jefes Politicos from the Electoral Boards. As Dr. Herrera will be out of office in twelve months, this matter should be of no personal interest to him, and should most properly be left to the decision of the Chambers and of public opinion. But the very obstinacy of the Executive on this point is clear proof that neither its interests nor its intentions are legitimate or honest, and this should only strengthen the opposition.

In the meantime some independent Deputy has an excellent opportunity to ask the Minister of Government to give an explanation of a phrase which, as it stands, seems to indicate a usurpation on the part of the Executive of the prerogatives of the legislative Body, and a treasonable disregard of the Constitution.

## NEWS OF THE DAY

**MONTEVIDEO**  
THURSDAY, MARCH 9, 1893  
Saints Francisco and Cyril. Wm. Cobbett born, 1762. 68 days past, 297 to the end of the year.

**Parliament.**  
In the Chamber of Representatives, on Tuesday, Sr. G. L. Rodriguez called attention to the fact that the Municipal Board of Montevideo was not constituted as determined by the Act of April 23, 1836, which ordained that it should consist of nine members. For some two years one of the members had not attended any meetings, and recently two members had resigned without their places being filled, so that at present there were only six members. He moved that the Minister of Government be asked to give an explanation in the next sitting. This was agreed to.

The Minister of Government having entered the Chamber, the discussion of the Electoral Reform Bills was once more resumed.

Sr. Battle drew parallels in favour of the existing laws, which, with a few modifications, he considered offered far more guarantees to the voters. He thought the Bills should be entirely rejected.

Sr. Ros enquired if it was true that the Executive was willing to make certain concessions in the discussion in detail, including the elimination of the Jefes Politicos from the Electoral Boards.

The Minister replied that the F. P. was willing to accept the modifications proposed by the Committee, but in no case would accept those indicated by the opponents of the Bill. When the discussion in detail arrived he would have no objection to indicate the modifications accepted by the E.P.

Sr. Ros said this was not a satisfactory reply, and would compel him to vote against the Bills. Never had the country been more unanimous than in demanding reform in the electoral laws, and yet never had a proposed reform been more unanimously condemned by the press and public opinion. Evident members of the Chamber most addicted to the Government were unable to support the designs of the latter in the present case. He could not understand what hidden reasons the E.P. had for insisting with blind obstinacy on a measure unanimously rejected by the country, and the results of which would be undoubtedly disastrous. What kind of Chamber would that be elected under the new conditions? We wanted to correct the evils of the past and instead of that we were proposing to aggravate the evils of the future.

Sr. Gallinal spoke at some length saying that he was satisfied with the modifications proposed by the Committee and would support the Bills. He thought it better to move step by step than to aim at ideal reforms for which the country was not yet ready and which would be found impracticable in action. At the same time he would like to see steps taken to neutralise the action of the Jefes Politicos.

Sr. A. M. Rodriguez shared the opinions of Dr. Gallinal. He thought the reform proposed was worthy of a people well-advanced in democratic practices, and his sanction would be a triumph for the country. He thought it thought it would be unwise to look for an example to England where there had been electoral scandals much greater than any ever denounced here, and where seats in the House of Lords had been sold by public auction!! He believed in the thorough honesty of the Government in proposing the Bills. He defended the Jefes Politicos, whom he considered unjustly attacked for faults which they never thought of committing. He considered them the proper functionaries to have control of the elections. When it could be proved that they proceeded incorrectly, it would be time enough to speak of eliminating them.

Sr. Gil maintained that the Jefes Politicos were responsible for the greater part of the electoral frauds of which the country had memory.

Sr. G. L. Rodriguez caused a sensation in the Chamber by declaring

that during a «blanco» administration the Jefes Politicos signed orders to have the throats cut of opposition citizens!

Sr. A. M. Rodriguez said that the Jefes Politicos could not be otherwise than ordained by the Constitution. It would be absurd to think that under the new law they could practise frauds, for all their acts would be duly controlled.

The hour having sounded, the Chamber once more adjourned.

**SUNDRIES.**  
—The Representatives had another field-day over the Electoral Reform Bills on Tuesday, without arriving any nearer a conclusion. The debate was moderate in tone, until Dr. Gregorio Rodriguez, attacking his own brother, threw a bomb-shell in the Chamber by declaring that during a «blanco» administration the Jefes Politicos signed orders for the assassination of opposing citizens! This unexpected uncovering of old and almost forgotten sores caused general consternation, and a number of «blanco» deputies were observed to leave the Chamber as hurriedly as if they were the persons to be assassinated. It is said that some of them have vowed not to attend again until the debate is closed. Such reminiscences are simply indecent.

—The more the Minister of Government defends these Bills, the worse the aspect in which they and the intentions of the Executive appear.

—The *Nacion* of yesterday revealed quite an unexpected vein of humour in its defence of the Minas election, which it pretends was quite remarkable for its regularity and purity! It says the d—l was not so black as he is painted, and speaks of the smiling and pacific countenance of Colonel Estevan who was sent down to convince the opposition of the error of their ways. After this effort the leader writer of the *Nacion* may take to writing comic operas with every prospect of success, for he can excel W. S. Gilbert himself in topsy-turvydom.

—As appendix to the above we may mention that it is said that several Senators intend informing the President that they cannot possibly accept the election of Sr. Ellauri for Minas, as the business is altogether too irregular and dirty to be overlooked. They do not strain at their own gnat but will not swallow this camel.

—It appears from the *Nacion* that two of the members of the Electoral College of Minas who voted for Sr. Ellauri could not read nor write! Needless to say these were not of the electors who signed the petition against his return.

—No new pupils will be admitted to the Military college this year, the number of pupils having been reduced in the estimates by ten.

—On the 4th instant President Cleveland succeeded President Harrison of the United States. At the installation of the new President there were many soldiers, but not one with ammunition or for service, they were there merely for a pageant. At Congress Hall there is never a soldier on duty, and not one military aide-de-camp. The soldier figures small in affairs of State in that country, where the people really elect their Government, and when in the late election the party opposed to the Government of the time was victorious the result was immediately acquiesced in.—*B. A. Herald.*

—What an example for the River Plate, if it only had brains and modesty enough to copy it.

—No conceit is more fatal or dangerous than that of the ignorant man who is too conceited to learn or even to acknowledge his own profound ignorance. Unfortunately conceit of this description is only too common in the River Plate, from Presidents down to shoe-blacks.

—The P. O. has run short of 50 cent stamps. It is generally short of stamps of one description or another, there being no foresight whatever applied to the supply. Fortunately 50 cent stamps are not much in demand and their place can easily be supplied by two of 25 cents. Still, the loss will be regretted by stamp collectors for the 50 cent stamp was a very pretty and artistic article, much esteemed by them.

—The British Squadron consisting of the *Warspite*, *Champion* and *Pheasant* was expected to arrive at Valparaiso on Feb. 22.

—The *Western Courier* tells the following tale of an expensive kiss.—«Torres is a Talca man and he is in gaol. He kissed a lady in the public street without permission, and the cruel fair one had him haled before the judge, who sentenced amatory Torres to 80 days' imprisonment. Now Torres thought this rather rough treatment just for one little bit of a kiss, and appealed to a higher court. This action was ill-advised, for not only was the sentence confirmed, but another 30 days were added to it. But the sting of all this lies in the tail, for the Court took over two hundred days to consider the appeal, during the whole of which period Torres remained in gaol.—It strikes us that Torres was an ass, and choose an absurdly expensive luxury. If he had come to

Buenos Aires he might have amused himself by murdering the lady for about the same punishment, and he might then come to Montevideo and become a fraudulent bank director without fearing any punishment at all. He should really show more discrimination in his amusements.

—A physician warns people against examining the arc of the electric light with the naked eye lest they be «attacked by blepharospasm; central scotomata or chromatopsia.» When a man wants to examine the naked arc he should first ascertain that there are none of these ferocious animals above named prowling about.

—We find the following important announcement in the *Review of the River Plate*—«We are sorry to hear that after the 22nd April next Messrs. Lamport and Holt's steamers will cease to carry passengers between Europe and the River Plate, as for a long time past it has been found to be an unremunerative business. We are requested to state that passengers holding return tickets available after that date will be carried on their return voyage by the steamships of the Royal Mail Company. In future Messrs Lamport and Holt's passengers will be confined to ports between Europe and Brazil.»

—Yesterday's telegrams from B. Aires say that the report of the Fiscal Lawry on the «Rosales» case was to be presented that afternoon. It is now thought the matter will be submitted to a special Council of War.

—Telegrams received in Paris from Tamatave, say there has been a terrible cyclone on the east coast of Madagascar, causing great damages and numerous victims. The French despatch boat «La Bourdonnais» was wrecked with the loss of 23 of her crew.

—The *Siglo* gives echo to the complaint of a resident of Aguada of the barbarous noise of drums and bugles made in the streets at unearthly hours of the morning, by the 2nd Chasseurs, there quartered. We have often made the same complaint respecting the 1st Chasseurs in Calle Patagones. The proper course would be for the neighbours to present a formal complaint against the barracks to the Minister of War, though we are afraid it would not be listened to, for consideration of and respect for civilians is not a characteristic of the Uruguayan military.

—The *Siglo* considers, not without wisdom, in its article of yesterday, that many of our evils are due to the race with which the country was originally stocked and the bad Spanish traditions and customs they implanted here. We quote the following very true lines—«Our Republics have completed some eighty years of independent life, and yet each day we get more backward in practices of free government. Today not a single individual can enter the Chambers except by the gracious concession of the President of the Republic, and in order to bush the protests against the most impudent of frauds, the first thing said to them is that he who is without sin may throw the first stone. Alas! this legacy (from Spain) there are, then, other causes which have operated to make us recede from instead of approaching representative government. Amongst them, the want of population, which makes so difficult the regular action of government or of parties; the immense proportion of foreigners indifferent to political problems; and even when these factors are resolved there is another, cooperating powerfully in the work of demoralisation and decomposition, and that is a deeply vitiated political organisation, which regards the country as the patrimony of a circle and refuses to consult it loyally because it does not wish to resign any of its prerogatives of absorbing parasitism.»

—Although much less rain fell yesterday than agriculturists would have liked to see, it sufficed to lower the abnormally oppressive temperature of the three preceding days, and impart a little welcome freshness to the atmosphere.

—In view of the several frauds recently discovered in Government offices, orders have been imparted that monthly accounts of all moneys expended shall be presented, accompanied by the vouchers.

—The necessary decrees have been issued declaring the port of Marseilles to be «clean» and raising the quarantine on vessels arriving thence. There was not the least necessity for having imposed it.

—The death occurred yesterday morning, amid national regret, of Don Alejandro Magariños Cervantes, the veteran poet and statesman, and Senator of the Nation. We reserve a fuller notice until to-morrow.

—The first remittance of the newly coined silver from Chili did not arrive yesterday by the «Lusitania» as was fully expected. Holders of Brazilian dollars may breathe again, but not for long.

—The *Epoca* warns its readers against false 20 cent coins, of which it says many are in circulation. They are of correct weight but defectively engraved especially in the coat of arms on the obverse side.

—Sr. Jaime Bros. owners of the Oriental corvette «Francisco Nads», have applied to the Minister of War

for a patent of navigation for that vessel, which they intend to carry produce abroad. She will be the first vessel to float the Uruguayan flag in transatlantic ports. Her captain is Sr. Jaime Font, an experienced mariner.

—According to yesterday's telegrams from Rivera, the revolutionary chief General Tavares has arrived within 3 leagues of Santa Ana, with 2000 men, and is concerting a plan of attack with Saravia, Juca Tigre, Cabeda, and other federal officers. He has formed his camp at the Cerro Trinidad. A corps of franc-tireurs has been formed solely to fire on General Isidoro. The latter is awaiting reinforcements, but is still confident of being able to repel the invaders and has announced his intention of dying sooner than yielding. The battle, now considered imminent, is expected to decide the fate of the revolution.

—The matter of Dr. Herrera's account with the National Bank is not yet concluded. According to yesterday's *Tribuna* the Banco Popular of Brazil intends petitioning for the annulment of the arrangement on the grounds that the form of payment prejudices its guarantee as privileged creditor. It will also apply for the handing over of the \$250,000 gold said to have been paid to the National Bank by the President.

—London telegrams inform us that the sinking in of Sandgate continues. Some twenty houses have collapsed already, but no one is hurt. The majority of the inhabitants, greatly alarmed, have camped out in the fields.—The Conservatives have gained the by-election at Grimsby.—The London publicans have met in protest against the direct veto bill.—The second reading of the Home Rule Bill will commence next Monday.—The leading papers comment very favourably on President Cleveland's Message.—A non-sensical telegram from Dublin says that the University Body has approved the petition of Parliament against the Home Rule Bill!

**BUENOS AIRES**  
—There was another tremendous storm at Mendoza on Thursday night, with the result that much of the work of repair of the railway will have to be done over again. A 10 metre iron bridge has been carried away bodily and for a considerable distance between Mendoza and San Juan there is no sign of where the railway was laid. The repairs will cost at least \$50,000. Probably, passengers will be able to go to San Juan to-day by changing carriages, but it will take months to restore the line completely. The Transandine Railway resumed its service on Friday, but passengers have to change carriages at the point where the damage was greatest. The very «oldest inhabitants» do not remember that such terrific storms have previously occurred in their lifetime.

—The captain of the Norwegian bark *Troestmit* claims \$318 gold from Dr. Ramos Mejia for the improper detention of his vessel in quarantine.

—Dr. Dardo Rocha has resigned the position of member of the Committee on Electoral Reform.

—The Committee of the Jockey Club for the year consists of Sres. Carlos Pellegrini, Alberto Casaraz, Mariano Marengo, C. H. Huergo, R. Acoos, C. Tomkinson, L. P. Molina, C. Hoevel, S. Mesquita, Ricardo Lanus, J. Correa, E. Estrada, E. Ramirez, Enrique Bollini and Bendi.—*B. A. Herald.*

**THE GUN CLUB SPORTING POWDER** is second to none in the market. Sportsmen in the country wanting an extra strong, clean powder should insist on their agents obtaining it for them.—To be had in Nos. 2, 4 and 6. Sole Importers, Carlisle Smith and Co., Rincon 29, Montevideo.

## LONDON NOTES

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 8.  
In the House of Lords yesterday the Lord Chancellor informed Lord Stanley of Alderley that it was illegal to print or publish advertisements of foreign lotteries. If they were sent through the post under cover, there would be considerable difficulty in stopping them.

In the Commons some discussion with regard to obstruction took place on Mr. Gladstone's proposal to give precedence to the debate on the Address. The motion was in the end agreed to. Mr. Wharton's amendment on the subject of agricultural distress was defeated by 272 votes to 232, a majority for the Government of 40, after speeches by Mr. John Morley and Sir W. Harcourt. Mr. Kair Hardie's amendment, regretting that there was no promise of prompt and effective legislation in the interests of the unemployed, was next discussed. The speakers included Col. Howard Vincent, who seconded it; Sir J. Gorst, and Mr. Mundella. On a division it was rejected by 276 votes to 109, a majority of 167.

Yesterday the Duke of York was formally admitted to the honorary freedom of the Merchant Taylors' Company, the roll of which includes eleven of the Sovereigns of England and the names of the Prince of Wales, the Prince Consort, and the late Duke of Clarence. The Duke of

Cambridge and the Marquis of Salisbury, who are honorary freemen, were among the guests.

Mr. Lyulph Stanley presided over the annual meeting of the National Education Association in the Outer Temple yesterday.

The London County Council yesterday resolved, in accordance with the recommendation of its special committee, as amended by Mr. Benn, M.P., that it is desirable that it should exercise its powers under the Technical Instruction Act, 1889, and that the City Livery Companies be requested to contribute for the same purpose a fair proportion of their corporate income as distinguished from their trust property.

The theatrical critic of the "Matino," at Naples, gives an amusing account of the performance of "Cleopatra" at San Carlo on the previous night.

A Paris Correspondent states that the "Chambre des Mises en Accusation" has discharged five out of the fifteen of the accused Senators and Deputies in connection with the Panama scandals whose cases were referred to it by M. Franqueville, the examining magistrate.

The Court of Appeal yesterday upheld Mr. Justice Chitty's refusal to grant an interlocutory motion for an injunction restraining the Manchester Corporation from erecting a temporary small-pox hospital within the district of the Withington Local Board.

In the Queen's Bench Division yesterday, before Mr. Justice Hawkins and a special jury, the trial of Mr. Boratko Bottomley, Sir Henry Isaacs, Mr. Joseph Isaacs, and Mr. Charles Dollman, on charges of conspiracy to defraud the late Hansard Publishing Union (Limited), was continued, and the examination of Mr. Stewart, which had lasted five days, was concluded.

Mr. Justice Mathew and a special jury had before them in the Queen's Bench Division yesterday, a libel action brought by the proprietor of a riverside hotel at East Molesey against Mr. Crawshaw Elgodd, of Lloyd's, to recover damages for alleged libel. The statement complained of was contained in a letter addressed to the Press, in which it was alleged that the plaintiff had acted inopportunely in the treatment of a party of which the defendant was one, who had met with an accident on the river.

Dealing in the Divorce Division with the case of Foden v. Foden (otherwise Barlow), in which a licensed victualler sought to have his marriage with his niece annulled, on the ground that it was within the prohibited degree, Sir Francis Jeune said it was a disputable thing to marry the respondent, knowing her relationship, and then to ask the Court for a declaration of nullity.

Further evidence was given yesterday at the Bow-street Police-court, before Mr. Vaughan, against Mr. Hobbs, Mr. Wright, and Mr. Newman, in connection with what is now known as the Liberator prosecution. It was stated in evidence that the money to meet the supposed forged bills to the extent of 20,000, was provided from time to time by Mr. Balfour, as chairman of the House and Land Investment Trust. The case was ultimately adjourned until Monday next.

There were 1,673 deaths in London last week, or 179 fewer than the average. The death-rate per thousand per annum fell to 20.3, or four below the average for the last four weeks. Deaths from scarlet fever and diphtheria declined, but were still in excess of the average. Fifteen deaths were directly attributed to influenza.

Between the 1st April and the 4th instant the receipts into the Exchequer amounted to 72,795,351, as compared with 73,229,679, in the corresponding period of the last financial year, and the expenditure to 76,283,651, as against 75,795,427. On Saturday last the Treasury balances stood at 1,485,860, and on the same date in the previous year at 2,238,185.

and grey fringe round the face led Linnaeus to call the species "Silenus," the bristler and younger looking orangs found in the same region of the world being the satyrs whom the silent accompanied. The wanderer is one of the lower apes which seem in appearance much more human than some of the higher apes, e.g., the gibbon, on whose behalf a near kinship to man has been claimed.

The steamer Britannia, of the Anchor line, has left Venice for America with the first eight gondolas destined for the World's Fair at Chicago. Later on other thirty-two gondolas and several larger boats will be completed and sent off. These gondolas are not black as usual, but painted in vivid colours of red, yellow, and blue, with rich gildings and decorations, similar to the ancient gondolas represented in the paintings of Carpaccio and Bellini.

The theatrical critic of the "Matino," at Naples, gives an amusing account of the performance of "Cleopatra" at San Carlo on the previous night. Sitting in a box in the fourth row, he saw a "vision of delicious lines and delicate tints of shade and brilliant light, of mother-of-pearl-like reflections, of fleeting colours, irradiating from the figure of Sarah Bernhardt, clothed in fabrics without name that seemed to be woven of star-rays.

A Paris Correspondent states that the "Chambre des Mises en Accusation" has discharged five out of the fifteen of the accused Senators and Deputies in connection with the Panama scandals whose cases were referred to it by M. Franqueville, the examining magistrate.

The Court of Appeal yesterday upheld Mr. Justice Chitty's refusal to grant an interlocutory motion for an injunction restraining the Manchester Corporation from erecting a temporary small-pox hospital within the district of the Withington Local Board.

In the Queen's Bench Division yesterday, before Mr. Justice Hawkins and a special jury, the trial of Mr. Boratko Bottomley, Sir Henry Isaacs, Mr. Joseph Isaacs, and Mr. Charles Dollman, on charges of conspiracy to defraud the late Hansard Publishing Union (Limited), was continued, and the examination of Mr. Stewart, which had lasted five days, was concluded.

Mr. Justice Mathew and a special jury had before them in the Queen's Bench Division yesterday, a libel action brought by the proprietor of a riverside hotel at East Molesey against Mr. Crawshaw Elgodd, of Lloyd's, to recover damages for alleged libel. The statement complained of was contained in a letter addressed to the Press, in which it was alleged that the plaintiff had acted inopportunely in the treatment of a party of which the defendant was one, who had met with an accident on the river.

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given her the broken articles, nor did they charge her for them until after this action had been taken. On these grounds, judgment was given for the plaintiff on all the points, with costs.

PENNY EX-SLOT: INGENUOUS DEVELOPMENT.

The last application of the penny-in-the-slot principle is characterized by common sense, ingenuity, and utility. Hitherto the public has fed the automatic machine with coppers in return for value. In the latest plan the process has been reversed. The public will receive pennies instead of giving them. The idea is this: To the person who turns a crank a hundred times the machine yields up one penny. The crank is connected inside with a dynamo, and the hundred revolutions of the handle manufacture and store a quantity of electrical energy, which is to be eventually retailed by the owners of the machine for the purposes of producing illumination. The plan appears to be feasible enough, and it would certainly, in districts where unemployed labour abounded, be productive of considerable good. No man need go in want of a meal who can apply himself to the electrical automatic machine. And the invention might be capable of wide application. Why should not every household be provided with one? Every member of the family might, in the name of exercise, give the handle so many hundred turns a day—sufficient, if that were possible, to provide electrically enough for the purposes of lighting. The turning of the crank might supersede dumb-bell practice in the mornings, and during the summer months it might be possible to store enough electrical energy to tide over the winter. From the point of view of the man in the street it would be interesting to know what income he could make in a week by a reasonable expenditure of effort. Even if only a hundred revolutions could be performed in five minutes, the operator would be working at the rate of a shilling an hour—a scale of remuneration much in excess of that paid in some industries involving quite as much physical exertion.—Electricity.

WHAT JAY GOULD'S TOMB IS LIKE.

How 80,000 DOLLARS WERE WASTED. Jay Gould's tomb (says the Scientific American) is copied after the famous Maison Carre, at Nimes, France, built some two thousand years ago, and is perhaps the best preserved and most beautiful specimen of Grecian architecture in existence. Reared as it is upon a grass covered knoll, where it commands a striking view of the surrounding country, the full beauty of the handsome marble structure, with its graceful Ionic columns, is appreciated by a beholder approaching it from any direction. The design of the mausoleum was made by Mr. F. T. Fitz Mahony, and it cost 80,000 dol. It is built throughout of Westley granite. It is 33 ft. long, 22 ft. wide, and 20 ft. high to the apex of the roof. The technical name of the building would be a Greek hexastyle, peripteral temple. It has six columns in front and seven columns on each side in single rows (this is counting the corner columns twice). Three rows of steps run up to the temple on all sides and form its base. Between the columns and the walls of the temple is a considerable space. Columns and walls are bare, without the faintest attempt at ornamentation. In the centre of the row of columns facing the south looks as if a column had been removed to make a broad passage way. Facing this opening is the double door of the tomb. Each section of this door is 8 ft. high and 2 ft. wide, and weighs a ton. The doors are of heavy bronze, and the lower part is panelled and ornamented on the outside with two dragon's heads, a big iron ring swinging in the mouth of each dragon. The upper part of the doors is a fretwork of cherubs and vines, through the opening of which the interior of the crypt can be seen. The interior is 20 ft. long, 7 ft. wide, and 13 ft. high. Its roof is a solid slab of granite which weighs six tons. The border of the ceiling is panelled with egg and dart moulding. The floor is one plain marble slab. Along the sides of the interior are the catacombs. Of these there are twenty, ten on each side, in double rows. The rows are separated from each other by granite slabs. Each catacomb is 7 1/2 ft. long and 2 1/2 ft. wide. Between the lower end of the catacombs and the outside of the wall of the tomb is a thickness of 18 inches. The outer part of this thickness is, of course, granite, but facing the interior the walls are of light pink and cream-coloured Tennessee marble, highly polished. The light enters the crypt through a stained glass window in the back. This window, which is 6 ft. high and 3 ft. wide, pictures a choir of angels. The roof of the mausoleum consists of granite slabs 32 ft. long, each weighing fifteen tons, and so placed together that they overlap, making the roof waterproof. The whole temple weighs about 300 tons, and rests on a solid concrete foundation 8 ft. thick.

MARITIME

ARRIVALS AND SAILINGS. Montevideo, Mch. 8, 1893. —Str. Eolo from B. Aires, 149 pass. —Str. Lusitania from Valparaiso, 21 pass. for Liverpool, 20 pass. —Str. Paraguay for Havre. —Str. Olinda from Hamburg. —Str. Bellena for B. Aires. —Str. Eolo for B. Aires. —Str. Rivadavia for Salto.

MAIL STEAMERS

LEAVING TO-DAY. —The str. SATURNIO will leave TO-DAY for Buenos Aires and intermediates to Asuncion. Correspondence at G. P. O. till 4.30 p.m. maritime agency 5 p.m. —The str. ETHERLEY will leave TO-DAY for Santos, Rio Janeiro and New York. Correspondence at G. P. O. till 9 a.m. maritime agency 10 a.m.

OTHER GATES. —The str. MONTEVIDEO will leave March 10 for B. Aires and intermediates to Salto. Correspondence at G. P. O. till 4.30 p.m. maritime agency 5 p.m. —The str. PROVENCE will leave March 11 for Santos, Rio Janeiro, Bahia, Marseilles, Barcelona, Genoa and Naples. —The str. GERA will leave March 12 for Vigo, Antwerp and Bremen. —The str. DUCA DI GALLIERA will leave March 19 for Rio Janeiro, Genoa and Naples.

Table with 3 columns: MCH NAME, FLAG, FROM. Lists steamers arriving from various ports like Liverpool, Genoa, and Buenos Aires.

Scott's Emulsion

This should be prescribed in all the cases indicated by its inventors.

Montevideo, Aug. 22, 1891.

I have used Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphates of Lime and Soda with very good results, and I consider that it should be prescribed in all cases in which the elements entering into its composition are indicated.

Dr. Jaime H. Oliver.

(Beware of imitations & falsifications)

COMMERCIAL

STOCK EXCHANGE.

Montevideo, Mch. 8, 1893. The stagnation of the market continues. The only operations to-day were \$5000 Interior Debt at 29.40, \$1800 National Bank notes, major omission at 42. No London quotation.

Sales. 1st Ring. National Bank Notes (major omission) \$1500 cash . . . . . 42

TEA. TEA. TEA. Extra finest New Season's SOUCHONG

JUST ARRIVED. Botica Inglesa "Hutchinson" Calle 25 de Mayo, esquina Ituzaingo.

TEA. TEA. TEA.

Oriental & Platense Telegraph Co. Calle 25 de Mayo, Corner of Zabala, opposite English Bank.

Direct Communication with Brazil and all parts of the Argentine Republic. INTERNATIONAL TELEGRAPHIC CONFERENCES.

Telegrams for Europe and North America by three distinct routes.— Via Galveston, by the Central & S. American Telegraph Co. Via Recife, by the S. American Telegraph Co., and the Brazilian Submarine Telegraph Co. Via Antilles, by Le Société Française des Cables Submarins.

There will shortly be a reduction of the tariff for all parts.

AFTER HOURS. Interior Debt. \$5000 cash . . . . . 29.40 2ND RING. Interior Debt. \$1000 cash . . . . . 29.40

EXCHANGE.

Bank. Commercial. London 90d/s. 5 1/2 - 5 1/2. Paris . 90 d/s. 5.36 5.38. Antwerp 90d/s 5.38 5.40. Rio Jan. . 18.850 19.300. Buenos Aires par 1/2 disc. DISCOUNT. 6 to 6 1/2 %.

VALES. — CON. BUSINESS NOTES

—The «Eolo» brought yesterday from B. Aires \$1900 to London Bank, \$75 to M. Bohory, \$153 to C. Sussa. —Gold opened in B. Aires yesterday at 321 and closed at 323.30. —Exchange upon London was quoted in Rio Janeiro yesterday at 125 5/8 to 1/2d. per milreis.

Buenos Aires, Mch. 8. Gold, cash, 322.50. Do. end of month, 324. Empréstito Nacional Interno, cash, 75.20. Fondos Públicos 1892, cash, 65. Consolidada Municipal, cash, 65.50. Cedulas M, cash, 26.50. Do. N. O and P, cash, 26.80. Muelle Catalinas, cash, 6.50. Banco Espanol, cash, 102. Gas Primitivo, cash 92. The Montevideo and Saterno sail.

TO LET, Comfortable house of ten rooms, new, every convenience, situated at Calle Guaraní 17, Agudá. Keys and particulars to be had on enquiry at Calle Agraciada No. 436 A. Low rent accepted. English tenants preferred. 1547.

PASSAGE WANTED, to England, in return for services as nurse, attendant on lady, or to take care of children, by a young Englishwoman. Apply «A. M.» Calle Queguay 259. 1548 Mch 21.

TO LET. Sala and bedrooms, furnished or unfurnished, in English family. Trams convenient. Apply Lavalleja 135. 1545. Mch 12.

TO LET.—One or two rooms, with windows to the street. Sarandi 229. corner of Calle Treinta y Tres. 1544 Mch 12.

SALESMAN OR BOOK-KEEPER. Situation wanted by a young man who has practice in selling goods in this market. Best recommendations. Apply to «N.» at Office of this paper. 1543 Mch. 9

TO LET—Two furnished rooms in the house of an English family, suitable for single gentlemen or married couple. Board if required. Apply Maciel 118. 1539.

TO LET, furnished, sitting and bed-room, also one or two bed rooms, suitable for single gentlemen. Trams convenient for town and the bathing stations. Calle Queguay 302. 1498. Mch. 16.

TO BE LET, furnished or unfurnished, a house situated two squares from the Cordón station of the Union tram, containing large sala, patio with moveable caraboya, office, dining room, four large bedrooms, bath room, and servant's accommodation. Has gas and water laid on, also alight. For particulars apply by letter to E. D. Greenwood, English Club. 1546.

SELLOS DE CORREO. Se compran sellos usados de Paraguay, tambien sellos no usados de la nueva emision, á buenos precios segun los lotes. Tambien se compran sellos usados de Uruguay, Argentina, Brazil y Bolivia, pero solamente de los proveedores y altos valores. Calle 33 num. 61. de 1 a 5 p.m.

ACCOUNTANT AND BOOKKEEPER.

The undersigned offers his services as above.

John Sardeson. 252 Calle Uruguay (alto) or English Club. 1541 Mch. 22.

The English School

194—SORIANO—194. Head Master, Thos. Jeffries Ashe.

The Course of instruction includes first class ENGLISH, SPANISH, FRENCH, MATHEMATICS, DRAWING, etc. No extras for languages. Boarders, Half-boarders, and Day pupils received. References given and required.

Applications to Mr. Ashe, English Club, or at the School. Note, the classes resume work on Feb. 1st. 309 pm.

The Salvation Army.

Territorial Head quarters Staff Cap. Balford. Casilla de Correo 422. Buenos Aires.

Divisional officer for Montevideo. Calle Colon 118.

Donations of food, clothes and money thankfully received for work among the poor.

Persons desiring workmen by the hour, day, or permanently should apply to Adjutant Russell.

Cheques can be sent direct to the London and R. P. Bank, made payable to Staff Cap. Balford, or to Adjutant Russell but Donations, Correspondence, food, clothes, etc., should be sent to the Divisional Officer in Montevideo.

United States and Brazil Mail Steamship Company.

Through to the United States Without change by the American Steamship

“ETHERLEY” which will be despatched from Montevideo for

NEW YORK, calling at Santos and Rio Janeiro, ON MARCH 7th

VOYAGE OF 22 DAYS. BRAZIL SERVICE. Regular sailings between Rio de Janeiro and

NEW YORK, Calling at Bahia, Pernambuco, Maranhão, Pará, Barbadoes and St. Thomas

S.S. SEGURANCA FEB. 20 S.S. VIGILANCIA MCH. 16

These steamers carry First and Third class passengers and are fitted with every modern improvement for their comfort.

Passengers from River Plate Ports are conveyed by any first class steamer they may select and arrangements have now been made allowing them to tranship in Rio immediately on their arrival, should the connecting steamer be in port at the time. (N.B.—The U. S. & B. M. Steamers are usually in port three or four days prior to the date fixed for sailing.)

Staterooms and berths will be allotted to passengers here, through to destination.

CONNECTIONS FROM THE RIVER PLATE The last opportunity for passengers from the Plate to connect with the SEGURANCA at Rio as above, will be by the THAMES sailing hence on the 17th inst.

For freight, passages and other particulars apply to WILLIAMS & Co. Buenos Aires, 328 CUYO. Montevideo, 122 CERRITO.

LLOYD BRAZILEIRO

LÍNEA DEL SUD Salidas los días 1, 12 y 25 de cada mes

EL EXPLÉNDIDO PAQUETE BRASILEIRO PORTO ALEGRE

Saldrá el . . de Marzo á las 4 p. m. con destino á Rio Grande, Pelotas, Porto Alegre, Santa Catalina, San Francisco, Itajahy, Paranaguá, Antonias Cananea, Iguapé, Santos y Rio de Janeiro.

LÍNEA DE MATTO GROSSO Salidas, los días 12 y 27 de cada mes.

Servicio con los vapores «Rápido», «Diamantino» y «Ladario».

LADARIO

Saldrá el 12 de Marzo á las 5 p. m., con destino á Buenos Aires, Rosario, Paraná, La Paz, Esquina, Goya, Bella Vista, Corrientes, Asuncion, Cerumbá y Cuyabá.

Recibe pasajeros, carga, encomiendas y dinero á flete. For informes dirigirse á la agencia. 129—CALLE PIEDRAS—129. HENRIQUE SA.—Goreste.

181 pm.

Shaw Savill and Albion Company—Limited

FLEET OF STEAMERS. Ionic Doric Coptic Arawa Tainui

The magnificent and comfortable steamers of this Line call at 160

Janeyra on their homeward voyage from New Zealand for Plymouth and London, once a month. All the steamers carry 1st., 2nd., & 3rd., class passengers and are illuminated with electric light.

Through fares from Montevideo to London 1st. class £38—2nd. £20—3rd. £12. For further particulars apply to WILSON, SONS & CO. LIMITED

AGENTS Montevideo, bolis 55. Buenos Aires, Reconquista 365. and Rio Janeiro 97 pm.

Mensagerias Fluviales DEL PLATA

The Oriental Steamer “HELIOS”

Sails from Montevideo every Monday, and returns on Sunday. The Oriental Steamer “MONTEVIDEO”

Sails every Friday for Buenos Aires

Palmino Mercedes Dolores Fray Benito Guequeyuchú Uruguay, Paysandú Villa Colon, Guayiva Concordia and Salto. Arrives from Salto and intermediates every Thursday. These commodious steamers take passengers, cargo, parcels and specie for all the above points of call.

The steamer LABRADOR sails every Tuesday for La Colonia, Conchillas, Dolores, Nueve Berlin and ports on the Uruguay without calling at Buenos Aires. Takes passengers and cargo. Returns on Sundays.

For further particulars apply to the agent— ERNESTO JULIA 173—CALLE PIEDRAS—173 189 pm.

Lands for Sale.

In the province of Santa Fé, Argentine Republic. The camps are excellent for stock raising having superior grasses, permanent waters and abundant shade. The lands would be sold in lots of one kilometre league (2500 hectares) and over. Price \$6000 (Argentine) gold per kilometre league.

If preferred arrangements can be made for payment in instalments on easy terms.

For further information apply to Gerente de la compania inglesa de tierras, San Cristobal, Provincia de Santa Fé, Republica Argentina. 144-Piedras-144 121 pm.

LA PLATENSE

FLOTILLA COMPANY LIMITED

ITINERARIO A REGIR HASTA NUEVO AYRO

SALIDAS DE MONTEVIDEO Domingo Sin salida para Buenos Aires

Lunes » Eolo para Buenos Aires y Uruguay

Martes » Cosmos para Buenos Aires y Uruguay

Miércoles » Eolo para Buenos Aires

Jueves » San Martin para Buenos Aires y Asuncion

Viernes » Eolo para Buenos Aires

Sábado » Venus para Buenos Aires y Uruguay

P. Christophersen. 144-Piedras-144 121 pm.

MAUA DRY DOCK MONTEVIDEO. Receives vessels at reasonable rates. There are workshops at the dock, for executing quickly and economically every description of repairs...

Danckelman and Schrader English Tobacco Store. 233-Calle 25 de Mayo-233 MONTEVIDEO. Large stock of English and North American tobaccos and cigarettes.

Parisian House HATS AND LATEST NOVELTIES FOR LADIES AND CHILDREN. Nos. 100A and 100B. Calle San José.

W. MEIKLE Y Ca. 64 - CERRO - LARGO - 64 INTRODUCTORES. Hierros de todas clases, para herreros, carpinteros, etc. como tambien tirantes y vigas de hierro para construcciones...

English Drapery Store First class assortment of English soft goods, dress materials, hosiery, habdashery, linen, tweeds and cashmeres. New seasons goods. CALLENDER AND Co. 142 - Calle Sarandi - 142

CRAUFORD COLLEGE. Maidenhead, Berks, England. HEAD MASTER THE REV. EDWARD DE EWER. The attention of parents who desire a good English education for their sons...

W. MEIKLE Y Ca. 64 - CERRO - LARGO - 64 INTRODUCTORES. Hierros de todas clases, para herreros, carpinteros, etc. como tambien tirantes y vigas de hierro para construcciones...

W. MEIKLE Y Ca. 64 - CERRO - LARGO - 64 INTRODUCTORES. Hierros de todas clases, para herreros, carpinteros, etc. como tambien tirantes y vigas de hierro para construcciones...

W. MEIKLE Y Ca. 64 - CERRO - LARGO - 64 INTRODUCTORES. Hierros de todas clases, para herreros, carpinteros, etc. como tambien tirantes y vigas de hierro para construcciones...

W. MEIKLE Y Ca. 64 - CERRO - LARGO - 64 INTRODUCTORES. Hierros de todas clases, para herreros, carpinteros, etc. como tambien tirantes y vigas de hierro para construcciones...

Fine Teas Port and Sherry Wines. Whiskies, best marks. Gold-plated Jewelry. Varnishes and Paints. COOKING STOVES, &c. &c. On Sale by J. A. EASTON. 135 - Calle Juncal - 115.

Banco de Londres y Brazil Capital suscrito... £ 1,250,000 Id. integrado... £ 750,000 Fondo de reserva... £ 500,000 SUCURSAL EN MONTEVIDEO, ZABALA 85 Gira letras de cambio sobre las siguientes plazas...

Agencia Inglesa de Seguros DE N. GODDARD 53 CALLE SOLIS 53 (ALTOS) Seguros Contra Incendio. COMPANIA NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE SEGUROS MARITIMOS Y FLUVIALES Compania British & Foreign

ESPECIFICO DE GLICERINA (NO ENVENENA) Puede usarse con agua fria Barriles de 400 lb. cada uno. Tambores de 20 lbs. y 50 lbs. Especifico de Hayward en polvos. El mejor, mas BARATO, Mas seguro y CONVENIENTE. Tomlinson & Hayward, Lincoln, England.

Bell, Towers y Ca. Calle 25 de Agosto números 101 al 109 MONTEVIDEO 202 pm.

JOHN ADAMS BUILDER AND CONTRACTOR. All classes of repairs for Masons, Carpenters, Painters or Upholsterers, undertaken and executed by competent workmen, at moderate prices. Office, -54 Plaza Caganocha. Works, -Cerrito 135.

THIS SPACE TO LET.

SCHWEPPE'S SODA WATER Demarchi, Parodi and Co. 271--CERRITO--271. 1530 Mch 8.

Scott Stamp and Coin Co., Limited. 18 EAST 23rd. ST., NEW YORK, U. S. A. Largest dealers in America in postage stamps and coins. Complete illustrated catalogue of postage stamps, containing 400 pages and 3500 illustrations, 50 cents post free.

THE MONTEVIDEO TIMES DAILY MORNING PAPER ESTABLISHED MARCH, 1888 Circulates in Montevideo and the Republic of Uruguay, Buenos Aires and the Argentine Republic, Europe and the United States. The acknowledged representative of English interests in the Republic. The only independent and reliable English paper ever published here.

British Bank of South America, Limited. ESTABLISHED, 1863 Capital subscribed... £ 1,000,000 Do. paid up... £ 800,000 Reserve Fund... £ 800,000 London Buenos Aires Montevideo Rio de Janeiro Santos San Paulo

The Anglo-Argentine Bank, Limited. London: 15 Nicolas Lane, E. C. Buenos Aires: 486--Piedad--494 Montevideo, Calle Zabala 82 Capital subscribed... £ 450,000 Do. Paid up... £ 200,000 Reserve Fund... £ 5,000

London and River Plate Bank, Limited. London, 52 Moorgate Street; Paris, 16 Rue Halévy Buenos Aires, Montevideo, Rosario de Santa-Fé Rio de Janeiro and Paysandú

BILLS OF EXCHANGE Issued and Purchased on the following places LONDON And the principal towns of ENGLAND, SCOTLAND AND IRELAND PARIS. And all the principal towns of FRANCE

THE REVIEW OF THE RIVER PLATE A Weekly Gazette devoted to Railways, Banking, Shipping, Insurance and Investments. Offices, Piedad 550, Buenos Aires. Agents, W. Hill and Co., 67 Southampton Row, London W. C.

FRY'S PURE COCOA "River Plate Sport and Pastime" An 8 page weekly Sporting Journal, and record of all matters relating to British Sports and Pastimes in the Argentine and sister Republics. A phototype portrait with first copy each month.

ROYAL MAIL STEAM PACKET COMPANY REGULAR FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE THE SPLENDID STEAMER "CLYDE" Captain J. D. SPOONER Will leave on the 17th of March, 1893, for RIO JANEIRO, BAHIA, MACEIO, PERNAMBUCO, LISBON, VIGO, SOUTHAMPTON and ANTWERP.

Royal Mail Steam Packet Company. SPECIAL NOTICE The Company's Splendid Steamer "ELBE," Captain A. E. BELL. Will leave on 28th April Direct for LISBON, VIGO, SOUTHAMPTON and ANTWERP.

AGENCIA INGLESA DE SEGUROS PHOENIX ASSURANCE Co. DE LONDRES ESTABLECIDA EN 1782 (Compania de Seguros contra incendios) INDEMNITY Mutual Marine Insurance Co. Ltd. (Compania de Seguros Maritimos y Fluviales).

JOSEPH GILLOTT'S STEEL PENS. Participamos a los estancieros y al comercio en general, que con fecha 1.º de Marzo de 1893 hemos sido nombrados únicos Agentes en la Republica del Uruguay para los Polvos sarnifugos de Cooper y de aqui en adelante todos los pedidos deberan dirigirse a nosotros. Carlisle Smith y Ca. RINCON 29.-MONTEVIDEO 816pm.

EXTRACTOS de ZENO & Co. PARA EL PAÑUELO. PROBARLOS ES ADOPTARLOS. 16, Rathbone Place, London, y todas las buenas establecimientos.

THE CHILDREN CRY FOR SCOTT'S EMULSION OF COD-LIVER OIL WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES OF LIME AND SODA. Because it is as pleasant to the taste as milk, and they like it; and their constitutions call for the nutritive and fortifying qualities of this medicine. It is so prepared that although they cannot digest ordinary food, they can easily digest Scott's Emulsion and are strengthened and nourished with wonderful rapidity.

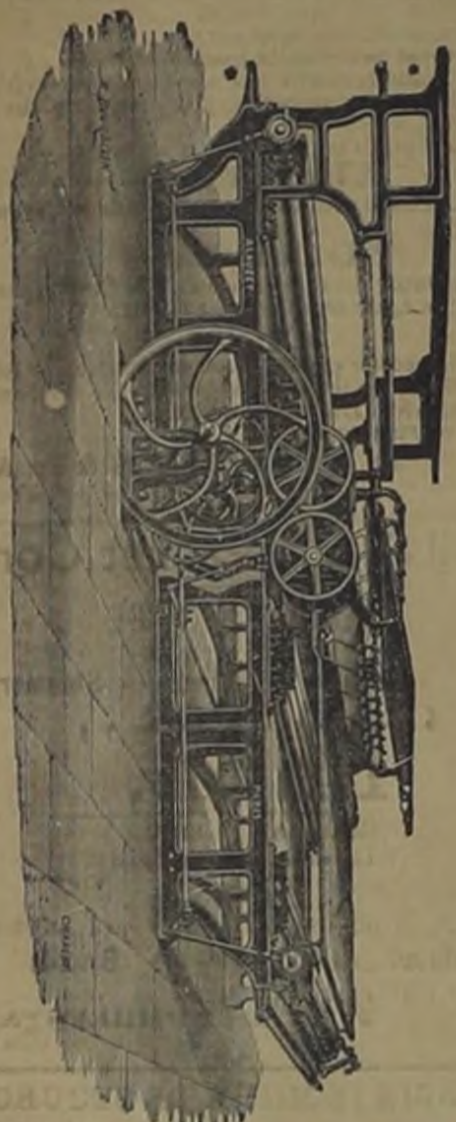


English Steam Printing Offices

61-Calle Treinta y Tres-61

This printing establishment has a complete assortment of new type, cuts, borders, etc., etc., and having the newest machinery is prepared to undertake any orders in printing, ruling, perforation, numeration and book-binding.

MONTEVIDEO—Calle Treinta y Tres N.º 61—MONTEVIDEO



ALUMBRADO EN CILINDROS

Blank Books ruled and bound to order

Albums for Music, Scrap Albums, Port-folios, etc. Speciality in coloured Rulings

PRICES VERY MODERATE

All orders carefully and promptly executed, workmanship guaranteed

G. SCHWENGEL.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Speciality in English style goods, ready made or made to order. A supply of English leather recently received. Moderate prices. M. PAT-TORUSO. 25 de Mayo 191 (opposite the English Bank.)

280 pm.

Advertisement for Perfumeria Oriza L. Legrand, featuring various perfume products and their benefits.

First produced and designated CORN FLOUR by BROWN & POLSON in 1856.

BROWN & POLSON'S CORN FLOUR

Was in the field some time before any other was anywhere heard of, and no other has now an Equal Claim to the Public Confidence.

Advertisement for Higien de la Cabeza Extracto Vegetal by ED. PINAUD, featuring a bottle illustration and detailed product description.

"Be Kind to Edith,"

(A SHORT STORY.)

(Continued)

"The country he chose was Spain. It was further off than I quite liked; but I was so much delighted by his apparent return of affection that I objected to nothing.

"We travelled from one place to another, and soon my husband's manner altogether changed. He became silent and cold, and, at times, absent. I asked him if he was well, or if I had offended him; but he said he ailed nothing, and that I had done nothing to displease him.

"We came at last to an out-of-the-way town in the south of Spain, and put up at a quiet hotel there. At dinner he suddenly asked me if I felt ill. I answered with surprise that I was perfectly well, he did not seem satisfied, and repeated the question more than once in the course of the evening.

"You have a look of coming illness about you," he said when went to bed, "I fear you may have caught some fever or other in these not over-clean Spanish towns. I wish you would take some medicine I have in my portmanteau. I really think you might keep off a serious illness.

"Partly to please him, and partly because his questions had made me nervous, I at last consented. When I reached my bedroom I looked in the glass, but could not see that I looked in the least ill.

"My husband came up when I was in bed, felt my pulse, tested my temperature, and looked at my tongue. Then shaking his head gravely, he administered his draught. Immediately afterwards I fell into a deep sleep.

"When I woke the hot Spanish sun was shining full into the room. The landlady was standing by the bedside, and with her a young gentleman who looked like an English doctor or medical student.

"She is roused at last," he exclaimed; "I thought she would never wake again." And the good Spanish landlady shed tears of joy.

"But, oh, how ill I felt! My head seemed split in two, my limbs felt as if they did not belong to me.

"What time is it?" I asked.

"Half-past three in the afternoon, did you think you had slept so long? But what have you been taking? Your husband has been gone these six hours, and left word that you were to follow him. He evidently did not know your state."

"My husband gone? I cried, "gone where?"

"And ill as I was I started up in bed. The state of the room revealed the terrible truth. My husband had tried to murder me, and had left me for dead.

"He had taken all the valuables he could find—my watch, jewels, purse. Only my clothes were left, and he had carefully destroyed every letter or mark which could show who I was.

"As soon as I was able to tell my suspicions, and the young doctor had convinced himself that I was not wandering in mind, he treated me with the utmost kindness.

"He and a young friend had providentially been staying at the hotel, and the landlady, finding that I did not wake, and that she could not rouse me, had applied to him. He much wished to set the police on my husband's track, but to this strongly objected.

"I had already made my plans. I was not without means, for, as I never felt entire confidence in Dr. Norman, I had money stowed into my dress of which he did not know. I determined to return directly to England, and I earnestly entreated that nothing might be said or put into the papers about what had happened. The young doctor somewhat reluctantly undertook to arrange this with the landlady. In fact, from not understanding English, she hardly understood the state of the case.

"My husband, no doubt, believed me dead, and does to this day. I know not how I escaped. Perhaps the drug he gave was less strong than he thought it was.

"My great object now was to protect my children without making myself known. I was firmly resolved never again to live with Dr. Norman, and yet I feared that when I was removed he might be unkind to the little ones.

"After consideration I took a quiet, cheap lodging not far from Gower Street, and bought for myself the disguise in which you now see me.

"I took Sarah into my confidence, and with her help and by means of a latch-key I had in my pocket, I have been in the habit of paying visits to my darlings from time to time. Some of the foolish women engaged as nurses happened to see me as you did, and left in consequence. The children themselves never once awoke. Had they done so, they were so accustomed to my coming to their bedsides at night in old days that I do not think they would have been alarmed.

"Sarah was to tell me of any unkindness to them on their father's part. For some time he took no notice whatever of them, but then began to complain of the noise they made above his head. In addition to his other amiable qualities he has a most violent temper, and when this got the better of him he would rush up to the nursery and shake or strike the children in a very cruel manner. He had found upon his return home that the rich and eccentric patient,

for whose sake I doubt not he had tried to murder me, had during his absence married her father, and this did not tend to make him more placid. His sisters, whom he persuaded to live with him, are, as you know, as weak as they are amiable, and are completely under his thumb. I felt that something must be done.

"I had found out while with him that of all superstitious cowards he is the worst. I determined therefore on a bold step. I bought a lamp, which shed a most ghastly light; and armed with this, with my hair down, and in my long black dress, I ventured to enter his room. I stood by his bed and said these words in a deep, awful voice: 'Be kind to Edith.'

"The experiment was entirely successful. The despicable fool literally shrieked with terror, nor did he seem to doubt for one moment that he saw the spirit of his murdered wife.

"For some time he gave me no occasion to repeat my visit. He seldom indeed went near the nursery. Of late Sarah has again complained of his conduct to the little ones. Yesterday she told me of his roughness to Edith; and I determined to give him another lesson.

"Last night I again went into his room and nearly terrified the wretch to death. I again only bade him: 'Be kind to Edith.'

"It was quite enough, it would seem, for beyond my most sanguine expectations he has sent you down here with her and the boy. As soon as Sarah told me of your flight I packed a few things and followed by the next train. This is the whole of my curious story, and no doubt it will explain all that has puzzled you."

(To be concluded in our next.)

Twyford & Co.

CALLE 25 DE MAYO, 278 ESQUINA TREINTA Y TRES

Great Clearance Sale of Muslins,

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We have recently received a supply of flannel for men's and ladies' clothing at 70 cents the yard.

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Artificial Teeth, with or without plates, also fillings of all kinds. Pivot Teeth, gold crowns, and everything pertaining to either operative or mechanical Dentistry. Laughing gas for the painless extraction of teeth. First-class work at reasonable prices.

163—Calle Camaras—163 (Esquina Buenos Aires.)

FOEDORA

Los cigarrillos FOEDORA HUNGAROS, elaborados con los mejores tabacos habanos, se hallan en venta en todos los cafes, confiterias, almacenes, etc., etc. de Montevideo.

Venta por mayor y menor EN LA FABRICA 141—AGRACIADA—431

Buenos Aires

English High School

Calle Universidad and Herrera. Pupils of both sexes

Boards, Half-Board, and Day Pupils

NOTICE—Reduction of Fees for 1891.—The Rector begs to intimate that the fees of this School will from the beginning of Session 1891 be reduced to a paper basis and made chargeable monthly as follows.—Board, from \$9 \$m per month. Half Board from \$30 do. General fees from 10 to 20 do. Day scholars from 10 to 20 do. Extras from 5 to 10 do. A. Watson Buton, M. A. etc. Rector.

The Rio News.

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY.

(Established 1873; Reorganized 1879)

The only English newspaper published in Brazil.

Circulates widely throughout Brazil and in foreign markets interested in Brazilian trade and investments. Special attention given to the publication of commercial and financial information, market reports, exchange, stock transactions, official acts affecting commerce and industry, etc., etc.

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For further particulars, address the Proprietor: A. J. Lamoureux, Caixa A, Rio de Janeiro.

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MONTEVIDEO

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Private Rooms, from \$3.00 per day Semi-private Rooms 2.00 do General Ward 1.00 do

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Special Cases. Special Terms.

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Patients admitted from 9 to 12 a.m.

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Subscribers and donations are respectively solicited.

Subscribers of 12 dollars per annum are entitled to send one free patient to the Hospital during the year for which the subscription is paid orders for same to be obtained from the Secretary or Treasurer.

Hugh Jamieson, Resident Medical Officer.

For further particulars apply to James Towers, Hon. Sec. Calle 25 de Agosto 107.

T. F. Lane, Hon. Treasurer 25 de Mayo 338.

Hotel Universal

DE

JUAN ERASUN

Ex-proprietor of the Hotel Español

CALLE ITUZAINGO, CORNER OF PIEDRAS

(Next floor to the Giblis Theatre)

From to-day I beg to offer to the public and my numerous customers this large establishment recently fitted up on a par with the finest hotels in the Capital, unsurpassed in its culinary department and the elegance and comfort of its rooms and unequalled in the cleanliness, promptitude and cheapness of its service.

Travellers are charged for breakfast, dinner and bedroom on the street, \$1.50 per day.

Besides the bedrooms, all of which overlook the street, the interior door communicating with the theatre and the large and elegant saloons of the hotel will be opened and the dining halls of the establishment will be converted into a restaurant, cafe and supper rooms, the finest English, coffee and refreshments of all kinds being served.

Breakfasts and Dinners sent to private houses, for moderate prices.

The Norte train, coming from the Central railway station, will bring passengers to the door of the Hotel for 4 cents.

The Oriental train from the mole which goes either to the Playa Ramirez, the Penitentiary or the Barrio Reus, also passes the door of the Hotel. The Pocitos train may be taken just at the very corner of the Hotel.

Pension per month \$20. Half Pension do. \$11. Breakfast 50 cents, Dinner 60 cents. Supper 5 cents.

Hot and cold baths, shower baths, etc.

Juan Erasun, Proprietor.

Calle Ituzaingo, corner of Piedras

MONTEVIDEO

187pm.

SOCIEDAD

Cooperativa Telefonica Nacional

AL PUBLICO

Se avisa al publico que estando ya en construccion las 500 nuevas lineas en la Agrada, Arroyo Seco, Bella Vista, Paso del Molino, Victoria, Nuevo Paris, Cerro, Tablada, Reducto, Cordón, Union, Maroñas, etc., etc., la Sociedad está en condiciones de atender inmediatamente todos los pedidos de lineas y aparatos, que se le hagan para dichos puntos. Los pedidos deberán dirigirse a la Gerencia, Plaza Independencia num. 89.

TARIFA

Para la ciudad no excediendo de una distancia de 20 cuadras de la Oficina Central, a los accionistas con arreglo al art. 21 de los estatutos \$ 4 mensuales.

A los no accionistas \$ 4.50 mensuales.

Desde la oficina Central al puente de Arroyo Seco \$ 4.50 mensuales. Id del Paso del Molino y Reducto \$ 5.00 Id Victoria y Nuevo Paris 5.50. Id Tablada y Cerro \$ 6. Id Colón \$ 7. Id Tres Cruces \$ 4.50. Id Union, Buceo y Pocitos \$ 5. Id Maroñas e Ituzaingo \$ 6.

NOTA.—Se pone en conocimiento de los señores suscritores en general los derechos que le acuerda el art. 21 de los Estatutos que a continuación se transcribe:

Art. 21. Cada accionista tendrá derecho al uso personal de un aparato telefónico, con rebaja del tanto por ciento que el Directorio fije sobre el precio general del servicio, por cada cinco acciones integradas.

TARIFA DE LINEAS DIRECTAS

Lineas directas y en combinacion con la Oficina Central con computador no excediendo de 10 cuadras al accionista por mes 8 pesos.

Id id no accionista por mes 9 pesos.

Y no pasando de 20 cuadras, al accionista por mes 9 pesos.

Id id no accionista por mes 10 pesos.

Lineas directas y necesitando dos aparatos no excediendo de 10 cuadras al accionista por mes 5 pesos.

Id id al no accionista por mes 6 pesos.

Lineas directas necesitando dos aparatos no excediendo de 20 cuadras al accionista por mes 6 pesos.

Id id al no accionista por mes 7 pesos.

Por mayores distancias convencional. Santiago Carlevaro, Gerente-Administrador.

Prices Current

IMPORTS

(NOTE.—The figures in the first column denote the prices when duty paid, those in the second column the prices in bond.)—Jan. 10.

ABSINTHE—Per doz. Silliman \$ 10.00 \$ 5.00 Noilly & Prat 10.20 4.60 Other marks 10 to 12 5.00 to 6.30

ALCOHOL—Tierces of 463 litres N. American 55 to 50 German —

BEER—And Stout, per doz. Bass beer 1 1/2 5.00 2.85 Guinness beer 1 1/2 5.00 2.85 4 horses 1 1/2 4.40 3.20 Imperial 1 1/2 4.50 2.30 Bull dog 1 1/2 4.50 2.70 Calmbach leg. 1 1/2 5.10 3.00 Milwaukee 1 1/2 4.70 2.60 Pilsener 1 1/2 4.90 2.80 Crystaline 1 1/2 4.30 2.20 1 1/2 4.70 2.60

BISCUITS—per case. Superior large tins 2.40 1.70 Ordinary 2.00 1.25 Inferior small tins 0.45 0.325

BITTERS—per doz. Boonekamp — — Angostura 18.75 15.00 Orange 10.50 4.50

BLACKING—per doz. 0.35 — BRANDY—In cases, per doz. Hennessy V.O. 17.50 13.50 Hennessy (C) 16.00 12.50 Hennessy (J) 13.00 8.60 Martell (C) 13.30 9.20 Martell (J) 12.00 8.50 Eckshaw's No. 1 17.00 13.00 Dry 15.50 11.50 Grand fine Champagne 16.00 13.00 Other marks 7.50 to 15 4.00 to 11.00

BUTTER—English, per kilo 1.25 0.85 Danish, per tin 1.25 0.85

CAPSULES,—for bottles. White, per mil. 5.00 3.60 Colours, > 5.00 3.60

CHAMPAGNE—per doz. Cliquot 1 1/2 22.00 19.00 1 1/2 24.00 21.00 Monopole dry 1 1/2 — — Carte Blanche 1 1/2 14.50 11.00 Sportsman 1 1/2 16.00 12.50 Other marks 10.00 to 26.00 6.20 to 15.00

CANDLES—Composite, per packet. Family 0.170 0.105 Common, Nos. 4, 5, 6, 0.120 0.070

CHEESE—Van Roesen per doz. \$ — — Langlelaan — — Other classes — —

Paté Grasse per kil. 0.90 0.45 Gruyere 0.95 0.50 Parmesan 0.80 — English — — Gorgonzola 0.90 0.45

CHOCOLATE—Meier per kilo 0.900 0.570 La Gallega 0.720 0.560 La Flor 0.640 0.480 La Española — — Fenix Corañosa 0.700 0.480

CINNAMON—Per kilo. Ground 0.75 0.31 In sticks 0.33 0.21 Cloves—Per kilo. 0.480 0.420

COFFEE—Mocha per 10 kl. 8.20 7.20 CODFISH—Per case 10.50 to 11 6.50 to 9.00

GIN—Langlelaan per 15 bott 10.00 4.00 Three Anchors > 8.70 2.90

HAM—Superior per lb 0.48 0.30 Good 0.37 0.25 Ordinary 0.34 0.22

KEROSENE—per box. Refined 2.25 to 2.175 1.20 to 1.10 Common 2.00 to 1.95 0.90

LOBSTERS—canned, per doz. Morton 11.20 6.40 Other marks — 10.00 5.20

MATCHES—per gross. Wax, Dallaha 0.95 Wooden 0.450

MINERAL WATERS—per case. St Gallier 12.50 8.50 Vichy 13.20 9.20 Seltzer 10.00 7.00 Bonnesfont 17.00 10.00 Friaufhaacher 18.00 10.80 Loochen 18.00 14.00 Ponges 13.20 9.20 Apollinaris 50 1/2 bot. —

MUSTARD—English 1.80 to 3.50 1.55 to 3.00 French 1.85 to 2.10 1.20 to 1.70

PEPPER—Red, per 10 kl. 8.225 to 3.187 2.270 to 2.175 Whole, per 10 kilos. 3.250 2.20 Ground, per kilo 0.05 0.50

PRESSION BLUE—Per case 0.50 0.40

OLIVE OIL—French in bottles, per doz. Pignoli 4.00 3.50

OLIVES—per keg. 1 1/2 @ 1.300 0.800 1 1/2 @ 0.700 0.500

OYSTERS—canned, per doz. Kemp & Day 6.80 to 7.00 3.30 to 3.60 Murray 9.00 4.50 Other marks — 5.00 3.50

PICKLES—per doz. English 2.60 to 3.20 1.50 to 2.00 French 2.60 to 3.70 1.50 to 2.40

RICE—per 10 kilos. Italian extra 1.24 to 1.31 0.826 to 0.87 Indian good 1.038 0.67 to 0.57 ordinary 1.000 0.50 to 0.54 Japan 1.178 0.760 —

ROM, in cases. Jamaica, extra, 12 50 to 15 00 8 50 to 10 50 Fine 10 50 to 12 00 6 00 to 7 50 Ordinary 8 50 to 9 50 4 00 to 5 50 Martinique, Sap. 9 00 to 10 00 3 50 to 5 50

SARDINES—in tins, per 44 French 0.43 0.210 to 0.205 Spanish 0.43 0.180

SACCES—per doz. Lea and Perrins 4.60 3.40 Other marks 2.70 to 3.00 —

SCHNAPPS—per doz. Gayon 4.00 — Potters 4.30 — Van Roesen 4.00 —

SOAP—per 10 kilos. Malaga 3.50 2.40 Italian — —

STARCH—per 10 kilos. Maize, Magnolia 1.950 1.180 Clement 1.950 1.180 Juan Shaw 1.950 1.180 Rice, Remy per 10 kl. — — Cat. 3.050 1.250 Crocodile — — Patterson 2.055 1.300

SUGAR—Per 10 kilos. Refined a kegs. Paris Say Pile 1.78 to 1.82 1.00 to 1.18 Le Baudy — — Rotterdam — —

European, in bags. French, white 1.674 to 1.055 German, do. 1st — — do. do. 2nd — —

European, in cases. French 3.050 1.910 German 1.920 1.180

TABLE SALT—per doz. 1.90 1.40 Teaspoon — — Superior 1.20 1.10 Good 1.00 0.90 Common 0.75 0.52

TOBACCO—per 10 kilos. N. American 1.50 to 2.150 VINEGAR—Pei demij, of 16 to 17 litres — 2.40

WHISKY—Bottles, per case 12.00 to 9.00 7.50 to 5.50 Jars, per doz 15.00 11.00

BARRACA GOODS

CAUSTIC SODA—per English cwt. English, duty pd. 3.30 —

COAL—per ton on board. Cardiff 6.50 to 7.00 Scotch House 6.00 Newcastle Smiths Nuts, 6.50 to 7.50 Coke Foundry — —

GALVANIZED IRON—Per 46 kilos duty paid. 3.900 do in bond. 4.000

LUMBER—on board. White Pine, deck'g, per 1000 st. on board 46.00 2nd. quality do 36.00 Select do 56.00 Clear do 32.00 Pitch Pine, general assort 32.00 Spruce 26 to 24

PORTLAND CEMENT—per barrel. Elephant, 300 lb. duty pd. 3.00 to 2.90 Crown 300 do 3.00 to 2.90 Gresham 300 do 3.00 to 2.90

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