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The Montevideo Times

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VOL. VIII.

MONTEVIDEO, THURSDAY, JANUARY 12, 1893.

No. 1033.

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ANDRES LLOBET, Civil Engineer, San José 23.

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The Montevideo Times

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Sole Proprietor and Editor.

W. H. DENSTONE.

Special Notice.

From Jan. 1, 1893, our agent in Buenos Aires is Mr. M. J. Byrne of the "HERALD" Office, Calle Cuyo 488, Buenos Aires, where orders for subscriptions and advertisements will be received.

The Montevideo Times

MONTEVIDEO, JANUARY 12, 1893.

AT LAST.

At last we are able to report some progress in the Chamber of Representatives in the question of economies. After several days wasted in trivial disputes and subterfuges for delay, the Chamber settled down to work in Tuesday's sitting and got through the House and Secretariat estimates, introducing economies which, although not perhaps all that might be desired, are at all events fairly substantial and may, we hope, be accepted as earnest of more to follow. The economies effected so far import an annual saving of \$16,000, exclusive of that proceeding from the 20% discount on the salaries of the employees of the Chamber excepting the chief shorthand writer. A well-intentioned attempt to reduce the number of the employees was not successful, unfortunately. The sitting was a lively one, full of incidents, some of which did not redound to the dignity of the Chamber.

The great question of the legislative salaries still remains to be settled—unless it was settled in yesterday's sitting, the result of which we have not yet learnt. It is generally reported that some 42 of the Deputies, or more than half, have signed a promise to accept a reduction of 20% on their salaries. This reduction, however, is not counted on the salaries they are now receiving of \$405 per month, but on the nominal salary of \$450 per month, so that the salaries will then stand at \$360 per month. This is still a handsome salary for the post, and, as a contemporary points out, it is more than is received by a Judge who has to undergo many years of study and preparation for his post, whereas the only qualification demanded from a deputy now-a-days is that of obedience to the wishes of the Executive. For our part we think that if the Deputies had consented to a reduction to \$250 or even \$200, they would have placed themselves in a much more patriotic and sympathetic position. The work of discussing the Budget seems at last to have commenced in earnest. Let us hope it will be continued steadily and that no further impediments or delay will be allowed to interfere with its speedy sanction.

FOREIGN COMMERCE IN 1891.

We return once more to the information furnished by the recently published Statistical Annuary for 1891.

With regard to importation we do not think there is anything of importance to add to what we have already said. As we have shown, the year was one of great depression especially felt in the importing branch of Commerce, and this robs the figures of much of their interest and renders the conclusions to be drawn from them of doubtful value.

We therefore turn to the exports. The following table shows the exports for 1890 and 1891, divided into the usual categories.—

	1890.	1891.
Animals on foot.	\$ 544,709	\$ 1,510,094
Slaughter House produce.	26,007,091	24,804,823
Royal Produce.	1,234,934	158,962
Other Produce.	1,235,849	391,038
Provisions for vessels.	44,936	133,943
Total.	\$29,085,519	\$26,998,270

Decrease in 1891. \$ 2,087,249
It will thus be seen that there was an increase in the first and last items, and a decrease in the others, the chief decrease being in the Slaughter-house produce. This latter seems to have been both in quantity and in price received, and affected all these products in a fairly equal proportion.

The following table shows a comparison by quantities of the

principal exports in 1890 and in 1891.—

	1890	1891
Jacked beef, kilos	38268113	30598795
Bones and ashes, tons	16110	—
Hair, kilos	1012765	1001370
Dried ox hides, no.	1028308	1008747
Salted ditto,	880944	100808
Hides, mixed,	260807	18,9035
Dried horse hides.	14545	25139
Salted ditto, kilos	334641	80875
Sheepskins	4668168	4090556
Meat extract,	320670	711564
Guano,	934537	1011247
Fish,	655460	477271
Wool,	21989517	25010089
Maize,	4332283	1399944
Ostrich Feathers	40244	44345
Grease	722221	866759
Tallow	15019336	13081742

With this we conclude our remarks on the foreign commerce. We will next turn our attention to the navigation statistics.

NEWS OF THE DAY

MONTEVIDEO

THURSDAY, JANUARY 12, 1893.
Saint Benito. 12 days past, 53 to the end of the year.

Parliament.

Chamber of Senators.

On Tuesday, the second discussion in detail of the Electoral Reforma Bills was concluded with a short debate and without modification of importance. The two Bills were then declared sanctioned, and the proceedings terminated.

Chamber of Representatives.

On Tuesday, the discussion in detail was resumed of the House Expenses of the Chamber.

Sr. Campisteguy commenced by proposing the reduction of the Chief Secretary's salary to \$360 the month. Sr. Tavalara spoke in favour of maintaining high salaries.

Sr. Castro proposed to establish at once a discount of 20% on all the salaries.

Sr. Campisteguy pointed out the necessity of considering each salary separately.

A violent debate then arose concerning the diligence of the secretary, in which the President repeatedly called the disputants to order.

After order was restored, Sr. Galindal thought the question had been sufficiently discussed, and reminded the Chamber that the vote on this question would form a precedent for other reductions to follow, on which so much depended.

The estimates in general were then put to the vote and negatived. Sr. Castro's motion for a discount of 20% on all the salaries was approved. The salary of the Chief Secretary was fixed at \$3840 per annum. The remaining salaries were voted more or less on the scale proposed by the Committee. A motion to reduce the number of some of the minor employees was rejected. On the motion of Sr. Berroa the lunch expenses of the Chamber were reduced from \$6000 to \$3000. The grant for printing the Diary of Sitzings was reduced from \$12000 to \$3000, the question of the contract being referred to the Legislative Committee.

The item of \$3600 for short hand reports for the press was suppressed. The salary of the chief shorthand writer Sr. Pampillo, \$4800 the year, was left intact in consideration of his 33 years' service.

On the proposal of Sr. Freire it was resolved that these alterations should come into force at the same time as the General Budget.

The House and Secretariat expenses being thus concluded, and it being resolved to hold daily sittings until the general Budget had been settled, the sitting terminated.

Port Statistics

Account of passengers and immigrants arriving from or sailing to ports beyond seas for the year ending Dec. 31, 1892.

	Arrivals	Departures
Men	9121	6704
Boys under 15.	572	591
Women	1903	1280
Girls under 15.	275	243
Total	11871	8827

	1890	1891
Uruguayans	187	286
Argentines	77	23
Brazilians	923	696
Chilians	23	9
Italians	4906	3025
Spanish	2607	1697
French	555	247
German	271	115
English	202	211
Belgians	23	11
Swiss	27	16
Portuguese	76	14
Russians	43	8
Poles	22	9
Arabs	17	28
Turks	6	20
Greeks	13	9
Austrians	155	132
N. Americans	17	34
Other Nationalities	2163	1361
Total	11871	8827

Proprietors 10 24
Commercial 404 624
Professional 88 191
Industrial 262 405
Dress-makers, tailors, etc., 20 28
Agricultural, labourers, etc., 742 401
Day labourers 803 815
Servants, cooks, etc 113 41
Military and naval 285 327
Various 9074 5789

Total 11871 8827

Europe 5590 6801

Brazil	5788	1487
Canary Isles.	74	126
Pacific	410	353
Total	11871	8827

Argentine Ports 33832 38005
Oriental 3644 2398

Total 37470 40493

SUNDRIES.

The Senators have passed the Bills of Civic Registry and Electoral Reform which have occupied them for the last two weeks, more or less, but the fact has not made the least impression on the public, to whom the Bills come as another disillusion of it is not thought that they will bring about the least improvement in the present rotten state of matters electoral. The Bills have yet to be considered by the other Chamber, which will not attend to them until the Budget discussion is concluded.

It is hardly rational to expect any Government, least of all a South American one, to introduce Bills for putting a stop to corruption to which alone it owes its place and power. Such suicidal magnanimity is too much to look for. Any reform in the present corrupt electoral practices must be introduced by pressure from without, and that public opinion has not yet sufficient weight, or, if it has, does not know how to employ it.

The Nation records that a Cabinet Council was held on Tuesday, but it does not seem that anything very important was done.

Government has accepted the resignation of Dr. Camps as Jefe Político of the Department of Soriano, and it said that Colonel J. J. Diaz, formerly Minister to France, will be appointed in his place. Dr. Camps' resignation, if we are not misinformed, arose from disgust at the electoral manoeuvres of the official element.

The mania of appointing military men to such purely civil posts as that of Jefe Político, which is a combination of Governor, magistrate and Chief of Police, still continues.

Don Clodomiro Arteaga, actual deputy and proprietor of the official organ the *Nacion*, is the latest candidate for the senatorship for Minas.

The composition of the Chambers changes but does not improve. The nominees are still selected from the same old circle of the misrule of which the country is so heartily sick and tired. An infusion of fresh and purer blood would be a great blessing, though it might not suit the governing powers, whose greatest enemy would be an independent and representative legislative body.

The Catholic Congress was brought to an appropriate conclusion by the reception of the papal benediction, conveyed by telegraph. The Church must be becoming modernised when it transmits its blessings in a telegram. A century ago the idea would have been thought impious in the extreme. Although the Church has been the greatest opponent of science, which means progress and civilisation, she does not object to making use of scientific discoveries at times. At present she draws the line at cremation.

Some mysterious telegrams have been flying round about the Empress of Austria having been kidnapped. The matter very much requires elucidation.

The U. S. Senate has approved the Bill suspending immigration. We regret to note the death of young Mr. Pedro Cazenave, who will be known to many of our readers as one of the leading spirits and best rowers of the Club Nacional de Regatas.

The latest theory about the disastrous fire in the Genoa Exhibition is that it was the work of some subordinate employees in revenge for not having been paid their salaries.

Very conflicting reports are in circulation as to the alleged purchase of Mauser rifles by the Uruguayan Government, nor does it seem at all certain that such purchase has yet taken place. The only thing in which the reports agree is that there is a piece of jobbery behind the transaction, which is nothing surprising.

The "White Squadron" went further out yesterday morning, two vessels to the West and two to the East, it is believed for the purpose of manœuvring. We hear that it will take 3000 tons of coal in this port. Owing to the distance of the vessels there has been little or no visiting. A contemporary asserts, we know not with what authority, that the vessels will not go to Buenos Aires, but that a Special Commission of the chief officers will be sent there to convey to the Argentine President the invitation to attend the Chicago Exhibition.

The Argentine torpedo boat Rosales was lost on the high sea, on 9th July, on a voyage to Europe. H.M.S. Howe struck on an unknown reef, at Ferrol, on November 2, 1892, and foundered. A Court Martial was naturally instituted in both cases. In the case of the Howe the Court was public, every detailed information got in the English journals, and the whole matter was finally concluded on the 7th instant. In the case of the Rosales the affair is enshrouded in great mystery,

nobody knows the result, if any, and the only one fact in the public mind is that by some unaccountable and inexplicable mystery the officers were saved and the crew was never heard of. In the case of the Howe the whole proceedings lasted 66 days, in that of the Rosales the first act is still being enacted, and has lasted so far 184 days. Quite a difference and a distinction!—*Times of A.*

In reference to the Sunday Observance question, we note with regret that the Y. M. C. A. of Buenos Aires has passed and published a resolution condemning recreation on Sunday and calling on its members to discourage the holding of games, etc. on that day. This is a movement in the wrong direction. What is wanted is a freer Sunday, not a more restricted one. The Sunday Observance movement engaged a good deal of sympathy at the first because it started with broad and liberal views which did not preclude rational and healthy recreation. If, however, it is to be narrowed down to a propagation of antiquated and unjustifiable puritanical restrictions, it will not only lose its primary sympathy but even meet with active opposition in many quarters.

From the direction the Sunday Observance movement has recently taken, it would be more correct to call it the Church Attendance movement, which is quite another thing.

Dr. Hugh Jamieson, Resident Surgeon of the British Hospital, having passed a most successful examination before the medical authorities here, obtaining a unanimity of votes at the four examinations, has had the special honour of having the Degree of Doctor of Medicine and Surgery of the Montevideo Faculty of Medicine conferred upon him. This is the first instance in which this degree has been conferred on any foreign doctor, the usual practice being merely to revalidate the diploma obtained elsewhere. The Degree was formally conferred upon him at a special meeting at the University yesterday morning, in the presence of the Rector, the Dean of the Faculty, the Secretary, and native doctors and students. Dr. Jamieson acknowledging the honor in appropriate terms.

So far, the Government can certainly not be accused of over-exerting itself to extend any reception to the "White Squadron" which is now visiting this port, for, in fact, it hardly seems to have taken notice of the visit, though the occasion was sufficiently important to have warranted a little ostentation.

The Arauz Company at the San Felipe Theatre will appear this evening in the comedy "Levantar Muertos" and the zarzuela "El Gorró Frigio."

Former Millionaire: "When the smash came, I assure you nothing troubled me so much as the thought of losing my splendid cook." Old Friend: "I can well believe that. What did you do?" Former Millionaire: "Oh, I got over the difficulty; I married her!"

The appointment has been approved of Sr. Antonio Petersen as Vice-consul of the Republic in the State of Bahia, Brazil.

Owing to the Panama Scandal and other causes, crises are as frequent in the French Cabinet just now as revolutions in Spanish America.

The latest was on Tuesday, when Sr. Ribot's Cabinet was defeated, and he succeeded in forming another the same day, himself retaining the portfolio of the Interior. We do not suppose it will last long. It would not be amiss to create a new administrative post, only second in importance to the office of President, namely "Cabinet Maker to the Republic."

The Velocipede Club will hold a race meeting of six events, in the Camino Goes, in the last week of the month.

Government has appointed Sergeant Major José Luis Gomez to the vacant post of 2nd Chief of the Heavy Artillery.

Buenos Aires telegrams are absolutely contradictory respecting the Corrientes revolution. One version says that the triumphant revolutionists have accepted national intervention and agreed to disarm, another says the exact reverse and that they are preparing for further resistance. Our readers may choose the version which best accords with their sympathies.

From London it is telegraphed that Mr. Gladstone has returned from Biarritz, in good health. A mine in Cornwall became flooded during working hours, causing the death of 30 miners. The British Government has given the Emperor of Morocco 48 hours to tender satisfaction for the death of a British subject; this has caused a protest from France. Lord Londesborough is seriously ill with typhoid fever.

BUENOS AIRES

In consequence of a telegram received from Sr. Avellaneda announcing the failure of his mission and the imminence of a battle, the President of the Republic held a Cabinet meeting in his private house on Sunday, which lasted six hours, and then it was adjourned till Monday. It is believed that the President and Dr. Anchorena wish to treat Corrientes in the same way as Santiago del Estero, but that the

other Ministers wish Governor Ruiz to be maintained in power. Monte Caseros surrendered at 1 a.m. on Monday. The besiegers commenced the attack early on Sunday morning, and at 10 o'clock the canton established at the business house of Sr. Rolin was captured, the defenders, consisting of an officer and ten men, not having made any serious resistance. The besiegers also took possession of other buildings which dominated the defenders' cantons. One of these was assaulted and captured, another surrendered because the commander Sr. Gonzalez was seriously wounded, and Capt. Zavala, in command of another canton passed over to the revolutionists with his men. The besieged then retreated to the department of police and being surrounded by the besiegers, terms of capitulation were arranged, it being agreed that the chiefs, officers and wounded men might go in a special train to Concordia or return to their homes, all the arms and ammunition being given up to the besiegers. There were about seven men killed and thirteen wounded during the combat. Sr. Adolfo Escalada has been appointed *Jefe Político* of Monte Caseros. Colonel Insaurralde with his troops marches to join the main body of the revolutionary forces at San Roque. At noon on Monday Governor Ruiz telegraphed to the President of the Republic that he had ordered Dr. Vidal to suspend military operations and to return to Corrientes in order that the negotiations for an arrangement might be renewed.

On Monday afternoon, the President of the Republic and his Ministers resolved to decree a formal intervention in the Province of Corrientes. Sr. Marco Avellaneda will be the Interventor and General Garmendia will have the command of the national forces, including those of the Chaco and of Formosa, to enforce the Interventor's orders.

The Russian cruiser Rynda received several hundreds of visitors on Sunday. Eleven of the officers attended a ball given by the Society La France on Saturday night. The French Minister and Mr. Christoffersen, Consul General of Russia, were also present, and speeches were made by them at the supper and by M. Damas, honorary president of the society.

The committee of the Agrarian League has petitioned the President of the Republic to intervene in the Province of Buenos Aires in order to restore to the inhabitants their constitutional rights. The President and the Minister of the Interior both agreed with the petitioners that the situation of the Province of Buenos Aires, as well as of other provinces, requires to be fundamentally altered, but they pointed out the necessity, as an act of patriotism, of giving time to the National Government to accomplish the work in a constitutional manner.—*B. A. Herald.*

THE MILITARY CURSE

(Rio News, Dec. 27.)

We have on several occasions discussed the serious mistake made here and elsewhere in South America of maintaining large standing armies. They are not only unnecessary and costly, but they are invariably prime sources of disorder and misgovernment. The proposed increase of the Argentine army during the coming year should lead to a fresh consideration of the subject, not only in Argentina but in every neighboring country, for it carries with it consequences of grave import to every one of them. We do not imply in this that the Argentines have hostile designs, although it is well understood that all these military preparations are for the purpose of meeting possible aggressions on the part of Chili; we wish merely to call attention to the pern

arbitrary repression, but they are to be found in the destruction of all civil government, the overthrow of personal guarantees and civil procedure, the degradation of republican institutions, the accumulation of public indebtedness, the dissipation of public wealth through taxation and the diversion of private enterprise into other and safer channels than those of agriculture, commerce and industry, and, above all, in the general degradation and demoralization of the people. The Argentines can not possibly afford to maintain such an army, nor can Brazil and Uruguay. Were these countries to reduce their armed forces to a number barely sufficient to guard their forts and arsenals, they would not only save a large annual expenditure and regain their badly demoralized credit, but they would be just as safe from foreign aggression and domestic insurrection as they are to-day.

THE GUN CLUB SPORTING POWDER is second to none in the market. Sportsmen in the country wanting an extra strong, clean powder should insist on their agents obtaining it for them.—To be had in Nos. 2, 4 and 6. Sole Importers, Carlisle Smith and Co., Rincón 29, Montevideo.

LONDON NOTES

The presentation of the Canadian portrait of Mr. Gladstone to the National Liberal Club took place last evening. About three hundred members attended the banquet at which the ceremony was performed, and fully six hundred others were unable to obtain seats. Mr. Blake, M.P., formerly Premier of Canada, in making the presentation, alluded to Mr. Gladstone as one of the foremost not only of Englishmen but of the human race. Lord Rosebery, in receiving the portrait on behalf of the club, spoke of the occasion as being in some sense an Imperial one because it showed the unity of the different parts of the Empire. Referring to the alleged possibility of splits in the Liberal party, he said he consoled himself by thinking that the Liberal masses in the country did not return various sections of the party to turn out the Liberal Government. As to what the Government might do, though they might not be able to present every dish at the Parliamentary banquet, yet he thought they would have a bill of fare creditable to their honesty, their strenuous Liberalism, and their anxiety to fulfil their pledges.

Mr. Bryce, Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster, speaking at Manchester last night, said that any Home Rule measure for Ireland must be of a substantial character. To that nation the Liberal party desired to give a domestic legislature, with control of their domestic affairs. The great measure which would be introduced might not please every Irish member, but he thought that as a nation Irishmen would look at it in a favourable spirit.

Mr. T. R. Buchanan, Liberal, has been elected to Parliament for East Aberdeenshire by a majority of 1,326 in succession to Mr. Peter Esslemont. He polled 4,243 votes against 2,917 given to Colonel Russell, the Dissident Liberal candidate.

In the Queen's Bench Division yesterday Mr. Justice Cave and Mr. Justice Vaughan Williams commenced the hearing of the petition against the return of Mr. Naoroji as Member of Parliament for Central Finsbury. The petitioner, Captain Penton, the defeated Tory candidate, claims the seat. Although treating and bribery were at first alleged, no personal charges are now made against Mr. Naoroji or his agent, and the case therefore turns on the question of the legality of certain votes. A number of votes given on both sides by aliens were struck off, and two cases of alleged perjury were dealt with. Mr. Naoroji having a majority of two at the adjournment.

At Ennis yesterday Mr. Justice O'Brien dismissed the petition against the return of Mr. William Redmond for East Clare.

The case for Sir Pryce Pryce-Jones, the respondent in the Montgomery Boroughs election petition, was completed, but the Court decided to call another witness to clear up points in the evidence.

There was a fine show of cattle and sheep at the Christmas market at Islington yesterday. Prices for cattle were practically the same as last year, but for sheep there was a marked decline.

A Birmingham Correspondent sends particulars of a shocking occurrence in the Lunatic Asylum of that city. While an entertainment was being given to a section of the patients a newly admitted inmate murdered one man and seriously injured two others who were occupying the same ward as himself.

The ties in the first round of the English Football Association Challenge Cup competition were drawn last night. The Royal Arsenal have to journey to Sunderland, and the Casuals to Nottingham.

An arrangement was yesterday accepted by the parties to the dispute respecting the testamentary dispositions of the late Mr. Edwin Long, R.A. It was agreed that the will of the 15th May, 1891, should be pronounced for and that the codicil executed on the evening of that day should not be pronounced against, a course that would not affect the operation of the will. Mr. Justice Barnes expressed pleasure that the agreement had been arrived at.

Mr. Justice Barnes directed in the Probate Division that the costs in the "Chancery Lunatic" suit, in which judgment was given last week, should come out of the estate.

Connel who opposed this stated that the residue, after the payment of the legacies, would only leave about 5000, which manifestly would not pay the costs of the defendants and interveners.

Mr. J. W. Hobbs, a member of the firm of builders concerned in the erection of Whitehall Court and other large buildings alleged to have been financed by the Liberator Building Society, and Mr. Henry Granville Wright, a solicitor, were charged at Bow-street with forging a bill of exchange for 1850. 8s. 7d. There was a further charge against Mr. Hobbs of stealing 290. 9d. belonging to the Liberator Building Society. The accused were not arrested till Sunday night, and only formal evidence was therefore given, though the information on which the warrant was granted was read. Mr. Vaughan, in ordering a remand till Friday, refused bail.

At the Maidstone Assizes Leonard Manktelow, the sailor who was indicted for feloniously wounding Miss Philbrick and Miss Wood in a cornfield at Bickley, was found insane and ordered to be detained during her Majesty's pleasure.

At the theatres of Milan the different programmes are making their appearance. The Scala promises five operas and four novelties. The season will commence with Franconetti's "Cristoforo Colombo," followed by Verdi's "Falstaff," the great future event in the musical world. After which Catalani's "Loreley" and Wagner's "Phantom Ship." The Theatre Dal Verme promises a number of operas new to Milan—"Tilde," "Mala Vita," "Birinchino," "Sansone and Delila," "Amico Fritz," "La Bella Fanciulla di Perth," &c. At the Manzoni, Antoine's Parisian company will perform.

A Christiania Correspondent tells us that the applicants for admission to Nansen's little staff are numerous, being mostly Norwegians or Englishmen. Two and three refusals do not discourage them. Some are not regarded as serious. There are schoolboys who cannot be ready exactly at the date of departure, but will join the expedition later. Others, not sure of the paternal permission, do not dare to sign their names and real addresses. A Swedish barber offers his services for shaving and hairdressing. The most characteristic offers, perhaps, are those of some Englishmen, who say they will enliven the long winter days on board by comic songs.

Björnsen celebrated his sixtieth birthday at Christiania last Thursday. The poet directed all invitations from the capital, where the National Theatre wished to pay homage to one of the founders of the Norwegian drama. There were, however, festivities in his honour in the principal towns of the kingdom, and most of the Norwegian lyric poets celebrated him. The most valuable present came from Sweden, in spite of the political campaign which the poet directs against the present Union.

A curious incident is reported by the Bombay papers as having occurred at Government House. Lord William Beresford was dislodged from his rooms by a swarm of bees. They were eventually got rid of by a native expert, who appeared on the scene with a good-sized sack, and carried them off.

WHY THESE IS SALT.

Modern research has shown that the ocean contains in solution nearly every element that exists upon the earth, and that these elements exist in the water in proportions nearly corresponding to the mean solubility of their various compounds. Thus gold and silver and most of the other heavy metals are found to exist there. Sonnenstadt found about fourteen grains of gold to the ton of sea-water, or a dollar's worth in less than two tons. As the ocean covers all the lower valleys of the earth, it receives all the drainage from the whole of the exposed land. This drainage is the rain water that has fallen upon this exposed surface, has flowed down its superficial slopes, or has sunk into porous land, and descended underground. In either case the water must dissolve and carry with it any soluble matter that it meets, the quantity of solid matter which is thus appropriated being proportionate to its solubility and the extent of its exposure to the solvent. Rain when it falls upon the earth is distilled water nearly pure (its small impurities being what it obtains from the air), but river water when it reaches the ocean contains measurable quantities of dissolved mineral and vegetable matter. These small contributions are ever pouring in and ever accumulating. This continual addition of dissolved mineral salts without any corresponding abstraction by evaporation has been going on ever since the surface of the earth has consisted of land and water.—Science (U. S. A.)

THE WOMAN'S TRIAL IN AMERICA.

That both men and women need rest very badly a glance at the crowded hotel tables makes plain—so plain, indeed, that the foreigner who has not been taught that fast and worry are in themselves honorable wishes sometimes he could put the whole unrestful crowd to sleep for seventeen hours a day. I have inquired of not less than 500 men and women in various parts of the State why they broke down and looked so gash. And the men said: "If you don't keep up with the procession in America you are left," and the women smiled an evil smile and answered that no outsider yet had discovered the real cause of their worry and strain, or why their lives were arranged to work with the largest amount of friction in the shortest given time. Now, the men can be left to their own folly, but the cause of the women's trouble has

has been revealed to me. It is the thing called "Help," which is no help. In the multitude of presents that the American man has given to American women (for details see daily papers) he has forgotten or is unable to give her good servants, and that sordid trouble runs equally through the house-hold of the millionaire or the flat of the small city man. "Yes, it's easy enough to laugh," said one woman passionately; "we are worn out, and our children are worn out, too, and we're always worrying; I know it. What can we do? If you stay here you'll know that this is the land of all the luxuries, if you can pay for them, and none of the necessities. You'll know why women are said to take their husbands to boarding-houses and never have homes. You'll know what an Irish Catholic means. The men won't get up and attend to these things, but we would. If we had female suffrage, we'd shut the door to all the Irish and throw it open to all the Chinese, and let the women have a little protection." It was the cry of a soul worn thick with exasperation, but it was truth. To-day I do not laugh any more at the race that depends on inefficient helot races for its inefficient service. When next you, house-keeping in England, differ with the respectful, amiable, industrious sixteen-pound maid, who wears a cap and says "Ma'am," remember the pauper labour of America—the wives of the sixty million kings who have no subjects.—Rudyard Kipling, in the "Times."

Tobacco, "Pioneer Brand." Sole Agents, Danckelmann and Schrader. Calle 25 de Mayo 233.

COMMERCIAL

STOCK EXCHANGE.

Montevideo, Jan. 11, 1893. Closing quotations. U. Consols. (London) cash, 36 1/4. Interior Debt, cash, 28. Cédulas A, cash, 22.30.

The market remains as depressed as ever, and prices are again falling. \$55,000 Cédulas went at 22.70 to 22.80, closing at the latter for tomorrow. The only other operations were \$2000 Interior Debt at 28. The London quotation of Consolidated has revived to 36 1/4.

Sales	
1st Ring	
Cédulas A.	
\$5000 cash	22.70
5000	22.60
5000 tmw	22.70
10000	22.60
10000	22.50
5000 Jan. 31	22.40
5000	22.70

Interior Debt.	
\$2000 cash	28
2nd Ring.	
Cédulas A.	
\$5000 Jan. 15	22.30
5000 tmw	22.30

EXCHANGE.	
Bank.	
London 90d/s. 51 1/2	51 1/2
Paris 90d/s. 537-9	542-4
Antwerp 90d/s. 53-9	544-5
Rio Jan. 18350	18,600
Buenos Aires 1/4-3/4 dis.	
DISCOUNT. 6 to 7 1/2 %.	
VALUES. 100.	

BUSINESS NOTES

—The "Eolo" brought yesterday from B. Aires \$100 to J. Arceaga, \$2000 to B. Tejada. The "Helios" brought from B. Aires \$311 to E. Julia.

—Gold opened in B. Aires yesterday at 292.50 and closed at 289.80. —Exchange upon London was quoted in Rio yesterday at 13 1/8d. per milreis.

—4500 of wool sold in Station and Feria yesterday at 24 to 29 reals the fleece. 1500 fanegas wheat at reserved price sold at \$3.00 to \$3.05 per 104 kilos. 200 fanegas maize at \$3 the fanega.

Saladero Killings.	
Jan. 31 Total to date.	
H. Piñeyria	7420
Vellozo & San Martin	9517
Federico Cibils	3723
Apesteguy y Cia.	6790
P. Denis & Co.	9370
Ramon E. Anza	214
Anaya & Irigoyen	12514
Aguirre y Cia.	6572
Castellanos & Co.	410
Clouzet y Ducloux	650
Elizondo	5082
Jaume y Mouret	4100

Total 1274 99081
Same period 1891. 59724
Prices: Bayes \$ 15
Novillos > 10 to 18 1/2
Vacas > 8 to 9 1/2

Buenos Aires, Jan. 11. Gold, cash, 291.50.
Do. end of month, 290.50.
Empresita Nacional Interno, cash, 78.20.

Fondos Públicos 1892, cash, 65.20. Deuda Municipal, cash, 60. Do. end of month, 61. Cédulas F and G, cash, 26.50. Do. K and L, cash, 27. Do. M, cash, 27.10. Do. N, and O, cash, 27. Do. P, cash, 27.20. Do. A. Nacional, cash, 98. Do. C. Nacional, cash, 90.50. Muelle Catalinas, cash, 6.50. Banco Español, cash, 110. The San Martin and Montevideo sail.

MARITIME

ARRIVALS AND SAILINGS.

Montevideo, Jan. 11, 1893. —Str. Helios from B. Aires, 48 pass. —Str. Eolo from B. Aires, 61 pass. —Str. Bretagne from B. Aires. —Str. Planeta from Rio Janeiro. —Str. Eolo from B. Aires. —Str. Espagne from Genoa. —Str. Helios for Salto. —Str. Rivadavia for Salto.

CONVINCING EVIDENCE

By Messrs. Ronald and Rodgers circular on the River Plate Wool Auctions for the week ending January 8, 1892, we notice that of all the wools sent from Uruguay, including the following estancias, —Campana, Martin Chico, San Roque, San Carlos, Los Altos, Santa Emilia, Santa Rita, San Pedro, Estanzuela and Miguelete, those dipped in COOPER'S DIP realised 1d. to 1 1/4d. per lb. more than the others.

SOLE AGENTS FOR URUGUAY
Ashworth and Co.
136—Calle Sarandi—136
260 pm.

TEA. TEA.
Extra finest New Season's SOUCHONG
JUST ARRIVED.

Botica Inglesa "Hutchinson"
Calle 25 de Mayo, esquina Ituzaingó.

TEA. TEA.
Banco Inglés del Rio de la Plata
(EN LIQUIDACION)

La comision liquidadora de este establecimiento convoca a los acreedores del mismo a una reunion general que tendra lugar en el salon del Banco el dia 19 del corriente mes a las tres de la tarde, con el objeto de resolver sobre una propuesta del nuevo Banco Inglés del Rio de la Plata para hacerse cargo del activo y pasivo de este Banco Inglés del Rio de la Plata en liquidacion.

Bajo presentacion de los créditos respectivos los boletos de entrada estarán a disposicion de los acreedores en las oficinas del Banco desde el dia 12 del corriente hasta el dia anterior a la reunion.

Montevideo, 9 de Enero 1893.

La Comision Liquidadora.

SHIPPING NOTES.

—Rio papers record the total loss off Mearin, 4 leagues north of Rio Janeiro, of the American ship "Yorktown," 1861 tons, Capt. S. B. Atkinson, from Pisagua to N. York with 12,419 bags saltpetre. The crew and half the cargo were saved. The wreck occurred on Dec. 31.

—The Lamport and Holt s.s. "Phidias" sails on the 15th for Rio and New York taking for the former port 350 live sheep despatched by Sr. Azevedo. The "Port Jackson" sails on the 13th for Antwerp taking 9000 salted ox hides, 15000 kilos wheat, 7500 dried ox hides and 3500 bales wool.

—Sailing vessels arrived, Jan. 11. Norw. bk. *Hovagat* from Pernambuco with produce.—Brit ship *Combarbo* from Newport, Nov. 29, 1193 tons, capt. Jones, to Central Railway with coal.—Swed. bk. *Maria* from Cadiz with salt to order.—Span. plac. *Antonia* from Barcelona with wine. Ital. bk. *San Gaetano* from Marseilles, with tiles.—Ital. bk. *Zongli* from Cadiz to order.

MAIL STEAMERS

LEAVING TO-DAY
—The str. SAN MARTIN will leave TO-DAY for B. Aires and intermediates to Asuncion. Correspondence at G. P. O. till 1 p.m. maritime agency 5 p.m.

—The str. LIGURIA will leave TO-DAY for Rio Janeiro, Bahia, Pernambuco, Lisbon, Bordeaux, Plymouth and Liverpool. Correspondence at G. P. O. till 12 m., maritime agency 1 p.m.

OTHER DATES

—The str. PLANETA will leave Jan. 13 for Rio Grande and intermediates to Rio Janeiro. Correspondence at G. P. O. till 1.30 p.m. maritime agency 2.30 p.m. on the 12th.

—The str. MONTEVIDEO will leave Jan. 13 for Buenos Aires and intermediates to Salto. Correspondence at G. P. O. till 4.30 p.m. maritime agency 5 p.m.

—The str. RIO will leave Jan. 13 for Hamburg.

Steamers to arrive.

JAN NAME	FLAG	FROM
12 Strassburg	German	Bremen
12 Karak	German	Valparaiso
12 Liguria	English	Valparaiso
12 Santos	Brazilian	Rio Janeiro
14 Equator	French	Bordeaux
15 Rio Janeiro	Italian	Genoa
15 Aquitaine	French	Marseilles
16 Porto Alegre	German	Hamburg
16 Anconga	English	Liverpool
20 Helios	English	Liverpool
20 Hannover	German	Bremen
20 Poetsa	French	Havre
20 Margherita	Italian	Genoa

AMUSEMENTS

San Felipe Theatre.

ARANAZ ZARZUELA COMPANY.

Thursday, Jan. 12.

Levantar Muertos

EL GORRO FRIGIO

Scott's Emulsion

Doctors are unanimously of the opinion that for patients requiring cod liver oil there is no better preparation than that of Messrs. Scott and Bowne.

Montevideo, Oct. 30, 1891.

I have used Scott's Emulsion for many patients with great success, and I believe that this preparation has great advantages over cod liver oil in its principle qualities.

Dr. Elias Regules.

(Beware of imitations & falsifications)



United States and Brazil Mail Steamship Company.

Through to the United States

Without change by the American Steamship

"ADVANCE"

which will be despatched from Montevideo for

NEW YORK

calling at Santos, Rio Janeiro, Bahia and Pernambuco,

ON JANUARY 14th 1893

The next steamer from Montevideo will be the ENCHANTRESS which will leave Montevideo for New York, the 31st January, 1893

VOYAGE OF 22 DAYS.

BRAZIL SERVICE

Regular sailings between Rio de Janeiro and

NEW YORK

Calling at Bahia, Pernambuco, Maranhão, Pará, Barbadoes and St. Thomas

S.S. ALLIANCE JAN. 27

S.S. SEGURANCA FEB. 20

These steamers carry First and Third class passengers and are fitted with every modern improvement for their comfort. Passengers from River Plate Ports are conveyed by any first class steamer they may select and arrangements have now been made allowing them to tranship in Rio immediately on their arrival, should the connecting steamer be in port at the time. (N.B.—The U. S. & B. M. Steamers are usually in port three or four days prior to the date fixed for sailing.)

Staterooms and berths will be allotted to passengers here, through to destination.

CONNECTIONS FROM THE RIVER PLATE

The last opportunity for passengers from the Plate to connect with the ALLIANCE at Rio as above, will be by the EQUATEUR sailing hence on the 23rd January.

For freight, passages and other particulars apply to

WILLIAMS & Co. { Buenos Aires, 328 CUYO.

Montevideo, 122 CERRITO.

LLOYD BRAZILEIRO

LINEA DEL SUD

Salidas los días 1, 12 y 23 de cada mes

EL EXPLORANDO PAQUETE BRASILEIRO

PLANETA

Saldrá el 13 de Enero a las 8 a. m. con destino a Rio Grande, Pelotas, Porto Alegre, Santa Catalina, San Francisco, Itajahy, Paranaíba, Antonina, Cananea, Iguapé, Santos y Rio de Janeiro.

LINEA DE MATTO GROSSO

Salidas, los días 12 y 27 de cada mes.

Servicio con los vapores "Rápido," "Diamantino" y "Ladario."

DIAMANTINO

Saldrá el 1. de Enero a las 5 p.m. con destino a Buenos Aires, Rosario, Paraná, La Paz, Esquina, Goya, Bella Vista, Corrientes, Asuncion, Comandante y Cuyabá.

Recibo pasajeros, carga, encomiendas y dinero a flete.

Por informes dirigirse a la agencia.

129—CALLE PIEDRAS—129.

181 pm. HENRIQUE SA.—Gerente.

Shaw Savill and Albion Company—Limited

FLEET OF STEAMERS

IONIC Doric
Coptic Arawa

Tainui

The magnificent and comfortable steamers of this Line call at Rio Janeiro on their homeward voyage from New Zealand for Plymouth and London, once a month. All the steamers carry 1st, 2nd, & 3rd class passengers and are illuminated with electric light.

Through fares from Montevideo to London: 1st class £35—2nd, £20—3rd, £12.

For further particulars apply to

WILSON, SONS & Co. LIMITED

AGENTS

Montevideo, Solís 55.

Buenos Aires, Reconquista 865.

and Rio Janeiro 97 pm.

Mensagerias Fluviales

DEL PLATA

The Oriental Steamer

"HELIOS"

Sails from Montevideo every Monday, and returns on Sunday.

The Oriental Steamer

"MONTEVIDEO"

Sails every Friday for Buenos Aires

Palma

Mercedes

Dolores

Fray Bentos

Guaqueyahu

Uruguay, Paysandú

Villa Colonia, Guaviyú

Concordia and Salto.

Arrives from Salto and intermedi

PROFESSIONAL AND BUSINESS CARDS

TAILOR AND OUTFITTER. Large and varied assortment of English, French and other Cashmere, tweeds and mixtures for suitings. New season goods. Prices reasonable. **G. D'Antoni.** 186-Calle Convención 189. Nearly at the corner of 18 de Julio. 299 pm.

GRAND CAFÉ-RESTAURANT OF THE BOLSA. First class cookery and wines. Meals à la carte or in pension. Moderate prices. Next door to the National Bank. 78 Calle Zabala, 73. 304 pm.

MARTINEZ & ESTAPE.—English Grocery Store. Large assortment of Wines, Port, Sherry and Bordeaux, Spirits and Liqueurs, Havana Cigars, Canned Goods of all descriptions, CALLE 25 DE MAYO 201A. 106 pm.

ROSS'S ROYAL GINGER ALE.—The original brand imported by Barclay, Mackintosh and Co.—205 Misiones. 152pm.

TAILORING AND OUTFITTING ESTABLISHMENT.—Splendid assortment just received of English and French goods for summer wear. Latest patterns. Reduce prices. **Cervasi Brothers.** 270—Calle 25 de Mayo—270. 191pm.

ENGLISH GROCERY STORE. Huntley and Palmer's Biscuits. Crosse and Blackwell's preserves and pickles. Scotch and Irish Whiskies. Fine Wines and Spirits. English and American Tobacco. **W. VANRELL AND SONS.** 25 de Mayo 217. 217 pm.

VINO ORIENTAL de Pascual Harriague, garantido puro, embotellado ó en botellas y cuarterolas. Confección, Vino Blanco y vino de uva de la misma procedencia. A. Lermite y Hijo, únicos Agentes, CALLE CERRITO No. 84, entre Solís y Colon. 201 pm.

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BOOTS AND SHOES. Speciality in English style goods, ready made or made to order. A supply of English leather recently received. Moderate prices. **M. FAT-TORUSO.** 25 de Mayo 191 (opposite the English Bank). 280 pm.

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Numbers for Ladies' use, Medium and Broad Point—100 M, 100 Y, 200 M, 200 Y, 300 M, 300 Y, 400 M, 400 Y, 500 M, 500 Y. These Pens—100, 100 Y, 200, 200 Y, 300, 300 Y, 400, 400 Y, 500, 500 Y.

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Custom House, Transfer and Despatch Book, Manifests, Bill of lading, Timebooks for Labourers and Rent receipts of all kinds, etc., etc. Book-binding in the very best styles in Calt, Morocco or Russia. Albums for Music, Scrap Albums, Port-folios, etc. Speciality in coloured Rulings. **PRICES VERY MODERATE**. All orders carefully and promptly executed, workmanship guaranteed. **G. SCHWENGEL.**

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Esta combinación de la sangre en principio elemental, el Hierro, tan necesario en la Anemia y la Clorosis, por un principio activo, el Absintine, regulariza las funciones de las vias digestivas e induce la coagulación.

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BROWN & POLSON'S CORN FLOUR

Was in the Field some time before any other was anywhere heard of, and no other has now an Equal Claim to the Public Confidence.

A Wife Worth Having.

(A SHORT STORY.)

CHAPTER I.

At the head of a deep valley or ravine, which radiates from a spur of bleak and desolate moors, lies the little Cornish town of St. Conan, safely sheltered by the surrounding hills from the Channel and the great ocean beyond. St. Conan is a little place consisting of hardly more than one long, winding, and very ancient street, which meanders for a mile or more along the hillside, dropping at last into the valley, where it is soon lost in a deep-banked country lane. This street is in places so narrow that a tall man, extending his arms, could almost touch the houses on either side; and just by the narrowest part of it, where the houses fall away a little to allow of entrance to the churchyard, stood the house of John Stanbury, who for many years pursued the profession of solicitor in the town.

It was a sunny October afternoon, and John Stanbury was walking up the hill towards his house from the lower part of the town. St. Conan is not exactly a place where people throng, for even on market days a man may walk up and down its single street all day without being once jostled. This was market day, and Mr. Stanbury had the street to himself until he was almost on his own threshold. He had, in fact, laid his hand on the knob of his front door when a noisy clattering of hoofs disturbed the peacefulness of the street, and a phaeton, driven by an unwieldy man in grey serge clothes, came in sight.

John Stanbury stopped and turned round to see who was coming, and almost at the same moment the driver pulled up his horse suddenly, and called out:

"Hallo, Stanbury! You're the very man I want. Are you going in or coming out?"

"Going in," said the lawyer.

"What can I do for you?"

"Why, you can wait five minutes for me in your office," was the answer. "I'll only keep you while I take my horse round to the 'Red Lion'."

He drove off, and within the time he had mentioned rejoined Mr. Stanbury, who had remained waiting before his house.

"You're surprised to see me, I dare say," said Mr. Bennett, with a kind of rough familiarity, as he followed into the lawyer's office, "for we've never done business together, and I always employ MacDonald."

Mr. Stanbury bowed rather stiffly. He disliked the tone assumed.

"The fact is," the other man went on, "that Treraven is in difficulties. You know Treraven? A poor senseless creature, with no enemy but himself."

"I know James Treraven well," said Mr. Stanbury. His father and mine were intimate, and I believe our grandfathers were acquainted. He is my good friend also, and I have a strong regard for him."

"Of course you have, since he lent you money," said Mr. Bennett coarsely. The lawyer winced.

"Pray tell me how you became acquainted with my affairs."

"I came on purpose," nodded Mr. Bennett. "As I said, Treraven is in difficulties. He and I have been accommodating each other all our lives at intervals; but for some time the flow has been from me to him. The long and the short of the matter is that several mortgages which he held have passed into my hands, and among them is one on your property. That makes it clear to you, I dare say, how I know about your affairs. There's my affairs too, you see."

"I think I do," said Mr. Stanbury, a little absently. "Yes, I think I understand. Poor Jams!"

He drummed on the table with his fingers, showing his vexation, and then turning on his visitor, said sharply:

"I think it is pity that James Treraven gave me no notice that these mortgages were about to pass into your hands. It would have been only fair that I should have the offer of redeeming them."

"Eh! redeeming them? burst out Mr. Bennett, and stared hard at the lawyer. "Redeeming them, did you say? Well, of course you have a chance. Redeem them now. Pay me out, and I'll go at once."

"It is improbable that a man in my circumstances could raise so large a sum at short notice. I should have had time."

"What good would it have been to you? I know very well you couldn't raise the cash. But there! I saw you were not in earnest when you spoke of redeeming. It is no news to any one in St. Conan that you're a poor man."

came into my hands just now. I don't know where else I could have got the money that I wanted. These are hard times, Stanbury; I don't think I've ever known harder."

"I find them so," John Stanbury answered shortly. "Listen to me, Mr. Bennett. You propose to foreclose the mortgage on my house. I cannot prevent your doing so. You have full legal right to force a sale, and possibly a moral right also, for no man is bound to lie out of his money indefinitely; and if I can't pay you, you are entitled to repay yourself."

"Right," cried the old man, "that's talking like a man of sense."

(To be continued.)

Twyford & Co.

CALLE 25 DE MAYO, 276

ESQUINA TREINTA Y TRES

Annual Clearance Sale.

Large reduction in price in—

Ladies Underlinen

Hosiery

Men's Shirts

Ladies' Straw Hats, Ribbons, etc.

For Christmas Presents

Dolls, Purses, Cigarette and Cigar Cases, etc., etc.

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Artificial Teeth, with or without plates, also fillings of all kinds. Pivot Teeth, gold crowns, and everything pertaining to either operative or mechanical Dentistry. Laughing gas for the painless extraction of teeth. First-class work at reasonable prices.

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(Esquina Buenos Aires.)

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Los cigarrillos FOEDORA HENGAROS, elaborados con los mejores tabacos habanos, se hallan en venta en todos los cafes, confiterias, almacenes, etc., etc. de Montevideo.

Venta por mayor y menor

EN LA FABRICA

141—AGRACIADA—431

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Circulates widely throughout Brazil and in foreign markets interested in Brazilian trade and investments.

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JUAN ERASUN

Ex-proprietor of the Hotel Español

CALLE ITUZAINGÓ, CORNER OF PIEDRAS

(Next door to the Círculo Theatre)

From to-day I beg to offer to the public and my numerous customers this large establishment recently fitted up on a par with the finest hotels in the Capital, unsurpassed in its culinary department and the elegance and comfort of its rooms and unequalled in the cleanliness, promptitude and cheapness of its service.

Travelers are charged for breakfast, dinner and bedroom on the street, \$1.50 per day.

Besides the bedrooms, all of which overlook the street, the establishment has several commodious and elegant parlors, and suites of rooms suitable for families at the same moderate prices.

The very place for commercial travelers and merchants, who will here find themselves surrounded by the most important commercial and industrial houses.

Large and well furnished rooms well suited for the representatives of manufacturing houses.

On the evenings when the Círculo Theatre is occupied the interior doors communicating with the theatre and the large and elegant saloons of the hotel will be opened and the dining halls of the establishment will be converted into a restaurant, café and supper room, the finest liquor, coffee and refreshments of all kind, being served.

Breakfasts and Dinners sent to private houses, for moderate prices.

This Norte train, coming from the Central railway station, will bring passengers to the door of the Hotel for 4 cents.

The Oriental train from the mole which goes either to the Playa Ramirez, the Centenario or the Barrio Nuevo, also passes the door of the Hotel. The restaurant may be taken just at the very corner of the Hotel.

Pension per month \$30. Half Pension do, \$11. Breakfast 50 cents, Dinner 60 cents. Supper 5 cents.

Hot and cold baths, shower baths, etc.

Juan Erasun, Proprietor.

Calle Ituzaingó, corner of Piedras

MONTVIDEO

187pm.

BRITISH HOSPITAL

MONTVIDEO

The healthy position of the institution in the entrance to the harbour recommends it to the attention of invalids.

Private Rooms from \$3.00 per day

Semi-private Rooms 2.00 do

General Ward 1.00 do

Female Ward. Conditions as above.

Special Cases. Special Terms.

Foreigners admitted on terms above stipulated.

Patients admitted from 9 to 12 a.m.

Urgencies at all hours.

Hours for Out-door Patients 11 to 12 a.m.

Visiting days, Sunday, Tuesday, Friday and Feastsdays from 3 to 5 p.m.

Subscriptions and donations are respectfully solicited.

Subscribers of 12 dollars per annum are entitled to send one free patient to the Hospital during the year for which the subscription is paid orders for same to be obtained from the Secretary or Treasurer.

Hugh Jamieson, Resident Medical Officer.

For further particulars apply to James Towler, Hon. Sec. Calle 25 de Agosto 107.

Atred Harley, Hon. Treasurer 55 Calle Solís.

SOCIEDAD

Cooperativa Telefonica Nacional

AL PUBLICO

Se avisa al publico que estando ya en construcción las 500 nuevas líneas en la Aguada, Arroyo Seco, Bella Vista, Paso del Molino, Victoria, Nuevo Paris, Cerro, Tablada, Reducto, Cordon, Union, Maroñas, etc., etc., la Sociedad está en condiciones de atender inmediatamente todos los pedidos de líneas y aparatos, que se le hagan para dichos puntos. Los pedidos deberán dirigirse a la Gerencia, Plaza Independencia num. 89.

TARIFA

Para la ciudad no excediendo de una distancia de 20 cuadras de la Oficina Central, a los accionistas con arreglo al art. 21 de los estatutos 4 mensuales.

A los no accionistas \$ 4.50 mensuales.

Prices Current

IMPORTS

(NOTE.—The figures in the first column denote the prices when duty paid, those in the second column the prices in bond.)—Jan. 2.

ABSINTHE—Per doz.

Silliman . \$ 10.00 \$ 5.00

Nailey & Pratt 10.20 4.60

Other marks. 10 to 12 5.00 to 6.30

ALCOHOL—

Tierces of 463 litres

N. American . . . 55 to 50

German

BEER—and Stout, per doz.

Bass beer 1/12 5.00 2.85

Guinness beer, 1/12 4.40 3.20

Imperial 1/12 4.50 3.50

1/12 4.90 2.70

Culmbach leg. 1/12 4.50 2.40

Budwig 24/2 5.10 3.40

Milwaukee 1/12 4.50 2.60

1/12 4.90 2.80

Pilsener 1/12 nom 1.60

Crystaline 1/12 4.30 2.20

1/12 4.70 2.60

BISCUITS—per case.

Superior large tins . 2.40 1.75

Ordinary . . . 2.00 1.25

Interior small tins . 0.45 0.225

BITTERS—per doz.

Boonekamp

Angostura . . . 18.75 15.00

Orange 10.50 4.50

BRANDY—per doz.

BLANKING—per doz. 0.35

BRANDY—In cases, Per doz.

Hennessey V.O. . . 17.50 13.50

Hennessey ("") . . 16.00 12.50

Hennessey ("") . . 13.00 8.60

Martell ("") . . . 13.30 9.20

Martell ("") . . . 12.00 8.50

Ekshaw's No. 1 . . 17.00 13.00

" Dry Old . . . 15.50 11.50

Grand fine Champagne, 10.00 13.00

Other marks. 7.50 to 15 4.00 to 11.00

BUTTER—

English, per kilo . 1.25 0.85

Danish, per tin . . 1.25 0.85

CAPSULES—for bottles.

White, per mil . . 5.00 3.60

Colours, 5.00 3.80

CHAMPAGNE—per doz.

Chiquet 1/12 22.00 19.00

1/12 24.00 21.00

Monopole dry 1/12

1/12

Carte Blanche 1/12 14.50 11.50

Sportsman 1/12 16.00 12.00

Other marks. 10.00 to 26.00 6.20 to 15.00

CANDLES—Composite, per packet.

Family 0.170 0.105

Common, Nos. 4, 5, 6, 0.120 0.070

CHEESE—

Van Rensen . per doz. \$

Langelaan

Other classes

Pate Grasse per ki. . 0.90 0.45

Gruyere 0.95 0.50

Parmesan 0.80

English

Gorgonzola 0.90 0.45

CHOCOLATE—

Menier . per kilo 0.900 0.570

La Gallega 0.720 0.560

La Fior 0.640 0.480

La Española

Fenix Coruñesa . . . 0.700 0.480

CINNAMON—Per kilo.

Ground 0.75 0.31

In sticks 0.33 0.21

Cloves—Per kilo. . . 0.480 0.420

COFFEE—

Mocha per 10 ki. . . 8.20 7.20

COFFISH—

Per case 10.50 to 11 8.50 to 9.00

GIN—

Langelaan per 15 bott 10.00 4.00

Three Anchors . . . 8.70 2.90

HAM—

Superior per lb . . 0.48 0.30

Good 0.37 0.25

Ordinary 0.34 0.22

KEROSENE—per box.

Refined. 2.25 to 2.175 1.20 to 1.10

Common 2.00 to 1.95 0.90

LOBSTERS—canned, per doz.

Morton 11.20 6.40

Other marks 10.00 5.20

MATCHES—per gross

Wax, Dellacha 0.95

Wooden 0.450

MINERAL WATERS—per case

St Gainer 12.50 8.50

Vichy 13.20 9.20

Seltzer 10.00 7.60

Bonnefont 17.00 10.00

Fridelshacher 13.00 10.80

Joehes 18.00 14.00

Pouges 13.20 9.20

Apolinaris. 50 1/2 bot . .

MUSTARD—

English . 1.80 to 3.50 1.55 to 3.00

French . 1.85 to 2.10 1.20 to 1.70

PEPPER—

Red, per 10 k. 3.225 to 3.157 2.270 to 2.175

Whole, per 10 kilos. . 3.250 2.20

Ground, per kilo . . 0.65 0.50

PRUSSIAN BLUE—

Per case 0.50 0.40

OLIVE OIL—

French in bottles, per doz.

Plagniol 4.60 3.50

OLIVES—per keg.

1/1 @ 1.300 0.800

1/2 @ 0.700 0.500

OYSTERS—canned, per doz.

Kemp & Day 6.80 to 7.00 3.30 to 3.60

Murray 9.00 4.50

Other marks 5.00 3.50

PICKLES—per doz.

English . 2.60 to 3.20 1.50 to 2.00

French . 2.60 to 3.70 1.50 to 2.40

RICE—per 10 kilos.

Italian extra 1.24 to 1.31 0.826 to 0.87

Indian good 1.033 0.69 to 0.67

ordinary 1.000 0.57 to 0.54

Japan 1.178 0.760

RUM, in cases.

Jamaica, extra, 12 50 to 15 00 8.50 to 10.50

" Fine. 10.50 to 12.00 6.00 to 7.50

" Ordinary. 8.50 to 9.50 4.00 to 5.50

Martique. Sep. 8.00 to 10.00 8.50 to 5.50

SARDINES—in tins, per 4/4

French . 0.43 0.210 to 0.205

Spanish . 0.43 0.180

SAUCES—per doz.

Lea and Perrins . . . 4.60 3.40

Other marks 2.70 to 3.00

SCHNAPPS—per doz.

Gayen 4.00

Pettors 4.30

Van Rensen 4.00

SOAP—per 10 kilos.

Malaga 3.50 2.40

Italian

STARCH—per 10 kilos.

Maize, Magnolia . . 1.950 1.180

" Clement 1.950 1.180

" Juan Shaw 1.950 1.180

Rice, Remy per 10 kl. . 2.050 1.250

" Cat 2.050 1.250

" Crocodile 2.050 1.300

" Patterson 2.050 1.300

SUGAR—per 10 kilos. Refined

Keys.

Paris Say Filé. 1.75 to 1.92 1.08 to 1.13

" Le Baudy

Rotterdam

European, in bags.

French, white . . . 1.674 to 1.025

German, do. 1st . . .

do. do. 2nd . . .

European, in cases

French 2.050 1.310

German 1.920 1.180

TABLE SALT—per doz.

1.90 1.40

TEA—per lb.

Superior 1.20 1.10

Good 1.00 0.90

Common 0.35 0.22

TOBACCO—per 10 kilos

N. American 1.50 to 1.150

VINEGAR—

Per deml. of 16 to 17 litres . 1.00

WHISKY—

Bottles, per case . 12.00 to 9.90 7.50 to 5.50

Jars, per doz . . . 15.60 11.00

BARRACA GOODS

CAUSTIC SODA—per English ewt.

English, duty pd. . 3.10

COAL—per ton on board.

Cardiff 8.50 to 7.50

Scotch House . . . 8.00 to 7.75

Newcastle Smiths Nuts, 6.25 to 7.50

COKE Foundry . . .

GALVANIZED IRON—

Per 40 kilos duty paid. do in bond . . . 2.900 2.100

LUMBER—on board.

White Pine, deck, per 1000 st. on board . . 46.00

2nd. quality 30.00

Select 26.00

Clear 23.00

Pitch Pine, general assort 26 to 24

PORTLAND CEMENT—per barrel.