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On account of our early hour of going to press it is especially requested that any notices or advertisements intended for publication on the following day be delivered at our offices not later than 4:30 p. m.

Special Notice.

The Government of Uruguay having again issued a Decree restricting the liberty of the press, we are compelled for the present to abstain from all political comments and from publishing any news concerning the present political situation except what is circulated officially.—March 4, 1897.

The Montevideo Times

MONTEVIDEO, APRIL 10, 1897.

THE CARVALHO CASE.

A REPLY TO DR. PALOMEQUE.—VII
(Conclusion.—Continued from our last.)

§ XXV.—We have now arrived at a stage where we may sum up the results of this lengthy discussion.
Our thinking only two conclusions seem possible, and they are as follows:—
a.) That to take a man's life with violence, in return for a mere buffet that is not even satisfactorily proved, is no crime and merits no punishment according to the law of Uruguay.
In such case the law signally fails in its duty of protecting human life and we are doing a public service in denouncing it as immoral and a danger to society.
b.)—Or, that the law of Uruguay does regard such an act as a crime meriting punishment, but the law has missed its aim in the present case and the merited punishment has not been imposed.
In that case we were perfectly right when we originally denounced the result of the trial as a miscarriage of justice, an expression which we may explain is used to signify, not that the law is deficient in general principle, but that it has failed in application in a particular case.
The second conclusion, which was our original view, is much less offensive to the laws of this Republic than the first, which is the view taken by Palomeque. We must, however, defer to him in knowledge of the laws of his own country and, moreover, thank him for giving us an opportunity of commenting on some of its practices which, if they are as he has stated, are unquestionably and dangerously deficient in their important duty of protecting human life and chastising violence.
§ XXVI.—It is time to bring this discussion to an end. Longly as it has been, there are still many points which we are compelled to leave unanswered, but we must remember that we are not writing a book, but articles for a daily paper, and that we have other duties to perform to our readers and must not tire their patience by too much harping on one string.
Our chief object in having given so much attention to the matter has been on account of the public interest it involves. We have no personal animus against Dr. Palomeque, who to us is merely a name, and if we have introduced

Dr. Palomeque's name with unavoidable frequency, it is simply to regard him as the advocate of theories and practices which seem to us dangerous and anti-social; the studied courtesy with which we have referred to him is sufficient to show that we have no personal motive whatever. Dr. Palomeque has discussed the case in its special bearing and solely from the legal point of view, without reference to its moral effect. We do not pretend to compete with him in legal subtleties, but we have discussed the case, as impersonally as was possible, from the point of view of common sense, of its general bearings, and, above all, of its moral effect, of its relation to the duty of the law to protect human life and to punish unjustified violence. It was from the latter point of view that we maintained and still maintain that the death of Mr. Lewis was a crime which it is a danger to society to leave unpunished. Civilisation cannot admit a buffet, whether satisfactorily proved or not, as sufficient justification for taking a man's life with a revolver shot. So violent and extreme an act is not legitimate self-defence, let Dr. Palomeque say what he may; it is bloody and brutal vengeance and murder, and in the present instance the offence is aggravated by the relations between the two men of superior and subordinate. We cannot think of a part of the civilised world, outside the River Plate, where such an act would not be deemed a very serious crime and be punished with great severity. In England the man who committed such a crime as this would be hung within six or seven weeks. In the United States the period of trial and execution would be still shorter if he escaped being lynched. In any European country, even those where sentimental influences are admitted, the punishment would be capital or next to it. In any English or European Colony the treatment would probably be still more peremptory and severe, because in immature or embryonic countries (precisely the expression that Dr. Palomeque applies to Uruguay) it is considered even more necessary to enforce respect for human life and discipline between superior and subordinate. § XXVII.—We contend that we are perfectly within our right in denouncing the death of Mr. Lewis as a crime and in protesting against the absolution of his slayer, notwithstanding the sentence of the Tribunal and the verdict of a jury which accepts a doubtful buffet as sufficient excuse for killing a man with a revolver shot. The verdict may be, as Dr. Palomeque argues, in perfect accordance with national traditions or creole habits (*costumbres criollas*) but that does not prove its justice or that it is in accordance with the demands of civilisation. Foreigners who come to this country do so under the guarantee of a constitution and laws that are supposed to protect life and property as they are guaranteed in other civilised countries. If those laws fail to protect life—and not to punish such a crime as the death of Mr. Lewis is such a failure—or if the operation of the laws is thwarted by improper sentimentality on part of the jury, they have a perfect right to protest and complain, or even to make it a diplomatic question.
Suppose that Dr. Palomeque visited Corsica, where the *vendetta* is a well-established national custom supported by the sentiment of the people. Does this render the *endetta* any the less an assassination in the eyes of civilisation, or would it prevent Dr. Palomeque himself from protesting against the murder of a friend and the absolution of the murderer by a jury of compatriots imbued with the "popular sentiment." When national customs or popular sentiments are of this bloody description it is the duty of the law to repress them, not to make feeble allowances for them. The murder of Christians is just now a very popular amusement in Turkey. Does civilisation hesitate to call it a crime because it is supported by popular sentiment and because the murderers are absolved after farcical trials? Least of all is it allowed by civilisation to apply these blood-thirsty customs to foreigners who visit the country under guarantee of protection for life and property. If a foreign resident, no matter of what nationality, were murdered in Corsica under plea of the *vendetta*, or in Turkey because he was a Christian, and the law as locally applied failed to punish the murderer, there is hardly a Government in the world that would not assert its claim, both for punishment of the assassin and for indemnity. Only last year Italy claimed indemnity from the United States, on behalf of some Italian subjects who were "lynched" at New Orleans, quite in accordance with what Dr. Palomeque calls a national custom. The United States Government paid the indemnity without demur,

nor have we heard that anyone considered the claim an offence. The United States Government is civilised and recognises its duty towards foreign residents. Brazil, in a somewhat similar case, also with Italy, was not sufficiently civilised to recognise its duty, it resisted the claim for indemnity and regarded it as an offence, thereby almost provoking a conflict in which the cause of Italy would have been espoused by every civilised nation. If the British Government were to institute before that of Uruguay a claim for the unpunished murder of Mr. Lewis, it would only be doing its duty and acting within perfectly established international precedent. Can Dr. Palomeque deny this?
§ XXVIII.—We may add that we have also been impelled to this lengthy exposition by the remembrance that murders and crimes of violence are terribly frequent in the River Plate, that the cause of this is the inefficiency of the law in punishing them with proper severity and promptitude, and that the law, the lawyers, juries and the press of the country all combine in seeking trivial and sentimental excuses, and in showing a sympathy in crime which are not in accordance with civilisation and which do not evince proper respect for human life. This is a grave charge, we know, but it is an undeniable one and it has lately found strong expression in all our English contemporaries of Buenos Aires. We have done no more than add our voice to theirs, and the case which we have just discussed has illustrated every point of the charge. We said in our first article, and we repeat it now, that the impunity allowed to murderers the frivolous excuses pleaded for them, and the sympathy which is shown to them but not to their innumerable victims are offences to society and stand to-day between the River Plate and the rest of civilisation.
§ XXIX and last.—Dr. Palomeque attacks us severely and threatens us with various civil and criminal responsibilities for having called the death of Mr. Lewis a murder, (*Dia*, March 30.) We cannot withdraw the word for a moment, nor any of the remarks in our original article (March 12.) For us to kill a man in return for a mere buffet is murder, and we cannot change our opinion because the Uruguayan Tribunals have failed to punish it as such, or because the case has been defended by a distinguished lawyer.
What does Dr. Palomeque propose to do?
Send us his seconds and challenge us to mortal duel because we decline to be convinced of the innocence of one of his clients?—That would be too absurd, and all the world would explode with laughter.
Does he propose to put his own theories into practice, and send some one, armed with a revolver, to find us alone, shoot us dead, and then claim absolution on the grounds that he had received a blow and it was legitimate self-defence? We do not fear for an instant, for we know that Dr. Palomeque is an honorable and civilised man, and not a deliberate assassin, although in this instance he has defended some dangerous theories.
Does he propose then to prosecute us? To institute a prosecution against us for having protested against an unpunished murder, for having defended the cause of civilisation and the sanctity of human life, for having denounced laws that fail in their most important duty, would be a novelty, even in this country of dry streams and round corners (*arroyos secos y esquinas redondas*).
But let Dr. Palomeque or his client prosecute us. We are sure that there is not an English resident in Uruguay, or even in the whole River Plate, but would come to our assistance and defence when the cause of the prosecution was known, and there is hardly any other European resident who would not approve the course that we have taken. If Dr. Palomeque has the least doubt of this, let him enquire of his friends in the English colony, in which he is well-known and respected. Let him enquire for himself of the impression caused by the absolution of his client.
Let the Tribunals condemn us. Then may it be proclaimed to the rest of the world that Uruguay is a country where it is not a crime to commit murder, where there is no punishment for the man who kills his fellow-being for having given him a blow; but where it is a crime to protest against murder, and where there is punishment for the man who pleads the cause of civilisation and defends the sanctity of human life! Such a result would soon be known far and wide, it could not fail to attract attention, and—we leave Dr. Palomeque to imagine in what category of nations Uruguay would henceforth be placed.
We have finished.

NEWS OF THE DAY

MONTEVIDEO
SATURDAY, APRIL 10, 1897

Saints Ezekiel and Ulpian.—General Booth born, 1823.—103 days past, 265 to the end of the year.

POLITICAL NOTES.

Confirming the statement we made yesterday, the Decree has appeared accepting the resignation of General G. J. Diaz as Minister of War, and appointing Lieut. Gen. L. E. Perez in his place. The reception of the new Minister took place yesterday afternoon, with the usual formalities. It is understood that the first act of the new Minister will be to sign the appointment of General Eduardo Vasquez as Commandant of the Southern Frontier.

The new Minister, General Perez, is a well known figure in the political world, having been Minister of War and then of Government during the Herrera administration, and having twice been a defeated, although popular candidate for the presidency of the Republic. Recently he was Acting President, and General Vasquez was a member of the Independent Colorado Committee, the movements of which were officially denounced as seditious and revolutionary. This is sufficient to indicate the importance of the political change that is taking place, but on which we are unable to comment more freely, although it is a subject of the greatest public interest. The appointments above mentioned may be regarded as the forerunners of others not less important shortly to be realised.

It seems fairly confirmed that Dr. Brian Will shortly quit the post of Presidential Secretary, which he has now occupied for over seven years. Another foreboded change refers to the Ministry of Finance, in which it is expected that Sr. Vidella will be substituted by Dr. J. L. Terra, Dr. D. Mendilaharsu is generally spoken of as candidate for the Ministry of Foreign Affairs. Respecting the other portfolios we are unable to say anything. General Diaz, the ex-minister of War, it is said, will be offered the legation in London.

The "Cordillera" which arrived on Thursday brought another consignment of Bange-Cadet cannons. They were disembarked with all haste the same evening.

The only certainty about the return of General Tajes from Buenos Aires is that he has not yet come. As we hear that the Government has sent him another batch of despatches and instructions it looks as if his mission is not yet at an end.

It seems certain now that the proposed mobilisation of the National Guard will not be carried into effect, the new War Minister being opposed to the step. Battalions of volunteers will be formed instead. There is still no Official Bulletin and consequently no revolutionary news that it is lawful to repeat.

SUNDRIES

—We bring to a conclusion to-day our lengthy discussion with Dr. Palomeque over the Carvalho case, which, we hope has not entirely exhausted the patience of our readers. A translation into Spanish of the entire series of articles is in preparation and will appear in due time.

—We are requested to notify that the sailing of the P. S. N. Co's "Orissa" from this port will take place on Friday, April 24, instead of on the Saturday as previously announced. From that date forwards the fortnightly homeward sailing of all the vessels of the P. S. N. Co's line will be on Friday, instead of Saturday as hitherto.

—Holy Week is at our doors again and the question of a holiday on the Saturday before Easter Sunday is still undecided, thanks to the indifference of the Government. The arrangement in Buenos Aires is far more sensible than that here. A contemporary informs us as follows:—"By mutual accord all the banks in Buenos Aires will be closed during Holy Week from Holy Thursday 13 m. till Easter Monday morning. The Custom House as well as most of the Government offices will also be closed as usual, and perhaps a greater number of business houses than in any previous year. The association of clerks for mutual assistance has been actively engaged in trying to get all business houses without exception to close." We may add that the custom of closing business houses in England from the Thursday evening until the Tuesday morning, giving four days consecutive holiday, is yearly becoming more general.

—It is rumoured in New York that Ex-President and Mrs. Cleveland have agreed to apply for a divorce, the reason for such action being incompatibility of temper. —A telegram received in London from Carracas, on Tuesday last, states that General Crespo,

the Venezuelan President would sign the arbitration agreement between England and Venezuela on the Guayana boundary question on Friday. The terms of the agreement have been fully and unanimously approved by the Venezuelan Congress, and this, therefore, will give a final and peaceful solution to a question which has excited so much interest and discussion all over the civilized world and which even threatened to produce a rupture between Great Britain and the United States.

—A Bill has passed the House of Commons making it obligatory to distinguish by special marks all foreign articles introduced into the country and especially imported meat. The bill will have the effect of lowering the price of frozen meat, much of which is at present sold as a colonial article.

—The Bank of England have arranged for a remarkable illumination in celebration of the Queen's Commemoration. The main body of the scheme will reproduce the singularly beautiful design in crystal and ruby with which the whole of the facade was covered both at the Jubilee of 1887 and on the marriage of the Duke of York; but on the upper part of the facade there will be illuminated groups in a style that has not previously been exhibited in England. The design has been prepared and will be executed by J. Defries and Sons.

—An amusing incident of the Mansion House meeting in support of the Charing-cross Hospital is thus described by one who was present. A fairly large gathering had assembled, and in the subdued light of the Egyptian Hall were awaiting the arrival of the Lord Mayor, who was to preside, and the Lady Mayoress. The doors were thrown open, the Right Honourable the Lord Mayor was ceremoniously announced and the civic party were making a dignified entry, when the general gravity of the spectators was upset by the discovery that a pretty, perky black Pomeranian was closely following his master and mistress to the head of the room. The Lady Mayoress was apparently just a trifle shocked, and would presumably have had the intruder removed, but, with that genial good-humour which characterises him, the Lord Mayor cast his official influence on the side of the dog, and throughout the meeting it actually shared with him the comforts of his gold chair. On the whole, the dog seemed to enjoy his novel experience. His nerves suffered somewhat, however, when those present applauded the speakers, and, as a protest, he frequently barked. Or was this, after all, his method of joining in the applause and endorsing the charitable appeals that were being made?

—We have received another letter on the "Diamond Jubilee" commemoration question, but are compelled to reserve it until tomorrow.

—Rumours were afloat on Thursday night that the famous firm of Porteria and Co., the military contractors of whom so much has been heard of late, had applied for a moratorium. Yesterday morning the firm published an indignant denial.

—The rain that fell yesterday from before daybreak until after 3 p. m. was something phenomenal in its quantity and violence. As invariably happens in such cases, serious inundations were quickly produced in all the low-lying streets of the city, the aggregate losses caused being considerable. In many points the circulation of the trams was impeded. The 2nd Chassours Barracks was completely flooded. Both police and fire-brigade were very active in giving assistance, one of the first places to which the latter were called being the President's house, where the wells overflowed. Several buildings, one of them being the Este tramway station, were struck by lightning, but without any serious consequences. The suburban *quintas* have suffered severely. According to the *Razon* the rainfall in 1 1/2 hours was 131 millimetres. The rain ceased about 4 p. m. but without the sky clearing.

—The important spirit and liquor factory "La Estrella" in La Paz, was completely destroyed by fire yesterday morning. The damages are estimated at \$40,000 gold, including 100,000 litres of spirit in the reservoirs. It was insured in the "Royal," "Lancashire" and "La Plata" Companies. The fire is attributed to lightning. The factory belonged to a joint-stock company, manager Sr. J. Galeano. It was established in 1883 by Messrs. Croda and Carbone.

—It appears that the inveterate criminal Cattaneo, not content with his wholesale forgeries, was also defrauding the Gas Company by having made false connections from the main.

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—The Oriental Telegraph line was interrupted yesterday between Melo and Artigas, between Treinta y Tres and Melo, at Guiterrez and at Zapican. The other lines were reported free. The interruption on the Central Railway branch to Nico Perez continues.

—On Thursday afternoon, in Calle 25 de Mayo, between Piedad and Rivadavia, Buenos Aires, that is to say in the banking centre, a cart conveying 140 kilos of pyrotechnical materials blew up, and set fire to some of the adjacent buildings. Three men were blown to pieces by the explosion and several others severely injured. The material damage to adjacent property was also great, and it is estimated \$20,000 worth of window glass was shattered, the shock being felt for many squares round.

—The *Siglo* repeats a rumour that Don Eduardo MacEachen will be offered the portfolio of Government. We hope it may prove true.

—The only important news in the Cretan question is that the direct negotiations between Greece and Turkey for an amicable settlement have failed. The telegrams continue to express faith in a pacific solution by the Powers.

BUENOS AIRES.

—Mr. Barrow, the enterprising manager of the Southern Railway, is already back to the River Plate from his rapid visit to England on matters of urgent business, relating to the Company. Mr. Reginald Neild has also arrived at the same time and so has the Manager of the Santa Fé and Cordoba Railway, Mr. J. Augier.

—A prominent American wool-buyer in this market estimates his actual purchases of the season's clip at not far from \$2,000,000 U. S. gold. He has just chartered a large steamer to load entirely with wool for the States.

—A new issue has been made of forged notes for \$200, \$50 and \$20. They are so well made that some which were presented at the Banco de la Nación had to be sent to the treasurer of the Conversion Office to decide whether they were good or bad.

—The death of Mrs. Tubbs, wife of the Rev. Dr. Tubbs of Mercedes has cast a shadow over the American Methodist Church society and circles, among whom Mrs. Tubbs was greatly beloved. Dr. Tubbs is President of the Mercedes Divinity schools, and had his home in that city. The remains of Mrs. Tubbs were brought to this city and funeral services held in the American Church. —B. A. Herald.

LONDON NOTES.

THURSDAY, MARCH 11.

The Queen, accompanied by Princess Beatrice and Princess Victoria of Schleswig-Holstein, left Windsor Castle yesterday morning for Nice. The Royal party travelled by train to Portsmouth, where they embarked on board the Victoria and Albert, and crossed to Cherbourg. Thence they resume the journey this morning.

A letter was received at the Mansion House yesterday from the Queen, who, having reason to believe that the distress attending the present famine in India is likely to be more widespread than was at first anticipated, sent a further donation of 500l. to the Relief Fund. Other sums contributed during the day raised the total to 411,000l.

The efforts of Sir A. Billiotti, the British Consul at Canea, for the liberation of the Mussulmans shut up in Kandano by the Cretan insurgents, have been entirely successful. There is a strong feeling of gratitude to the Consul among the Moslems of Canea, who believe that the safety of their coreligionists is entirely due to him. Sir A. Billiotti, after interviewing the Cretan leaders and visiting Kandano itself returned to Selino and obtained a force of 650 men, supplied by the foreign warships. These accompanied him back to Kandano and were held in readiness for emergencies in the outskirts of the town. The evacuation was carried out at considerable danger to the Moslems, who were surrounded by the insurgents, and in many cases had their property taken from them.

Discussion of the Education Bill occupied yesterday's sitting of the House of the Commons. Mr. Griffith moved an amendment declaring that the association of schools should be constituted in accordance with the regulations hereinafter laid down. On this the Opposition sought information with regard to the proposed associations. Mr. Balfour refused to give it, and ultimately moved the Closure. The amendment was then rejected. An amendment proposing that the areas for the associations who are to distribute money under the Bill shall be the sanitary area, was also rejected, replying to Sir W. Harcourt, Mr. Curzon said that nothing had been heard officially of any supplementary reply or Note from the Greek Government. Candamos had been relieved.

Speaking at the banquet of the Associated Chambers of Commerce, which took place at the Hotel Métropole last night, Lord Salisbury referred to the aspect of affairs in the East. Remarking that the Government were agents or trustees, he said that their duty was to maintain above everything else British interests and British obligations. They must allow no consideration to come into competition with that, and they might be assured that if they were manfully

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doing their duty in sustaining the first article to which they were bound they would promote in a way in which no other course of conduct could promote that which all must heartily desire—the reign of freedom, of justice, and, above all, of European peace on which all commerce and industry and all wellbeing must depend.

Yesterday's proceedings of the National Free Council were marked by an important discussion and the passing of a strong resolution on the Education Bill. Mr. Perkins, M.P., suggested that Nonconformists should remove the 80,000 Nonconformist children now estimated to be attending Church of England schools, and earning money for them, and place them in schools of their own. He also drew attention to the manner in which Irish members closed the English Nonconformists, who had formerly done them a good turn, and said that when the Nonconformists had to put into office a Government to repeal this Bill they must not rely on this broken reed.

A large and representative meeting of the Association of School Boards of England and Wales was held at the Westminster Palace Hotel yesterday, when a resolution was passed demanding that the principle of equality should be observed in the treatment of all public elementary schools; whether provided or not provided by School Boards, especially in respect of grants from the Exchequer and the exemption of school buildings from local rates.

Aston Villa defeated Preston North End yesterday by three goals to two, in the competition for the English Cup. They met Liverpool in the semi-final at Sheffield. In the first division of the League North Forest beat Everton by three goals to one.

COMMERCIAL

STOCK EXCHANGE.

Montevideo, April 9, 1897.

Business to-day was very slack. Prices not firm. Sales as follows:—
Mortgage Bank, 885 shares at 13.70 and 13.60, closing 13.70.
Consolidated Debt, \$9400 at 39. No London quotation.

EXCHANGE.

	Bank.	Commercial.
London	98 1/2	51 1/4-5/16 51 9/8-3/16
Paris	90 1/2	5.35 6.88-40
Antwerp	90 1/2	5.35-7 5.35-41
Germany	90 1/2	4.35-6 4.38-395
N. York	91	—
Italy	5.56	—
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Discount 7 1/2 to 8 %		

BUSINESS NOTES

—The Custom House paid into the London Bank yesterday \$5,847 on account of the Consolidated Debt and Railway guarantee service and \$714 on account of the 5% Loan service.

—Gold opened in B. Aires yesterday at 296 and closed at 246.30.
—Exchange upon London was quoted in Rio Janeiro yesterday at 7 15/16 d. per milreis.
—There was no exchange telegram from Rio Janeiro yesterday.
—The «Eolo» brought \$13,421 to various consignees.
Buenos Aires, April 9, 1897.
Gold, cash, 276.30.
Do. end of month, 297.50
Certificados Banco de la Provincia, cash, 33.90.
Consolidada de Santa Fé, cash, 39.
Banco Español, 130.
Puerto B. Aires, cash, 26.50.
Muelle Catalinas, cash, 8.30.
The «Venus» sail.

MARITIME

ARRIVALS AND SAILINGS.

Montevideo, April 8, 1897.
—Str. Helios from Salto, 24 pass.
—Str. Eolo from B. Aires. 66 pass.
—Str. Cosmos from Salto, 10 pass.
—Str. France from Marseilles, 24 pass.
—Str. Eolo for B. Aires.
—Strs. Colon and Labrador for Salto

MAIL STEAMERS

LEAVING TO-DAY

—The str. VENUS will leave TO-DAY for Buenos Aires only. Correspondence at G. P. O. till 4 15 p. m. maritime branch 4.45 p. m.
—The str. COSMOS and HELIOS will leave TO-DAY for B. Aires and Salto. Hours as above.
—The str. PORTUGAL will leave TO-DAY for Rio Janeiro, Dakar,

Lisbon and Bordeaux. Correspondence at G. P. O. till 12 m. maritime branch 1 p. m.

—The str. ORCANA will leave TO-DAY for Rio Janeiro, Saint Vincent, Lisbon, Vigo, La Pallice (La Rochelle) and Liverpool. Correspondence at G. P. O. till 8.15 a. m. maritime branch 9 a. m.

—The str. KING CADWALLON will leave TO-DAY for New York. Correspondence at G. P. O. till 8 p. m. maritime branch 4 p. m.

OTHER DATES
—The str. ABYDOS will leave April 14 for St. Vincent, Havre and Hamburg. Correspondence at G. P. O. till 2 p. m. maritime branch 5 p. m.

The str. POTOSI will leave April 14 for Lisbon, Vigo, La Pallice and Liverpool. Correspondence at G. P. O. till 8.15 a. m. maritime branch 9 a. m.

—The str. PFALZ will leave April 15 for Las Palmas, Vigo, Southampton, Antwerp and Bremen. Correspondence at G. P. O. till 10 a. m. maritime branch 11 a. m.

Note.—In addition to the hours mentioned above, letters for all these steamers will be received, without extra charge, in the Aduanas Kiosk until the P. O. agents leave to go on board the steamers.

Steamers to arrive.

APRIL	NAME	FLAG	FROM
10	Ovingdean G.	English	London
10	Hellanoeh	English	New York
10	Vittoria	Italian	Genoa
10	Orcana	English	Valparaiso
10	Chili	English	Southampton
14	Orbi	French	Bordeaux
15	Abidos	German	Chile
17	Paranaguá	German	Hamburg
20	Italia	German	Genoa
21	Luxor	German	Port Stanley
23	Magdalena	English	Southampton
24	Antonio Lopez	Spanish	Cadiz
28	Louisiana	German	Bremen
30	Mark	German	Southampton

Steamers to leave.

APRIL	NAME	FLAG	FOR
10	D. di Genova	Italian	Genoa
10	Orcana	English	Liverpool
10	Rosario	German	Bahia
15	Abidos	German	Havre
15	Palz	German	Southampton
16	Monri	English	Antwerp
20	Sao Paulo	German	Bahia
21	Luxor	German	London
25	Italia	German	Genoa

ADVERTISEMENTS

FOR SALE. An Edison mimeograph, a cheque cutter rendering alteration impossible, a lawn tennis racket with case and rubber grip. Apply Calle Ciudadela 108.

TO LET. Well furnished rooms for single gentlemen or married couple. Windows to street. Very central. Calle Cerro to 94, corner of Solis.

MONTEVIDEO GOLF CLUB.

NOTICE. The first Monthly Handicap Competition for the «Diamond Jubilee» Cup, presented by F. Henderson Esq., will be held on Thursday, April 15, play to commence at 1 p. m. sharp.

Entries to be sent to the Captain, Mr. A. D. Dunbar, English Club, not later than April 10. 291 Apr. 15

Ferro-Carril Central del Uruguay

AVISO

Se avisa al público que los trenes nocturnos que figuran en el nuevo itinerario de esta empresa bajo los números 25 y 28, quedan suspendidos entre Central y Rio Negro, hasta nuevo aviso.

Tambien quedan suspendidos los mismos trenes entre Rio Negro y Rivera los días viernes, corriendo de Rio Negro y de Rivera respectivamente los días domingos y miércoles solamente.

Los pasajeros con destino al norte de Rio Negro y la línea Midland, deben tomar el tren que sale de Central a las 7.15 a. m. las viaseras de las salidas de Rio Negro para el norte de Midland.

Montevideo, Marzo 31 de 1897. La Administración

292-Apr.

SOME GOOD

ADVERTISING SPACES TO LET

APPLY EARLY AT THIS OFFICE

Oriental & Platense Telegraph Co.

Calle 25 de Mayo, Corner of Zabala, opposite English Bank.

Direct Communication with Brazil and all parts of the Argentine Republic.

INTERNATIONAL TELEGRAPHIC CONFERENCE.

Telegrams for Europe and North America by three distinct routes—

Via Gaveston, by the Central & S. American Telegraph Co.
Via Recife, by the S. American Telegraph Co., and the Brazilian Submarine Telegraph Co.
Via Antilles, by La Société Française des Câbles Submarines.

There will shortly be a reduction of the tariff for all parts.
E. JONES, General Manager.

«Norton» Line of Steamers

Agents: NORTON and SON, New York. Manager: BUCKNALL NEPHEWS, London.

FROM ROSARIO, BUENOS AIRES AND MONTEVIDEO TO NEW YORK

The following full-powered steamers will be despatched from Montevideo

DELOOMTYN April 20
These steamers have good accommodation for a limited number of First-Class Passengers. For freight passage, etc., apply to the Agents—

WILLIAMS & CO., Cerrito 122
And at B. Aires, 25 de Mayo 287, or to Norton & Son, 90 Wall St., New York. Bucknall Bros. 23 Leadenhall St., London.

PRINCE LINE.

The Magnificent steamer TROJAN PRINCE will sail on April 5th for Santos, Rio, Bahia and N. York.

The Magnificent steamer TARTAR PRINCE will sail on 20th April for Santos, Rio, Bahia and N. York.

Passenger fares, 1st class, Santos \$30, N. York \$140.

For further particulars, apply to THE PRINCE LINE AGENCY

Buenos Aires, Reconquista 36—Rosario, Bajada 187—Montevideo, Cerrito 52.

ACCOUNTANT AND BOOKKEEPER. The undersigned offers his services as above.

Accounts adjusted and books written up monthly, on conventional terms. JOHN SARDISON, English Club. 273 Apr. 20.

TO LET. Well-furnished rooms for single gentlemen or married couple. Windows to street. Board if required. Terms moderate. Calle Ejido 215. 281 Apr. 8.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS, for married couple or single gentlemen, with board if required. Apply 216 Calle Maldonado.

TO LET. APARTMENTS, furnished, for single gentlemen, in house of an English family, with or without board. Highly recommended. Apply, Plaza Zabala 39a.

Evangelical School FOR GIRLS.

CALLE SAN JOSE 257, MONTEVIDEO.

This School offers a complete course of instruction in English, Spanish and Kindergarten.

The new school year opens the first Monday in March. For catalogue and further particulars, apply at the School, between 9 and 10 a. m.

The Committee.

For fares, freight & other details, apply to the agents, WILSON, SONS & Co. Limited.

Montevideo, Calle 25 de Mayo 214, corner of Zabala. —Buenos Aires Calle Reconquista 365.

Will sail for Liverpool on or about

14th April, 1897

calling at Lisbon, Vigo and La Pallice (La Rochelle)

IF SUFFICIENT INDUCEMENT OFFERS.

Without calling at Brazils.

For fares, freight & other details, apply to the agents,

WILSON, SONS & Co. Limited.

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Will sail for Liverpool on or about

14th April, 1897

calling at Lisbon, Vigo and La Pallice (La Rochelle)

MAUÁ DRY DOCK
 MONTEVIDEO
 Receives vessels at reasonable rates.
 There are workshops at the dock, or executing quickly and economically every description of repairs, to the hull or machinery of iron or wooden vessels.
 Professional divers at the public service at moderate prices.
 Apply to
The Montevideo Gas Co., Ltd.,
 Calle 25 de Mayo No. 338.
 Thos. F. Lane,
 General Manager.

SOLE AGENTS for
Suter Hartmann & Rahtjen's Composition Co's
 Celebrated
COMPOSITION PAINTS
 for bottoms of Steel and Iron Ships.

Cibils & Jackson Dock.

MONTEVIDEO.
 Receives vessels of all draughts. This Establishment is also provided with foundry and workshops for effecting all repairs necessary to hull or machinery, with speed and economy.
 There are spacious Stores for the deposit of Cargo, electric light for night work, and everything necessary to ensure the rapidity, perfection and economy of the operations required.
 For terms apply to the Administration, Calle Piedras 120.
Antonio Miro
 Manager.

Water Fittings
 Great Reduction in Prices.
Baths—Many different kinds, with or without fittings.—Shower-baths.—Needle-baths.—Greatly reduced.
Wash-stands—Of all descriptions, a new stock received at much lower prices.
Closets—Fresh consignments now on sale, 12 different kinds, at very moderate prices.
Water-heating Fittings—Very handy for baths, etc., at cost price.
Filters—Of the best makers. Kitchen-sinks, all sizes, just received. Complete stock of Lead, Iron and India-rubber piping. Taps, Tanks, Garden Hose, Fountains, Tiles, and every requisite for all kinds of installations.

M. V. Waterworks Co.
 Store, 68 Plaza Zabala and 120 Sarandi
 Notable Reduction in Prices.
 Repairs, fixing pipes and fittings attended to on the shortest notice, by a staff of experienced plumbers, on moderate terms.

QUIBELL'S SHEEP DIPS
 NEWARK-ON-TRENT, ENGLAND.
 AGENT
J. A. EASTON
 115, Calle Juncal, 115.
 MONTEVIDEO.

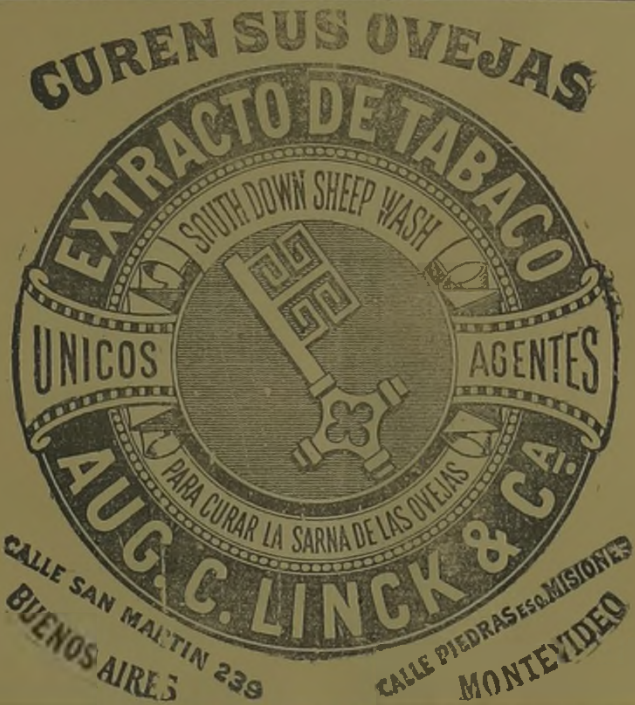
"Saturno"
 Beer and Lunch Saloon.
 DEUTSCHE BIER AUSSCHANK.
 Wines, Spirits, Beers and Cigars of the best quality.
 Sandwiches, Lunch and Cooktails.
 Billiards.
 ENGLISH SPOKEN.
 HERMANN ABEL.
 4 & 5—Plaza Cagancha—4 & 5, and Calle Queguay 216.

Gran Fábrica Norte-Americana DE COLCHONES METÁLICOS
 Maker of Elastic and Woollen Mattresses.
 Metallic Mattresses, System Yankee, and Spring Mattresses of same system a specialty.
 ANGEL OTERO
 20—CALLE COLONIA—20
 MONTEVIDEO

British Hospital
 MONTEVIDEO
 The healthy position of the Institution in the entrance to the harbour recommends it to the attention of Invalids.
 Private Rooms from \$3.00 per day
 Semi-private Rooms 2.00 do
 General Ward 1.00 do
 Female Ward. Conditions as above.
 Special Cases, Special Terms.
 Foreigners admitted on terms above stipulated.
 Patients admitted from 9 to 12 a.m.
 Urgencies at all hours.
 Hours for Out-door Patients 11 to 12 a.m.
 Visiting days, Sunday, Tuesday, Friday and Feastdays from 3 to 5 p.m.
 Subscriptions and donations are respectfully solicited.
 Subscribers of 12 dollars per annum are entitled to send one free patient to the Hospital during the year for which the subscription is paid, orders for same to be obtained from the Secretary or Treasurer.
 William Thomson, M.A., M.B., C.M., Resident Medical Officer.
 For further particulars apply to
 Jas. Towers, Hon. Sec.
 Calle 25 de Mayo 107.
 W. Murray Wilson, Hon. Treasurer
 Zabala 104.

British Bank of South America, Limited.
 ESTABLISHED, 1863
Montevideo, Calle Zabala 94
 Capital subscribed. 1,000,000
 Do. paid up. 500,000
 Reserve Fund. 800,000
 Head Office 2a Moorgate Street, London.
 BRANCHES,
 Argentine Republic
 BUENOS AIRES, Head Office, Reconquista, corner of Piedad.
 Agency, Rivadavia 2437.
 ROSARIO DE SANTA FE
 RAFAELA
 BAHIA BLANCA
 CHIVILCOY.
 Brazil.
 RIO DE JANEIRO.—SANTOS.—SAN PAULO.—BAHIA.—PARA.

Current accounts opened.
 Deposits received at sight and for fixed periods.
 Commercial bills discounted.
 Letters of credit issued, Telegraphic Transfers and drafts at sight, and up to 90 days' sight given, on its Head Office and Branches.
 and on
 London Joint-Stock Bank, (Limd.), London,
 Messrs. Heine and Co., Paris.
 John Berenberg Gossler and Co., Hamburg.
 also on
 Italy, Spain, Belgium, North America,
RATES OF INTEREST,
 (Until further notice)
 On Deposits @ 7 days' notice 1 %
 " " " 30 " " 2 %
 " " " 60 " " 3 %
 " " " 3 months fixed 4 %
 " " " 6 " " 5 %
 October 1st, 1896. **M. B. Brooks.**
 Manager.



MONTEVIDEO GAS CO. LIMITED.
REDUCTION OF 12 1/2 o/o
IN THE
PRICE OF GAS
 Consumers, and the Public generally, will please bear in mind that from the 1st July, 1896.
The Price of Gas has been reduced
to \$3.50 per 1,000 cubic feet, or \$0.123 per cubic metre
 which is equal to a reduction of 12 1/2 o/o on the price previously charged.

The above mentioned Reduction in Price, combined with the Great Economy and Efficiency of the New
INCANDESCENT GAS LAMPS,
 AND OF THE
PEEBLES' GOVERNOR BURNERS
 MAKES
GAS
 the Cheapest, Most Convenient, and Best Illuminant; to which we direct the special attention of consumers of Kerosene, and other illuminants.
 It is also very convenient and economical for Gas Engines.
Company's Only Deposit
Calle 25 de Mayo Nos. 334, 338 and 342.

NOTE—Special attention is called to a large New Stock just received from England of Gas Boiling Stoves, Grills, Cooking Ranges, and other apparatus of various kinds, which are very Convenient and Economical, especially taking into consideration the recent Reduction in Price of Gas.
 Every facility for making a trial of these Useful Articles offered to the Public.
The Public are invited to visit the Establishment.

London and River Plate Bank, Limited.
 London, Princes street, E. C., Paris, 18 Rue Halevy,
 Buenos Aires, Montevideo, Paysandú, Rosario de Santa Fé, Mendoza, Rio de Janeiro, Pernambuco and Para.
 Authorized Capital. 2,000,000
 Subscribed Capital. 1,500,000
 Paid-up Capital. 900,000
 Reserve Fund. 2,100,000
 Current Accounts opened with Commercial Firms and private individuals.
 Customers have the advantage of having approved Bills discounted, of obtaining Loans upon Negotiable Securities, of Depositing Bills, Coupons etc., for collection—subject to a conventional commission.
 The Bank receives deposits either at sight, for fixed periods, or at thirty days notice at withdrawal, interest on which is regulated by the market value of money, the Bank notifying any change in Rates by Advertisement in the principal daily papers.
 Letters of Credit issued to parties travelling abroad.
 Letters of Credit issued to parties for the purpose of purchasing Goods in Europe, the United States, etc., the terms of which can be ascertained on application to the Bank.
 Parties wishing to bring out funds to the River Plate, can do so through the medium of the Bank's chief office,
 Princes Street, London E. C.
 OR OF THE
 Paris Branch, 18 Rue Halevy.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE
 Issued and Purchased on the following places
 LONDON
 And the principal towns of
ENGLAND, SCOTLAND AND IRELAND
 PARIS, And all the principal towns of FRANCE,
 AND OF
 GERMANY
 SPAIN
 ALSO ON
 AFRICA—AUSTRALIA—BRAZIL—CANADA—CHILE—PORTUGAL—SWITZERLAND—UNITED STATES—ARGENTINE REPUBLIC.
 POSTAL DRAFTS issued on all towns in Italy.
RATES OF INTEREST
 From 1st January and until further notice the following rates will rule:—
 Allowed:—
 On Deposits in account current mfl.
 " Deposits @ 30 days notice 1% per annum
 " Fixed Deposits for 3 months 2% " "
 " Do. " 6 " 3% " "
 Discounts, Conventional
 Interest charged on overdraft 10% " "
 C. NUTTALL,
 Manager.
 January 1, 1897.

The Anglo-Argentine Bank, Limited.
 London: 15 Nicholas Lane, E.C.—Buenos Aires: 78, Reconquista, 78
 Montevideo, Calle Zabala 82
 Capital subscribed. £ 450,000
 Do. Paid up. 350,000
 Reserve Fund. 5,000
 CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened with commercial Firms and private individuals.
 DEPOSITS RECEIVED at sight and for fixed periods.
 BILLS discounted, negotiated, and collected.
 STOCKS and SHARES received on deposit for collection of Coupons and Dividends.
 PROCEEDS OF COUPONS and Dividends remitted to parties interested in Europe.
 STOCKS and SHARES bought and sold for account of third parties.
 BILLS OF EXCHANGE, LETTERS OF CREDIT, and TELEGRAPHIC PAYMENTS issued on London, Paris, Hamburg, Antwerp and the principal towns in Great Britain, France, Italy, and Spain. Banking business of every description transacted.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.
 For 2 months fixed. 3 %
 " 3 " " 4 %
 " 6 " " 5 %
 Other periods by arrangement.
 Montevideo, H. E. MURKELL, Acting Manager.

LONDON & BRAZILIAN BANK, Ltd.
 Capital subscribed.. £ 1,500,000
 Do. paid up..... £ 750,000
 Reserve Fund..... £ 600,000
 Head Office 8 Tokenhouse Yard, E. C.
 Letters of credit, telegraphic transfers and drafts on the principal towns throughout Europe & Brazil.
 Deposits received and every description of Banking business transacted.

Holzaptel's Compositions Co. Ltd.
 (International Patents.)
 Anti-Corrosive Composition for the Hulls of Iron and Steel vessels.
 Sole agents in Montevideo
D. Batti & Co. (Successors of Crosta Borelli & Co.)
 111—Calle 25 de Agosto—113, Montevideo.
 Importers of Naval Articles,—Paints,—Oils,—Cotton and Canvas Sa coths,—Buckets,—Zinc,—Rubber, bronze, copper and iron Tubing, etc., etc.

AGUA BALSÁMICA DE TOCADOR
 del Doctor CAZENAVE
 Ex-Profesor agregado de la Facultad de Medicina de París, Licenciado del Instituto.
 Desechando los fríos, los vinagres de que tan gran abuso se ha hecho, el Dr. Cazenave combina en esta deliciosa agua los balsamos mas raros, el Torá, la Sassa y el Olibano, tan codiciados por los antiguos: así ha compuesto el más maravilloso perfume, y, al propio tiempo, el más apropiado para el cutis. Por su acción tónica y estimulante el Agua Balsámica da a la tez un brillo y una pureza sorprendentes, le presta ternura, y suavidad, quita al agua su ardiente y nocivo la fragancia y la salud de los órganos mas delicados.
 Depósito en París: 47, Avenue de l'Opéra.

ELIXIR
ENFERMEDADES del ESTOMAGO
 Gastritis, Gastralgia, Diarrea, Vómitos, Dispepsia del Estómago y Afecciones generales de las Vías digestivas.
TROUETTE
 (Pepsina Vegetal)
 PARIS, Venta por Mayor: TROUETTE-PERRET, 163 y 165, CALLE DE SAINT-LAURENCE.
 Repartidores en Montevideo: DEMARCHEL, PARODI y C.

VINHO do Doutor VIVIEN
 DE EXTRACTO PURO
 DE FIGADO DE BACALHAU
 Aprobado pela Academia de medicina de Paris.
 Resulta da análise de Dr. GARREAU e do relatório apresentado pelos seus professores BOUILLAUD, POGGIALE e DEVERGIE a Academia de medicina, que o Vinho de Extracto de Fígado de Bacalhau possui elementos muito mais activos e medicamentozos do que o óleo, e produz os mesmos efeitos.
UMA COLHER D'ESSE VINHO
 EQUIVALE
 A MUITAS COLHERAS DO MELHOR OLEO DE FIGADO DE BACALHAU
 De Saber mal agradecer, o Vinho de extracto de Fígado de Bacalhau e recomendado por todos os medicos para o Rachitismo, Escrophulas, Anemias, Debilidades do Feto e da Pelle, Thysica, Debilidade, etc., etc.
 CONSULTE-SE A NOTICIA
 IMPRESSO GERAL
 J. DA VILA MORENO & C^{os}, Droguistas, 50, Boulevard de Strasbourg, em PARIS
 E EM TODAS AS PHARMACIAS
 Tomar cuidado com as falsificações.

ROYAL MAIL
STEAM PACKET COMPANY
 REGULAR FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE
 THE SPLENDID STEAMER
"NILE"
 Captain J. D. Spooner
 Will sail on April 18, 1897 DIRECT FOR VIGO, CHERBOURG and SOUTHAMPTON.
 Taking passengers, mails, special cargo.
 Great reduction in passenger tariffs.
 All the steamers of this favourite line are fitted with refrigerators and Electric Light and have every modern improvement for the comfort and safety of passengers.
 Table wine supplied gratis to passengers of all classes.
RETURN TICKETS
 Issued at reduced rates. Special abatements made in favour of families and companies.
PREPAID PASSAGES
 Parties wishing to bring out their friends from Europe can arrange of the passages with the Agent on reasonable terms.
NEW YORK
 Through tickets issued for passages from Montevideo or Buenos Aires to New York via Southampton in combination with the well known steamers of the NORTH GERMAN LLOYD STEAM SHIP CO. & THE AMERICAN LINE.
 For Freight or Passage apply to
F. L. HUMPHREYS & Co. Agents.
 Calle de las Piedras 108.

F. L. Humphreys & Company
 Importing Agents.—Offices, 108 Calle Piedras.
 SOLE AGENTS for the well-known agricultural and industrial machines
Richard Hornsby and Sons,
 Motors, Reaping, Binding, Threshing, Mowing, Sowing, Shelling, Sorting and other Machines. Ploughs and every description of Agricultural implements. MACHINERY DEPOSIT, 882 CALLE PIEDRAS.
 Fencing and binding wire.—Galvanized iron and zinc for roofing.—Sheet metal.—Wire setting.—Sulphur.—Sulphate of Copper and Iron.—Machine oil of all kinds.—Paints and Varnishes.—Raw and boiled linseed oil.—Hardware of all kinds and other building and ironmongery requisites.
 Portland Cement, "Carnero" brand. Belgian Cement, "Agulla" brand.
 MERCHANDISE DEPOSIT, 812 CALLE 25 DE AGOSTO.
 SLIPWAY.—GENERAL SHIPWRIGHTS.—All classes of Repair to the Machinery, boilers and hulls of iron or wooden vessels.—VILLA DEL CERRO.
 PRODUCE DEPOSIT, «BARRACA INGLESA» CALLE JUNCAL 5 to 23.

AGENCIA INGLESA DE SEGUROS
PHENIX ASSURANCE Co
 DE LONDRES
 ESTABLECIDA EN 1782
 (Compañia de Seguros contra incendios)
INDemnITY
 Mutual Marine Insurance Co. Ltd.
 (Compañia de Seguros Maritimos y Fluviales).
 Los agentes tienen plenos poderes para arreglar reclamos sin referencia a las Compañias en Londres.
 Agentes:—F. L. HUMPHREYS & Co.
 108-CALLE DE LAS PIEDRAS-108.

FLUIDO LITTLE
 ESPECIFICO SIN RIVAL
 PARA CURAR
LA SARNA
 EN LAS OVRJAS
 Premiado con Medalla de Oro en Christchurch (NUEVA ZELANDIA)
LIBRE DE VENENO
 Se mezcla instantáneamente
 CON AGUA FRIA
 Se dan muestras GRATIS a los que deseen experimental.
 Unico agente introductor
Juan J. Hore
 Misiones 130, Montevideo.

AGENTES EN TODOS LOS PUEBLOS DE LA CAMPAÑA.

JOSEPH GILLOTT'S STEEL PENS.
 Numbers with exquisitely Fine Points, for ARCHITECTS, ENGINEERS, and DRAUGHTSMEN—178, 210, 231, 302, 441, 650, 1000.

Tónico, Reconstituyente, Regenerador
VINHO DE MARSA
 do Doutor MOUCHELOT, da Faculdade de Paris
 Aprobado pela Academia de Medicina
 Este precioso producto é recomendado pelas autoridades medicas mais celebres, as pessoas atacadas de debilidade, proveniente da natureza da chimica, esgotadas, doencas, ou casos que necessitam a reconstituição e regeneração do organismo enfraquecido.
 O VINHO DE MARSA do Doutor MOUCHELOT, activo a circulação, excita e restabelece as funções digestivas, recupera as forças e dá o vigor e a saúde.
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Rosas y Violetas
preparado con yemas de huevos
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AVISO!
La nueva invención del TAPON PERFECCIONADO, completa en una adherencia perfecta la botella que contiene el Extracto Vegetal de Rosas y Violetas. Y extenderá en este tapon, ella y hace cuerpo con el líquido que contiene. Hecho.

"Only a Civilian."

(A SHORT STORY)
(Conclusion).

"I can't think," Vera cried petulantly, when all Mr. Clavering's efforts to impart instruction in the noble art of throwing "ducks and drakes" resulted in her pebbles sinking at once into the high tide, whilst his, deftly skimming the surface of the water, rose and fell half-a-dozen times or more, "why you can't show me how to do it. I am so quick at learning things. Dick would have taught me in half the time."

"Dick?" Mr. Clavering faced about slowly. "And who, may I ask, is Dick?"

"Why, of course, my fiancé," Vera's reddened cheek was turned a little away; "But—I suppose—you did not know?"

"No," very slowly, "I did not know. It never occurred to you to mention it. I suppose—you have been engaged—all along, then?"

"Of course! How stupid you are! As if I could have got engaged to any one here, except to—she broke off suddenly, a hot rush of colour over her cheeks, as their eyes met, and looked away again.

He gave a little laugh. "Except to me, you were going to say. Well, I really don't see how you could."

"You see," she said, stooping to choose the flattest pebbles for their game, "it isn't exactly an engagement, because father won't allow it, but we have vowed to be true to each other, and we write every day; at least—hesitating—owe did at first."

"And now?"

"Well," with a petulant shrug, "there isn't much to say. In a place like this, one day is the same as another." She threw another stone which shared the fate of the rest.

"Well, it can't be helped; first come, first served. Sir James and I must console ourselves, that's all."

This was bearing it too well. "I should like Dick to hear you," she said, flushing scarlet again, her blue eyes flashing. "Dick would never console himself—never, if I were to give him up. He would make away with himself at once; he has told me so again and again. Dick worships the very ground I walk on; he cannot eat or sleep, or—dance, while I am away. And in any case," she added stung by his nonchalance, though his face was very white, "it couldn't have made any difference if I had known you first. I should never have married a civilian! Never!"

"Ah! then that's settled." He rose; Sir James did the same, and stretched himself. "I've had my snapshot, though it missed. Shall we go back now?"

That night Vera went to bed early, but she could not sleep, so she got out Dick's letters and read them through again. They were very long at the beginning, but very short towards the end. "One day was like another" with him also, perhaps. There had been a review, and endless drills and parades; the General had kept them at it night and day; he had no time to write, "but he was ever her devoted, etc."

Vera yawned a little over the letters; she had read them all before, and they were very much alike. They were all spread out on the bed, when she went to sleep at last.

When she awoke, it was with a strange, stifled sensation in her throat. Gasping for breath—dense smoke filled the room—she ran to the window, but when she opened it the smoke burst into great tongues of flame between her bed and the door. She shrieked wildly for help; then something clutched her by the throat, and she sank down.

Afterwards, she remembered only a confused noise of shouts and falling timber, a tall form bursting in the door; she did not know whether it was in a dream or not that a deep, caressing voice murmured passionately: "Saved! Thank Heaven, I have saved you, my darling!" But it seemed as if she were being borne away through scorching fire and smoke—there was a crash—then oblivion.

"And you never thanked or spoke to him again after saving your life! Why, Vera, how could you be so heartless?"

"I tell you we never saw him again. Aunt Janet sent me home the next afternoon. You see, all my clothes were burnt, and—Dick's letters. By-the-bye, where is Dick? Why hasn't he been to see me?"

"How should he? Father has forbidden him the house. Vera," Laura regarded her sister a little strangely, "are you still very much gone on Dick?"

"Of course I am." She flushed crimson. "Why should you ask? It was through my reading his letters over that the bed caught fire. Dear fellow, it would break his heart if I were to change, she sighed sentimentally: "how rejoiced he will be to have me back! Do you see him often, Laura? He said he should try and meet you every day—to talk of me!"

"I see him—yes," slowly, "but we have not talked much lately. Vera." She broke off suddenly; then: "The fact is—you must know it soon, so there is no harm in my telling you—Dick has not been behaving very well. You remember Mrs. Revers?"

"The widow with the money, and dyed hair; of course."

"Well, she has always hated you—ever since her fringe blew out of the window, when she was dressing for dinner, and you picked it up, and returned it with your compliments."

"What of that? Dick would never look at her."

"I am afraid," slowly, "he looks at her very often. She made a dead set at him as soon as you went; and they are always together—riding—flirting—"

"Flirting!" Vera interrupted, in righteous indignation, her eyes flashing, her breast heaving with emotion. "Oh, how shameful! How could he—while I—"

She stopped suddenly; in her ears there rang a voice, deep and tender: "Thank Heaven, I have saved you, my darling!"

July had passed into August; the summer was already on the wane. There was an afternoon dance at the barracks.

Vera Hamilton was looking lovely in a soft, cream coloured gown, with spashes of palest gold at throat and waist. There was a wistful look about the pretty mouth the blue eyes were not quite so bright as of yore. For the moment she was not dancing—she was tired and hot she said.

A party of folks from a big house in the neighbourhood arrived rather late; with them a tall man, with brown hair and eyes who carried his right arm in a sling, and whom the great lady of the county presented as "My cousin, Sir Hugh Clavering."

Vera's pulses beat quickly. For the first time in her life she was shy, as he smilingly remarked:

"We have been introduced before, I think."

"I have never thanked you," she said softly; "but I left a message with Aunt Janet. We did not see you again; and now," glancing at the useless arm, "I am afraid you were hurt."

"Oh, a mere trifle. A beam smashed it, and fever set in, so the doctor kept me laid up for a time. But it's of no consequence, thanks; I shall be able to hold a brief just as well. You see," smiling, "there's some comfort in being a 'civilian,' after all."

They went out on the verandah—he could not ask her to dance; but the band sounded softly through the windows—roses and mignonette scented the air.

"By-the-bye," he asked suddenly, "are you 'Mrs. Dick' now?"

And a while afterwards they decided to spend their honeymoon by the sea.

THE END.

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Engineers and builders of the Faculty of Montevideo.

Orders received for designs, plans, valuations, measurements, estimates, building, repairs, etc. Offices, **MILANOS 127**.—Sole agents for "La Marina" line.

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All clothes made in this house are genuine English style, and it may be depended upon for first class articles.

Suits made to the satisfaction of clients in 12 hours. Prices moderate. Fine assortment of English Patterns in all cloths.

Half a square from the Central Railway Station.

27-Calle Río Negro-27

Á los Médicos y á los Enfermos.

La TISIS incipiente, las ESOROFULAS, el RAQUITISMO, los CATARROS PULMONALES, la CLOROANEMIA (colores palidos) y la DISPEPSIA atónica (digestion difícil) se curan radicalmente con el ACEITE DE HIGADO DE BACALAO FERROQUINADO, inventado y elaborado exclusivamente por los farmacéuticos Carrera y Manetti, y aprobado y recomendado por el Consejo de Higiene Pública.—Hierro, Quinina y Aceite puro de hígado de bacalao de Noruega: he aquí los componentes de esta preciosa medicina, que es a la vez medicamento y alimento muy conveniente en la convalecencia de toda enfermedad larga, pues es el mejor agente de reconstitución organico-fisiologica.

El verdadero remedio para los RESFRIOS, TOS CONVULSA, TOS NERVIOSA, CATARROS BRONQUIALES, IRRITACIONES DEL PECHO, ESTOMAGO y GARGANTA, es el Jarabe pectoral de Lactuario balsámico, aprobado por el Superior Consejo de Higiene Pública, y solamente elaborado en la Botica del Globo de Montevideo.

La lactancia artificial y mercenaria, los alimentos impropios y muchas veces la dentición, son causa de los frecuentes y á menudo fatales desarreglos de las vías digestivas.—Empacho—de los jóvenes seres que no pudiendo nutrirse se debilitan y mueren sin que se les administre el Jarabe para Empacho que el Honorable Cor. Jefe de Higiene Pública aprobó, y las madres de familia bien conocen y aprecian. Solo él de la BOTICA DEL GLOBO de Montevideo, adonde se inventó y elabora debe considerarse legítimo.

La falta de apetito, los dolores de estomago, la debilidad, los colores palidos, y las enfermedades del bello sexo en general, se combaten con el Vino de quina ferruginoso de la Botica del Globo de Montevideo. Esta casa recibe constantemente de Noruega el verdadero ACEITE DE HIGADO DE BACALAO, que expende á módicos precios.

10^o Todas las citadas medicinas son legítimas si llevan la siguiente marca de fábrica registrada y el librito é método para usarlas.

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8-18 de Julio-8
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(CORNER OF ZABALA)

MONTEVIDEO

THE Buchanan Blend Scotch Whisky

HOUSE OF LORDS.

Refreshment Department, May 14th, 1896.

To Messrs. James Buchanan & Co., Scotch Whisky Merchants, London, E. C.

Gentlemen:

I have very great pleasure in bearing testimony to the high-class quality of the Scotch Whisky that you supply to this Department, and which gives the greatest satisfaction.

Herewith please find official order for quantity at present required, and which be good enough to forward at your early convenience.

I am, Gentlemen, Yours faithfully,

WILLIAM AGGAS, Manager.

HOUSE OF COMMONS

Refreshment Department, 13th Dec. 1896.

Messrs. James Buchanan & Co., 20 Bucklebury, E. C.

Gentlemen:

I have the pleasure to inform you that the Chairman of the Refreshment Committee, The Hon. Sydney Herbert, M. P., has instructed me to appoint you to supply Scotch Whisky to this Department until further notice.

Enclosed please find official order for quantity at present required.

I am, Gentlemen, yours faithfully,

W. ORICHTON SAUNDERS, Manager.

SOLE IMPORTER

Hipólito Garcia

128—CERRITO—128

MONTEVIDEO

EXPORTATION DUTIES

From October 4, 1896.

Wool in general, per 100 kilos. \$1.30

Sheepskins, per 100 kilos. . . 0.80

Hair, per 100 kilos. . . 1.70

Grease, tallow and animal oils, per 100 kilos. . . 0.50

Hoofs, per 100 kilos. . . 0.25

Ashes and bones, per 1000 kilos 0.60

Salted ox hides, each. . . 0.25

Dried ditto, each. . . 0.12

Salted horse hides, each. . . 0.12

Dried ditto, each. . . 0.04

Dried calf and nonato skins, per 100 kilos. . . 1.00

Seal skins, each. . . 9.10

Horns, per 1000. . . 2.60

Jerked beef, per 100 kilos. . . 0.40

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Prices Current

EXPORTS

(February 4.)

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Chilian. . . —

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Do, dirty. . . 3.65 to 3.70

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Culls. . . 2.40 to 2.55

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do. culls. . . —

Horse hides. . . 2.20 to 2.30

do inferior. . . —

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In grain, white and yellow

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Ditto new. . . —

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