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MONTEVIDEO.

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The Montevideo Times

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CO., LIMITED.

VOL. VI.

MONTEVIDEO, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 1, 1892.

No. 351.

PROFESSIONAL AND BUSINESS CARDS

D. R. IRVINE—Physician and Surgeon, specialist in diseases of women and children. First prize in surgery. Consulting rooms removed to No. 33 Plaza Independencia (Norte). Hours 12 to 2. 145pm.

G. P. MORRISON—SURGEON DENTIST, Calle Cámaras corner of Rincón. Consultations from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. 85pm.

PRINCE and HILL—NORTH AMERICAN DENTISTS. Calle Cámaras No. 163, Montevideo. Consultations 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. 87pm.

J. O'DONOGHUE, Surgeon-Dentist. Corresponding Member of the Odontological Society of London. Member of the British Dental Association, etc. Office hours from 9 to 5. Calle 25 de Mayo 255. 81pm.

CARLOS D. DURAN—Corredor y Rematador Público.—Escritorio Calle Rincón N° 10, esquina Zabala. 270pm.

CORNELIO VAN DOM-ELAAR—Chartered Public Accountant. Calle Asambleas 865 or at the Bolea. 292pm.

FOTOGRAFIA INGLESA. One dozen of the finest cabinet pictures in Montevideo, and a portrait on porcelain, for \$8.00. The porcelain alone is worth double the money. Calle Rincón 176. 85pm.

TYPEWRITING: Documents copied with the utmost despatch. Remington Typewriters, Drop Cabinets, etc., in stock. Business men and others interested in Typewriting are invited to call. Typewriting taught. Calle Misiones, 138. 82pm.

\$2 We shall continue until the end of the month to make one dozen of the best Cabinet Photos in Montevideo for **\$2**

CHUTE & BROOKS, Calle 25 de Mayo 300.

HOTEL ORIENTAL.—The favourite resort of all English visitors. Central Position. Good Service. Excellent Table. Comfortable Rooms. First class Wines. English spoken. Calle Solís 22, Montevideo. 10pm.

SAPOLIO FOR HOUSE CLEANING.—Sold all over the world, acknowledged the best for cleaning and polishing Metal Work, Kitchen Utensils, Floor, Paint, Marbles, etc.—Sold by Chemists, Grocers, and Ironmongers, and Wholesale by Ernesto Stütz. Calle Sarandí 189. 10pm.

MARTINEZ & ESTAPE.—English Grocery Store. Large assortment of Wines, Port, Sherry and Bordeaux, Spirits and Liqueurs, Havana Cigars, Canned Goods of all descriptions. Calle 25 de Mayo 201A. 106pm.

ROSS'S ROYAL GINGER ALE.—The original brand imported by Barclay, Mackintosh and Co.—205 Misiones. 152pm.

TAILORING AND OUTFITTING ESTABLISHMENT.—Splendid assortment just received of English and French goods for summer wear. Latest patterns. Reduce prices. **CORRAZI Brothers**. 270—Calle 25 de Mayo—270. 191pm.

BOOTS AND SHOES.—Speciality in English style goods, ready made or made to order. Workmanship guaranteed. Moderate prices. **M. Fatorusso**, 25 de Mayo 191 (opposite the English Bank). 280pm.

ALL ENGLISH-SPEAKING PERSONS should subscribe to and advertise in **THE MONTVIDEO TIMES**, the only recognised organ of their interests in this Republic, the acknowledged representative of the community, and the only independent English paper ever published here.

ENGLISH GROCERY STORE.—Huntley and Palmer's Biscuits. Crosse and Blackwell's preserves and pickles. Scotch and Irish Whiskies. Fine Wines and Spirits. English and American Tobacco. **W. VANRELL AND SONS**. 25 de Mayo 217. 217pm.

VINO ORIENTAL de Pasañel Harriague, garantido puro, embotellado ó en bordelases y cuarterolas. Cónic, Vino blanco y vinagre de vino de la misma procedencia. A. Lermite 4 Hijo, Quince Agente, CALLE OBRERO No. 84, entre Solís y Colon. 201pm.

SECURE YOUR HOMES, YOUR SAVINGS,

AND THE FUTURE OF YOUR FAMILIES!
FOR ABSOLUTE SECURITY, LIBERAL TERMS.
INSURE IN THE STANDARD LIFE
Established 1835—By SPECIAL Acts of Parliament
CAREFUL MANAGEMENT
Funds: FORTY-EIGHT MILLIONS GOLD
One of the Oldest, Strongest, Safest Life Assurance Institutions in the World
With the SPECIAL advantage of a LOCAL BOARD for accepting proposals and settling claims. Apply to
B. LORENZO HILL, Manager,
133 Zabala 133.
288 pm. MONTEVIDEO.

English Insurance Agency.
EDWARD COOPER.
204—CALLE PIEDRAS—204.

THE ROYAL
Royal Fire Insurance Company.
CAPITAL. £ 8,000,000 stg.

THE SEA
English Maritime and Fluvial Insurance Co.
CAPITAL. £ 500,000.

Agent, **Edward Cooper.**
204—CALLE PIEDRAS—204
274 pm.

LADIES' JACKETS & RIDING HABITS

J. BROWN.
25 de Mayo 193.
(Terms Cash).

The Montevideo Times

Subscription
Including delivery by postage:
Montevideo, Uruguay and Argentine Republic—
per month \$ 1.50 gold
per quarter \$ 4.50 gold
per year \$ 15.00 gold
Single copies 50 cents
Back numbers 50 cents
Single copies of the paper on sale daily at Jacobson's Library, 25 de Mayo 155 and at the "Liberia Sud-Americana" 271, Villagra, 25 de Mayo 72, also at the office of the paper.

Advertisements
Professional and Business Cards, four lines, double column per month \$ 2.00 ..
"Wanted," "To Let," etc., four lines, for four insertions \$ 0.50 ..
Deaths, 15 days \$ 1.00 ..
Births, Deaths and Marriages, each insertion \$ 0.50 ..
Permanent Advertisements by arrangement.
For advertisements from the Argentine Republic the difference in exchange must be added.
Sole Agents for the Argentine Republic, Messrs. RAYMOND and MILLS, 509 Calle Piedad, Buenos Aires.
No anonymous communications will be attended to, nor manuscripts returned.
Sole Proprietor and Editor.
W. H. DENSTONE.

Notice to Advertisers.
To avoid disputes, advertisers are respectfully advised that all "permanent" or monthly advertisements will be charged for until due notice is given of their withdrawal. This does not apply to prepaid advertisements inserted for a specified period. The collector is not qualified to receive verbal instructions respecting the withdrawal of advertisements.

The Montevideo Times

MONTEVIDEO, JUNE 1, 1892.

IMPORTATION AND PRODUCTION.
Under this heading we yesterday dealt with the imported articles of consumption, namely, drinks, comestibles and tobacco. The figures, those for the first quarter of the current year, were perhaps hardly typical owing to the restriction the crisis has caused in articles of luxury or not of prime necessity. As, however, such articles are the ones the country is least likely to be able to produce for herself for some time to come, there is nothing to affect the important conclusion we arrived at, namely, that the Republic is spending several millions of dollars every year in importing articles of consumption which, with a little enterprise and development, she might well produce for herself. Before leaving this part of the subject, we will strengthen this conclusion by a few figures.

The importation of articles of consumption, under the three categories drinks, comestibles and tobacco, for the quarter, amounted to \$ 1,872,536. Separating from the mass of details the largest items referred to yesterday, all of which we considered might be produced wholly or in part in the country, we find the following:

Wines	\$ 639,907
Olives and oil	129,000
Rice	109,060
Sugar	285,880
Potatoes	85,067
Tobacco	95,020
	\$ 1,343,954

These five items, without considering a multitude of smaller ones, give about three-fourths of imported articles of consumption. Supposing that only half of these were supplied by local production—a supposition which we consider quite within the range of possibility—the difference to the country would be 2 1/2 million dollars a year. This is worth considering.

Let us now turn to the other articles of importation, which we may term articles of use. The restriction in the importation of these owing to the crisis and the general stagnation of commerce and industry, has been considerable, as we previously had occasion to show. Still the figures give rise to some interesting reflections.

The fourth division of imports, then, comprises soft goods, namely all kinds of cotton, woollen and woven materials. These give \$884,225, or about 18.4 per cent of the whole importation for the quarter of \$4,796,936.

Now wool is a staple product of the country, and might be made even more important. During the same quarter, wool was exported to the value of \$343,809. The value of wool exported in the year 1890 was \$7,865,811. It is evident then that we are exporting the raw wool on the one hand, and receiving it back in a manufactured state on the other. It thus has to pay export and import duty and a double freight before it clothes the bodies of the worthy Oriental citizen. This process cannot altogether be commended. No attempt, so far as we are aware, has yet been made to manufacture the wool on the spot where it is produced, though there is now before the Chamber the proposition of an English firm to establish a factory for that purpose. This seems to us an other instance of lack of enterprise and want of development. Of course it will be said that the want of coal is a fatal objection to manufacture on any large scale. But this objection may be met in several ways. First, if there is no coal, there is abundance of water power, which no attempt has yet been made to utilise. Secondly, the expense of using imported coal can hardly be greater than the double duty and double freight on the imported manufactured article. Thirdly, there is coal, but, enormous

source of wealth as it must prove, no serious attempt has yet been made to work it. No Government yet has turned its attention to this, on the contrary, it blocks the way just as it does in the matter of gold-mining.

Whether the climate and soil in the north of the Republic are suitable for the growth of the cotton plant, we cannot say. We do not think the experiment has been tried. Probably it is not tropical enough. But flax, ramie or Chinese grass, and other fibre producing plants could most assuredly be grown here, and we should also think that that there are parts very suitable for the rearing of silkworms, which frequently accompany vines. Amongst these, then, whether for the production of raw material or also for converting it into stuff, there are ample sources of wealth, at present untapped and untouched.

We must here again break off, to resume this very interesting topic some other day.

NEWS OF THE DAY

MONTEVIDEO
WEDNESDAY, JUNE 1, 1892.
Sainte Sepulchra and Simon. First U. S. Ambassador received, 1785 Charles Levee died, 1873. Prince Imperial killed, 1879, 163 days past, 213 to the end of the year.

Reference Calendar.
JUNE, 1892.

Sun.		5	12	19	26	
Mon.		6	13	20	27	
Tues.		7	14	21	28	
Wed.	1	8	15	22	29	
Thurs.	2	9	16	23	30	
Fri.	3	10	17	24		
Sat.	4	11	18	25		

Parliament.
The Chamber of Senators was convoked on Monday to continue the Bill for the creation of a National Department of Engineers, but as the Minister of Foment, whose presence had been solicited, was too unwell to attend, the sitting was adjourned without the transaction of any business.

Funeral Service.
An imposing funeral service was held in the Cathedral yesterday morning in memory of the victims of the terrible shipwreck of the Brazilian ironclad "Solimões," off the coast of Rocha, on the 20th instant. The chief mourners were the Brazilian Minister, Vice Admiral of the Squadron, Consul and other officers, and amongst those present were the President of the Republic, Ministers of State (except Sr. Capurro, confined to his house), nearly all the foreign diplomatic and consular representatives, members of the legislative and judicial powers, chiefs of the national departments, officers from the foreign men of war in port, the resident Brazilians and a great number of native families. The Cathedral was sumptuously decorated with mourning symbols and drapery, a handsome catafalque ornamented with arms, flags and naval symbols from the Brazilian gunboat "Bahia" being arranged in the nave. The service, which lasted about an hour, was conducted by the Bishop, Msgr. Yereguay, assisted by the resident priests. Military honors were rendered by the Presidential Escort and by the 1st and 4th Regiments of Chasseurs, with their bands, in gala uniform. When the service was concluded, the President was escorted in state to his residence, and the regiments marched in parade order through the principal streets to their barracks. Altogether the ceremony was a very imposing one.

Law and Justice in Uruguay.
(The following favourable letter appeared in the London Globe of recent date.)
Sir,—A judicial incident now passing in Montevideo, at a time when comments and criticism re Uruguayana bona fides are so general will interest many readers of your influential journal, and as the facts cited have been a theme for all the native papers for some weeks past may mistake by my correspondent is impossible. I read the facts as furnishing hope for bondholders and merchants interested in Uruguay, and on all grounds insuring the insertion of the following suggestive incident.—An action was taken by an influential native lawyer (Requena) three or four years ago against an English founder and large shareholder of the North-Eastern Railway of Uruguay—part of the "Central" system—in which the plaintiff claimed some £20,000. This suit seemed to favour the Englishman till lately, when a sudden and unexpected sentence by a judge called Sarachaga decided the matter in favour of Requena, mulcting the defendant in £45,000, or more than double the plaintiff's original claim. Then came a surprise which justifies this letter. The defendant's agent succeeded last February in proving that the plaintiff had paid the judge a bribe of some £6,500 for his useful sentence.

So far the enemies of the Republic would say there is nothing surprising, since legal success in Uruguay has for many years been more dependent on private influences than on right or justice. This may be true, but the epoch is not remote when proof of a judges' corruption would have been powerless to secure English rights in a conflict with any large and influential native interest in Uruguay. The actual President of the Republic happens to be an able lawyer, and the immediate action of the High Courts in the present case goes far to restore confidence. The agent of the bribery is already in prison in Montevideo, bail being refused; Sarachaga's judicial functions were at once suspended and criminal action was taken by the High Court against the corrupt judge and his friend the plaintiff, certain to end in the imprisonment and punishment of both culprits, besides justice to a foreign defendant and advantage to commerce generally. If we remember that the plaintiff is an Uruguayan and an ex-Minister of considerable family influence, and the judge a man of known wealth and position, we cannot deny credit to this promptitude of the Judiciary and Government under the circumstances, especially as the precedents for such rapid justice to Englishmen in Uruguay are by no means numerous. For the above and other reasons, I am now convinced that Uruguay has fairly started on a new course, and will honestly carry out her late favorable arrangement with the bondholders, besides securing to English merchants a measure of local justice hitherto unknown.—Yours faithfully,
Investor.

Caridad Lottery.
The following are the principal winning numbers in yesterday's drawing—
3658, \$30,000
7328 \$10,000
10723, 9554, \$500 each.
4266, 6726, 3330, \$200 each.
3412, 10312, 2024, 7867, 10954, 3656, 6121, \$100 each.

SUNDRIES.
—The refractory military officers who were released from the Cerro fortress on Sunday, had evidently learnt a salutary lesson from their second arrest, and consequently did not neglect to pay their duty call on the President and the Minister of War on Monday afternoon. As may be imagined, the interview was neither long nor cordial, but the officers in question, having at length complied with their duty, may now sleep in peace. The majority of persons are highly pleased at the merited snubbing they have received and at this fresh victory of Government over the evil spirit of militarism.
—The *Stylo* and other contemporaries of yesterday published a lengthy letter from "Un militar" defending the attitude of Government in the military question and giving good reasons why military men should not be allowed to mingle in politics. The letter is a clever one, but all the same if the writer is an active military man he has transgressed one of the first and most important rules of the service in thus discussing the question in the press. The letter, however, reads more like the work of a lawyer than of a military man, and we should not be surprised if it had a semi-official source.
—The *Nacion* of yesterday, taking note of the article on the military question we recently quoted from the *Rio News*, asserts that in this country the military do not exercise pernicious influences. We ask our contemporary to look back on the shameful history of the Uruguayan army for the last 30 years or more and answer if it has been anything except a bane and discredit to the country, and if in one single instance its influence has been otherwise than pernicious and unhealthy?
—We are requested to announce that there will be a full rehearsal of Friday's Concert at the Lafone Hall this evening at 8.15, all concerned are particularly requested to attend. Owing to the absence of the U. S. S. "Essex" Lient, Bleeker will most unfortunately not be able to take the part assigned to him in the programme. However, Mr. W. H. Denstone has undertaken to fill the vacancy, and will deliver Artemus Ward's famous "Lecture on the Mormons," a highly amusing piece.
—On Monday afternoon the Commandant General of Marine, Colonel Muró, accompanied by his adjutant and an interpreter, paid an official visit to the "Sirius" flag-ship of the British squadron, being received by Capt. Lang with the corresponding honors.
—We understand that Mr. Lebet, watchmaker and mechanical engineer, has just presented to the Chambers a port scheme which has met with considerable approval in some quarters. The distinguishing features are the reclaiming of a very large portion of the bay, and the building of large breakwaters at a further distance out than has yet been contemplated. The expense is calculated at 20 million dollars, which would be compensated by the value of the reclaimed land.
—A very successful concert was given in the Club Católico on Monday evening, some of the foremost amateurs of native circles taking part. There was a crowded and fashionable audience.
—The "Liceo Franco Uruguayo para Señoritas" and the "Instituto Universal para Varones," two leading educational institutions will celebrate their third and seventh anniversaries respectively by a combined function to be held this evening in the "Lira."
—The native Indian relics and curiosities which are to figure in the Historico-American Exhibition at Madrid, may be seen in the National Museum to-day and to-morrow afternoon.
—The Paraguay Government, by way of alleviating the crisis, is about to abolish the land-taxes. This is beginning at the wrong end with a vengeance, so long as heavy import duties hamper industry and commerce. Of all taxes land-tax is the least unjustifiable.
—Dr. Ellauri, the Government financial commissioner in London, arrived yesterday morning in the "Wordsworth," and was landed in the State longboat. Of course nothing is yet known as to what he brings in his portfolio, or what new developments his arrival will give rise to. Let us hope he will be able to explain some of the false telegrams he despatched here respecting the confiscation scheme. Mr. Morfili, of whom we spoke yesterday, also arrived.
—Mr. Noetlin continues to confer with the authorities respecting the new bank nothing further having been allowed to transpire than we have already made known. We can, however, give an unhesitating contradiction to the reports spread in yesterday's *Dia*, which are palpably written in the interests of *paperistas* and with the object of discrediting one of the most important and respected of banking circles in the market.
—A Galveston telegram from Wellington, Kansas, U. S., relates that a violent cyclone occurred there on Saturday, causing the death of 500 persons and enormous damage to property! Another Galveston telegram relates that six private docks in Rotterdam have been destroyed by fire, with enormous losses. From London it is said that the dissolution of Parliament will probably take place at the end of June.
—Twylford and Co. are now selling their last six gross of the Crown Perfumery Company's Glycerine Soap at 12 cents the tablet, a chance to buy cheaply which should not be passed by.

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would be taken on Thursday, instead of the discussion on the Budget Resolutions.

Lord Kimberley, speaking at Wymondham last night, pointed out how desirable it was that the general election should take place soon, so that the opinion of the nation might be known, and the Government, whether Conservative or Liberal, be strengthened by the knowledge that it had the support of the electors.

The Duke of Devonshire, addressing a meeting at Derby last night, referred to Sir William Harcourt as an Opportunist in the matter of Home Rule. There was nothing discreditable in being an Opportunist; and when public opinion had changed it was possible that Sir William would not be in favour of Home Rule. The Duke went on to find an analogy between the state of things in 1883, when men of all parties united to resist the re-establishment of Roman Catholicism in this country, and the union of men of all shades of thought now to resist Home Rule, which would mean Roman Catholic domination in Ireland. A measure that would raise Ulster to action would not bring peace to Ireland. He asked for details of the Home Rule scheme, but did not expect to get them. Concluding, he prophesied that the Parliament which endeavored to pass Home Rule would be unable to pass useful measures which the country demanded.

The Queen, accompanied by Princess Beatrice and Prince Harry of Battenberg, left Hyères for Darmstadt yesterday morning. The Easter Banquet given by the Lord Mayor and Lady Mayores took place at the Mansion House yesterday evening, when there was a large attendance, including many ladies. On the toasts being reached, the Duke of Cambridge responded for the Army, Navy, and Reserve Forces, the Italian Ambassador for the Corps Diplomatique, and Sir Edward Clarke for the Houses of Parliament.

There was a crowded gathering in the Bloomsbury Chapel yesterday, when the Baptist Union opened their Spring Assembly. The Rev. H. R. Roberts dealt, in his presidential address, with the "Witness of the Bible to itself," his aim being to show how in these days of daring criticism a plain, ordinary Baptist pastor might, without disquiet, trust and expound the Scriptures. The report was next presented. It showed that the past year had been marked by considerable activity and success. Subsequently a resolution, suggested by a recent exchange of pupils between a Baptist and Unitarian at Liverpool, was adopted, defining in general terms the faith of Baptists.

At the anniversary festival of the British Orphan Asylum, which took place last night at the Whitehall Rooms, Hôtel Métropole, Mr. E. Chandos Leigh, Q. C., presiding, subscriptions amounting to about 2,100 were announced in aid of the funds of the Institution. The death is announced this morning of Sir James Allport, so long associated with the Midland Railway Company; of Mr. J. D. Higgins, Secretary of the Great Western Railway Company, and of Mr. Thomas Turnbull, head of the well-known shipping business firm of Turnbull and Sons, Whiteby.

Very little new information was forthcoming yesterday as to the breakdown of Orme, though the statements at Kingsclere were of a reassuring character. A Newcastle Correspondent sends the text of the terms on which the Durham Coalowners' Association will agree to the resumption of work by the miners. These terms include a reduction of 10 per cent, on the wages paid at the time of the stoppage, the reduction to continue absolutely till the 31st July next. The others further suggest the formation of a wages board, to prevent a recurrence of the suspension of work.

Late last night the restaurant in Paris where the Anarchist Ravachol was arrested a few weeks ago was completely wrecked by the explosion it is supposed, of a bomb. M. Vély, the proprietor was so seriously injured that the amputation of a leg was necessary. Other persons also received injuries of a slighter nature. The trial of Ravachol begins to-day, and it is believed that the outrage is an attempt to intimidate the jury.

Further evidence was given at Bow-street against the several persons charged with conspiring to defraud the West of England, the Queen, the Hand-in-Hand, the Northern, and the County Insurance Companies. The principal witness was a convict who had made a statement to an officer in Wormwood Scrubs, but he said little when in the box, and objected to give evidence when in convict clothes. Sir John Bridge, in again adjourning the case, desired it to be represented to the Treasury and the Home Office that it would be better that prisoners should be brought up in private clothes if they so desired.

The police having made a raid on premises No. 1A, Upper Rathbone-place, Oxford-street, and arrested Prof. Bucci, club proprietor, and twenty-one others, charged the men

with the discussion on the Budget Resolutions.

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Late last night the restaurant in Paris where the Anarchist Ravachol was arrested a few weeks ago was completely wrecked by the explosion it is supposed, of a bomb. M. Vély, the proprietor was so seriously injured that the amputation of a leg was necessary. Other persons also received injuries of a slighter nature. The trial of Ravachol begins to-day, and it is believed that the outrage is an attempt to intimidate the jury.

Further evidence was given at Bow-street against the several persons charged with conspiring to defraud the West of England, the Queen, the Hand-in-Hand, the Northern, and the County Insurance Companies. The principal witness was a convict who had made a statement to an officer in Wormwood Scrubs, but he said little when in the box, and objected to give evidence when in convict clothes. Sir John Bridge, in again adjourning the case, desired it to be represented to the Treasury and the Home Office that it would be better that prisoners should be brought up in private clothes if they so desired.

The police having made a raid on premises No. 1A, Upper Rathbone-place, Oxford-street, and arrested Prof. Bucci, club proprietor, and twenty-one others, charged the men

LONDON NOTES

TUESDAY, APRIL 26.

The House of Commons reassembled yesterday after the Easter recess. Mr. Balfour gave the terms of the reference to the Royal Commission on the question of University education in London, with the names of the Commissioners. Mr. J. W. Lowther informed Mr. Bryce that complete accord had been arrived at between her Majesty's Government and that of the United States as to the *modus vivendi* pending the arbitration in the Behring Sea Fisheries dispute. The issue of a writ for the election of a new member for the Chelmsford Division was ordered. Progress was made in Committee with the Indian Councils Bill. At midnight Mr. Balfour stated that the Chancellor of the Exchequer was confined to his house by sickness, and that in consequence the second reading of the Clergy Discipline Bill

at Marlborough-street yesterday with using the house for gaming purposes. When the police entered they found ten tables covered with baize, and about forty packs of cards strewn on the floor. A remand was granted, the accused being liberated on bail or their own recognisances. By her will Miss Amelia B. Edwards has endowed a chair of Egyptology. Her beautiful and valuable library she bequeaths to Somerville Hall, Oxford.

Referring to the cry of "America for Americans," which has resulted in the enactment of Congress that no foreigner shall hold land within the "Territories" of the United States, Mr. Bradford, in Harper's Magazine, points out that the sentiment in America was, till lately, quite of an opposite character. It is scarcely twenty years ago since the English Legislature empowered an alien to hold real property in this country. In America, however, the impolicy of excluding aliens from the ownership of the soil was perceived very much earlier, and over a score of States removed this disability by direct statute. The States which allow foreigners to own landed property are Colorado, Florida, Illinois, Iowa, Kansas, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Mississippi, Missouri, Nebraska, New Jersey, North Carolina, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Texas, Virginia, Vermont, Wisconsin, West Virginia. These, however, require alien landowners to be residents. Arkansas, California, Connecticut, Indiana, New Hampshire, Tennessee, further require aliens to declare intention of citizenship before owning realty. Delaware, Georgia, Kentucky, and South Carolina also allow aliens to own land. New York, on the other hand, theoretically maintains its right to escheat alien's realty, but the escheat is, we are told, seldom if ever enforced, and frequently waived by special statute.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 27. In the House of Commons, yesterday, Mr. Balfour informed Mr. Labouchere that the Government had not contemplated hastening the operation of the register, the contingency of a dissolution between the months of September and December of the present year being remote and uncertain. On behalf of the Government, Sir J. Fergusson accepted a resolution, moved by Sir E. Birkbeck, and seconded by Mr. Marjoribanks, declaring that all coastguard stations on the sea coast and signal stations should be telephonically and telegraphically connected by the Government. It was intended, he said, to appoint a Royal Commission to inquire into the desirability of connecting the outlying lights with the shore. The Places of Worship (Sites) Bill was read a second time, and referred to a Select Committee; the Divorce Bill was rejected, and the House counted out while Mr. Hunter was explaining the Government of Scotland Bill.

A meeting in support of Sir A. Rolli's Bill for enfranchising women led to a scene of violent disorder at the St. James's Hall last evening, and culminated in the meeting being broken up. An attempt made to turn out Mr. H. Burrows, was the signal for a free fight, in the course of which the Press table was upset, and the platform stormed by the opponents of the measure. The chairman thereupon declared the meeting closed, without venturing to put the resolution.

Supporters of Sir A. Rolli's Women's Suffrage Bill also gathered last evening in the galleries of the Royal Institute of Painters in Water Colours, Piccadilly, where they were addressed by Mrs. Fawcett, who urged them not to despair, but to work on in the conviction that they must speedily attain success.

Speaking at the London Diocesan Conference yesterday, the Bishop of London said that a Committee of Convocation had drawn up a canon in reference to the Clergy Discipline Bill. He could not name its exact terms, but its principle was regard for the rights of the Church on the one side, and of the State on the other. He was confident that those who cared deeply for the Church would feel it was time that power existed for dealing effectually with men whom they reprobated. Referring to Church schools, he expressed the opinion that free education would not do them much harm. In some places it would do good. There were 119 Church schools in the diocese which needed to be put in a proper condition. He appealed for 21,000 or 22,000 to carry out this work.

So far the French police are quite at a loss with regard to the perpetrators of the dynamite outrage of Monday night. Lhérot, the waiter, who was the means of Ravachol's arrest, was unhurt, and tells a story of two men who dined at the café during the evening, and whose actions he describes as suspicious. The report that the proprietor of the café had succumbed to his injuries is unfounded.

Ravachol and his Anarchist companions were placed upon their trial yesterday in Paris. The prisoner denied nothing, and spoke freely of the outrage with which he is charged, detailing his motives and the manner in which his plots were executed. He accepted the whole responsibility for the explosions, and declared that his companions in the dock were only culpable in that they happened to be acquainted with him. The Procurator-General in his speech asked that a capital sentence be passed on Ravachol.

Dr. Danford Thomas, coroner for Central London, yesterday concluded his inquiry into the circumstances attending the deaths of the eight victims of the disaster at Hampstead Heath Railway Station on Easter Monday. The principal witness was

Captain Charles Fox, who, at the request of the coroner, had examined the railway station and staircase, and had made a report upon them. He expressed the opinion that the railway station was twenty years behind the time. He also took special exception to the ticket collector's box at the bottom of the stairs, and to the railing of the banister, which passed down the centre of the staircase. At the close of the evidence the jury, after forty minutes' consideration, returned a verdict of "Accidental death," and added that the ticket-box at the bottom of the staircase was in a most dangerous position and the staff totally inadequate to cope with the Bank Holiday traffic. They further thought that the company should remove the ticket-box, provide more general accommodation for the public, and increase the staff on special occasions.

A case came on in the Queen's Bench Division yesterday, in which Mr. Henry B. Foot, a gentleman who has been engaged in the silk trade, and has lived at Clax in Suffolk, but has since removed to London, sued Mr. William W. Campion for damages for the seduction of his daughter, and for the consequent loss of her services. Miss Foot was only 15 last January, and it was alleged that the offence took place last year. The evidence was of a very remarkable character. It had not been concluded when the Court adjourned till to-day.

Mr. Sheil again had before him at the Westminster Police-court the case in which the Hon. Patrick Greville Nugent is accused of improperly assaulting a young lady named Marion Price in a first-class carriage on the Brighton Railway. Miss Price, who resides at Eckstein-road, Clapham-junction, now came forward and gave her version of the occurrence. Further evidence by officials was also heard. In the result the defendant was committed for trial at the North London Sessions, bail being allowed.

There were 1,715 deaths registered in London last week, or 15 more than the average for the week. The death-rate per thousand per annum was 21.0. The deaths from measles and scarlet fever further increased. Those from measles numbered 127, and were about double the average. The deaths from disease of the respiratory organs, 389, were about equal to the average. Eight deaths were primarily attributed to influenza. Between the 1st and the 23rd instant the receipts into the Exchequer amounted to 4,659,163*l.*, as compared with 7,037,250*l.* in the corresponding period of the last financial year, and the expenditure on 8,754,238*l.*, as against 8,313,799*l.* On Saturday last the Treasury balances stood at 3,119,401*l.*, and on the same date in the previous year at 4,636,925*l.*

THE LATE-COMER.

The Americans suffer as much as we do from this pest of civilisation. The story goes that the members of a congregation in Massachusetts have been invited to peruse a printed notice in which some very satirical reflections are made upon those people who think it a fine thing to come late to service. "These late-comers," says the notice, "are modest people and it must be a serious annoyance to have their raiment the subject of remark. They wear it unconsciously, and prefer that you would not notice them." This sarcasm hits the mark. When people are late on these occasions it must be mainly because they want to display their garments. They may also desire to advertise the fact that they fulfil at least the ordinances of religion, but probably the other is the stronger motive. The passion for being late is evidently unquenchable. It secures for itself such fine opportunities for personal *réclame*. Late-comers at theatres and concerts cannot all be the victims of late dining; the chances are that they enjoy the notoriety they achieve by disturbing and annoying the other members of the audience. On "first nights" there is a sort of competition as to who shall be the last to arrive, seeing that that last is sure to be the observed of all observers. It is not enough that the vainglorious people should be, as they are, regarded by all gentlemen with pity and contempt. It would be well if some form of punishment could be devised, by which they might be humiliated and, in the long run, "choked off." The nuisance, as it stands, could be mitigated by the abolition of numbered seats. If the stalls of a theatre or a concert-room were open to the first comers, the seats would gradually be filled from the front backwards, and that would be something to the good. At present it is the pew-holders, and the holders of numbered seats in places of amusement, who, by being able to claim certain places, however late they may arrive, have the power to cause annoyance to the rest of the assemblage.—*Exchange*.

Tobacco, "Pioneer Brand." Sole Agents, Danckelmann and Schrader. Calle 25 de Mayo 233.

COMMERCIAL

STOCK EXCHANGE.

Montevideo, May 31, 1892. Bad indeed was the state of the market to-day. National Bank shares opened 7.10, running quickly down to close at 6. We are still at a loss to account for this sudden and violent fall, unless it is the work of the relentless "bears." Only 480 shares sold. Cédulas A opened 28.50 and closed 28.40. \$40,000 sold. Nothing in any other stock.

ARRIVALS AND SALES. Montevideo, May 31, 1892. —Str. Cosmos from Salto, 56 pas.

Sales	1st RING
Cédulas A.	
\$20,000 cash	28.50
National Bank	
100 cash	7.10
260	7
10	6.80

AFTER HOURS	Cédulas A.
\$10,000 June 15	28.50
10,000 June 15	28.40
National Bank	
50 cash	6.40
30	6.30
10	6.20
20	6

EXCHANGE.	Bank.	Commercial.
London 90d/s 50 1/2	51	
Paris 90d/s 5.31-3	535-6	
Antwerp 90d/s 5.34-5	537-8	
Rio Jan. 21.350	21.450	
Buenos Aires par	1/8 disc.	
DISCOUNT.	7 to 7 1/2	
VALUES.	9 to 10	

BUSINESS NOTES

—The following were the exports from Montevideo during the second half of May:—9055 dried and 37875 salted h. dx. 27 bales hair, 1879 bales sheepskins, 14623 bales jerked beef, 125 pipes and 2087 bords. tallow, 400 sheep, 50 bales broom straw, 55 bales nerves, 428 cases preserved tongues, 31 cases meat extract, 8 cases ostrich feathers, 4 bales nutria skins, 3 cases merchandise, 27 packages machinery, 250 cases garlic, 8 tons copper, 1000 cases kerosene, 100 cases beer, 70 bales tobacco, 91704 horns, 15 tons pitch, 21 bcooyes tallow, 5 cases feathers, 10 sacks wheat, 4 bundles wild skins, 600 curts, and 128 bords. grease, 75 sacks birdseed.

—A cerro saladero has sold 2 to 400 salted cow hides at reserved price.

—Gold opened in Buenos Aires yesterday at 327.49 and closed at 328.10.

—Exchange upon London was quoted in Rio yesterday at 11 1/4 d per milreis, rising.

—The "Cosmos" brought yesterday from B. Santos \$375 to Castellanos y Deluchi, from B. Aires \$1600 to A. Sellers.

—The "Pelotas" brought from Parana 1200 milreis to M. Veiga, from Rio Grande 1400 milreis to B. Tejada, from Rio Janeiro £80 to H. S.

—The following are the closing Stock and Share quotations on the London market according to latest advices, dated April 29, 1892.

Paraguay Bonds, 1880	28	32
Uruguay Units, 1888	—	—
Do. 6 p.c. Steel Ln.	—	—
Do. New Sp. Certs.	38 3/4	30 1/4
R.I. Mail Stm. Packet	49	52
Shaw Savill & A.	7	8
Anglo Argent. Bank	1 1/4	1 3/4
Brit. Bk. of A.	12	13
Eng. Bk. of R. P.	—	—
Do. 6 p.c. Deb. Stk.	14 1/2	15 1/2
Do. 4 p.c. Deb. Stk.	14 1/2	15 1/2
Do. 2nd Deb. Stk.	83	88
London Plat. Braz.	6	7
Telegraph	100	100
Do. 6 p.c. Deb. Stk.	100	100
Un. R. P. Telephone	2	3
Do. 5 p.c. Deb. Stk.	85	95
West. and Brazil	9 1/2	10 1/2
R. P. Trust, A.	21 1/4	23 1/4
Do. B.	13 1/4	21 1/4
Do. 4 p.c. Deb. Stk.	90	93
R. P. & Gen. Inv. Pl.	68	72
Do. do. Deftd.	30	35
C. Urug. E. Exten. Ry.	51 1/2	6
Do. 5 p.c. Deb. Stk.	90	92
C. Urug. N. Exten.	4 3/4	5 1/4
Do. 5 p.c. Deb. Stk.	90	92
C. Urug. of Mont.	7 1/4	7 3/4
Do 5 p.c. shares 1-40000	7 1/4	7 3/4
Do Perm. 9 p.c. Deb. Stk.	118	122
Mid Uruguay Ry.	13 1/4	21 1/4
Do. Deb. Stk.	50	53
N. E. Urug. Ord.	11	12
Do. 7 p.c. Pref.	12	13
N. W. Urug. Shrs.	21 1/2	31 1/2
Do. 6 p.c. 1st. Pref.	33	36
Do. 5 p.c. 2nd. Pref.	18	19
Do. 6 p.c. Deb. Stk.	84	89
Par g. Cent. 5 p. c.	23	28
Uruguay N. 7 p.c. deb	2	4
Do. 5 p.c. Perp. Deb.	38	43

Saladero Killings.	May 31 Total to date.
H. Piñeyría	19078
Vellozo & San Martin.	26985
Federico Gibils	5497
Apeseguy knos.	57 80083
P. Denis & Co.	80084
Ramon E. Anza	24155
E. Mourret y Ca.	15393
Aguerre y Ca.	20187
Castellanos & Co.	498 41695
Lesca & Co.	439 80509
Elizondo	17457
Jaime y Mourret.	864
Total	994 261867
Same period 1891	214570
do. do. 1890.	261799
Prices Buoyes \$	8 to 11
> Novillos	> 8 to 10 1/2
> Vacas	> 4 to 8

Buenos Aires, May 31. Onzas, (328.11 1/2), ps. m/n, cash, 53.40.

Sovereigns, (329.36 1/2), cash, 16.60.

Empréstito Nacional Interno, cash, 64.50.

Do. end of June, 65.

Empréstito 1892, cash, 58.20.

Do. end of June, 58.50.

Cédulas A, cash, 32.

Do. F, cash, 28.80.

Do. G, cash, 28.90.

Do. K, L y M, cash, 30.20.

Do. N, cash, 30.10.

Do. O y P, cash, 30.20.

Do. E, Nacionales, cash, 95.

Muelle Catalinas, cash, 7.80.

Banco Español, cash, 108.

Nuevo Banco Italiano, cash, 41.50.

Banco Comercio, cash, 80.

The Eolo sails.

ARRIVALS AND SALES.

Montevideo, May 31, 1892.

—Str. Cosmos from Salto, 56 pas.

Estracte de Tabaco de Virginia
South Down Sheepwash
PARA CUBAR
La Sarna de las Ovejas

LIBRE DE VENENO
El mejor antisarnico conocido. El único que hasta hoy ha dado resultado completo según numerosos certificados en nuestro poder.
Adoptado en Europa, Australia, Estados Unidos de N. América, Africa y por todos los estancieros y criadores en el Rio de la Plata.
Precio: \$0.70 el kilogramo al contado.
Envase: Cajas con 10 latas a 5 kilogramos—50 kilos barriles de más ó menos 100 kilos cada uno.
Unicos Importadores,
Aug. G. Linck y Cia.
Buenos Aires, Cuyo 546.—Montevideo, Piedras 201, esquina Misiones, 263 pm.

CONVINCING EVIDENCE
By Messrs. Ronald and Rodgers circulated on the River Plate Wool Auctions for the week ending January 8, 1892, we notice that of all the wools sent from Uruguay, including the following estancias,—Campana, Martin Chico, San Roque, San Carlos, Los Altos, Santa Emilia, Santa Rita, San Pedro, Estan zuela and Miguete, those dipped in COOPER'S DIP realised 1d. to 1 1/4d. per lb. more than the others.

SOLE AGENTS FOR URUGUAY
Ashworth and Co.
136—Calle Sarandi—136
260 pm.

TEA. TEA.
Extra finest New Season's SOUCHONG
JUST ARRIVED.
Botica Inglesa "Hutchinson"
Calle 25 de Mayo, esquina Ituzaingo.
TEA. TEA.

—Str. Rivadavia from Salto, 119 pas.
—Str. Wordsworth from Antwerp, 4 pas.
—Str. Ceara from Hamburg, 1 pas, for B. Aires.
—Str. Italia from San Francisco, Brazil.
—Str. Heliades from B. Aires, for Liverpool.
—Str. Rubens from R. Aires, for Liverpool.
—Str. Leibnitz for Antwerp.
—Str. Labrador for Salto.

MAIL STEAMERS
LEAVING TO-DAY
—The str. PELOTAS will leave TO-DAY for Brazilian ports to Rio Janeiro. Correspondence at G. P. O. till 1.30 p.m. maritime agency 2.30 on the 31st.
—The str. COSMOS will leave TO-DAY for B. Aires and intermediates to Salto. Correspondence at G. P. O. till 4 p.m. maritime agency 4.30 p.m.
—The str. COLON will leave TO-DAY for B. Aires and intermediates to Salto. Correspondence as above.

OTHER DATES
—The str. PERSEO will leave June 2 for Barcelona and Genoa.
—The str. DUCA DE GENOVA will leave June 4 for Las Palmas, Barcelona and Genoa.
—The str. ANTONIO LOPEZ will leave June 4 for Santa Cruz, Cadiz, Barcelona, Marseilles, Genoa and Naples.
—The str. LIGURIA will leave June 5 for Rio Janeiro, Bahia, Pernambuco, Lisbon, Bordeaux, Plymouth and Liverpool.

Advertisements
TO LET, Excellent rooms for single gentlemen, furnished or unfurnished. Windows to street. Board if required. German family. Very central. Apply Cerrito 91.

The Entertainment Society
A CONCERT
will be given at the
Lafone Memorial Hall
on
Friday, June 3, 1892.

Doors open at 8 p.m. To Commence at 8.15 p.m.
Prices, Gentlemen 80 cents, Ladies 50 cents.
Tickets will be on sale on and after Thursday, May 26, at Hutchinson's Botica and at the English Club.

Cinderella Dances.
Subscribers to the dance to be given on June 15 are requested to send in the names of those friends they wish to receive invitations either to the Hon. Secretary, Cinderella Dances, English Club, or to T. D. Lawrie Esq. Calle Buenos Aires 124, on or before Monday, June 6, Montevideo, May 31, 1892.

The Entertainment Society.
NOTICE.
The above Society having now been established under reformed rules, all persons desirous of becoming members should send in their names as soon as possible to the Hon. Secretary, Mr. S. Francis, English Club.
The subscription for Gentlemen is \$2 a year, Ladies free. No Entrance fee.

Hotel Universal
DE
JUAN ERASUN
Ex-propietario of the Hotel Español
CALLE ITUZAINGO, CORNER OF PIEDRAS
(Next door to the Gibils Theatre)

From to-day I beg to offer to the public and my numerous customers this large establishment recently fitted up on a par with the finest hotels in the Capital, unsurpassed in its culinary department and the elegance and comfort of its rooms

AMUSEMENTS
Nuevo Politeama
(CORNER OF QUEBEC AND COLONIA)
Grand Company of Italian Opera, directed by Sr. Tito Poggi.
Favorite artists—Enlarged chorus and orchestra—Reduced Prices.
Thursday, June 2.
The first act of
"La Mascotte"
and
Cavalleria Rusticana.
Gibils Theatre
Grand Company of Spanish Zarzuela, directed by Sr. Felix Amurrio.
Tuesday, May 31.
EL RELAMPAGO
CHATEAU MARGAUX

PACIFIC STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY
FORTNIGHTLY LINE OF STEAMERS
BETWEEN
Liverpool, The River Plate, and Valparaiso
The Magnificent steamers of this Company are appointed to sail as follows
FROM MONTEVIDEO
New Accelerated Itinerary.—Montevideo to Europe in 18 days.
FOR EUROPE
FOR THE PACIFIC

Liguria
Captain A. Hamilton.
5th June 1892.
for Rio Janeiro, Bahia, Pernambuco, Lisbon, Bordeaux, Plymouth and Liverpool.
Sorata
Captain C. Aley
8th June 1892.
for Sandy Point, Coronel, Talcahuano and Valparaiso.

Britannia
Captain G. E. P. Cook
16th June 1892.
for Rio Janeiro, Lisbon, Vigo, Bordeaux, Plymouth and Liverpool.
Iberia
Captain G. Massey
20th June 1892.
for Sandy Point, Coronel, Talcahuano and Valparaiso.

All the above steamers run in connection with others of the same Company which trade up the Pacific Coast as far as Panama.
The steamers Aconcagua, Galicia, Britannia, Iberia, Liguria, Potosi, Sorata, are illuminated with electric light.
Every steamer has on board a doctor and a stewardess.

Tariff of Fares Reduced.
The Company issues return tickets available for twelve months.
The Company has now decided to leave the Electric Light available all night for the passengers, excepting only in the Saloons & Smoking rooms where it will be turned off at the usual hour.
In future each steamer will carry a French Chef-de-cuisine and table wine (Claret) will be served gratis to all passengers.
In accordance with arrangements entered into, through tickets are issued at Montevideo and Buenos Aires to
New York
in connection with the well known Steamers of the
Cunard Line
at moderate rates.

—AGENTS:—
WILSON SONS & CO. LIMITED—
MONTEVIDEO, Solis 55; BUENOS AIRES, Reconquista 365.
SANTOS, RIO JANEIRO, BAHIA, PERNAMBUCO, and ST. VINCENT, C. V 95 pm.

Lamport & Holt's Line
LIVERPOOL, BRAZIL & RIVER PLATE STEAMERS
Regular service between Plate, Antwerp and the River Plate.
The Steamers of the Lamport and Holt Line leave this port regularly on every alternate Monday of each month, taking first and third class passengers, cargo and specie, for all their ports of call.
The steamer
BELLOVA
will sail the 20th May for LIVERPOOL direct.
The steamer
GALILEO
will sail the 21st May for BAHIA, SOUTHAMPTON, ANTWERP and LONDON.
The steamer
LEIBNITZ
will sail the 25th May for SOUTHAMPTON, ANTWERP and LONDON.
Without touching at Brazil. The steamer
BELLAURO
will sail the 10th June for VALPARAISO.
The Company's steamers leave Rio Janeiro regularly every Saturday for New York.
Agents in Montevideo
C. R. Horne & Co.
Calle Piedras 138.
117pm.

Shaw Savill and Albion Company—Limited
FLEET OF STEAMERS
Ionic Doric
Coptic Arawa
Tainui
The magnificent and comfortable steamers of this Line call at Rio Janeiro on their homeward voyage from New Zealand for Plymouth and London, once a month. All the steamers carry 1st, 2nd, & 3rd, class passengers and are illuminated with electric light.

STEAMER	TONS REG.	TO SAIL FROM RIO JANEIRO
COPTIC	4,448	Jun 10
IONIC	4,763	July 17
TAIUI	5,081	Aug. 14
DORIC	4,784	Sept. 11
ARAWA	5,026	Oct. 8

Through fares from Montevideo to London 1st class \$35—2nd. \$20—3rd. 212
For further particulars apply to WILSON, SONS & CO. LIMITED
AGENTS
Montevideo, Solis 55.
Buenos Aires, Reconquista 365.
and Rio Janeiro 97 pm.

TRANSLATIONS
From or into English, Spanish, French, German or Italian, by a sworn translator.
Apply at the office of this paper, Calle Treinta y Tres 61. pm.

LLOYD BRAZILEIRO
LINEA DEL SUD
Salidas los dias 1, 12 y 25 de cada mes
EL EXPEDICION PAQUETE BRAZILEIRO
Saldra el 25 de Mayo a las 4 p.m. con destino a Rio Grande, Pelotas, Porto Alegre, Santa Catalina, San Francisco, Itajahy, Parana, Antonina, Cananeia, Iguap, Santos y Rio de Janeiro.

LINEA DE MATTO GROSSO
Salidas, los dias 12 y 27 de cada mes.
Servicio con los vapores "Rapidos," "Diamantino" y "Ladario."
EL PAQUETE
Saldra el 27 de Mayo a las 4 p.m. con destino a Buenos Aires, Rosario, Parana, La Paz, Esquina, Goya, Bella Vista, Corrientes, Asuncion.
Recibe pasajeros, carga, encomiendas y dinero a flete.
Por informes dirigirse a la agencia.
129—CALLE PIEDRAS—129.
181 pm.

LA PLATENSE
FLOTILLA COMPAGNIE LIMITED
ITINERARIO A REGIR HASTA NUEVO AVISO
SALIDAS DE MONTEVIDEO
Domingo
Luzes > Eolo
para Buenos Aires solamen-
te.
Martes
Martes > Cosmos
para Buenos Aires y Uruguay.
Jueves
Jueves > Saturno
para Buenos Aires y Asuncion.
Viernes
Viernes > Eolo
para Buenos Aires solamen-
te.
Sabado
Sabado > Venus
para Buenos Aires y Uruguay.
P. Christoffersen.
144—Piedras—144
181 pm.

Mensagerias Fluviales del Plata
The Oriental Steamer
MONTEVIDEO
Sails every Friday for Buenos Aires
Palma
Mercedes
Fray Bautista
Gualeguaychú
Uruguay, Paysandú
Villa Colon, Guayitú
Concordia and Salto.
Arrives from Salto and intermediates every Thursday. Takes passengers, cargo, parcels and specie for all the above points of call.
The steamer LABRADOR, Capt. Pinto, sails every Tuesday for La Colonia, Chichila, Dolores and ports on the Uruguay.
For further particulars apply to the agent—
ERNESTO JULIA
173—CALLE PIEDRAS—173
180 pm.

The Antiquary.
Grand Emporium of second-hand educational works and general literature in all the modern languages, at exceedingly low prices.
Calle Ituzaingo 156, opposite the Hotel Pyramides.
Make a note of it.
290 pm.

MAUÁ DRY DOCK

Receives vessels at reasonable rates.
There are workshops at the dock, for executing quickly and economically every description of repairs, to the hull or machinery of iron or wooden vessels.
Professional divers at the public service at moderate prices.
Apply to
The Montevideo Gas Co., Ltd.,
Calle 25 de Mayo No. 338.
Thos. F. Lane,
General Manager.
125 pm.

Dankelman and Schrader

English Tobacco Store,
233-Calle 25 de Mayo-233
MONTEVIDEO.
Large stock of English and North American tobaccos and cigarettes. Sole importers of genuine Egyptian and Turkish cigarettes.
Deposit of Havannah and German Cigars.
Always on hand assortments of Meerschaum and Bismarck Pipes, India rubber and Horse Pouches, Cigarette cases, Cigar-holders, etc.

THE RIVER PLATE

Western & Brazilian
TELEGRAPH COMPANIES
(LIMITED)
MESSAGES TO ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD
REGISTRATION OF ADDRESSES FREE
To Buenos Aires first 10 words
address free . . . \$ 0.90
Great Britain, France and Germany
(per word) . . . \$ 1.98
United States (per word) . . . \$ 1.59
JOHN OLDHAM, Manager.
183-Calle Cerrito-183
76 pm.

The English School

194-SORIANO-194
Head Master, Thos. Jeffries Ashe.
The Course of instruction includes first class English, Spanish, French, Mathematics, Drawing, etc.
No extras for languages.
Boards, Half-boards, and Day pupils received.
Applications to Mr. Ashe, English Club, or at the School.
There are vacancies for two boarders at present.
N. B. Classes resume work on February 1, 1892.
113 pm.

American Dentists

BOURSE AND HILL
CERTIFIED SPECIALISTS
351-SARANDI-351
The new system and great secret of placing crown and bridges of gold and porcelain, and beautiful artificial teeth without plates, practised in full perfection and security, for the first time in this capital, by the specialist surgeon-dentist W. E. Hill, Sarandi 351, is a true and notable advance in dental science. Witness the following certificate of the eminent North American specialist, Dr. Horsey:—
"I certify that Dr. Horsey, Surgeon-Dentist of New-York, specialist in crown and bridge work.
I certify and declare that Dr. W. E. Hill, surgeon-dentist, is entirely competent to practice with safety dental crown and bridge work. I also certify that Dr. Hill has performed in my presence a number of these works of the most difficult description, completely and perfectly, proving to me that he is the only person in Montevideo who possesses the true secret of this novel, useful and notable process, the only one who has the apparatus, the experience, knowledge and skill indispensable to be able to employ with success the most modern, positive and beautiful process as yet known in dental science."
182 pm.

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115--Calle Juncal--115.

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First class assortment of English soft goods, dress materials, hosiery, haberdashery, linen, tweeds and cashmeres. New seasons goods.
CALLENDER AND CO.
142-Calle Sarandi-142
(CORNER OF ZABALA)
MONTEVIDEO 105 pm.

W. MEIKLE Y CA.

64-CERRO-LARGO-64
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Alambres para cercos, de acero y de fierro patente y media patente.—Estrados y piques de fierro.—Fierro galvanizado para techos, idem liso.—Zinc de todos los nms.—Caballetes, tornillos, clavos y rosas galvanizadas.—Tijeras de todas clases.—Hojas de latas de todas clases y tamaños.—Ollas de tres pies y sin pies.—Baldeos enlatados y remachados.—Loza Piedra, labrada y lisa.—Loza comun.—Porcelana, vidriaria y cristaleria.—Cenizas de soda.—Soda caustica etc., etc.
15 pm.

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Id. integrado. £ 625,000
Fondo de reserva.. £ 500,000
SUCURSAL EN MONTEVIDEO, ZABALA 85
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78 pm.

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Tomlinson & Hayward, Lincoln, England.
UNICOS INTRODUCTORES
Bell, Towers y Ca.
Calle 25 de Agosto números 101 al 109
MONTEVIDEO 202 pm.

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The Best and Cheapest Preservative for Wood and Iron.
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Montevideo.
290 pm.

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MONTEVIDEO

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ESTABLISHED, 1863
Capital subscribed... £ 1,000,000
Do. paid up... 500,000
Reserve Fund... 800,000

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Rio de Janeiro Santos San Paulo
Current accounts opened.
Deposits received at sight and for fixed periods.
Commercial bills discounted.
Letters of credit issued, Telegraphic Transfers and drafts at sight, and up to 90 days' sight given, on its Head Office and Branches.
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Transfers of funds to or from this country and Europe can be effected through the medium of the Bank's chief offices at
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All kinds of Banking business done.
Interest on accounts current and for deposits:
On accounts current . . . 3 o/o
On 30 days notice . . . 4 o/o
On 3 months fixed . . . 5 o/o
On 6 months fixed . . . 5 1/2 o/o
On 12 months fixed . . . 6 o/o
74---Calle Zabala---74
C. D. CUTTS, Manager.
71 pm.

The Anglo-Argentine Bank, Limited.

London: 15 Nicolas Lane, E. C.
Buenos Aires: 486--Piedad--494
Montevideo, Calle Zabala 82
Capital subscribed. . . £ 500,000
Do. Paid up. . . £ 250,000
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened with commercial Firms and private individuals.
DEPOSITS RECEIVED at sight and for fixed periods.
BILLS discounted, negotiated, and collected.
STOCKS AND SHARES received on deposit for collection of Coupons and Dividends.
PROCEEDS OF COUPONS and Dividends remitted to parties interested in Europe.
STOCKS AND SHARES bought and sold for account of third parties.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE, LETTERS OF CREDIT, and TELEGRAPHIC PAYMENTS issued on.
LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG—ANTWERP
AND THE PRINCIPAL TOWNS IN GREAT BRITAIN—FRANCE—ITALY—AND SPAIN
BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.
Montevideo, H. LAMOND, Manager.
164 pm.

London and River Plate Bank, Limited.

London, 52 Moorgate Street; Paris, 16 Rue Halévy
Buenos Aires, Montevideo, Rosario de Santa-Fé
Rio de Janeiro and Paysandú
Authorised Capital. . . £ 2,000,000
Paid up Capital. . . 900,000
Subscribed Capital. . . 1,500,000
Reserve Fund. . . £ 750,000
Current Accounts opened with Commercial Firms and private individuals. Customers have the advantage of having approved Bills discounted, of obtaining Loans upon Negotiable Securities, of Depositing Bills, Coupons, etc., for collection—subject to a conventional commission.
The Bank receives deposits either at sight, for fixed periods, or at thirty days notice of withdrawal, interest on which is regulated by the market value of money, the Bank notifying any change in Rates by Advertisement in the principal daily papers.
Letters of Credit issued to parties travelling abroad.
Letters of Credit issued for the purpose of purchasing Goods in Europe, the United States, etc., the terms of which can be ascertained on application to the Bank.
Parties wishing to bring out funds to the River Plate, can do so through the medium of the Bank's chief office.
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OR OF THE
Paris Branch, 16 Rue Halévy.
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And all the principal towns of
ENGLAND, SCOTLAND AND IRELAND
PARIS. And all the principal towns of FRANCE
AND OF
GERMANY
SPAIN
ALSO ON
AFRICA—AUSTRALIA—BRAZIL—CANADA—CHILE—PORTUGAL—SWITZERLAND—UNITED STATES—ARGENTINE REPUBLIC.
R. A. THURBURN, Manager.
16 January 1892 72 pm.

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Calle de las Piedras 108.
pm.

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The combination of emulsifying the Cod liver oil and Hypophosphites has resulted in a medicine of wonderful reconstituent power, which may be confidently adopted in cases of Marasmus, Rickets &c., All physicians acknowledge that.
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25 pm.

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