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MONTEVIDEO
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The River Plate Times

EUROPEAN AGENTS
Messrs. G. STREET & Co. 30 CORNHILL
AND
W. M. WILLS 151 CANNON STREET
LONDON E. C.
TELEPHONE "COOPERATIVA" No. 67

VOL. III.

MONTEVIDEO, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1890.

No. 391.

PROFESSIONAL AND BUSINESS CARDS

DR. N. TIDEMAND—Having left for Europe, the consulting rooms are closed until his return.—Cameras 159. 11-1-p.m.

J. O'DONOGHUE Surgeon-Dentist M. O. S. Gt. Britain. Gold Stoppings, Crown and Bridge work by a specialist. Office hours from 9 to 5. Calle 25 de Mayo 256. 5.20 23 v. 31 JI.

BORSE AND HILL—AMERICAN DENTISTS, Specialists.—Sarandi 351.—Hours 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. 11-1-p.m.

G. P. MORRISON—SURGEON DENTIST, 127 Rincon. Plaza Matriz.—Consultations from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. 11-1-p.m.

PRINCE and HILL—AMERICAN DENTISTS, Calle Camarinas No. 163, Montevideo.—Consultations 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. 11-1-p.m.

HIGH CLASS PHOTOGRAPHY. FITZPATRICK'S STUDIO. CALLE RINCON 176. NEAR THE PLAZA MATRIZ. 85pm.

T. R. CORCORAN CRONOMETER, WATCH MAKER, AND JEWELLER.—Chronometers, nautical and surveying instruments corrected and repaired. Calle 25 de Mayo, 125, Montevideo. 101-p.m.

DE LISSA, CROWE & Co.—General Commission Merchants. 4, Bishopsgate Street Witn.—London E. C. 11-1-p.m.

HEIDSIECK & CO'S. DRY MONOPOLE CHAMPAGNE. SOLE IMPORTERS. Messrs WEDEKIND FEHR & Co. Calle Misiones 156-164. 216 24 v. Ad. 24.

HADGES NESSIM'S EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES—The only genuine original brand. Sole Agents in the River Plate, Donkeman and Schrader, Colon 72, Montevideo. 4. 22 pm.

CHUTE & BROOKS—Photographic Studio. No. 300 Calle 25 de Mayo, Montevideo, and No. 126 Calle Florida, Buenos Aires. 410pm.

ERNESTO STUNZ—Uruguay 56—Montevideo—Import and Export Commission Merchants. Special House for ordering from the United States. Machinery, Carriages and all kinds of American Articles. 11-1-p.m.

H. B. WILLE—SHIP CHANDLER AND BUTCHER. vessels entered and cleared. Calle Misiones Nos. 19 to 27 and Rampla No. 127. 11-1-p.m.

MARTINEZ & ESTAPE—English Grocery Store. Large assortment of Wines, Port, Sherry and Bordeaux, Spirits and Liqueurs, Havana Cigars. Canned Goods of all descriptions. Calle 25 de Mayo 201. 106pm.

CRITERION—English Bar-Restaurant. Drinks, breakfasts, luncheons, dinners, Suppers, etc., at all hours. Pensionists received at a moderate charge. Calle Cerrito 222, Corner of Ituzaingo. 7.15 pte.

CHARLES DULCE—Sole proprietor—SHIP CHANDLER—BUTCHER AND GENERAL STORE. DEALER—124—Piedras—126—Montevideo. perm.

HOTEL ORIENTAL—The favourite resort of all English visitors. Central Position. Good Service. Excellent Table. Comfortable Rooms. First class Wines. English spoken. Calle Solis 22. Montevideo. 107 pm.

SAPOLIO FOR HOUSE CLEANING, sold all over the world—acknowledged the best for cleaning and polishing Metal Work, Kitchen Utensils, Floors, Paint, Marbles etc.—Sold by Chemists, Grocers, and Ironmongers, and Wholesale by Ernesto Stunz, Calle Uruguay 56 and 58. 2 17-26 v. 26 Ag.

A. DELOLME—CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT AND SWORN TRANSLATOR. Lessons in English, French, Spanish and German. Calle Rincon 109. 104 pm.

MRS. DELOLME—ARTIST—EXHIBITOR in Society of British Artists and other Galleries of England. PORTRAIT PAINTER. Commissions in Oil or Water-colours.—LESSONS TO LADIES in her studio, Calle Rincon 109. 112pm.

DUNLOP BROS & Co. Colonial & General Merchants 32, Great St. Helena, London, E. C. Telegraphic Address "KARATAS" London. cor

JAMES SMART—Piedras 556, Buenos Aires, English Tailor, Hosiery, Hatter and Outfitter. London Hats, Collar, Ties and Underclothing. 25-7-Pte.

FELIX BOTTINI—Wines, Fine Liquors & Havana Cigars. American Whiskey. Calle Rampla, No. 87, Corner of Zabala.—Montevideo. 116pm.

REMINGTON TYPEWRITER can be seen in operation daily. Machines on sale. Operators trained. All kinds of Copying done. Annie F. Jones, Oficina de la Remington Typewriter, Calle Misiones, 138.—Hours 10 to 4. 2.22 28 pte.

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\$2 PER MONTH.

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RESTAURANT AMERICANO—First class pension, good wines, excellent cooking, English spoken, Russian and Argentine. 89 CALLE ZABALA, close to all the banks and the hotel. 11-1-p.m.

THE ENGLISH AND FRENCH SCHOOL—Boards, Half Boards, and French on sale. Prospectus on application to Mr. Bazerque, B. A., Calle del Norte 19, Pizsa Inapropiada. Se dan lecciones particulares de español. 6.10 pte.

THE RIVER PLATE TIMES

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No anonymous communications will be attended to, nor manuscript returned.

Sole Proprietor and Editor
W. H. Denstone.

The River Plate Times

MONTEVIDEO, NOVEMBER 5, 1890.

THE GROWTH OF OPPOSITION.

When the present Government came into power last March, it was not exactly welcomed with that outburst of popular sympathy which sycophants and interested flatterers attributed to it, it was certainly received without formidable opposition. The majority of the people acquiesced in the election and were willing to give the new rulers, although not elected by that popular suffrage which is supposed to be the first right of republicanism, a fair chance of showing the metal of which they were made, in a situation which presented no difficulties that might not have been overcome by honesty, common sense and activity. With regard to the press, several important papers were in favour, others were neutral, and open opposition was confined to a few petty partisan organs, some two or three in number.

Eight months have elapsed since then and the situation has entirely changed. It may now be said that there is not a single paper of importance in favour of the Government. Its support is confined to some two or three journals of entirely secondary rank and influence. (We have just learnt of the death of one of these.) The remainder are in open and avowed opposition. And in this there is no doubt that the press truthfully represents the current of popular opinion. The supporters of the Government may be said to be confined to that not very large number who have an actual interest in its continuance or are inspired by that gratitude which is a lively sense of favours to come. And even with these it is to be doubted if the support is more than lukewarm. Most of those who were at first friendly and neutral have now gone over to the ranks of the opposition, not perhaps actually joining the file of some other party, for it is the anomaly of River Plate Politics that persons stand before parties, but at all events standing aloof from any party with or without the sympathy of the Government and awaiting the opportunity to declare themselves active opponents.

But this is not all. That which is observed in Uruguay has been equally reflected abroad, especially in England. Dr. Herrera's Government was welcomed at home, and such financial and other persons were sufficiently interested to comment on affairs in Uruguay, indulged in generally favourable expressions of sympathy and hope. They, equally, have been disillusioned, and at present there is no better enemy to the present Government than the English press. When opportunity serves we will give some quotations to support this assertion.

The reasons for this general unpopularity may be summed up in the one word—misadministration. The promises made in Dr. Herrera's programme have not been kept, the Government has been inactive when it should have been active, the few good measures introduced have not been prosecuted, and it has been responsible for a series of financial and administrative blunders and worse, which, unfortunately, have been prosecuted. Like the sinner in the Church of England prayer book, it has left undone those things which it should have done, it has done those things which it should not have done, and there

is no health in it. To enter into details would be to rewrite the history of the past eight months, culminating with the blunders now before us of the Bill for increasing the Deputies, and the electoral forces of the present month.

This unpopularity is not the result of political partisanship, it is felt by many who pay no attention to such things, it is solely and purely the result of the Government's own acts. And that cause which has brought it into existence is also sufficiently powerful to annul it and convert it into the opposite feeling, that is to say, it rests in the hands of Government itself, within one month, to make itself as popular as it is now unpopular. But is it likely to do so?

Uruguay Republic

MONTEVIDEO WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1890.
Saint Zacharias and Isabel, Gunpowder Plot, 1605 Battle of Inkerman, 185, 300, days past, 56 to the end of the year.

Parliament.

In the Chamber of Representatives, on Monday, a Message was received from the Executive Power, conveying three schemes for the reorganization of the National Bank. These were referred to the committee of Finance, Sr. Ramirez, a member of that Committee, asked that another might be appointed in his stead as he was on the Directorate of the Bank, and therefore was not qualified to report. Sr. A. M. Rodriguez was accordingly named in his place. There being no quorum to hold a sitting, no further business was transacted.

The Central Uruguay Eastern Extension Railway.

The first ordinary general meeting of shareholders in this company was held at the Cannon Street Hotel, on Friday, October 3, 1890, Mr. G. W. Drabble in the chair.

The Secretary (Mr. H. C. Allen) read the notice convening the meeting. The Chairman, in proposing the adoption of the directors' report and audited statement of accounts to 30th June last, said the board was in a position to speak of the eastern extension with a little more confidence than they were able to speak of the southern extension, because they had had practical results of the working of the line from Montevideo to Minas; and they knew by telegram that the first section of the line has been opened from Toledo to San Ramon. The remaining sections would, it was expected, be completed at intervals of about six months. The contractors hoped that the whole line would be finished well within the term fixed by the concession and the contract. The results so far, for the Montevideo and Minas section, have exceeded expectations, and the directors feel perfectly confident that, with peace and progress, the working result of the entire system would be encouraging. This was important because, in the arrangements with the North Eastern Company, they guaranteed to them a certain amount yearly; and therefore, if the traffic receipts did not come up to that amount, it would be, of course, a pull upon the resources of the Central Uruguay Railway Company.

Mr. John Fair seconded the adoption of the report. Mr. Castellani said they appeared to have included the branch to Minas in the accounts of the eastern extension. Mr. Barker said it was in the same district; what one did the other would do. Mr. Castellani asked if the eastern extension and northern extension were amalgamated, or likely to be. Mr. Barker said they were separate undertakings. The retiring director, Mr. C. O. Barker, was re-elected, and the retiring auditors having been re-appointed, the meeting closed with a vote of thanks to the chairman.

Winter Evening Entertainment Society.

Our readers should require no reminding of the Concert which is to be held tonight at the San Felipe theatre, which seems to be the "happy hunting grounds" of our amateurs. The programme is a most attractive and varied one including two instrumental selections, one with a chorus; songs by Miss Nuttall, Miss Cooper, Mr. Magrane and Mr. Davies solos on the violin and violoncello by Mr. G. Schwartz and Mr. Amaro, and recitations by Mr. Stanham and Mr. Denstone. Such a programme as this would please all tastes, and we shall be very disappointed if there is not a full house.

Cricket.

The match between Public Companies and Private Firms, played on Sunday last, resulted in a low victory for the former by 159 to 97. For the winning team Chater knocked up a good score of 46, Robinson and Scoones were not far behind with 33 and 31 respectively and Alexander made a useful 20. Only seven men batted. The only do be figure score of their opponents was 34 marked by Lieut. Penfold. Fielding both sides was rather loose. In the bowling Robinson, Alexander and Tower did some good work. The scores are as follows.—

Private Firms.

Leonard, b. Chater 31
Penfold R. N. b. Alexander 9
Williamson, b. Chater 9

Poole, b. Alexander.
Tower, c. W. Jones, b. Alexander
Stanham, c. Chater, b. Robinson
Capt. Musgrave, run out
Nuttall, not out
Lynchford, b. w. b. Robinson
Hyde, b. Robinson
Thomson, l. b. w., b. Robinson
Extras

Total

Public Companies.

Chater, b. Williamson
Harvey, c. Williamson, b. Tower
Robinson, b. Tower
Alexander, c. Williamson, b. Leonard
Scoones, b. Hyde
Macadam, not out
Jones, b. Hyde
Moore, c. Jones, did not bat
Dolby, Extras

Total

Sundries.

The discussion in detail of the Bill for the increase of the Deputies was on the order of the day for the Chamber of Representatives yesterday. We suppose there will be some show of a fight over the question of reducing the salaries, but considering the general attitude of the two Chambers, we are afraid that very desirable end will not be attained.

The elections for Judges of the Peace for the various sections of the Capital took place last Sunday with the greatest quiet. In fact, except for the usual sabbath of a table, two or three officials and some policemen at the Church doors, no one would have known that any election was proceeding. The vast majority of people view these elections with profound indifference, not to say contempt, for they are fully aware that their votes have nothing to do with the matter, the result being carefully arranged beforehand by the wire-pullers behind the scenes. The farce would be laughable were it not pitiful.

At last! There is no doubt about it this time. The long promised financial schemes have really and truly been passed to the Chambers, and are now actually under consideration. After over two months of repeated false alarms and fictitious announcements, the looked for event has really come to pass. It now remains to be seen what the schemes are really like, whether they will justify the expectations that have been aroused, and how far they will go towards bettering the situation. The old Latin quotation about *more perperam ridiculus mus* (which does not, but frequently might, refer to a ridiculous mess) will so readily suggest itself to our readers that we will refrain from using it.

General Burgois, arrested on Saturday or having signed the manifesto of the National Party, has already been set at liberty. The brick-thrower collector never thinks himself the worse for ware. It is easier to live within your income than to live without one. There is considerable "go" in the man who is running to catch the last train. The man who goes to the seaside for change often comes back without any.

Gold closed yesterday at 126, according to which the paper dollar is worth 79.3 cents.

The Concert at the San Felipe this evening will commence at 8.30 p.m. punctually, by which time it is hoped that the audience will find it convenient to be seated.

La Tribuna Popular accuses us of not touching upon the elections and kindred topics of the times. If our friendly contemporary will place down our Sundries columns it will find it is mistaken. It has fallen into the error of thinking that the first items in the paper are the most important, whereas the arrangement is purposely accidental.

The new Chapel of the Orphan Asylum was inaugurated last Saturday with great ceremony. Ex-president Tejes and his wife were sponsors, and many dignitaries were present.

We salute our thirteenth *El Bien* on the occasion of its 13th birthday, and although we rarely have the happiness to coincide with its opinions, desire it a long life.

A comic incident occurred at the voting table in the porch of the Cathedral last Sunday. The officials were seated calmly, smoking their cigarettes and enjoying the farce in which they played a prominent part, when a lady of middle age walked gravely up to the young man of four years, being evidently under the impression that she was assisting a young man. The officials were puzzled with astonishment, though no doubt this "puppet's" misadventure was quite as much to the purpose as any other vote deposited.

Shakespeare's tragedy of Othello will be repeated at the Politeama on Thursday. Although Sr. Novelli's rendering of the part is open to criticism it is a fine performance and well worth seeing. Why does he not do as many great actors have done before him, and let us see him in the part of Iago, in which we should think he would be better than in Othello?

Our bright little contemporary *El Imparcial* succumbed to the crisis yesterday and has left the chequered career of journalism. *Polibotral* with this Dr. Herrera's Government loses almost its last supporter, and certainly one of its most ardent.

Tranquil Lopez, the mighty quack who professed to cure all the world

without medicine, has fallen ill, and finds himself obliged to send for a doctor, but the doctors show no anxiety to attend a patient who made open war upon them. This is indeed an unkind turn of Fortune's wheel. It is a case of *sic ite Transito gloria mundi*.

On Monday the police captured three persons accused of passing forged sovereigns, some thirty of which were found in the possession of one of them. They declared that the sovereigns were coined in Buenos Aires, whence they came some 15 days ago. The Buenos Aires police have been asked to enquire into the matter.

London Notes.

London, Sept. 29.

The importation of frozen meat has taken a new phase which should be of interest to River Plate readers. A firm in Sydney announce that they have completed arrangements whereby parcels of one, two, three, or more frozen sheep or lambs can be delivered at any address in the United Kingdom—delivery guaranteed. Whether the practice of sending presents of this sort from the Colonies to friends at home is to become established or not must, of course, depend upon the practical results of the experiment. As a fact, we believe parcels containing frozen meat have lately arrived in Surrey, and have been delivered in this way to private individuals. Perhaps the system may eventually be extended to live cattle.

At Sonneberg, in Germany, a Social Democrat has been sentenced to three months' imprisonment on the charge of high treason. His offence was a remark to the effect that the Emperor William would in time become Social Democrat.

Recent changes in Clifton College have suggested to "An Old Cliftonian" some reminiscences of that institution twenty years ago. The tricks upon new boys were somewhat devoid of originality, but serve to illustrate the maliciousness of the boyish mind. Papers were pinned on their backs with the direction "Please kick me hard," or the novice was asked to pass a note to his neighbour with a request that he might be assaulted. The recipient of the note seems to have generally been obligingly compliant. The head master's theory that in a school of so many hundred boys there must be bad boys as well as good ones was borne out by experience, but the master did not tolerate sort lads who neglected their games, and threatened to stop the half holidays if play was slackened.

Those who had not spend their holidays at home in close were required to account for their absence on the grounds that he had been on the promenade at Clifton Down, which he called the Broad Walk, when he ought to have been playing football, waxing—"Broad is the way that leadeth to destruction, and the narrow way the run in at football, and few there be that enter therein. I wish I had the sole control of you, I'd reform you. I'd get you to play bat-fives, and hit you on the head if you didn't get out of my way quick enough. Or I'd take you out for a walk and then say 'Let us run a bit,' and I would bring you home half dead. Or I'd ask you to my rooms, and quit in a friendly manner say 'Have a box,' no gloves or anything; and I'd mail you; by Jove I'd mail you! One master who had a special predilection for setting one hundred lines of Milton's "Paradise Lost" as a task, got very angry when asked once, "Won't Paradise Regained do, sir?"

While our population is steadily increasing, and London is so constantly enlarging its boundaries, it seems strange to hear that the resident population in one of our central suburban districts has fallen in late years to little more than one third of what it was. The locality is the Finsbury Medical, and the cause, according to Dr. Yarrow, Medical officer for the parish of St. Luke, is the extensive demolition of dwelling houses to make room for the erection of warehouses and workshops.

The costly Model Dwellings which are supposed to mitigate in some degree the hardships of this expulsion of the resident population do not, according to Dr. Yarrow, fulfil the expectations of their promoters. None of these schemes were a real provision for the poorest of our people, the rent alone being in their case prohibitive. Unfortunately the so-called artisan class continue to occupy houses which would be better left to their poorer brethren. That the artisan does not, for some reasons, thoroughly appreciate the advantages of model dwellings is shown by the fact that at the sale of Dr. Yarrow's Report there were 38 sets of reports vacant in Bartholomew Buildings; at rents commencing at 3s. 6d. per week; and in Euston's Buildings 109 sets, chiefly of two rooms each, at 5s. 6d. to 10s. per week, besides vacancies in each of the other blocks.

The following is told in the Berlin papers:—Frau Minnie H. was a pretty girl of seventeen, and the daughter of an opulent merchant. At an entertainment given in the spring on behalf of a Charity in Berlin, this young lady conceived an affection for a member of a vaudeville theatre company, and fled from her parents' to join him. Her mother became ill, and sought consolation in a trip to the Upper Italian lakes. While at Turin, the merchant and his wife, with some acquaintances, paid a visit to a theatre, and occupied a stage box. It was while Frau H. was watching through her glass the swimming display, in a huge glass water-tank, of an artist, rejoicing in the name of Lurline, that her lognette slipped from her hand, and she swooned in her seat. She had recognised her daughter within the reservoir! An interview was speedily obtained, and the girl was only too willing to meet the embraces of her parents, and to return to Berlin. On the way back she told a pitiful tale of the brutality of the man who had so strangely fascinated her.

Commercial

Stock Exchange.

Montevideo, November 4, 1890.

Closing quotations.

Gold, cash, 126.
Amortizable Debt, cash, 31.
National Bank, cash, 31.
Mortgage Certificates, cash, 47.

Several times, at the false announcement that the Financial schemes of Government had been sent to the Chambers, the market manifestly improved. Now, however, that it is known these schemes are actually sent, the effect on the market, if any, has been unfavourable. At all events, business was not brisk, gold rose, and prices generally were weak.

Gold continues to rise slowly but steadily, it opened 125 1/2 going steadily up to 126, at which figure it closed. It was in fair demand, \$32,860 sold, 41 operations.

National Bank shares were dull and showed a falling inclination. They opened 34 1/2, rose for a moment to 35 and then weakened off in the second ring to close 34 tomorrow, 33 3/4 for the 15th.

Cedulas A were offered at 51 and B at 48 1/2, without buyers. \$2,000 Mortgage Certificates went at 46, a fall of 1, and \$200 Amortizables at 31.

Unfolds in London at 59 7/8, as yesterday. No sales here, but we understand they are likely to rise.

Sales.

EST. RING.

Gold

\$1000 cash . . . 125 1/2 12560 . . . 126
5000 . . . 125 1/2 9100 . . . 125 1/2
1000 . . . 125 1/2 7000 . . . 126
1000 . . . 125 1/2 1000 . . . 125 1/2
200 . . . 123 1/2 9000 . . . 126
600 . . . 125 1/2

National Bank.

220 cash . . . 34 1/2 70 tmw. 34 1/2
10 . . . 34 1/2 50 Nov. 10 34 1/2
50 . . . 35 100 Nov. 15 34
100 . . . 34 1/2

Amortizable Debt

\$2200 tmw. . . 31

Mortgage Certificates C

\$2000 tmw. . . 47

2nd. RING.

National Bank

20 tmw. . . 34 300 . . . 34
50 . . . 34 10 . . . 34
100 . . . 34 200 . . . 34
150 . . . 34 50 Nov. 15 34 1/2

Exchange—AR follows—

Banco

Commercia

51 1/4 to 1

5.35-6

5.35-6

5.38

4.35-6

4.35-6

Buenos Aires.

DISCOUNT. 9 to 10 o/o

ALB. nominal, nominal

Buenos Aires, November 4

Gold, cash, 257.50.

Cedulas A, cash, 51.

Do. L, cash, 62.50.

Do. M, cash, 61.

Do. N, cash, 110.

Do. O, cash, 61.20.

Do. P, cash, 61.50.

Do. C, cash, 91.

Banco Nacional, cash, 121.

Edificadora Floresta, cash, 4.

Construtora de Flores, cash, 20.50.

Banco Italiano, gold, cash, 155.

Muelles Catantins, cash, 12.30.

Banco Constructor, cash, 7.20.

Obligaciones Banco Constructor, cash, 2.00.

According to the Boisa Telegram of the (rental) Telegraph the following was the state of gold in Buenos Aires.

1st ring, opened 256.50 cash.

2nd ring, opened 257.50

closed 258

Business Notes.

The directors of the Uruguay Land and Development Company announce that they are prepared to receive applications for £30,000 registered mortgage securities, in sums not less than £50, bearing interest at 5 per cent. per annum. Interest will accrue from the date of payment to the company, and will be payable (a) yearly, on March 1st and a Sept. 1st of each year. The company for 1889, the first year of its existence, paid 10 per cent. dividend, and for the six months to June 30th, 1890, interest divided at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum was distributed.

Messrs. Baring Brothers and Co. announce the numbers of 100 Bonds, amounting to £19,000, of the United Five per Cent Loan of 183 for £11,127,000 of the Oriental Republic of Uruguay, which have been drawn for payment at par on and after Jan. 1, 1891.

The directors of the London and Brazilian Bank, Limited, have declared an interim dividend of 10s. per share (free of income tax, payable on and after the 15th October, or the half ended July

