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The Montevideo Times

ESTABLISHED 1888

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VOL. XXXV.

MONTEVIDEO, WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1906.

No. 5172.

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The Montevideo Times

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On account of our early hour of going to press it is specially requested that any notices or advertisements intended for publication on the following day be delivered at our office not later than 4.30 p. m.

The Montevideo Times

MONTEVIDEO, NOVEMBER 14, 1906.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

MONTEVIDEO.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1906.

Saints Seraphus and Lawrence.—318 days past, 47 to the end of the year.

CUSTOMS RECEIPTS.

The following were the Custom House Receipts for the month of October, 1906:—
Importation, \$ 961,172.02
Exportation, 55 621.68
Departments, estimate 118,000.00
Total \$ 1,134,793.90

This compares with the same month in previous years as follows:—1905—\$944,091; 1904—\$796,189; 1903—\$856,414; 1902—\$909,692; 1901—\$815,371; 1900—\$707,120; 1899—\$841,591; 1898—\$657,428; 1897—\$851,540; 1896—\$826,011.

The increase as compared with the same month last year is \$190,702. The figures establish a fresh record for the month, standing some \$200,000 and more ahead of all the other months on the list. This fine result comes as an agreeable surprise, for the impression was prevalent that there had been a slackening down in business during the month, but the figures show this not to have been the case. The high importation is once again the factor in the result, as the exportation figures are low. In the current and next months exportation should look up, but importation will probably fall off as merchants have got in the greater part of their stock for the summer season.

The ten months of the current year to October inclusive show a total Customs revenue of \$11,030,817, as against \$9,728,272 in the same period last year, an increase of \$1,302,545. There is already the certainty that the total Customs revenue for the year will be about \$13,000,000.

POLITICAL NOTES.

The General Assembly of the two Chambers met on Monday, a quorum being achieved at last. After a brief discussion, approval was completed of the Municipal Budget. The only point of interest was the suppression of the allowance for chaplains, etc., in the Cemeteries, thus confirming the decision of the Representatives as against that of the Senate.—On the motion of Dr. A. M. R. Rodríguez the Assembly then commenced summary discussion of the Consular tariff question. On behalf of the majority of the joint Committee, Dr. M. C. Martínez defended the formula of the Senate, and Sr. Menini y Rios, on behalf of the minority, advocated the maintenance of the 1 1/2 per cent. additional duty. Art. 2, creating this duty, was then put to the vote and was rejected. Sr. Menini then raised the question whether Art. 1, suppressing the 1 1/2 per cent. on invoices, could be regarded as law, claiming that though it had been approved by both the Chambers, it had not been approved by the Assembly. This provoked a confused discussion on a point of order, which was counted out, leaving the matter undecided.

If it were not for the prejudicial effects to commerce and shipping, the above result would be almost ludicrous. It is now over six months since this question of the additional duty has been under discussion, and the Chambers are still unable to decide it, owing principally to the inexplicable obstinacy of the Government in trying to obtain approval of a law which has been condemned by public opinion, by the Senate, and now by the majority of the Assembly. Meanwhile the very objectionable 1 1/2 per cent. on invoices, on the suppression of which

the Government and both the Chambers have been fully agreed from the first moment, is being enforced; and, we suppose, will continue to be enforced until the Assembly takes definite action. The *Día* claims that this 1 1/2 per cent. is "law," but this is very doubtful after both the Chambers have voted its repeal. Anyhow, the Government would now be fully justified in suppressing it, if it only choose to do so. The whole affair—for the matter of that the entire business of the consular tariff—has been a huge and extraordinary bungle, which will have to be undone before long if the interests of commerce and shipping count for anything whatever. The special trouble has arisen from the gross absurdity committed, six months ago, by the General Assembly in sanctioning a fee which it was admitted was not intended to be enforced. The affair is another instance of how very much easier it is to impose a tax than to repeal it, and it ought to serve as an object lesson to the Chambers, though they never seem to learn much from experience in such matters.—The *Día* once again falls back on the exploded argument that, as the consular revenue is not sufficient to pay the consular corps, an additional tax must be created to meet the deficit. This has already been answered a dozen times—the deficit, which is not serious, can be supplied out of general revenue, or else let the consular service be reduced to less exaggerated proportions. To please itself the Government has nearly trebled the consular estimates, and now it wants to burden commerce and shipping with the additional cost, though they certainly derive no additional benefit, but quite the contrary. The whole thing has been badly done and, as we say, will have to be undone by the first Government that prefers general interests to those of officialism.

We may also refer to the suppression of the Cemetery Chaplains in the Municipal Budget. The item was a small one, and its suppression was a petty act, though in accordance with the intense hostility to religion shown by the official faction. Still, it might have passed without remark, had not the *Día*, in its usual extravagant manner, claimed that it was a "triumph of principle," and cited it as another reason for support of the official candidates in the elections. If the *Día* imagines that these petty acts of intolerance and illiberalism conduce to popularity or prestige, we fear that it is greatly mistaken.

After an unexplained interval dating since July 16, publication has appeared in the *Diario Oficial* of the Executive Message observing the Liebig's Bill which completed its sanction in the Chambers on July 11. The objection of the Executive is confined to the reduction of the export duty on meat extract from 10 to 5 cents per kilo. This, produces the Message, is not subject to competition (which is incorrect) and as a higher priced article, representing greater skill and labor in its manufacture, ought to pay a higher tax, while the Sinto, "as partners" ("co-sociados") has a just claim to a corresponding share in the higher value.—This is very feeble. The Message completely overlooks the principal point at issue, namely that the greater facilities offered by Argentina are tempting this important industry away from the country. The whole Message we may say, is on a false basis, and shows a false conception of the attitude of the State towards productive industries; while it is difficult to know how to qualify the remarkable assertion that the State is partner or "co-sociado" in this or any other industrial undertaking. We think that this would rather stifle the proprietors and shareholders who have provided the capital.—What is being done in the matter, we are unable to say, but in the meantime national interests are again suffering through official obstruction. It is really lamentable that a Government which has some excellent points should stultify itself by these proceedings.

Our contemporaries announce a serious conflict as at hand between the Government and the Municipality over the so-called ornamentation of the Plaza Independencia. The Municipality, as is well-known, are carrying out this according to a plan which makes the central walk in a straight line with the prolongation of Calle 18 de Julio, so that it brings up more less in front of the Hotel Español, instead of joining with Calle Sarandí as before. The plans, as we understand, were submitted to the Government, which was supposed to have approved them, but now that they are half executed and the whole Plaza has been torn up, the Government is raising objections, and wants to insist on the central walk being restored to its former direction. In this the Government is quite right, for it was an unpeakable absurdity to deflect the central walk from its obviously natural course; but it should have spoken sooner, and not have waited until the works were half-way through. How the matter will end, remains to be seen. At present the Plaza is in a state of most unlovely confusion, and, owing to the loose stones lying about, positively dangerous to cross after dark. If the conflict becomes acute, this may be prolonged indefinitely, recalling the ludicrous history of the Plaza Constitution a few years ago. If the Government were to go a little further, and insist on the Plaza being maintained as an open place without obstructive flower beds it would have the support of public opinion.

Library.

"A Lady of Rome." By F. Marion Crawford. Macmillan's Colonial Library, No. 527.

This is the latest in this popular series, as it is also the latest from Mr. Crawford's fertile pen. Like most of his recent novels, it deals with life in modern Rome, which his pages have served to make familiar to thousands of English readers in all parts of the world. The interest begins with the first page, and is so well sustained that few readers will care to lay aside the book until it is finished. A leading London paper speaks of "A Lady of Rome" as follows:—

Mr. Marion Crawford is at once one of the most constant and consistent of our modern novelists. From the title-page of his latest work, we see that he has written over thirty novels, yet there is no sign of any diminution of power or falling off in workmanship. On the contrary in some respects "A Lady of Rome" is stronger and more complete, artistically, than some of its predecessors. There is a simplicity, a directness of theme, which, skilfully elaborated and sustained, with no undue prolixity, but with a just and adequate analysis, holds the reader far more surely than some of Mr. Crawford's earlier stories, where the action is more diversified, and the canvas is more crowded.

The story is of itself simple, and may be told in a few words. Maria, Countess of Montalto, has in a moment of passion, forgotten her marriage vows, and her husband, on her confession, has left her. No scandal has, however, ensued, and she lives alone with her boy in Rome. On the death of his mother her husband, who has forgiven her, returns, and she devotes herself to him until he dies, repressing her love for the father of her child. Such is the main thread of the story, slender even to the verge of tenuity, but Mr. Crawford's art is such that he succeeds in elaborating this theme in such a way that the interest never flags, and the story does not appear spun out.

In this he is undoubtedly, and chiefly, helped by his power of depicting real characters. Few living writers have to so great an extent the gift of portraying natural men and women, with no special characteristic to distinguish them from their fellows, but with their own individualities so clearly expressed and defined that they become real personalities, and not merely general types. Just as Mr. W. E. Norris has been acclaimed as the one writer who can portray a typical English gentleman, so Mr. Crawford may be taken as the portrait painter of the modern Roman. Readers of his books know well and probably cherish the memory of his portrait gallery of the family of the Saracinesca. In that case they will have a special welcome to give the present book, for though the Prince himself, San' Ilario, and Don Olindo only appear by reference, Don Ippolito, Canon of St. Peter's, plays no small part in the story of Maria and her husband and Castiglione. It is largely through his influence that the Count returns to his wife, and it is also due to his help that the latter resolves to sacrifice her happiness for her duty. He is a charming figure, a type of the cultured Churchman, a man of the world, yet of inflexible principle. A complete contrast to him, yet equally admirable, is the Capuchin confessor, whose influence on Maria, in spite of his severity, is a great asset to Don Ippolito. He lacks the large charity of the scholar, but his unswerving, uncompromising sense of duty and his readiness to act in moments of necessity compensate not a little for his apparent harshness.

On the three protagonists Mr. Crawford has naturally spent most pains. He is perhaps more successful with Maria than with Montalto or Castiglione, though the last, at any rate, will not suffer by comparison with many of Mr. Crawford's earlier heroes. It would, however, we think, have added to the strength of the story had Montalto succeeded in winning more of our sympathy. This is prevented by Mr. Crawford's somewhat unfair insistence on Maria's personal and physical aversion to her husband. There is one other character in the book who deserves special mention, Maria's child, Leone. At the risk of exaggerated praise we will rank him close to the Cronje of Mr. Meredith, and we look forward to the time when he will himself play the principal part in another of Mr. Crawford's delightful stories of modern Roman life.

New British Coalfield.

A discovery has been made near Dover, which Dr. W. Boyd Dawkins, F.R.S., professor of geology at Owens College, Manchester, describes as "the event of most importance for the district since the Norman Conquest."

Rich seams of coal have been found at a boring seven miles from Dover, and it is said that in a few years' time development into another Lancashire.

The new coalfield is claimed to be the largest virgin one in the United Kingdom, and the value of the coal is estimated at anything over one thousand millions sterling. The area of the field is stated to be one hundred square miles.

Three years ago Mr. A. Burr severed his connection with the original Kent coal undertaking and began to make experiments further inland. He acquired the mining rights over 20,000 acres, and started sinkings at two places and borings at two others about seven miles

from Dover. The new seam of coal has been found at one of these borings.

Mr. A. Burr says there is room for thirty or forty collieries. In ten years' time, he states, there will be 10,000 men employed on the field.

Mr. Asquith on Golf.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer opened a bazaar at Dundee which was promoted by the Scottish Golf Club, Fife.

Mr. Asquith said they were delighted at all times and in all places to see ladies upon the golf links. He had watched there the process of female emancipation going through the successive stages. It began with exclusion, then passed to toleration, and now it amounted to welcome. (Cheers.) Well, they might draw any moral they pleased from that. He would only venture to say this, that to him a most gratifying proof of how, by the process of peaceful penetration (laughter) woman could always extend her own legitimate domain. Some outsiders might wonder that there should be room on the coast of Fife for new golf links, or even for any enlargement of those already existing. The east of Fife had provided the cradle and the nursery and the training ground from which golfers emerged and conquered the world. He remembered very well, a little more than 30 years ago, the first time he went to St. Andrews with a reading party from Oxford, the surprise and the amazement with which they, English immigrants, watched the natives as they engaged in their strange and outlandish pastime. (Laughter.) In the interval which had since passed golf has spread to the utmost parts of the English-speaking world; and only on the previous day he had a letter from a son of his describing how he had just had a round on the links at Kharum, Nover, he supposed, in the history of sport, and rarely in the history of any form of human activity, had there been a case of propaganda so rapid, so effectual, and so complete. Like many of the other forms of human pleasure, golf baffled and, perhaps, defied analysis. There was a famous Lord Chancellor who once said of one of our English Judges that if he had a little more experience he would be the worst Judge that ever sat on the bench. One was often tempted to think the same of golf as one proceeded steadily by assiduous practice from bad to worse. (Laughter.) The other day he had calculated that he himself might have learned two new languages in the time he had devoted to becoming a very indifferent performer at the game. Yet unashamed and undaunted they went on playing, and, strange to say, they found compensation for much time wearily spent among bunkers and whins in now and again, that crowning moment of glorious sensation when they found that after all, like Braid or Vard, they were capable of a meteoric drive or, perhaps, what was still more satisfying, an inspired putt. (Laughter.) Long might the game flourish. (Cheers.)

Fastest Battleship.

Dreadnought Breaks all Speed Records.

The Dreadnought on Tuesday (Oct 9) underwent her full power trials under war conditions with the most satisfactory result. The huge battleship left Plymouth at 8 a. m., fully laden and carrying as much weight as she will when she has all her stores and coal aboard and her full service equipment.

Her eight hours run is known to have given the best results, though no official figures can be divulged. All who were on board her speak enthusiastically of her behaviour. It is stated that she averaged for the eight hours 21.5 knots, and for some time maintained a speed of 22.4 knots. This makes her the fastest battleship in existence, whether projected or completed, as the new Italian battleships of the Vittorio Emanuele class are not expected to do more than 22 knots for three hours.

The turbine is thus a great and triumphant success. The performance of the Dreadnought's turbine is all the more striking because they were not forced in any way. Yet they easily exceeded the horse-power for which they were designed. Whereas they were only expected to give 23,000-h. p., they actually gave 500 h. p. more than was anticipated. The engine-room staff, indeed, express absolute confidence that the Dreadnought would make 23 1/2 or even 24 knots without being unduly forced.

Even when her engines were working their hardest there was no vibration, and the guns could have been worked and aimed perfectly with the ship running at top-speed.

On reaching Portsmouth the Dreadnought's ship company were informed by Admiral Sir A. Douglas that the King had telegraphed expressing his satisfaction at the ship's fine performance.

SUNDRIES.

—WEATHER.—Fine, but with a rising temperature and a north wind. Symptoms of fresh disturbance are threatening.

—TEA AND TENNIS.—We are requested to state that Mrs. Robinson and Miss Hoskin will give tea at the Lawn Tennis Club at the Parque Central this afternoon.

—NO RECORDS.—As our readers are probably aware, it has become the custom to take gramophone records of the

performances of all musical celebrities, so that they may be preserved for the benefit of posterity and of contemporaries.

This has been done by Patti, Tamagno, Melba, Caruso, and a host of others. As soon as it was known that the Entertainment Society's Minstrels were about to give a performance in the Victoria Hall, all the principal talking machine Companies in the world sent down their special operators in order to take records, but as soon as the Minstrels commenced, up came the Fire Brigade, and then the Coastguard, and then all the garrison regiments, and then the artillery with their pom-poms, and it was even rumored that the Government was about to proclaim a state of siege. The consequence was that no records were made, and therefore those who desire to hear the Minstrels must take the unique opportunity of attending the performance at the Victoria Hall this evening, or they will never hear them at all, an alternative much too dreadful to be contemplated. The performance will begin at 8.30 p. m. or thereabouts, and will finish when the end of the program has been reached. In the middle there will be an interval for refreshments. The Minstrels will need them. So, we expect, will the audience.

—POLITEAMA THEATRE.—The program for this evening consists of "La Golemia," "El Cochero," "El Congreso Feminista," and "El Terrible Perez."

—CIRUS THEATRE.—This continues to be well filled every evening. The function this evening is for the benefit of the popular actress Sta. Malorell, the program consisting of "El Huar de la Guardia," "La Fiesta de San Anton," "La Tampranica," and "El Vendedor de Pájaros."

—CATTLE SHOW.—The Live Stock Exhibition at the Campo Esquero closes to-day.

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NOTICE.—All copies of this paper issued for distribution to subscribers are stamped with the words "SUBSCRIBER'S COPY" in red ink, at the head of the front page. Copies thus stamped are not for sale, and if any copy thus stamped is offered for sale in the streets by newboys or others, it has been stolen and should not be purchased.

ENGLISH BAZAAR.

ITUZAINGO 130.

See Advertisement on 4th Page.

LONDON NOTES.

TUESDAY, OCT. 16.

A decision has been arrived at in the matter of the report of the South African War Stores Commission. No action is taken with regard to the general officers lately commanding South Africa, Lieutenant-Colonel H. G. Morgan, Major G. F. Walton, Capt. W. D. Douglas-Jones, Captain J. Forsyth-Grant, and Captain R. M. Lmond have been called on to retire under Article 101 of the Royal Warrant for Pay and Promotion, receiving any retired pay to which their service may entitle them, and other punishments have been ordered to a number of other officers and non-commissioned officers.

By an explosion at Wingate Colliery, Durham, twenty-nine men lost their lives. The disaster attacked two teams, and most of the victims died of asphyxiation. Some thrilling stories of rescue and escape are told by the survivors. A large number of men were entombed, and the work of rescue was difficult but it was hoped last night that it would be successful in every case.

In 1905 there were 1,103 separate fatal accidents in the mines of the United Kingdom, which caused the loss of 1,304 lives. These figures show a decrease of 55 in the number of fatal accidents and an increase of 102 in the number of lives lost as compared with 1904.

Mr. Cockerton, the L.C.C. auditor, will to-day receive two important deputations on the local or otherwise of sectarian and Bible teaching at the expense of the rates.

It is believed that the appeal to the House of Lords in the West Riding case will be hastened in view of the urgency and importance of the circumstances.

Women suffragists have written to the Premier asking for an enfranchisement measure this session. They are also to approach Mr. Haldane and Mr. Burns.

Fourteen collieries in the Thonidia valley were yesterday reported as clear of non-unionist miners.

Women and girls, to the number of 1,500, employees of Messrs. Eley Bros., Ltd., at the cartridge factory at Edmonton, struck work yesterday morning, as a protest against lower wages and other grievances, the movement having originated last week, when 45 women and girls came out. The company yesterday agreed to submit the dispute to arbitration; and this proposal the strikers accepted at a meeting last night.

Dr. John Clifford celebrates his seventieth year to-day.

It is suggested that a memorial of the late Sir Richard Tange should be placed in the Birmingham Art Gallery.

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Análisis bacteriológicos

Conclusiones del doctor Felipe Solari, Director del Instituto de Higiene de la Facultad de Medicina:

El resultado del análisis bacteriológico de la muestra de agua recogida por este Instituto en la fuente «Acqua Vera», sita en las Sierras del Verdu (Mina), ha demostrado que dicha agua es una agua muy pura del punto de vista bacteriológico. Montevideo, Noviembre 15 de 1904.—Dr. Solari.

Subsecretario de Química, Bacteriología e Higiene (Misiones)

Conclusiones del doctor Juan B. Morelli, Profesor de Materia Médica y Terapéutica de la Facultad de Medicina:

Del exámen efectuado con muestras recogidas por este Laboratorio en las fuentes del «Acqua Vera», de las Sierras del Verdu (Mina), resulta esta agua debe clasificarse «bacteriológicamente como una agua purísima». Montevideo, Mayo 8 de 1905.—Dr. Juan B. Morelli.

Agua pura para la mesa

ligeramente bicarbonatada, es la más pura y saludable de las fuentes surgentes de las Sierras del Verdu (Mina).

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18 DE JULIO 265

(PALACIO JACKSON)

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República Oriental

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GUILERMO CULOW: Adm. y ventas en Uruguay.

Análisis químicos

Conclusiones del doctor J. Scoerler, Experto químico de los Tribunales y Catedrático de Química biológica de la Facultad de Medicina:

Por los datos que anteceden, la muestra de agua remitida por el señor Enrique Alexander, merece ser clasificada higiénicamente como una agua muy pura de excelente calidad. Montevideo, Diciembre 29 de 1904.—Dr. José Scoerler.

Conclusiones de los profesores José G. Guglielmini y Víctor Coppetti, Catedráticos de Toxicología y de Materia Farmacéutica de la Facultad de Medicina:

De los datos que arroja el análisis, se desprende que el «Acqua Vera», de las Sierras del Verdu (Mina), por su absoluta pureza y su débil mineralización, reúne excelentes condiciones higiénicas como agua para la alimentación y sobre todo como agua de mesa. Montevideo, Mayo 1.º de 1905.—Víctor Coppetti, José G. Guglielmini.

SHORT STORY

Not Quite a Gentleman.

(Continued.)

«Well»—his voice was confidential—«I am going away because of you. You are driving me away. There—that's the truth, and it sounds c. wardly, doesn't it? But, I argue, what good do I do by staying? I came here, as you know, hoping—well, you know what I hoped, Miss Castleton. But it did not take me long to find out that that was a mistake.» She made a gesture, but he held up his hand to enjoin silence.

«Why, this very afternoon you told me you would rather have been killed than that I should touch you! You can't deny it!» She did not.

«No—I was wrong. I did what many men have done before me. I fell in love with a beautiful face, and imagined that the beautiful face must have a beautiful character to match it.» She gave an angry sob.

«I am hurting you,» he said sympathetically, «but it is a sort of moral surgery—it will do you good. For you are spoilt, Miss Castleton, and for the want of a little plain speaking the evil is spreading until the good is rapidly being destroyed. You think because you belong to a good old family that you are under no obligations to be kind or gracious to others not so well-born as yourself.» He gave a little laugh.

«I believe,» he continued, «you were hoping to teach me to be a gentleman; but it almost seems as if it were I who am presuming to teach you to be a lady! Check of me, isn't it?»

She was not crying, and she did not appear to be angry, but the look in her eyes made him long to cry out to her for forgiveness for his cruelty. He had however the self-command to refrain from a banality which would have put him in the wrong when he knew that he had been right.

«Good-bye!» he said. She did not answer; so after a minute he turned and left her, striding away with vexation and anger against himself in his heart.

He called at the gardener's cottage and despatched him with a ladder.

Then he went on to the railway-station, but only to learn that the night-train to London, by which he had intended to travel, went on Saturdays half an hour earlier, and that he had missed it. There was not another train from Slipperton that night.

The idea of spending another hour in Slipperton was abhorrent to Dan. He could not go back to Monkswood, and his impatience revolted at the thought of passing the night at the inn. In his bitterness of heart he only longed to turn his back upon the place for ever. So that when the station-master suggested that by walking to Brackenbury he could catch the express to London he seized on the idea gladly.

«You've got an hour and a half, sir—time enough,» he said, «and, if you walk through the woods, back of Monkswood, you'll cut off a good corner!»

However Dan was not going through the woods. He had said «Good-bye» to Monkswood and he had no intention of looking on it again.

He started down the white, dusty road. Like a black shadow before him lay the woods through which he might have taken the short cut.

As he neared them he thought he heard the faint sound of footsteps in the undergrowth, and he paused instinctively to listen.

It was only poshers, he decided, and he was about to walk on again when a glimmer of white through the trees caught his eye, and the next instant a figure stepped into view in the path.

He pushed open the gate and went into the wood.

«Miss Castleton!» he exclaimed in amazement. «What are you doing here alone?»

She came up to him. In the dim light he could see the whiteness of her face framed in the red gold of her hair, and the sight of it thrilled him then, as it previously had done, with intense longing, whilst it added to the hopelessness in his heart.

Evidently she had run, for she stood breathless.

«I suppose you have come for the last word?» he said. «I have no right to complain, but I hope it won't take long, as I want to catch the train at Brackenbury.»

«I know—I remembered as soon as you had gone that the night train from Slipperton left earlier on Saturdays. So I thought you would go to Brackenbury—anything to get away from Slipperton!» she cried, with a little laugh. «So I followed you!»

(To be concluded in our next.)

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Montevideo Octubre 1.º de 1906.

Ignacio Soria, Administrador General Interino.

AVISO

Se pone en conocimiento del público que esta Empresa ha resuelto poner salones-restaurant para el servicio de trenes locales entre Rio Negro y Rivera y vice-versa. Montevideo, Octubre 30 de 1906.

C. W. Bayne, Administrador General.

Fiestas Españolas en San José

Los días 18, 19, 20 y 21 de Noviembre 1906

TREN DE EXCURSION

DOMINGO 18 DE NOVIEMBRE

A la hora y precios siguientes:

Estaciones	Tarifas de salida	Precios de Ida y Vuelta	
		1.ª clase	2.ª clase
CENTRAL	6.30		
PIEDRAS	7.00	\$ 1.50	\$.100
CANELONES	7.35		\$ 3.00
SANTA LUCIA	8.10		
SAN JOSÉ	9.00		

El tren de regreso saldrá de San José a las 8.15 p. m., el mismo día. Los boletos en número limitado se pondrán en venta el día anterior solamente y los de la letra «A» son válidos únicamente para viajar en el tren de excursión tanto a la ida como a la vuelta y los de la letra «B» primera clase y de Central solamente para ir en el expreso y regresar en trenes ordinarios hasta el Miércoles 21.

La Compañía no se responsabiliza por extravío de boletos que no sean presentados con rotulo particular y autógrafo para pasar y despatchar con bastante anticipación a la salida del tren.—BICICLETAS GRATIS.

Montevideo, Octubre 31 de 1906.

C. W. BAYNE, Administrador General.