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VOL. XXXIV.

MONTEVIDEO, WEDNESDAY, MAY 9, 1906.

No. 5049.

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On account of our early hour of going to press it is specially requested that any notices or advertisements intended for publication on the following day be delivered at our office not later than 4.30 p. m.

The Montevideo Times
 MONTEVIDEO, MAY 9, 1906.

NEWS OF THE DAY.
 MONTEVIDEO
 WEDNESDAY, MAY 9, 1906.

Saints Gregory Naciancenus and Gerontius—Half-quarter Day—129 days past, 236 to the end of the year.

POLITICAL NOTES.
 The Senators sat on Monday. Approval was given in second reading to the Bill removing the prohibition against Syrian immigration. This now passes to the other Chamber. The rest of the sitting was occupied with further discussion of the Rio Negro electoral question. After an exchange of rather angry expressions between Drs. B. Rocca and Segundo, the Chamber adjourned without any result being reached.

The Executive has signed and promulgating the Act increasing to \$1,300,000 the grant for building a new Legislative Palace.

It was stated yesterday that the next step the Government has in contemplation is to initiate the building of the long-talked-of new Government House, on the site in Calle 18 de Julio at present occupied by the so-called National Pavilion, and at one time the site of the British Cemetery. Although the site occupies two entire blocks, further expropriation is talked of with the idea of building a permanent residence for the Presidents of the Republic. One contemporary gives two million dollars as the estimated cost, and another raises it to three millions. Fortunately it is added that the Government believes it can find resources for the work without recourse to loan or taxation. The building, like the Legislative Palace, is to be on a "magnificent" scale (we suppose it would rattle to say pretentious). The matter, we understand, has already been spoken of in Cabinet Council (we had an idea that the custom of holding Cabinet Councils had almost fallen into disuse) but so far there is no announcement that can exactly be called official.

Public building continues to be in the air. With regard to the National Museum and Library, to which we referred in our last, it is now explained that the Government will employ the nucleus of \$100,000 in the acquisition of a site and a competition for plans, commencing with the ground floor with the idea of adding to it as resources allow. This leaves the ultimate cost of the building indefinite. Since a new Government House is to be built, why not wait a little and use the old Government House for the purpose, after making the necessary alterations?

Yesterday's *Dia*, in its most pleasing and characteristic style, makes the following announcement:—"There is not yet known the destination which will be given the new cannons (pom-poms) momentarily expected, which, as we have already announced, consist of the most modern form of guns, throwing explosive bombs with the same facility that mitrailleuses throw shot. Nevertheless, there is every reason to believe that the utilization of these most modern arms will render necessary the creation of a new corps of artillery. We find the latter statement repeated by another contemporary, which adds that 100 men will be taken from the Arsenal Guard for the purpose, having already been provided with horses, and that even the officers of the new corps are practically selected. It would seem, then, that an unprecedented standing army of 19 regiments is not sufficient to satisfy Sr. Batlle, but that even now, with less than ten months remaining of his presidency, he contemplates the creation of further military strength, the only possible object of which can be to slaughter his countrymen in civil warfare!

As if the above announcement, and the style in which it is made by the *Dia*, were not sufficient to create a disagreeable and uneasy impression, fresh rumors of an alarmist and revolutionary kind are appearing from Buenos Aires. The *Dia*, moreover, under pretext of the election of a new nationalist Directorate, hardly allows a day to pass without some irritating and provocative remark towards that party, resuming the course it followed with such unhappy results in the latter months of 1903, when it did everything in its power towards stirring up civil war and unfortunately succeeded. All these things do not escape notice, and it is not surprising that a feeling of alarm and uneasiness is again becoming prevalent in conservative circles, and that the remaining ten months of Sr. Batlle's presidency are regarded with anxiety.

The situation with regard to the much discussed new Consular tariff is well summed up in yesterday's *Tiempo*. The very able speech of Dr. Rodriguez Larreta in the Chamber on Saturday last, says the *Tiempo*, has proved beyond further argument that the new tariff is highly dangerous to the future of the port, and not indispensable for the payment of the Consular budget. The port of Montevideo is merely one of call for vessels whose terminus is Buenos Aires or La Plata (the West Coast might be added). Therefore, if we impose heavy charges on vessels, it is certain that their interest will be to avoid the port, as indeed many of them do already under the pressure of the existing consular abuses, which are truly intolerable. Already part of the importing commerce comes via Argentina, by the river steamer, and in future the entire transit commerce will be transferred to Buenos Aires with very little hopes of recovery. The present transit commerce (for Brasil, Paraguay and certain parts of Argentina) may be estimated at the value of some fifteen million dollars annually, representing numerous profits for this port, all which would disappear under an excessive consular tariff. It has been shown that the new charges are not necessary for the support of the consular budget, and it would therefore be worse than senseless to sanction them, even experimentally.

POINTS OF VIEW.
(From Home Papers.)

March came in like a lion. It has gone out like a lamb—refrigerated.—*Globe.*

Payment of members would make the House of Commons a cheap paradise for briefless barristers and third-rate journalists.—*Lord St. Aldwyn*, at Bristol.

We shall be on a better basis when the public asks of both amateur and professional expositors not only, "How rotten are things?" but also, "How are you going to freshen them up?"—*Nation* (New York).

The body politic will become diseased and suffer if any of its members is deprived of all participation in government, even shorn of the right of effective protest.—*J. A. Hubson*, in the *Contemporary Review*.

Just as the Louvre has for generations been the nucleus of a thriving community of artists and dealers in Paris, so the National Gallery and the British Museum are the guardians of the prosperity of Bond Street.—*Burlington Magazine*.

Only a lifelong student of the calendar of Police Courts could estimate the quantity and virulence of the illegal actions directly due to the malevolent influence abroad in the air when the weathercock's tail waves perpetually over the "W."—*Spectator*.

Imagination is the faculty which keeps the world real, only it is in its simpler shape so universal a gift that it passes unnoticed. Without this, and plus all the knowledge we gain from science, our world would be, not precisely one of dreams, but certainly of shadows; it would be a sort of chaos.—*Outlook*.

When life becomes materialised by the concentration of energies on the making of money, the aesthetic powers become atrophied and the conscience benumbed. I am not such a fool as to say, "Don't make money," but what I do say is, "Don't let the making of money unmake you."—*Rev. J. H. Jowett*, at Birmingham.

There is often little or no defence of the public interests except that afforded by the information and the comments given by the Press. But, while public interests are regarded as fair game by large numbers of private persons, those who defend public interests are hampered by a law of libel which is full of pitfalls, and sometimes operates very prejudicially to the community.—*Times*.

Everywhere one hears complaints about domestic servants and their ignorance of common matters connected with house work, to say nothing of the difficulty of getting them for service in the country. This is apparently the outcome of the modern method of education, and reform is necessary to make our system adapt itself to the position and surroundings of the children.—*R. G. Wilberforce*, in the *Nineteenth Century*.

There is no more clearly established principle of psychology than that intense emotion is an evil unless it is expressed in some appropriate action. To compassionate the needy only lands you in barren sentimentalism, unless your hand goes down into your pocket. Similarly, to exorcise the capitalist merely keeps one in a sullen and hopeless fume, unless one perceives that the injustice is remediable, and that voice or vote may aid thereto.—*Nation* (New York).

Germany's Good Year.
Great Trade Prosperity in 1905.

Without experiencing anything in the nature of a boom, German trade, both home and foreign, in 1905 had a most prosperous year, and the demand for labour increased to such an extent that alien miners, builders, labourers, and navvies had to be brought into the Fatherland from Poland, Galicia, Austria, Italy, and elsewhere.

The new commercial treaties which came into operation in March, says the British Consul-General in his report, will, in all probability, have the effect of increasing the cost of living through considerably higher impositions on breadstuffs and other necessities of life, and by introducing new or heavier rates on a number of raw materials and partly finished goods required for industrial purposes. On the other hand, German manufactures will have to face increased duties in some of the most important markets. The Consul-General, however, indicates that the day of the sneer "made in Germany" has practically come to an end.

"The high standard of excellence now attained by German industry in all its branches," he says, "the well-known efficiency of engineers and analytical chemists, the intelligent application of arts and crafts to manufactures (in the textile industry, furnishing trade, etc.), the acknowledged keenness of the German commercial traveller, the careful study and adaptation to the requirements of foreign markets, invariable readiness to meet all reasonable wishes of new and prospective customers—in one word, the technical and tactical efficiency of German manufacturers and merchants, coupled with the skill and discipline of the workmen, and a recognised high standard of technical and scientific training of the clerical staff; also the constant attention everywhere devoted to technical and commercial instruction, are a strong guarantee that no effort will be spared to maintain and extend Germany's position wherever possible in the world's markets."

"The success of German manufactures abroad cannot be explained by reason merely of low wages and unfair practices such as the imitation of trade marks, substitution of inferior quality for dearer articles, etc. Wages have increased considerably, and exports have grown all the time; nor is it only the inferior article that swells the export figures for the exportation of better class and expensive high class articles is increasing to a remarkable extent."

Calculated per head of the population, the Consul-General goes on, "the British exports rose from £3 15s. 4d. in 1895 to £7 12s. 9d. in 1905, and German exports from £3 2s. 4d. to £4 10s. 8d. Thus the actual increase is in favour of the United Kingdom (£1 17s. 5d. against £1 8s. 4d.). The relative increase again, though to a much smaller extent, in favour of Germany (British exports increased 32.5 per cent. per head of the population, German exports 45.45 per cent.)."

It is pointed out, however, that Germany's population increases more rapidly than that of England.

Husbands and Wives.
M. Paul Cambon Contrasts French and English Ladies.

"In honour of France," the Lyceum Club gave a banquet presided over by Mrs. Moberly Bell, at which the French Ambassador M. Paul Cambon, was the guest of the evening.

Replying to the toast of his health, M. Cambon said this was the first occasion on which he had had the honour of dining at a ladies' club, for French women had no inclination for clubs. London, on the other hand, possessed many important clubs for ladies, and some of the most brilliant women of fashion were to be found among the members. At a dinner party more than sixty years ago a Frenchman asked an English lady, "Madam, how do you English ladies while away your time?" "Sir," she answered, "we admire our husbands." He did not know whether things had changed since then. In France it was different. There the men admired their wives. (Laughter.) And perhaps that was why the French ladies did not feel the want of a club. It was no paradox to say that French women played in their homes a part quite different from that of English women. A French woman not only attended to her menage and the education of her children, but she took an active interest in all her husband's business. Reciprocating, the husband consulted his wife on everything—and in most cases took her advice. (Loud laughter.) Her home was a little kingdom, she found there all the satisfaction and responsibility inseparable from power, and she had no pleasure in meddling with things outside her home. French women did not in the least mind the laws which put them so much under the protection of their husbands, for they remained above all law! (Laughter.) They need try to find no other reason for the small success which had attended "feminism" in France. In England women concerned themselves less with their husbands' business, but had more freedom to occupy themselves outside the home circle. He did not know whether their husbands admired them or not—(laughter)—but he found their activity in charitable work quite admirable.

M. Cambon concluded his speech with a few eloquent remarks on the blessings of the "entente cordiale."

Protection of Children.
Forthcoming Conference in London.

An important conference on legislation in regard to children will be opened by the Lord Mayor at the Guildhall on May 22nd and continued the following day. It has been convened by the Committee of the International Congress for the Welfare and Protection of Children (held in London in 1902 under the patronage of King Edward and H.R.H. the Princess Louise, Duchess of Argyll) with a view to the discussion, in the light of their latest developments, of certain questions which were dealt with at the Congress. It will be attended by members of Country Councils, Boards of Guardians, and other public authorities, magistrates, school managers, teachers, and those engaged in private charitable effort.

The following subjects will be considered in all their aspects, alike as to principles and details: (1) The free feeding of school children; and (2) children's courts, probation officers, and remand homes. The Executive Committee of the Conference, of which Mr. W. G. Lewis, barrister-at-law, 8, Wells-street, Gray's-inn-road, W. C., is secretary, includes Lady Frederick Brudenell Bruce, Sir William Chance, Bart., Dr. J. Milson Rhodes (Chairman of the Central Committee of Poor Law Conference), Miss Adler (co-opted member of the Education Committee of the L. C. C.), Miss Baker (Metropolitan Asylums Board), Mrs. Burgwin, Dr. Shuttleworth, Mr. G. E. Lloyd-Baker, Sir William Bousfield, and other educational and medical experts, while the economic and legal interests involved will be entrusted to well-known authorities.

Race for Armaments.
The new French Warship Ernest Renan.

Paris, April 9.

This morning several officials from the Ministry of Marine and a large party of engineer experts and French correspondents have left Paris for Saint Nazaire, where this afternoon the Ernest Renan will be run off the stocks.

Renan, the ironic, would be generally amused to see his illustrious name engraved in old letters on the stern of the finest bulwarking tool (of the sea species) which the French yards have yet produced.

The Ernest Renan, first-class cruiser, is one of five vessels of the same order voted by Parliament six years ago. At the same date six battle-ships were included in the naval programme. It was supposed the eleven would be launched by the end of December, 1905. They were not. And the fighting took place the late Minister of Marine (M. Pelletan) and the whole "Combist" gang, for criminal neglect of the country's interests.

The Ernest Renan, a magnificent monster, is able to tear through the water at the rate of twenty-three knots an hour. The launching of this cruiser gives France a fresh advantage over Germany—as far as vessels of this class are concerned. The French Atlantic fleet has fifteen armed cruisers against Germany's ten. But the German people boast their superiority in first-class battleships. "This will never do," their French neighbours protest; "we must go one better." And so the everlasting game goes on, and the neediest among the taxpayers searches his pockets for an evasive sou.

Victoria Hall Society.
Transfer of the Property decided upon.

The Annual General Meeting of Members of the Victoria Hall Society was held in the British Consulate on Monday afternoon, with a moderate attendance. The chair was taken by the President, Mr. Walter Baring.

Approval was given to the Report and Accounts, which show the Hall to be in a prosperous condition, there being a profit on last year's working of \$1,377, exclusive of the interest accrued to the British Cemetery Society, and free from liabilities or indebtedness be on the building loans of the Cemetery Society and the Acacia Lodge.

The meeting was then asked to consider the advisability of applying to the British Cemetery Society to take over the property in cancellation of its building loan, at present amounting, with interests accrued, to \$33,294. (As this operation was fully explained in an article in our columns a few days ago, there is no necessity to enter into details now.) After a short discussion, unanimous approval was given to a resolution authorising the Committee to open negotiations with the British Cemetery Society to that effect. It was further resolved that the two retiring members of the Committee should retain their seats while this was being done, the Committee therefore remaining as before. The meeting then closed with the usual votes of thanks. The Committee consists of Messrs. W. Baring, J. J. Hors (absent), W. Kerr Connell, C. J. Nuttall, P. C. Towers, F. Hudson and T. F. Lane.

We may here appropriately add that an Extraordinary General Meeting of the British Cemetery Society, to consider the proposed transfer, is convoked for the afternoon of Monday next, but a second convocation will probably be necessary before a quorum is attained. No opposition is anticipated, and it is hoped to conclude the transfer before the departure of Mr. Baring.

SUNDRIES.

WEATHER.—The same variable symptoms prevail. According to a weather prophet (not he of the *Dia*) the break may be expected tomorrow or Friday.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH.—The Chaplain, the Rev. H. A. Allpass, has left for a fortnight's holiday, which he will spend at Dr. Walker's estancia "Las Asencias," on the Rio Negro. During his absence the services at Holy Trinity Church will be taken by the Rev. Dr. Fenn, incumbent of Christ Church, Barracas. During his stay in Montevideo, Dr. Fenn—who we understand to be a very able preacher—will be the guest of Mr. P. C. Towers.

TEA AND TENNIS.—We are requested to announce that Miss Hoskin will give tea at the Lawn Tennis Club at the Parque Central this afternoon.

URQUIZA THEATRE.—The performance tomorrow evening will be for the benefit of the popular tenor Sr. Tornesi, the star of the Company. "Gioconda" will be performed.

THAT ACCIDENT.—Further particulars have arrived from Salto of the dynamite accident to Sr. Garraivino, showing that its importance was much exaggerated, and leaving no further doubt that it was a genuine fishing accident. The *Dia* may now withdraw the conspiracy invented by its over fertile imagination.

BIG DIVIDEND.—A telegram states that the annual Report of the Monte Carlo Casino shows a profit for last year of 38 million francs, out of which a dividend has been declared at the rate of 70 op. per share. We wonder what those shares are quoted at.

KING EDWARD.—His Majesty returned to London on Monday from his trip on the Continent. He was received at the station by the Ministers and authorities, and had a most hearty popular reception on his way through the streets.

SUBSCRIBER'S COPY.
 NOTICE.—All copies of this paper issued for distribution to subscribers are stamped with the words "SUBSCRIBER'S COPY" in red ink, at the head of the front page. Copies thus stamped are not for sale, and if any copy thus stamped is offered for sale in the streets by newsmen or others, it has been stolen and should not be purchased.

LONDON NOTES.
 MONDAY, APRIL 9.

Lord Sandhurst, Sir J. West Ridgeway, and Sir Francis Hopwood, the Transvaal Commissioners, left for South Africa on Saturday.

Mr. Harold Pearson (L) has been returned for the Epsom Division of Suffolk by a majority of 197 over the Marquis of Graham (C).

General Booth's 77th birthday was celebrated by a monster demonstration at the Crystal Palace on Saturday.

Imports last month showed an increase of £4,287,000, and exports rose by £3,580,000.

Mr. M. Q. Holyoake suggests a tax of a penny in the shilling on all public amusement tickets to provide funds for old-age pensions.

Under one roof at the Zoo are to be housed the animals collected by the Prince of Wales during his Indian tour.

By a trap accident, owing to a horse taking fright, three men were killed near Sowerby Bridge on Saturday. A wall gave way, and the vehicle and its occupants fell for a distance of 90 feet.

Mr. R. Bovill, brother of the late Lord Chief Justice Bovill, was thrown from his horse while hunting, sustaining injuries which proved fatal.

Cambridge beat Oxford with great ease in the Boat Race on Saturday, Cambridge leading all the way and paddling past the winning post 3 1/2 lengths ahead of the Dark Blues, who were greatly distressed.

Owing to Makepeace, one of the half-backs, being injured, England played ten for the major part of their game with Scotland at Association football on Saturday, and lost by two goals to none.

TUESDAY, APRIL 10.

In the House of Commons, yesterday, Mr. Pirrell introduced the new Education Bill, which it is proposed to come into force on Jan. 1st, 1903. The main proposals are that no public money is to be spent on denominational instruction and that attendance will be compulsory only during the hours of secular teaching.

Against the return of Mr. Leif Jones, for North Westmoreland, the Earl of Kerry has withdrawn his petition.

Remarkable evidence as to the prevalence of open air gambling in London on Sundays was given at Marylebone Police Court.

Only £25,000 was bid for Holborn Town Hall, which was put up for auction yesterday, and it was not sold.

Emigration statistics of Ireland issued yesterday show that the outflow was smaller last year than since 1851.

Burglars have broken into the house of James Ashcroft, the Woolwich Arsenal.

Great Reduction in the Price of Gas

THE MONTEVIDEO GAS COMPANY, LIMITED, IN THE DESIRE OF PLACING THE USE OF GAS WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL THE INHABITANTS OF THE CITY, HAVE MADE

A Great Reduction of 20 o/o

ON THE PRICE OF GAS FORMERLY CHARGED

THIS REDUCTION WHICH TOOK EFFECT FROM THE 1ST OF APRIL 1905 REDUCED THE PRICE TO THE LOW FIGURE OF

10 cents per cubic metre

IN ORDER TO STILL FURTHER ENCOURAGE THE USE OF GAS, THE COMPANY WILL ALLOW SPECIAL DISCOUNTS ON GAS CONSUMED FOR COOKING, FOR MOTORS AND FOR INDUSTRIAL PURPOSES IN GENERAL FOR WHICH ITS ADVANTAGES ARE INDISPUTABLE AND ARE RECOGNISED ALL OVER THE WORLD.

LIGHTING BY GAS,

IS THE MOST EFFICIENT AND THE CHEAPEST. IT IS NOT NECESSARY NOW TO USE KEROSENE FOR THE SAKE OF ECONOMY.

The Montevideo Gas Company Limited, Calle 25 de Mayo Nos. 334, 338 & 342.

SOLE AGENTS

IN URUGUAY FOR THE CELEBRATED "CROSSLEY" GAS ENGINES AND INSTALLATIONS OF POOR GAS.

nal and International goalkeeper, and have stolen, among other things, his medals.

In granting restitution of conjugal rights to the coachman whose bride, his master's sister, was abducted by her relatives two days after her elopement, Sir Gorell Barnes commented very severely on the absence of the lady from Court.

It was stated at the Lambeth Police Court that after vaccination a certain child had ceased to develop, and that now at the age of 24 it was still a baby.

COMMERCIAL

STOCK EXCHANGE.

Montevideo, May 8, 1906.

Business to-day was fairly active. Prices rather weak. Sales as follows.—

Extraordinary Loan, 1st Series, \$11,000 at 95.80 tmw.—Ditto, 2nd Series, \$3000 at 95.80 tmw.

Interior Debt, \$10,000 at 85 tmw.

Mortgage Bonds E, \$22,900 at 97.80 cash, 98 and 97.90 end of month.

Italian Bank, 100 shares at 132 tmw.

Mortgage Bank, 2760 shares at 38.80 tmw, 38.90 and 39 end of month, 39.30 end of June.

Consolidated Debt, \$206,339 at 72 cash and tmw, 72.10 and of month, 72.40 and 72.50 end of June. No London quotation.

EXCHANGE.

Bank Commercial.

L'dongod/s 51 112-916 51 1116-1316

Paris god/s. 5 39 5-41-415

Antwerp god/s. 5-40 5-435 44

Germany god/s. 4-39 4-42

N. York 0-97-975 —

Italy 5-35-355 —

Spain 5-80 —

Brasil 15-800 16-050

B. Aires, par. 114 dis.

Business Notes.

—The Custom House paid into the

London Bank yesterday \$— on

account of the Consolidated Debt

and Railway guarantee service, \$3829

on account of the 5% Loan service,

and \$18711 on account of the 5 o/o

Conversion Loan.

—Exchange upon London was

quoted in Rio Janeiro yesterday at

15 7132 to 9132 per milreis

—Antwerp, 7. Wool, class B, 5.95

francs for June, 5.85 for Oct.

Buenos Aires, May 8.

Cedulas G, Nacionales, cash, 102.00.

Do. H, cash, 104.20.

Do. K, cash, 92.70.

Cedulas 8%, Provinciales, cash, 50.20.

Do. end of month, 50.70.

Do. end of June, 51.00.

Crédito Argentino, cash, 98.10.

Certificados Banco de la Provincia,

cash, 86.50.

Consolidada 6 o/o, cash, 94.20.

Tesoro Colon, cash, 99.50.

Stephen, cash, 29.40.

Do. end of month, 29.70.

Do. end of June, 30.00.

Catalinas, cash, 11.00.

Do. end of month, 11.10.

Do. end of June, 11.35.

Matto Grosso Lavaderos de oro, de

\$5000, cash, 12.20.

Do. end of month, 12.30.

Do. end of June, 12.60.

Muelles, cash, 27.70.

Do. end of month, 27.80.

Do. end of June, 28.20.

Puerto San Nicolás, cash, 47.00.

Do. end of month, 46.80.

Do. end of June, 48.20.

Smithfield, cash, 4.40.

Industrial Paraguaya, cash, 175.00.

Electricidad de la Provincia, cash,

110.00.

Gas de La Plata, cash, 96.00.

Nuevo Banco Italiano, cash, 165.00.

The "Venus" sails.

MARITIME

ARRIVALS AND SAILINGS.

Montevideo, May 8, 1906.

—Str. Colombia from B. Aires, 135

pass.

—Str. Rivadavia from Salto, 82 pass.

—Str. Harmodius from Glasgow.

—Str. Linnian from B. Aires, for

Antwerp.

—Str. Rudelsburg from Antwerp.

—Str. Silverdale from Rosario.

—Str. Sabia from Rosario.

—Str. Dagmar from Rosario, for Hull.

—Str. Zeno from San Nicolás.

—Str. Abaris from San Nicolás, for

Las Palmas.

—Str. Chingford from Villa Consti-

tucion, for Las Palmas.

—Str. Penarth from St. Vincent.

—Str. Harcolo from B. Aires.

—Str. Hugin from Valparaíso.

—Str. Corinth from Cardiff.

—Str. Rivadavia from Salto.

—Str. Colombia from B. Aires.

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Sole Agents in the Republic of Uruguay

MACLEAN AND STAPLEDON

CALLE PIEDRAS 123, MONTEVIDEO

MAIL STEAMERS

LEAVING TO-DAY.

—The river str. VENUS will leave

TO-DAY for Buenos Aires only. Cor-

respondence at G.P.O. till 4.45 p. m.

OTHER DATES

—The str. JUANITA will leave

May 10 for Rio Grande and Porto Alegre.

Correspondence at G. P. O. till 1 p. m.

—The Italian str. REGINA MAR-

GHERITA will leave May 10 for

Barcelona and Genoa. Correspondence

at G. P. O. till 11 p. m., on the 9th.

Note.—In addition to the hours men-

tioned above, letters for all these steam-

ers will be received, without extra charge,

in the Aduana Kiosk until the P. O.

agents leave to go on board the steamers.

Steamers to arrive

DAY	NAME	FLAG	FROM
9	E. Grange	English	Newport
9	Provence	French	Marseilles
9	Caillaud	English	New York
9	Algerie	French	Marseilles
10	Italia	Italian	Genoa
10	Sirio	Italian	Genoa
11	Oriosa	English	Valparaíso
11	Redhill	English	Antwerp
11	Parthia	German	Hamburg
11	Alexandria	German	Antwerp
11	A. Troude	French	Dunkirk
11	Thames	English	Southampton
11	Berkshire	English	Newport
11	Minas	Italian	Genoa
13	Cap Frio	German	Hamburg
14	Tibor	Austrian	Trieste
14	Eden Hall	English	Glasgow
14	Satellite	Brazilian	Rio Janeiro
14	Jupiter	Brazilian	Rio Janeiro
15	S. of Dover	English	London
15	Gram Pará	Brazilian	Pernambuco
15	M. de Larga	English	New York
15	Burgundy	English	Liverpool
15	Hilarius	English	New York
15	Hippomenes	English	Liverpool
15	Umbria	Italian	Genoa
18	Amezone	French	Bordeaux

AMUSEMENTS

URQUIZA THEATRE

GRAND ITALIAN OPERA COMPANY.

DIRECTED BY THE TENOR

SR. M. TORNERI.

Thursday, May 10.

GIACONDA

ÚLTIMA SEMANA

CASINO ORIENTAL

CALLE FLORIDA.

GRAND INTERNATIONAL COMPANY

OF VARIETY ARTISTS.

CONSTANT CHANGE OF PROGRAMME.

Performance nightly at 9 p. m.

and on Sundays and holidays at 3 p. m.

POPULAR PRICES.

ROYAL THEATRE

(SAN FELIPE)

GRAND INTERNATIONAL COMPANY OF

VARIETIES AND VAUDEVILLES.

Constant Change of Programme.

Moderate Prices.

Every evening at 8.45 p. m.

Sundays and holidays at 3 p. m.

SKATING PALACE

(CIRILS THEATRE.)

Open 9 to 11.30 a. m. (Ladies only.)

2.30 to 6 p. m. and 8.30 to 11 p. m.

FASHIONABLE NIGHTS, WEDNESDAYS

AND FRIDAYS.

Admission, 20 cents.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO LET, a furnished room, for single

person. Apply Calle Arapey 186 altos.

May 21.

TO-LET, furnished rooms with bal-

cony to street. Apply Calle Cerrito 295.

May 21.

TO LET, Furnished Rooms for single

gentlemen, with or without board. All

rooms have balcony to street; electric

light, bath-room. Calle Brecha 6, corner

of Camarasa. pm.

TO LET, APARTMENTS furnish-

ed, for single gentlemen, in house of an

English family, with board; or board

without lodgings. Highly recommended.

Apply Plaza Zabala No. 39a.

TYPE-WRITERS, PHONO-

GRAPHS, GRAMOPHONES, MU-

SICAL BOXES, etc., cleaned and

repaired. Parts replaced. Charges mo-

derate. Bautista Serafino, Practical me-

chanic, Calle Colon 69.

To Stamp Collectors.

A large variety of stamps of Uruguay,

British Colonies and all countries on sale

at moderate prices.—A. Paganini. Ex-

change Shop, Calle Zabala 91a.

Accountant

and Book-keeper.

The undersigned offers his services as

abo. e.

Books written up monthly and Ac-

counts adjusted on conventional terms.

Address, John Sardeson, English Club.

June 8.

British Cemetery Society.

FIRST NOTICE.

AN EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEET-

ING of the above Society will be held

on Monday, May 14, at 5 p. m., at the

British Legation.

BUSINESS.—To take into consideration

a proposal received from the Victoria

Hall Society to transfer the whole of

their property to the British Cemetery So-

ciety.

W. Baring, President.

E. Jones, Hon. Secretary.

Montevideo, May 8, 1906.

British Steamer

"SURREY"

9000 tons.

Will leave for London direct on

or about May 14.

For first-class passengers only. Fare,

£22.

Promenade Deck. Smoking Room on

Bridge Deck. Perfect Ventilation. Elec-

tric Light. EXTREME STEADINESS AT SEA.

Further particulars may be obtained

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Christophersen Haas.

PIEDRAS 142.

PAPEL PARA ENVOLVER.

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tración de este diario, Calle

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This Whisky is the best imported in South America, and the most largely accepted and generally consumed throughout the world.
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Special lines in Ladies' Dresses, Blouses and Dress Materials of the latest textures, colors and patterns. Unusually large assortment of summer suitings, flannels and drills for men and youths. Inspection invited.

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To suit every taste and at all prices.

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The best Bahia cigars in the world.
On Sale at all respectable Cigar Shops, Cafés, Beer Saloons, Grocers, etc.
Depot for Uruguay, W. STOLLE, Piedras 175, Montevideo.

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Fine selection of latest season's patterns in English and French Cashmeres, Tweeds, Cheviots, etc. Special line in summer suitings.

FIRST-CLASS CUT.

MODERATE PRICES.

PROMPT WORK.

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Offer to their clients a first-class selection of latest Season's Goods, in English and French Cashmeres, Cheviots, Tweeds, Serges and suitings. Satisfactory Fit and Cut guaranteed. Gentlemen's own materials made up. Moderate Prices. Orders attended to from all parts of the interior.

Galle Bacacay 3 altos, Corner of Sarandi

Análisis bacteriológicos

Conclusiones del doctor Felipe Solari, Director del Instituto de Higiene de la Facultad de Medicina:

El resultado del análisis bacteriológico de la muestra de agua recogida por este Instituto en la fuente de "Acqua Vera", sita en las Sierras del Verdu, (Minas), ha demostrado que dicha agua es una *agua muy pura* del punto de vista bacteriológico. Montevideo, Noviembre 15 de 1904.—Dr. Solari.

Laboratorio de Química, Bacteriología e Histología (Matróna 42)

Conclusiones del doctor Juan B. Morelli, Profesor de Materia Médica y Terapéutica de la Facultad de Medicina:

Del examen efectuado con muestras recogidas por este Laboratorio en las fuentes de "Acqua Vera", de las Sierras del Verdu (Minas), resulta esta agua debe clasificarse bacteriológicamente como una *agua purísima*. Montevideo, Mayo 8 de 1905.—Dr. Juan B. Morelli.

Agua pura para la mesa ligeramente bicarbonatada cálcica, de las fuentes surgentes de las Sierras del Verdu, (Minas).

ESCRITORIO Y DEPOSITO:

18 DE JULIO 265 (PALACIO JACKSON)

Teléfono: las 2 compañías

"ACQUA VERA"

EN VENTA APROBADO POR EL HONORABLE CONSEJO

República Oriental

PROPIEDAD

DE D. ENRIQUE ALEXANDER

GUILLERMO CLULOW: Administrador-Gerente.

Análisis químicos

Conclusiones del doctor J. Scoseria, Experto químico de los Tribunales y Catedrático de Química biológica de la Facultad de Medicina:

Por los datos que anteceden, la muestra de agua remitida por el señor Enrique Alexander, merece ser clasificada higiénicamente como una *agua muy pura*, de excelente calidad. Montevideo, Diciembre 29 de 1904.—Dr. José Scoseria.

Conclusiones de los profesores José G. Guglielmini y Víctor Coppetti, Catedráticos de Toxicología y de Materia Farmacéutica de la Facultad de Farmacia:

De los datos que arroja el análisis, se desprende que el "Acqua Vera", de las Sierras del Verdu (Minas), por su absoluta pureza y su débil mineralización, reúne excelentes condiciones higiénicas como agua para la alimentación y sobre todo como agua de mesa. Montevideo, Mayo 1.º de 1905.—Victor Coppetti, José G. Guglielmini.

SHORT STORY

THE SPIRIT

OF AMOS LEE.

(Continued.)

"I did, but it might ha' bin a straw for all the notice she took of it. She twisted it out of my hand afore I knew where I was, an' if I hadn't got under the table I believe she'd ha' laid my head open. I've bin fair in a tremble ever since. If I come near her she gives me a crack. Yesterday she pulled some o' my hair out. I shall drown myself at the finish, an' then, perhaps, she'll be sorry."

He gazed gloomily at the river as if he meditated seeking escape from his troubles in its depths straight away.

"I can't think what you were doin' ever to marry," Mr. Bent remarked, after a thoughtful puff or two.

"I didn't marry—her," Amos replied. "She married me."

"She?" Mr. Bent turned a pair of astonished eyes upon his companion. "Oh, come, that's nonsense," he said finally; "no woman can marry a man against his will."

"Ah, you see, you've never bin married, Jim," Amos responded sagely. "I'd no more intention o' marryin' Betsy at one time than I had o' flyin', but she's a woman that when once she sets her mind on a thing will have it. She set her mind on me, an' she got me."

"Ay, everybody knows that," Mr. Bent said drily. "I'd like to see any woman gettin' me."

"Betsy'd ha' done it if she'd wanted you."

"Would she? Would she?" The bachelor breathed heavily and contracted his brows in a fierce manner, finally breaking into a short laugh as if the idea was absurd.

"It's a point as isn't worth argin' on," he said. "The question is, are you a goin' to stan' bein' knocked down like a nine-pin?"

"How can I help it?"

"How? Look here," sinking his voice to a confidential whisper, an expression of peculiar cunning entering his little eyes. "I've hit upon a plan as I think will bring her to her senses, an' teach her to value you properly."

"What is it?" Amos asked eagerly.

"I'll tell you. You said you'd a mind to drown yourself. Well, you must do so—I don't mean really, only pretend. It can easy be done. I'll bring you an' old suit o' clothes, an' you must leave your own by the river. I shall find 'em, an' I shall give out as you've bin took w' cramp while bathin' an' got drowned. A course, you'll get away somewhere for a time an' hide, an' I shall come an' see you an' let you know how things are goin', an' then you'll find out what she thinks of you when you're dead. How does it strike you?"

"It's a very good plan, Jim, an' I've half a mind to try it."

"I think you couldn't do better. You can come back, you know, after a bit, an' I've no doubt but what you'll find her altered for the better."

"I'll do it," Amos cried with sudden decision, and his friend clapped him on the back and complimented him on his determination.

III.

A few days later Little Orton was shaken out of its usual quiet by a tragedy of a terrible nature. While bathing in the river Amos Lee had lost his life. The sad calamity had been witnessed by one man—the deceased's friend, Jim Bent. He reported that Amos while in the middle of the stream had suddenly thrown up his arms, uttered a wild cry, and at once gone down like a stone. Jim declared that he had been too stunned by the awfulness of the affair to render any assistance, had he been able, which, as he was no swimmer, was beyond his power.

The following day the river was dragged, but without result. For a week, in fact, the dragging was continued, but the body was never recovered, and the watermen gave it as their opinion that it must have been washed down the stream, the current being very strong, or else become embedded in the deep ooze at the bottom.

A select party of matrons bore the sad news to the afflicted widow, who received it by uttering a piercing scream and going into a state of hysterics, which lasted over an hour, and from which she

was only restored by several glasses of whisky and water.

A few days after the tragedy a message was brought to Amos's accomplice that the bereaved wife would be glad if he would come and take tea with her.

The bachelor received this invitation somewhat dubiously. The fact was, now that the plot had been carried out, he was rather alarmed at the consequences, which had proved more serious than he had estimated. He had been oppressed with a distinct feeling of guilt, and more than once he had experienced a strong longing to make a confession of the matter.

(To be continued.)

ALFRED B. HILL, L. D. S.

(LATE PRINCE & HILL)

American Dentist



Laughing gas for the painless extraction of teeth.

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53, CALLE SOLIS, 53 - (altos)

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By Appointment, Purveyors of Wines and Spirits to His Majesty the King

SPEY ROYAL—The choicest and oldest Scotch Whisky procurable, matured in His Majesty's Bonded Warehouses.

GIN, OLD TOM—Gilbey's is the best.

GIN, CASTLE O E—Unswepted Gin.

JAMAICA RUM—Castle Grand—Finest and oldest Jamaica Rum.

PEPPERMINT—White and Green.

ORANGE BITTERS—ANGOSTURA BITTERS
WINES—Castle J. Port, dry, a very old choice wine—Sherris, Gonzalez's Royal Amontillado and Villa Amarsosa.—Madeiras, Cosart's Table.—Claret, Chateau Loudenne, Vintage 1896.

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ALBERTO F. MÜLLER

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Clark and Sons' famous Wellington Boots for men, in black or colors. SELLING OFF at exceptional prices at Zarate Ibarra and Co., Rincón 111.

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"GRAND PRIX," PARIS, 1900.
Of Highest Quality; and having Greatest Durability, are therefore CHEAPEST.

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SPORTING and MILITARY CARTRIDGES of all kinds.

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Tarts and cakes made to order. Refreshments supplied for banquets, lunches, tea parties, etc.

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MODERATE PRICES.

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WELLFARK BREWERY, GLASGOW.

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PARA EL

RIO DE LA PLATA

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TO LET, for Banquets, Balls, Concerts, Amateur Performances, etc., etc.

For terms apply to the Hon. Secretary, Mr. T. F. Lane, Calle 25 de Mayo, 338.

Victoria Hall

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EXPORTATION DUTIES

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE

Wool in general per 100 kilos. \$ 1.620

Sheepskins, per 100 kilos. 1.050

Hair, per 100 kilos. 2.100

Grease, tallow and animal oils, per 100 kilos. 0.01

Hoots, per 1000 kilos. 2.000

Bones, per 1000 kilos. 0.01

Salted ox hides, each. 3.0

Dried ditto, each. 0.01

Salted horse hides, each. 0.01

Dried ditto, each. 0.01

Dried calf and nonat skins, per 100 kilos. 1.250

Horns, per 1000. 3.000

Jerkerd head, per 100 kilos. 0.01

In addition to the above, there is the 1 % additional duty.

Ferro Carril Central del Uruguay

TREN DE EXCURSION

A

FLORIDA

DOMINGO 13 DE MAYO DE 1906

ESTACIONES	Horas de salida	Precios de Ida y Vuelta	
		1a. Clase	2a. Clase
CENTRAL.....	6.30		
PIEDRAS.....	7.05	\$ 1.50	\$ 1.00
CANELONES.....	7.37		
SANTA LUCIA.....	8.10		
ISLA MALA.....	9.00	\$ 0.70	\$ 0.50
FLORIDA.....	9.30		

El tren de regreso saldrá de San José a las 9 p.m. del mismo día. El número de boletos a venderse será limitado y se pondrán en venta el día anterior solamente.

Bicicletas Gratis
La Compañía no se responsabilizará por extravío de bultos si no son presentados con rótulo particular y entregados para pasar y despachar con la debida anticipación.

Montevideo, Mayo 7 de 1906.

La Administración.

TREN DE EXCURSION

A

RIVERA

DIA JUEVES 24 DE MAYO DE 1906

PRECIOS REDUCIDOS EN LOS PASAJES

ESTACIONES	Horas de salida	Pasajes de ida y vuelta	
		Primera clase solamente	
CENTRAL.....	A. M.		
	6.00		
RIO NEGRO.....	M. D.		\$ 10.00
	12.00		
TACUAREMBO...	P. M.		
	3.30		
RIVERA.....	6.00		

El tren parará en cualquier estación al Norte de Río Negro para bajar pasajeros, pero solamente serán válidos los boletos a la tarifa de \$10.

El tren de regreso saldrá de Rivera el Domingo día 29 a las 8.30 a. m.

El número de boletos a venderse será limitado a 100 y se pondrán en venta en Central el día antes.

En ambos trenes habrá servicio de Restaurant.

Montevideo, Abril 20 de 19