

Escoffier Pickles
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Escoffier Sauce Robert

The Montevideo Times

ESTABLISHED 1888.

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VOL. XXXI.

MONTEVIDEO, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1904.

No. 4602.

DR. H. GARCIA LAGOS. Medical Doctor. Surgeon to the British Hospital. Consulting rooms, Calle Florida 177, from 1 to 3 p. m.

ALFRÉD B. HILL, L. D. S., AMERICAN DENTIST, Calle Cámaras No. 163, Montevideo. — Consultations 8 a. m. to 5 p. m.

DR. MACARTNEY, THE AMERICAN DENTIST, No. 162A CALLE RINGON, CORNER OF CAMARAS.

GUILLELMO E. HILL. — The American Specialist in Crown and Bridge Work, Dental Parlours, Ituzingó 181, Plaza Matriz.

JOHAN S. BURNETT — American Dentist. Has now reopened his office at Calle Sarandí 303 (Plaza Matriz.)

DR. T. E. GALLAUGHER NEW CANADIAN DENTIST Calle Rincon 206. Telephone Uruguay 1627.

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LUIS MORQUIO,
Profesor de la clínica de niños, médico del asilo de expósitos y huérfanos.—Uruguay 183.—Montevideo.

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The Montevideo Times

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EDITOR AND SOLE PROPRIETOR
W. H. DENSTONE.

NOTICES.

Advertisers are respectfully informed that all permanent or monthly advertisements will be charged for until due notice is given of their withdrawal. This does not apply to prepaid advertisements inserted for a specified period. The collector is not qualified to receive verbal instructions respecting the withdrawal of permanent advertisements.

On account of our early hour of going to press it is especially requested that any notices or advertisements intended for publication on the following day be delivered at our offices not later than 4.30 p. m.

The Montevideo Times

MONTEVIDEO, DECEMBER 1, 1904.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

MONTEVIDEO.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 1, 1904.

Saints Natalia, Diodorus and Marius.—Queen Alexandra born, 1814—386 days past, 30 to the end of the year.

Reference Calendar.
DECEMBER, 1904.

Sun.	4	11	18	25
Mon.	5	12	19	26
Tues.	6	13	20	27
Wed.	7	14	21	28
Thurs.	8	15	22	29
Fri.	9	16	23	30
Sat.	10	17	24	31

POLITICAL NOTES.

The Representatives sat on Tuesday and made some further progress with the Bill of Diplomatic and Consular reform, nothing of special interest transpiring.

An astounding statement appeared yesterday, and is repeated without contradiction in the official organ *la Dia*, to the effect that the Government is seriously contemplating a poll-tax upon horses. That is to say that each estancia or camp establishment will be allowed the number of horses considered necessary for carrying on its work, and a heavy if not prohibitive poll-tax will be imposed on all horses in excess of this number! What treatment will be assigned to horse breeding establishments is not yet stated. The explanation given to this scheme is that, as horses are the backbone of every revolution, by limiting the number of horses in the country the possibility of revolution is diminished or destroyed! Judging from the manner in which this extraordinary scheme is mentioned by our contemporaries, it is proposed in all sober seriousness. The fact that it would likewise limit the supply of horses for the Government troops, and that conditions would therefore remain equal, seems to have been overlooked. Perhaps next we may expect to hear of a scheme to limit the number of cows, sheep and men—all of which serve directly or indirectly to assist revolution—or, better still, entirely depopulate the interior of both man and beast and thus leave the field absolutely clear to the Government. If any fresh suggestions are required, no doubt several inmates of the Lunatic Asylum will be ready to provide them.

We quote the following splendid sentences from a wonderful article signed "Alter-Uram" in yesterday's *Dia*:—"There is no room for doubt that the situationist 'colorados' will triumph in the approaching elections, but not for the reasons imagined by Dr. Herrera and the *Democracia*, not by fraud or by violence, but simply because they have in their favor the majority of votes and of public opinion. The triumph which the Government has achieved in the war, this institutional triumph without precedent in the country and which has raised its credit to heights that it seemed impossible to conquer, must and will be consolidated in free elections, because the popular elements are resolved to confirm their confidence in those who have known how to impose order in the country and in the governing party. . . . Then came the revolution of 1904, and whilst Dr. Herrera only predicted that St. Battle would transact at any price and would sell the patrimony of his

party and of institutions to purchase his tranquility, the conduct of the President was absolutely serene, firm and inflexible, until he obtained what we have called and what deserves to be called the most splendid institutional triumph achieved by any governor in this country or even in South America!! Comment is superfluous. Fortunately the time has passed—though it may return—when the official organs were the only papers allowed free expression of opinion on the political situation. The *Diario Nuevo* tried to create whilst the rest of the press was gagged has been shattered and cannot be revived.

Yesterday's *Tiempo* dealt trenchantly with the Maldistribution Bill, now before the Senate. It is in the hands of this high body, it says, to bury the subversive measure, rejecting it entirely. It must either do this, or accept it, for it knows well enough that any attempt to introduce amendments which alter the electoral calculations of the Government, will be defeated by the lower Chamber. After recapitulating the now transparent vices of the Bill, the *Tiempo* concludes with the following strong remarks:—"It is certainly not such means as this that will restore the country to an institutional regime under the auspices of a reparative policy which will reconcile the parties on the ground of legality. Such procedures will only serve to intensify their discord and postpone the cure of the evils which it has been sought to extirpate with blood and iron. This is to dominate by reason of the greatest strength and abuse of power, but it is not government by public opinion and the spontaneous support of the citizens." These remarks may be advantageously contrasted with those we previously quoted from the *Dia*.

In reference to the attempt against the President, the Customs officer Sr. Moratorio was called before the Judge of Instruction on Tuesday. He denied having had any relations with Trapani and did not recognise him when confronted, but on the other hand Trapani recognised him promptly. Other depositions have to be taken.

Attention has been attracted by the fact that in presenting the Mibovich scheme to the Chambers, the Executive recommended its sanction as being of the "greatest urgency." This is peculiar, to say the least, for the scheme is one of private rather than public interest and will almost solely benefit the Company concerned, while it may very possibly injure others. It is difficult to see where the "greatest urgency" comes in, remembering that other measures of unquestionable public and general interest and certainly quite as urgent—we may mention judicial reform for one—are delayed for months and years.

There seems to be a want both of perception and of proportion in the use of such phrases. We greatly fear, however, that the more general and public the interest attached to a measure, the less the attention it receives from the Government and the Chambers. Such certainly seems to have been the case for some time past, and we could cite many examples.

WESTERN TELEGRAPH COMPANY (LIMITED).

The 62nd ordinary general meeting was held on November 2nd, at River Plate-house, Sir J. Wolfe Barry presiding. The chairman stated that the message receipts for the half-year ended June 30 last had been £216, 214, compared with £218,019 for the corresponding period last year, showing an increase of £3,195. Revenue from interest on cash on deposit, route, and transfer fees showed a small increase of just under £50. Interest on investments, a list of which was given in the directors' report, amounted to £7,322 (after deducting £1,652 which had been credited to the 5 per cent. debenture sinking fund), against £5,935 in the corresponding period of last year. The dividends on their investments in other telegraph companies showed an increase of £2,324. The company's investments on account of reserve funds yielded an average rate of £3 7s. 5d. per cent. on their cost, and the dividends on their investments in other telegraph companies gave a return of £3 17s. 4d. per cent. They also derived considerable traffic revenue from these companies, which acted as feeders to this company's cable system. It was, therefore, an advantage to them in both ways to hold these latter investments. Their general expenses in London showed an increase of about £4, while those at the stations had increased by a net sum of £5,445, being a balance between 12 items with a total increase of £6,092 and five items with decreases of £647. At least between £3,000 and £4,000 of the net increase of £5,445 might be treated as somewhat exceptional—be referred to the repairs to the buildings and the furnishing of the new staff quarters at Rio de Janeiro. The sundry expenses included in the total of £7,322 showed an increase under seven heads of £4,945, almost all of which was caused by the extension of duplex and relay working, and the attendant extra expenses in the electrical department. No expense was incurred

during the half-year under review for the installation of electric light, and there was no corresponding amount in connexion with the international conference which was held last year. Under these two headings there was therefore a decrease of £1,501, making a net increase in the sundry expenses of £3,444. On the other side of the account, repairs of cables and expenses of ships, which now included insurance of spare cable, were less by £4,137, principally owing to the small amount which the company had had to expend this year on the charter of steamers for repairs of cables. Since the last report was submitted their investments had been increased by rather over £70,000. After providing £13,868 for debenture stock and debenture interest and sinking fund, and £5,893 for income tax, a balance of £122,672 remained, and this was increased by the sum brought forward to £127,611. A quarterly interim dividend, amounting to £31,189, had been paid, and £24,000 had been transferred to the general reserve fund and £18,000 to the maintenance ships' reserve fund. The directors now recommended the declaration of a final dividend of 3s. per share, making, with the interim dividends, a total distribution of 6 per cent. for the year, and also the payment of a bonus of 2s. per share, both free of income-tax, leaving £4,439 to be carried forward. The half-year under review had been uneventful, but since its close on June 30 the general aspect of trade which was reflected in the company's receipts had been on the whole promising; they were better this half-year than they were in the corresponding period of last year. In answer to questions the chairman said that, as regarded the general subject of wireless telegraphy, he had nothing to add to what he had said in the past two or three years. They had, however, noticed that various companies were now starting with the view of making installations for local services at particular places. They had been approached by different people—not their company so much as two companies with which they were connected—for the purpose of making some arrangement by which telegrams might be sent to the company's stations and forwarded thence by their cables. A good deal of this kind of work was done in the early stages of the war in China, when a large amount of information was received by *The Times* through the De Forest system, in connexion with which an installation was made at Canton. Telegrams coming from *The Times* ship were sent to this station, and thence forwarded by the cables. All this tended to confirm the view which the directors had held for a good many years—that wireless telegraphy would be a kind of handmaid to the great cable systems of the world. He did not think that they need regard wireless telegraphy as competitors, but, on the contrary, as friends in many cases, bringing the cables traffic and doing work which could only be done by this system of telegraphy over seas and in inaccessible places where a cable or making a land line. The prosperity of Argentina was no doubt having a beneficial effect on their traffic, but he did not think that the Western Company was much affected by the war. Telegraph companies generally would much rather welcome a time of profound peace, when trade and commerce could flourish, than the agitating times which had lately been experienced. He concluded by moving the adoption of the report and the payment of the dividend and bonus mentioned, making a total distribution of 7 per cent. for the year ended June 30 last, both free of income-tax. Sir J. Denison Pender (the deputy-chairman) seconded the motion, which was carried unanimously.

The War in the Far East.

We quote the following telegram from our Buenos Aires contemporaries:—
London, 28th.—The *Times* this morning, discussing the convention signed by Great Britain and Russia for the investigation of the North Sea tragedy, the text of which has just been published, expressed complete satisfaction with it, and is confident that the painful affair will soon be settled.

St. Petersburg, 27th.—A telegraphic report has been received from General Kropotkin, saying that General Stossel has informed him that he repelled the attack made by the Japanese on Port Arthur on the 21st inst.

Tokio, 27th.—According to information obtained at the Ministry of War this morning the general attack on Port Arthur continues. Generals Nakamura and Saito at the head of Japanese corps armed with swords and specially prepared for this work, charged on the chief fortress defending the place. It is known that sanguinary hand to hand fights took place, but the final result of the assault is not yet known.

Tokio, 27th.—It is officially announced that the general attack begun at Port Arthur yesterday has not yet been successful, as the Russian garrison offered a very stout resistance. The fight continues with fury all along the line.

St. Petersburg, 27th.—Telegrams from Mukden say that a column of Japanese forces yesterday made an attack on Fenchentchen, but was beaten off with great loss. It is also announced that the attempt made by the troops of Marshal Oyama to outflank the left wing of General Kropotkin's army has failed.

London, 27th.—Telegrams from Suez say that the rest of the Russian Baltic fleet left that port this morning for the Far East.

London 28th.—From Rome have been transmitted the despatches that had been forwarded by the various Roman newspaper correspondents in Tokio. The most circumstantial account is that from the correspondent of the *Giornale*, which announces that in the attack upon Port Arthur delivered on the 26th inst. after a terrific bombardment and a desperate hand-to-hand struggle, the Japanese succeeded in destroying the forts of Ehringshan, East Ehring, Mate and Cabayama. These forts are of considerable though not of the first importance. The following attack, upon the great forts of Saogshan and Ki Kwao, was made with reckless bravery. It was, however, repulsed by the heavy-fire and hand grenades of the garrison which decimated the Japanese ranks. The attempt had to be abandoned. The Japanese lost 7,000 men killed and wounded in the engagements of 26th. After resting his troops General Nodzu will renew the attack, as his instructions are to take Port Arthur, cost what it may.

St. Petersburg, 28th.—The Russian Press ridicules the rumours that are being circulated, to the effect that Germany will be a friendly mediator between the belligerents in order to bring the war to a close. The *Novoye Vremya* declares itself authorized to state that the Russian Government, faithful to its former declarations, will not accept any offer of mediation and will not sign peace until the Russian army has gained a signal victory. The *Russ*, which is distinguished by its violence against Japan, says that now less than ever will Russia accept mediation, since the situation has sensibly changed. Russia will know how to take advantage of the new turn the war has taken. The other organs make use of similar expressions and consider that the time to make peace has not yet arrived.

Berlin, 28th.—It is stated that Krapp's works will send to Russia by sea, during the first fortnight of next month, fifty pieces of field artillery and ten guns of heavy calibre. These will be followed by a still more important consignment which Krapp's factories will be engaged in completing during December.

The Law of Nations.

The popular notion that the Law of Nations has any existence except on paper, and that its declarations have any binding authority other than that possessed by any Power to protect against violations of this so-called law, and to enforce the protest in the last resort by war, are not only delusions, but dangerous delusions. . . . It is utterly false to assume, as we are apt to do, that other nations take the same view as ourselves as to the authority of International Law, and place the same construction as we do upon the acts prohibited or sanctioned by the so-called code of Law of Nations. . . . There has thus undoubtedly been formed the nucleus of an International code, which may conceivably some day or other become as authoritative as the Common Law is in England or the Code Napoleon in France. Such a consummation is one most devoutly to be wished; but, personally, I can see no prospect of its coming to pass during any period which may concern our own generation or its successors. The whole theory that war might be avoided by arbitration seems to me based upon a fundamental misconception of human nature. The principle of nationality is only a development of the family principle. So long as nations remain distinct bodies, with conflicting creeds, institutions, interests, and ambitions, questions must arise be-

tween them which cannot be settled by compromise. Till the arrival of the millennium, one of two conflicting parties must be prepared to give way to the other. If not, the only way in which issues in dispute can ever be settled is by an appeal to brute force, or, in other words, to war.—Edward Dicey, C.B., in the *Empire Review*.

SUNDRIES.

—WEATHER.—Yesterday was dull and unsettled, with a reduced temperature, and some slight showers in the afternoon.

—DEPARTURE.—Mr. John Henderson, of Messrs. Amy and Henderson, will leave by the R.M.S. "Clydes" on Saturday, remaining away some six months.

—CONCERT.—The first Concert of the Montevideo Musical Conservatory recently established by Professors Scarabelli and Fabini in the Victoria Hall, will be given in that locality tomorrow evening. The programme will consist of classical selections for piano and violin by Prof. Scarabelli and Fabini and Mmes. Scarabelli, with accompaniment by an orchestra conducted by Prof. Mazzocchi.

—BATHING SEASON.—The bathing season now commences, though the ancient formality of blessing the waters, which a few still seem to consider an indispensable ceremony before taking their dip, does not take place until the 8th. At Positos, the fashionable resort, the season will open on Sunday with a promenade concert in the afternoon and evening. At the more popular and less select Playa Ramirez Sunday afternoon concerts have already begun, and the adjacent Urban Park promises to be a great source of attraction.

—A CASINO.—A hit has been made by the new French singer Mlle. Gregory. On the Biograph views direct from the seat of war are now being shown, representing evolutions of Russian troops.

—DEATH OF A PEER.—A London telegram announces the death of the Earl of Hardwicke, Under-Secretary to the India Office in Mr. Balfour's Ministry. He was only in his 37th year, having succeeded to the title in 1897.

—DEATH.—Cable news has been received of the death, in Genoa, of Sr. Santiago Starico, one of the founders of the large wholesale firm Starico and Co. of this city. The deceased, who was in his 65th year, leaves a considerable fortune.

—WET NURSES.—From to-day will come into action the Municipal scheme for supplying certified wet nurses to those who desire such. For this purpose an office has been established at Calle 18 de Julio 285, where women requiring a situation as wet-nurses may offer themselves for examination, and, if found satisfactory, will receive a medical certificate valid for six months. This, as we understand, will be issued gratis. Persons in search of a certified wet nurse will be supplied by the office on payment of a fee of \$2. The plan seems to be a good one, the more especially as it is not proposed to exercise any compulsion on either side.

—DEATHS.—From the *B. A. Standard*:—A telegram from Chabat brought the sad news of the death of Mr. Lewis Jones, the founder of the Chabat Welsh Colony, which occurred in the town of Trelew on Saturday last. Mr. Jones was a native of Cararvon, Wales, and was a printer by trade and came out to this country 40 years ago. For some time he worked in this office, but shortly afterwards left for the Chabat valley. He was at one time Editor of the Welsh Paech, which, however, was short lived. Mr. Jones was possessed of a rich vein of humor, and was a wit of no mean order, as well as a poet. He was a good public speaker, and a writer in three languages Welsh, English and Spanish. He dedicated his whole life, we might say, to the progress of the Chabat Colony, and the flourishing condition of the colony to-day is no doubt due to his activity and enterprise. He amassed a large fortune down there, and built himself a beautiful house on the shores of the beautiful river, between Trelew and Rawson, which, however, was destroyed by the floods a few years ago. He leaves a widow and two daughters, one of whom is married to Mr. Lloyd Apwan of Chabat. The youngest daughter, who is unmarried, is well known in Wales, both as a lecturer and a writer. . . . We deeply regret to announce the death of Mrs. Alfred Ball, wife of the well known Marine Engineer, Mr. Alfred Ball, which occurred on Saturday at the early age of 35, at the Rawson hospital.

—AN INTERNATIONAL POSTAGE STAMP.—From a recent London paper:—On the subject of an international postage stamp the Postmaster General, through his secretary, writes as follows to a correspondent who had asked whether it was likely the British postal authorities would lend their assistance to the discussion of the matter at a future Postal Congress:—"With reference to your letter of the 19th inst., I am directed by the Postmaster General to acquaint you that various projects for an international postage stamp have been brought forward from time

to time. The following are the entries and weights for the meeting to be held at Maranas on Sunday next:—
Premio "Digon"—1200 metres—Gloria 57 kilos, Sanchi 54, Gladys 52, Ventolusa 47, Judas 54, Trifón 59, Gacitilla 52, Piedra Alta 52, Heraldo 59, Balcarce 54.

Premio "Karlthoum"—1300 metres—Ariza 52 kilos, Krupp 55, Triton 43, Chazal 50, Santa Memoria 50, Montiel 43, Recompensa 49, Pruchana 59.

Premio "Comparacion"—2000 metres—Brama 58 kilos, Proclama 58, Chantilly 60, Provador 53, Bolaugó, 60.

Premio "Ronato"—1400 metres—Montiel 53 kilos, Vidalita 50, Trifón 50, Gaitia 48, Cronje 50, Mont Peló 53.

THE GAS COMPANY

invites inspection of its New Season's Goods, especially the latest patterns of Apparatus, Gas Stoves, Bath Heaters, &c. &c.

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to time, but that none of these schemes has so far proved acceptable, chiefly on account of the financial objections consequent on various rates of exchange. Various proposals made with the object of enabling persons sending letters abroad to prepay a reply will be discussed at the Postal Union Congress, to be held at Rome next year. But in the meantime, the Postmaster-General is unable to express any opinion respecting them, or to forecast the result.

SUBSCRIBER'S COPY.

NOTICE.—All copies of this paper issued for distribution to subscribers are stamped with the words "SUBSCRIBER'S COPY" in red ink, at the head of the front page. Copies thus stamped are not for sale, and if any copy thus stamped is offered for sale in the streets by newsboys or others, it has been stolen and should not be purchased.

LONDON NOTES.

TUESDAY, NOV. 1.

Mr. John Burns, M.P., in delivering the Lees and Raper Memorial Lecture at Manchester yesterday, spoke in vigorous terms of the drink evil as it affected labour, especially from such points of view as those of employment, accidents, crime, death-rate, and social comfort. He also referred to various remedies, but they came in most instances to this—Have nothing to do with drink.

Mr. Balfour, in a letter to the Mayor of Wellington, on the "Cry of the Workless," cites a message he has sent to Mr. Keir Hardie, saying that every effort will be made to assist authorities in working out on practical lines the scheme developed at the recent conference.

Lord Rosebery visited Kingston-on-Thames yesterday to open a municipal museum and art gallery. In the course of a speech he made humorous reference to the advance of civilization, inquiring what their Saxon fathers would think of motor-cars and bicycles. Perhaps the only thing they would find congenial to their souls would be the museum he had opened, where there might be articles they would recognize.

Interviewed yesterday, Sir Thomas Barclay suggested that the victory for peace just gained should be celebrated by an Anglo-French Exhibition in 1906.

An article appears from an Irish correspondent, who says that Mr. Wyndham is contemplating a great change in the Irish elementary education system, in the direction of abolishing the irresponsible National Board and establishing a Department to carry out a scheme in which the Country Councils, as in England, will have a voice. Romanists are in advance sounding a note of opposition.

Replying to a trade deputation yesterday the Postmaster General said he did not intend to put the cash-on-delivery system into effect in this country, but would do so in the Colonies. He believed in the system, and was sure that sooner or later, it would come.

Goods belonging to Dr. Clifford and other Passive Resisters at Paddington were sold by auction. In the doctor's case the amount realized was in sufficient to meet the rate. Mr. E. P. Lake was liberated from Exeter Prison.

In the endeavour to secure a quiet London a petition is to be issued to-day urging the Home Secretary to give further consideration to the question of suppressing unnecessary and objectionable street noises. It is hoped to obtain a hundred thousand signatures.

Mr. Dan Lewis, died at his residence in Clapham Park yesterday at the age of 43.

Mr. Alfred Sutro's play, "The Walls of Jericho," was well received at the Garrick Theatre last night.

In the King's Bench Division an action was commenced to recover

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Telegraphic Address, "Christoph."

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SOLE AGENTS IN THE REPUBLIC OF URUGUAY

MACLEAN AND STAPLEDON

CALLE PIEDRAS 123, MONTEVIDEO.

damages from the Aylesbury Dairy Company, Limited, for breach of warranty in the sale of milk. The plaintiff's case is that his wife died of typhoid fever set up by milk supplied by the defendant company.

Pollard and Mand Goodman were in the witness box at the Central Criminal Court yesterday, this being the fifth day of the trial of Slater, Osborn, and the detectives of Slater's agency.

Mr. Plowden gave a considered judgment Marglebone on the subject of coster obstruction in Paddington. He said the stalls must be removed from the Harrow-road, but held that no obstruction was caused in Waverley-road and Ashmore-road.

Several football matches were played yesterday, but unfavourable weather robbed them of much interest all round.

COMMERCIAL

STOCK EXCHANGE.

Montevideo, Nov. 30, 1904.

Business to-day was practically confined to Consolidateds, which were active at firm and advancing figures.

Sales as follows:—

Treasury Certificates Debt, \$5000 at 86.30 cash.

Amortizable Debt, \$5000 at 37.40 for Friday.

Consolidated Debt, \$404,200 at 61.40 and 61.50 cash, 61.50 m.w., 61.80 (one sale 61.70) end of Dec. 62 end of Jan. London quotation, 62 3/8.

EXCHANGE.

	Bank.	Commercial.
London 90d/s.	51 13/16-7/8	52
Paris 90d/s.	5.41-415	5.44
Antwerp 90d/s.	5.42	5.45-455
Germany 90d/s.	4.40-405	4.43
N. York	0.98	—
Italy	5.38	—
Spain	7.29-30	—
Brasil	19.450	19.600
B Aires, par-1/2 dis.	1/2 dis.	—

Business Notes.

The Custom House paid into the London Bank yesterday \$11833 on account of the Consolidated Debt and Railway guarantee service and 1446 on account of the 5% Loan service.

—Exchange upon London was quoted in Rio Janeiro yesterday at 12 1/2d per mil reis.

—Antwerp, 30. Wool, class B, 5.175 francs for Dec., 6.20 for March.

—Payment will be commenced by the Office of Public Credit to day of the following interests:—Treasury Certificates Debt, 37th bimester; Extraordinary Loan, 1st Series, 30th quarter; Ditto, 2nd Series, 24th quarter.

—It is announced that the Tin-Plate Engraving business of Grether and Co. will in future be carried on by a Joint-Stock Company under the title of "La Universal Hojalateria y Litografia y Vapor S. A." By mutual arrangement Mr. Otto Grether retires from the business to devote himself to other matters.

Saladero Killings.

	Nov. 30.	Total to date.
R. Vellozo	208	2785
P. Denis & Co.	—	—
Anaya & Irigoyen	8	—
Punta de Yeguas	—	—
F. Freguero	—	—
P. San Martin & hijos	—	—
Rosario Tabaroz	673	6181
Duclos y Monliu	110	1736
E. Legrand	—	—
Couzet y Ca.	321	1781
R. Deambrosio y Co.	—	1203
Pifeyrua Hnos.	—	1029
M. Etchebarne y Co.	—	—

PASO DE LOS TOROS

Jaume Hnos. y Co.

Total. 1312 15399

Same period 1903. 8661

1902. 10903

Prices, Buoyes \$ 22.—

Novillos \$ 19.— to 24.25

Vacas

Buenos Aires, Nov. 30, 1904.

Cedulas Nacionales, cash, 103.80

Do. H, 107.

Do. end of Dec., 104.

Do. end of Jan., 104.50.

Cedulas 8 % Prov., cash, 25.10.

Do. end of Dec., 25.30.

Do. G, 22.20

Teatro Colon, cash, 93.80.

Emprestito Popular Interno, 1898,

cash, 101.50.

Emprestito Interno, 1891, cash,

101.

Consolidada 6 %, cash, 90.70.

La Edificadora, cash, 97.

Catalinas, oro, cash, 27.

Do. end of Dec. 28.

Muelles cash, 177.

Do. end of Dec., 179.

Puerto San Nicolas, cash, 43.50.

Do. end of Dec., 44.

The "Helios" and "Colombia" sail.

MARITIME

ARRIVALS AND SAILINGS

Montevideo, Nov. 30, 1904.

—Str. Venus from B. Aires, 153 pass.

—Str. Espagno from Marseilles, 7 pass., for B. Aires.

—Str. France from B. Aires, for Marseilles.

—Str. Ethelbryth from Cardiff.

—Str. Brattingsborg from Cadiz.

—Str. Pocatoh for St. Vincent (29th.)

—Str. Halizones for Liverpool (29th.)

—Str. Pakeha for London (29th.)

—Str. Barbary for B. Aires (29th.)

—Str. Granada for B. Aires (29th.)

—Str. Rerobry for San Nicolas.

—Str. Venus for B. Aires.

MAIL STEAMERS.

LEAVING TO-DAY

—The str. VENUS will leave TO-DAY for B. Aires only. Correspondence at G. P. O. till 4.45 p. m.

—The str. — will leave TO-DAY for B. Aires and Salto. Hours as above.

—The French str. LES ALPES will leave TO-DAY for Santos, Rio Janeiro and Marseilles. Correspondence at G. P. O. till 10 a. m.

—Tuo Italian str. DUCCA DI GALLIERA will leave TO-DAY for Santos, Rio Janeiro, Tenerife, Barcelona and Genoa. Correspondence at G. P. O. till 9 a. m.

OTHER DATES

—The R. M. S. CLYDE will leave Dec. 3 for Santos, Rio Janeiro, Bahia, Pernambuco, St. Vincent, Tenerife, Lisbon, Vigo, Cherbourg and Southampton. Correspondence at G. P. O. till 10 a. m.

Note.—In addition to the hours mentioned above, letters for all these steamers will be received, without extra charge, in the Aduana Kiosk until the P. O. agents leave to go on board the steamers.

AMUSEMENTS.

Politeama Theatre

GRAN COMPAÑIA DE ZARZUELA ESPAÑOLA
Dirigida por el popular primer actor

Federico Carrasco

Maestro Director y Conciertador

EDUARDO GARCIA

Jueves 1 de Diciembre

ESPECTACULO POR SECCIONES

El Bateo.—La Tempranica.

Eden Club.—Los Chicos de la Escuela.

Precios Populares

CASINO ORIENTAL

CALLE FLORIDA.

Grand International Company of Variety Artists.—Constant Change of Programme.

Performance nightly at 9 p. m. and on Sundays and holidays at 3 p. m.

Popular Prices.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO LET. One or two furnished rooms, for gentlemen. Tramways, Union, Este and Pedros, convenient. Apply Calle 18 de Julio No. 855, Dec. 13.

BUCHANAN WHISKY

Special Scotch
As supplied to H.M. the Queen and H.R.H. the Prince of Wales.
Permanent Stock in and out of Bond.
This Whisky is the best imported in South America, and the most largely accepted and generally consumed throughout the world.
On sale in all the Hotels, Cafes, Confeiterias, Almacenes, and by the
Sole Importer in this Republic: HIPOLITO GARCIA
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NOTE.—Beware of imitations and falsifications.

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AN EXQUISITE SPARKLING NECTAR,
PREPARED BY CUSENIER'S,

ESPECIALLY FOR FAMILIES.

On sale wholesale and retail
URUGUAY, 50
Orders may be sent by both telephones.
Price, \$1 the bottle
Small sample bottles, 10 cents.

OPPORTUNITY — TO LET. — Fine English house, 4 rooms on ground floor, 3 bedrooms upstairs with balconies and azoteas, splendid underground kitchen with lift to dining room, electric light and bell, painted floors, bathroom, etc. All for the very cheap rent of \$28, with contract for 4 years to run. Calle Cuapiri 102, corner of Reducto, 3 squares from Agraciada. Apply on premises, from 2 to 4 p. m. Dec. 12.

TO LET, one or two furnished rooms, for single gentlemen, in house of English family. Apply Calle Maldonado 211 altos. Dec. 11.

WANTED.—For a small Estancia on the Uruguay Central Railway, four hours from Montevideo, a man and his wife, foreigner, without family preferred, with some experience of camp life, the man for all work, the wife for plain cooking and looking after the house in absence of owner. Salary \$25 gold per month, board and lodging. Good references required. Address B. L. H. Casilla Correo No. 141, Montevideo. Dec. 4.

TO LET.—Comfortable houses at Calle Sarandí 121 and Calle Lavalleja 61. Also fine offices, well ventilated, at Cerrito 62. Apply, Wilson Bros., Cerrito 146. Dec. 2.

TO LET, one or two rooms, furnished or unfurnished, in good family house. Apply Calle de Flores 473 Tramways, Paso Molino (linea Sud) and Oriental. Dec. 4.

TO LET, one or two rooms, with or without furniture. Good pension if required. House contains every comfort. German family. Apply Calle Cerro 205, alongside Solis Theatre Dec. 3.

ROOMS TO LET, for single gentlemen, with or without board. English attendance. All the rooms have balcony to street. Calle Brecha 6, corner of Camaraz. Dec. 3.

TO LET, three large rooms, facing street, furnished or unfurnished, with or without board. Family house. Apply 65a Avenida de la Paz, between Cerro Largo and Orillas del Plata. Dec. 6.

China Teas

SOUCHONG CONGOU

HAMS, Special Class.

On Sale by

J. A. EASTON,

CALLE JUNCAL 115.

GOLD PLATED JEWELRY

FINEST QUALITY

CHAINS FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN

CHAIN BRACELETS

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ENGLISH BAZAAR.

Latest Novelty in Electric Fans.

These screw on to ordinary electric light sockets and can be easily moved from one bracket to another as occasion requires.

Unique Assortment of high-class English Silver and Plated goods and Crystal-ware, suitable for Presents and for household use. Prices moderate.

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CERRITO 146 — MONTEVIDEO.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS.

for married couple or single gentlemen, with board if required. Apply 216 Calle Maldonado.

TO LET. Good rooms, with board, in the house of an English family, central situation. Apply No. 100, Calle Buenos Aires.

The Ideal Policy

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Home bright and cheerful.

WHY?

Because it assures a certain and unfailing provision for old age; it is the safest

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Spring and Summer Goods.

Just received, and now on sale, the finest and most varied stock in the Republic.
Special lines in Ladies' Hats and Dress Materials of the latest textures, colors and patterns. Inspection invited. Unusually large assortment of summer suitings for men and youths.

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Saunders's "House of Lords" old Highland Whisky.—Champagne MOET & CHANDON.

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ESTABLISHED 1710

Funds in December, 1903. £ 2,421,863
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Amounts Insured in 1903. £ 477,838,000

AGENT IN MONTEVIDEO

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With full powers to arrange all claims without reference to the Head Office.

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TO

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The Cheapest Shop in Town.

Complete assortment of fresh pastry every day.

Grand Speciality in the famous «Mantecadas de Astorga.»

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Tea served every afternoon, English style, cheaper than anywhere else. Splendid selection of fancy articles for presents, 50% cheaper than elsewhere. Lunches, and Buffets sent out to order. Telephone «La Uruguay».

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MONTEVIDEO.

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Calle TREINTA Y TRES N.º 61—Montevideo
ENTRE CERRITO Y PIEDRAS
GUILLERMO SCHWENGEL

SHORT STORY

With Intent to Defraud.

(Conclusion)

Listening, with every sense vibrating, Joan could hear that the two men had sprung to their feet. The next moment her father's voice, suppressing mirth or passion, trembled in her ears.
«I have just received a cable from Walters—the man who, with a little making up, bears a strong resemblance to me, and whom you, your lordship, at the very last moment, sent out to South Africa to personate me, while I lay hidden in London.»

«Ah! And what does Walters say?» eagerly inquired Inglemead.
«That Markham's agent—the men who set upon him so brutally—are in the hands of the police.»
«Good!» cried Inglemead. «The hirelings who despatched the cables after, as they thought, silencing my agent, are in custody; why should not the principals, who conceived the plot to swindle me of my money, and arranged for an innocent man to be maltreated, enjoy the same fate? Ring that bell, Mathieson!»

A sense of impending disaster seized upon Joan's nerves, and she quickly gripped the handle of the door that gave into the study. Lady Charlotte's hand dropped instantly to prevent the obvious purpose, but at that moment a cry of pain from Mr. Mathieson gave fierce strength to Joan's wrist, and she flung open the door in time to see her father fall beneath a blow from Rice's swinging arm.

Joan sprang into the room, her eyes aflame, her clenched hands upraised.

«Cowards!» She hurled the word with bitter scorn at the man who, for six months, had cultivated her friendship, and hinted at a tender regard. «You coward! You—!»

Her eyes caught the glint of a revolver barrel pointed with cold relentlessness at Lord Inglemead's face.

«If your lordship moves a hair's breadth, or gives an alarm, I will certainly fire!» Markham was saying. «I would as soon hang as die like a dog in prison. Look after Mathieson, Teddy, and the girl.»
Joan stopped dead; and while she paused, racked with doubt as to what was best to be done, Lady Charlotte rang her boudoir bell.

«Now you've done it!» cried Markham, in a mad fury. «That bell's your death warrant—and mine! But you first, you tittle monkey! Take—»

Joan's leap would have glorified a trained athlete. But as her heaving body sprang forward, the bullet liberated from Markham's revolver, met her in the chest, so that she fell in a heap with Markham crushed beneath her, and Lord Inglemead, who had sprung at his antagonist almost at the same breath, above her.

But she had accomplished her purpose. Lord Inglemead was uninjured, Markham was helpless, and Rice, at the appearance of the servants, gave in. But Joan was a long time before the doctors would permit the impatient young peer to tell her that he had loved her from the day of their first meeting.

Yet the delay was not altogether fruitless, for it enabled Joan to search her heart afresh, and to realise why she had always been so reluctant to meet his lordship: young love is so shy.

THE END.

In Proportion.

He had courted a young lady for something like eighteen months. During that time the fair maid had not received very much information as to his regular wages or the extent of his savings.

When he proposed, she thought it time to become practical.

«Oh, but, Willie!» she said, with some hesitancy, «we can't get married unless you can earn enough to keep us with plenty of everything.»

«On, that's all right, Jenny,» he replied airily, «you know I'm a blacksmith's striker.»

«I should like to see you at work,» she pursued.

«Very well, dear, come along tomorrow,» was his reply.

On the following day she stood and saw him swinging the heavy sledge hammer.

«And how much a week do you get, Willie?» she asked.

«Well, Jenny,» he answered, «my mate there gets thirty shillings a week for using that little hammer, so you can guess what I get for swinging a whopper like this!»

«Just So!»

A local committee recently met and prepared a programme of educative lectures for the villagers from whom they were drawn. Everything promised well, a good deal of enthusiasm was created, and the schoolroom was packed on the evening of the first lecture. The speaker took «The Lunar Sphere» as his subject, and when

he began to enlarge on the distance between the earth and the moon some of his hearers became sceptical.

«That chap's a fool,» explained one to a neighbour, «and I'll prove it when he's done.»

When the lecturer concluded, this sceptic rose to his feet.

«Can I ask a question, mister?» he said.

«Yes, certainly; fire away,» answered the lecturer, good-naturedly.

«What I want to know is, How far is it from here to B—?» and he mentioned the name of another village a few miles off.

«Well, really,» said the lecturer, in some surprise, «I couldn't tell you that I have never been to B—.»

«Just so!» was the triumphant retort. «Then how many times have ye been to the moon?»

Alfred B. Hill, L. D. S.
(LATE PRINCE & HILL)

American Dentist

Laughing gas for the painless extraction of teeth.

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Gin, Old Tom—Gilbey's is the best.
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Orange Bitters—Angostura Bitters.
Wines—«Castle J» Port, dry, a very old choice wine.—Sherris, Gonzalez's «Royal Amontillado» and «Viña Amarosa».—Madeiras, Cossart's Table.—Claret, «Chateau Loudenne», Vintage 1896.

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ALBERTO F. MÜLLER
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BOOTS AND SHOES.

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RUBBER HEELS—THE LATEST COMFORT.

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Makes for all the English Families.

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Terms of Admission:—
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Semi-private (2 beds). 2 »
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Special terms for lying-in cases and operations.

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Urgencies at all hours.

Subscriptions and Donations are respectfully solicited.

Subscribers of \$12 per annum are entitled to send one free patient to the Hospital during the year for which the subscription is paid, orders for admission to be obtained from the Secretary.

For further particulars apply to:—
A. B. Drayton, Hon. Sec., Iturza 161; or A. J. Cruikshank, Hon. Treas., Calle Misiones 117.

To Insurance Companies and Agents

The account books required by the Government for Insurance Companies under the new Law, as well as all other description of account books, plain and ruled, or ruled to order, are now on sale at the «Libro Inglés» of G. Schwengel, Calle 88 No. 61.

Ferro-Carril Central del Uruguay

TRENES NOCTURNOS

Se avisa al público que ésta Empresa ha resuelto correr nuevamente desde el sábado 3 de Diciembre próximo los trenes nocturnos, de acuerdo con el horario de 1.º de Enero de 1904 que está en vigencia.

Montevideo, 22 Noviembre, 1904.

Frank Hudson,

Administrador General.

Servicio de trenes desde 1.º de Enero de 1904

Salidas de Central
6.15 a. m. para línea Pando, Minas y La Sierra.
6.40 a. m. para línea Florida, Durazno y Rio Negro.
7.25 a. m. para línea San Ramón y Nico Pérez.
8.20 a. m. tren rápido a San José, Colonia y Puerto Sauce los días domingos, martes y jueves.
8.20 a. m. tren rápido a San José y Mercedes (los días lunes, miércoles y viernes).
9.25 a. m. tren local hasta Piedras.
10.15 a. m. línea Pando y emp. Olmos.
11.10 a. m. línea San José.
1.00 p. m. tren local hasta Piedras.
2.00 p. m. tren local hasta Piedras (días de fiesta solamente).
3.50 p. m. tren local hasta Piedras.
4.30 p. m. para línea San Ramón.
5.05 p. m. línea San José.
5.25 p. m. línea a Pando.
6.30 p. m. tren local hasta Piedras.
8.20 p. m. martes y sábados tren nocturno hasta Rio Negro, Paysandó, Salto, Tacuarembó y Rivera.
10.45 p. m. tren local hasta Piedras.

9.00 a. m. tren local de San José
9.40 a. m. tren local de Pando.
10.45 a. m. de la Sierra y Pando.
11.41 a. m. de San Ramón.
1.41 a. m. tren local de Piedras.
2.45 p. m. tren local de Piedras.
4.00 p. m. tren de Rio Negro, Durazno y Florida y via general.
4.20 p. m. tren de Nico Pérez.
5.05 p. m. de la Sierra y Pando.
5.20 p. m. lunes, miércoles y viernes de línea Colonia, Puerto Sauce y San José.
5.20 p. m. domingos, martes y jueves de línea San José.
5.46 p. m. tren local de Piedras.
6.30 p. m. tren local de Piedras (días feriados).
7.00 p. m. de línea Pando y Minas.
8.45 p. m. de línea San José.
10.28 p. m. tren local de Piedras.

NOTAS—Hay servicio de Restaurantes en los trenes de las líneas Mercedes, Colonia, Rivera (nocturno), Rio Negro y Nico Pérez para comodidad de los pasajeros.
En los trenes nocturnos hay coches dormitorios para Rio Negro.
La Empresa ha establecido servicio de entrega y recolección de equipajes encomendados a y de los domicilios a prácticas muy módicas. Se puede encargar con anticipación por teléfono «La Uruguay» No. 77 o «Cooperativa» 461, evitando toda molestia de cocas, changey dores, etc.